

METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE.

BRITISH METEOROLOGICAL AND MAGNETIC YEAR BOOK,  
PART III., SECTION 2.

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GEOPHYSICAL JOURNAL, 1912,

COMPRISING

DAILY VALUES OF THE METEOROLOGICAL AND GEOPHYSICAL ELEMENTS  
AT THREE OBSERVATORIES OF THE METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE;

TOGETHER WITH

WIND COMPONENTS AT FIXED HOURS AT FOUR ANEMOGRAPH STATIONS;

DAILY VALUES OF SOLAR RADIATION AT SOUTH KENSINGTON;

TABULATIONS AND ANNUAL SUMMARY OF OCCASIONAL SOUNDINGS OF THE UPPER AIR;

*PRECEDED BY AN INTRODUCTION.*

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Published by Authority of the Meteorological Committee.

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# METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE.

## BRITISH METEOROLOGICAL AND MAGNETIC YEAR-BOOK : GEOPHYSICAL JOURNAL.

### INTRODUCTION.

THE Geophysical Journal gives daily values for the meteorological and geophysical elements observed at the three observatories of the Meteorological Office. Data are given for Meteorology, Solar Radiation, Seismology, Atmospheric Electricity, and Terrestrial Magnetism. Wind components are also given for four additional anemograph stations.

All values are referred to Greenwich Mean Time, and the hours are counted from midnight and numbered 1 to 24.

All the units employed are based on the C.G.S. system.

The tables are as follows :—

1. A table of notes on the records derived from the **Galitzin Seismograph** (two horizontal components) at **Eskdalemuir**, giving the period and amplitude of the microseisms not attributed directly to wind or other local disturbance of like character; the character of the earthquakes according to the following notation, with notes on the computed distance of the epicentre, and the “phases” shown by the traces. The magnitude of an earthquake is indicated by—

I. Perceptible, II. Conspicuous, or III. Strong. When it is possible to assign the distance  $\Delta$  of the epicentre, one of the following letters is added, viz. :—

- $d$  (domesticus) Local.
- $v$  (vicinus)  $\Delta < 1000$  km.
- $r$  (remotus)  $\Delta 1000$  to  $5000$  km.
- $u$  (ultimus)  $\Delta > 5000$  km.

P. is the time of arrival of the first phase (longitudinal waves).

S. is the time of arrival of the second phase (transverse waves).

L. is the time of arrival of the long waves.

The co-ordinates of the epicentre relative to the station are—

$\Delta$  = distance measured along the arc of the great circle.

$\alpha$  = azimuth ( $0^\circ$  to  $360^\circ$ ) measured from North through East.

This table is intended as a Journal of seismological events for purposes of reference so far as concerns the more violent incidents recorded in the trace.

2. **Daily meteorological data** at 9 h. and 21 h. G. M. T. for **Valencia Observatory** in the form customary for entering the corresponding data which are published for sixteen stations in the British Isles in Section III. of the Year Book (Daily Readings at Meteorological Stations of the First and Second Orders). The instrumental values in the table are taken from the self-recording instruments at the Observatory.

**Pressure** is given in "millibars" (1000 millibars = one megadyne per square centimetre). One millibar is approximately equivalent to the pressure of 0.75008 mm. of mercury. The name is used in the Journal, following the example of Professor Bjerknæs of Christiania in his work for the Carnegie Institute of Washington. The expression of atmospheric pressure in millibars involves any necessary reduction of the readings of the barometer to standard temperature and latitude.

**Temperatures** are given in units on the Kelvin Absolute Scale, *i.e.* in centigrade degrees measured from a zero 273° below the normal Freezing Point of water. Temperatures below 273° A. (0° C.) are printed in small type.

**Vapour Pressure**, deduced from the readings of the dry and wet bulb by Glaisher's Tables, is given in millibars.

**Wind Velocity** is expressed in metres per second.

**Wind Direction** is given in points of the Compass, 32 to the complete revolution, from True North (32), through East (8). No direction is given when the anemometer shows a smaller velocity than 1.4 metres per second.

**Precipitation** is given in millimetres of equivalent rainfall.

**Sunshine**, from the Campbell-Stokes instrument, in hours. The mean daily duration is given instead of the total for the month, in accordance with the practice adopted for the other parts of the Year Book. The estimation of cloud amount and the symbols for weather are in accordance with the conventions of the International Meteorological Committee.

A column of **Remarks** in which a summary of the weather for each day is given, the international weather symbols and the letters of the Beaufort Notation being used as far as possible. These symbols and letters are as follows:—

BEAUFORT NOTATION AND INTERNATIONAL WEATHER SYMBOLS.

b. blue sky.	w. ☁ dew.	h. ▲ hail.
c. clouds (detached).	x. ☃ hoar frost.	△ soft hail.
o. overcast.	← ice crystals.	t. T thunder.
g. gloomy, dull appearance.	∨ rime.	l. < lightning.
u. ugly, threatening appearance.	~ glazed frost.	⚡ thunderstorm.
v. visibility, unusually clear atmosphere.	e. water deposited copiously on exposed surfaces, without rain falling.	☃ gale.
z. ∞ haze.	p. passing showers.	q. squally.
m. ≡ <sup>0</sup> mist, light fog.	d. drizzling rain.	☉ solar corona.
f. ≡ fog.	r. ● rain.	☉ solar halo.
fe. ≡ wet fog, <i>i.e.</i> , fog which deposits water copiously on exposed surfaces.	s. * snow.	☾ lunar corona.
	⊕ snow drift.	☾ lunar halo.
	⊗ snow lying (more than half the surrounding country covered with snow).	— rainbow.
		☀ aurora.
		☾ zodiacal light.

The figure <sup>0</sup> attached to a symbol indicates very slight, whilst the figure <sup>2</sup> indicates strong or heavy: thus ●<sup>0</sup> = slight rain, ●<sup>2</sup> = heavy rain.

The table also contains the measurements of the **Magnetic elements** made at Valencia on selected days.

3. A corresponding **meteorological table** for **Kew Observatory**, with a column for **Solar Radiation** in watts per square centimetre, observed between 11 h. and 13 h. unless otherwise stated. The usual conventional unit for solar radiation, the gramme-calorie per square centimetre per minute, is equivalent to seven hundredths of a watt per square centimetre (·0697 Callendar and Barnes 1902). Instead of the magnetic data, columns are provided for **readings at 10 h. of thermometers exposed in the ground** at depths of 1 foot (0·31 m.) and 4 feet (1·22 m.) below the surface.

4. A corresponding **meteorological table** for **Eskdalemuir Observatory**.

5. A table of values of **electrical and magnetic measurements** for **Kew Observatory**. Daily values of the **potential gradient**, volts per metre in the open, are given for the four hours, 3 h., 9 h., 15 h., 21 h., except on the occasions when the trace is so disturbed that a satisfactory reading cannot be obtained. The potential gradient is positive when the potential in the atmosphere is positive compared with the earth. The values are the means for the period from half an hour before to half an hour after the hour named. A negative potential gradient is indicated by a short thick “-” before the number. When the true value is lost because the trace goes beyond the limit of registration within the hour, a value may be assigned to the hour, which is essentially an underestimate. Such values are marked with an asterisk (\*). When the fluctuations are too large to permit of such an estimate of the hourly mean, but the dominant sign of the potential gradient is known, “x” is inserted with an appropriate sign.

The value of the **potential gradient** “in the open” is computed from the readings of the trace of an electrograph with a water-dropping collector projecting from the observatory wall, by means of a factor determined by observations with a standardised electrometer above a flat area.

The **total charge on the ions**, positive and negative, per cubic centimetre and their respective mobilities are determined by measurements with Ebert's Aspiration apparatus, extending over about an hour, between 14h. and 16h. unless it is otherwise stated.

The **conductivity** in electromagnetic units is computed from the quantity of positive and negative electricity collected and the velocity of the ions for a volt per centimetre as determined with the Ebert apparatus; the figure obtained is multiplied by  $10^{25}$  before it is inserted in the table.

The **Air-Earth Current**,  $c_1$ , is computed from the conductivity and the potential gradient, and it is therefore dependent upon measurements recorded in the other columns. The current  $c_2$  is determined, independently of the conductivity measurements, with the apparatus designed by Mr. C. T. R. Wilson, and measurements with this apparatus are made at Kew.  $c_1$  and  $c_2$  do not strictly correspond;  $c_2$  (deduced directly from a measurement of the current from the atmosphere into a freely exposed and virtually earth-connected conductor) depends on the number and mobility of the ions of one sign only (positive when the potential gradient is positive); while in calculating  $c_1$  the number and mobility of the ions of both signs are taken into account. At Eskdalemuir only the values of  $c_1$  are obtained, and these are given for comparison with the corresponding data for Kew.

The **electric character of the day** is indicated both for Kew and for Eskdalemuir

by the figures 0, 1, or 2, according to the character of the trace of the electrograph as regards negative electric potential; thus 0 means no negative potential; 1, one or more excursions of limited duration to the negative side of the scale; 2, negative potential extending in the aggregate over at least two hours.

For Eskdalemuir an estimate is also given of the character of the days as regards the range of potential irrespective of sign within the hourly periods for which an estimate of the mean potential has to be made in the process of tabulation. This characterisation of the day is indicated by the letters *a*, *b*, *c*, according to the range of oscillation within the hour, using a range of about 1000 volts as a criterion: *a* means that for no hour of the day was there a range of 1000 volts; *b* that that range of oscillation was reached in one hour at least but in fewer than six hours; *c* that the critical range was reached in six hours or more.

These specifications must not be understood to be rigid criteria. More definite specifications can be given after longer experience.

**The Magnetic Tables** are sufficiently explained in the headings. The magnetic character of the day is given on the scale "0," "1," "2" of the International Magnetic Commission.

The values of magnetic force are all given in terms of  $\gamma$ , or '00001 C.G.S. magnetic unit, so that  $18564 \gamma = .18564$  C.G.S.

6. Gives tables of **electrical and magnetic data** for **Eskdalemuir** corresponding with those for Kew, except that at Eskdalemuir the geographical components of magnetic force are directly recorded.

7. A table of **wind components** for four principal anemograph stations of the Meteorological Office. The components resolved along the directions of the four cardinal points are given in metres per second.

8. A table giving the results of the **exploration of the free atmosphere** over the British Isles up to heights of 3000 m. by means of **kites and pilot balloons**. Directions are given in degrees from true N. (through East). The other units are as in tables 2, 3, 4.

9. A table giving the results of **soundings of the upper air by registering balloons and pilot balloons**.

W. N. SHAW  
(*Director*).

METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE,  
LONDON, S.W.,  
28th August 1912.

# METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE OBSERVATORIES—GEOPHYSICAL JOURNAL.

JANUARY 1912.—DAILY VALUES REFERRED TO GREENWICH MEAN TIME AND UNITS,  
BASED ON THE C.G.S. SYSTEM.

[Price 4d.]

—Second Year.—No. 1. *Meteorology, Solar Radiation, Seismology, Atmospheric Electricity, and Terrestrial Magnetism.*

## 1. SEISMOLOGICAL JOURNAL:—ESKDALEMUIR.—Lat. 55° 19' N. Long. 3° 12' W.

Date.	Microseisms.		Earthquakes.	Remarks.
	Period.	Amp.		
1	s	μ		3rd I, Disturbed 11 h.-12 h.
2	5	1.1		
3	5	1.5	I.	
4	5-6	1.5	Iu, Iu.	4th Iu, P=3 h. 56 m. 16 s., S=4 h. 2 m. 21 s., L=4 h. 20 m. Iu, P=15 h. 58 m. 30 s., S=16 h. 7 m. 59 s., Δ=8180 kms., α nearly true north. Epicentre 51° N., 177° E.
5	5	1.9	I.	
6	5	1.5		
7	4-5	1.6		5th I, Trace of long waves 3 h. 43 m.
8	5-6	2.8	I.	
9	5-6	4.4		8th I, Trace of long waves 9 h. 22 m.
10	5-6	3.5		
11	5-6	2.5		
12	5-6	1.8		20th I, P=4 h. 20 m. 46 s., S=4 h. 30 m. 44 s., Δ=8750 kms. Minute marks failed.
13	6	2.4		
14	5-6	4.3		21st I, Feeble disturbance between 2 h. and 3 h. Time marks failed.
15	6	3.5		
16	6	5.2		23rd I, Feeble long waves 20 h. 36 m.
17	6	4.9		
18	5-6	2.8		24th Iir, P=16 h. 28 m. 25 s., S=16 h. 32 m. 36 s., Δ=2570 kms., α=56° 34' E. of S. Epicentre 39° 16' N. 21° 53' E.
19	5-6	2.5		
20	5	1.9	I.	25th I, Long waves 1 h. 48 m. Ir, P=19 h. 57 m. 55 s., S=20 h. 2 m. 5 s., Δ=2560 kms.
21	5	1.3	I.	
22	5	0.9		
23	4-5	0.8	I.	26th I, Long waves 14 h. 8 m. Iu, P? S=14 h. 58 m. 57 s., L=15 h. 14 m. I, Disturbed 18 h. 51 m.-19 h. 14 m.
24	4-5	1.0	Iir.	
25	5-6	1.3	I, Ir.	
26	6	1.1	I, Iu, I.	31st I, Disturbed 12 h. 15 m.-12 h. 25 m. I, Disturbed 12 h. 58 m.-13 h. 45 m. L=13 h. 3 m. Iiu, P=20 h. 21 m. 55 s., S=20 h. 30 m. 11 s., Δ=6750 kms. α Doubtful, but towards N.
27	4-5	0.7		
28	4-5	0.5		
29	5	0.8		
30	4-5	0.9		
31	5-6	1.3	I, I, Iu.	

An explanation of the notation used is given in the preface.

## 2. VALENCIA OBSERVATORY, CAHRCIVEEN (KERRY).—Lat. 51° 56' N. Long. 10° 15' W.

Heights above Mean Sea Level:—Station, H=9.2 m. Barometer Cistern, H<sub>b</sub>=13.7 m.

Heights above Ground:—Thermometers, h<sub>t</sub>=1.2 m. Rain-gauge, h<sub>r</sub>=0.6 m. Sunshine Recorder, h<sub>s</sub>=12.8 m. Cups of Anemometer, h<sub>a</sub>=13.7 m.

Day.	Pressure at Station Level.		Air Temperature in Degrees Absolute.				Humidity.				Wind Direction in points (8=E, 16=S) and Velocity (metres per second).				Cloud Amount and Weather.		Rain 24 hours beginning 10 h.	Sunshine.	Remarks.	Magnetism.				
	9 h.	21 h.	9 h.	21 h.	Max.	Min.	Vapour Pressure.		Percentage.		9 h.	21 h.	9 h.	21 h.	10 h.	22 h.				Horizontal Force.	Declination West.	Inclination.		
							9 h.	21 h.	9 h.	21 h.														
	mib.	mib.	200+	200+	200+	200+	millibar.	%	%	m/sec.	m/sec.	Tenths of Sky covered.		mm.	hrs.									
1	1028.5	1028.8	81.9	81.5	83	81	10.5	10.9	94	99	15	5	16	4	9 <sup>00</sup>	10 <sup>00</sup>	1.0	—	Dull. ≡ <sup>0</sup> p.	...	...	...		
2	1028.7	1026.6	81.8	82.3	82	81	10.5	10.5	92	90	17	3	18	4	10 <sup>00</sup>	10 <sup>00</sup>	0.5	—	Misty and overcast all day.	...	...	...		
3	1024.8	1021.0	83.1	82.9	x 84	82	12.2	11.5	98	94	19	4	16	4	10 <sup>00</sup>	10 <sup>00</sup>	12.2	—	≡ <sup>0</sup> . Overcast. ● from 23 h.	...	...	...		
4	1013.7	1008.0	83.6	81.8	x 84	81	12.6	9.5	99	86	20	6	25	7	10 <sup>00</sup>	10	6.9	—	Heavy mist and ● mostly.	...	...	...		
5	1006.9	1002.7	79.2	79.0	81	77	7.5	8.5	78	92	24	11	18	4	3	10●	26.2	3.2	Frequent ▲ showers.	...	...	...		
6	978.1	979.8	83.9	82.2	x 84	80	12.2	10.2	94	88	21	12	22	12	10 <sup>00</sup>	9 <sup>00</sup>	4.3	—	● <sup>2</sup> early. Gloomy, with ≡ <sup>0</sup> .	...	...	...		
7	995.5	1008.2	78.6	78.5	82	78	7.8	7.1	86	81	2	7	10	7	4	5	21.1	4.3	Fair.	...	...	...		
8	990.8	984.8	83.5	80.9	x 84	80	12.2	9.5	96	90	16	9	20	7	10 <sup>00</sup> ●	1	3.6	—	Heavy mist and ● α.	17917	20	35.2	68	9.3
9	990.3	999.5	81.1	79.8	82	79	9.5	9.2	88	92	22	7	16	5	7 <sup>00</sup>	0	9.9	3.9	≡ <sup>0</sup> ; fair to fine.	...	...	...		
10	993.9	998.1	83.2	82.6	x 84	82	11.9	10.5	95	89	15	11	16	7	10 <sup>00</sup> ●	10	1.3	—	≡ <sup>0</sup> ; gloomy.	...	...	...		
11	1010.8	1014.2	79.9	81.0	82	79	8.5	9.2	86	85	18	2	16	5	3	5	7.6	5.4	Fair; good visibility.	...	...	...		
12	1014.5	1005.5	82.3	81.8	x 84	81	11.5	11.2	98	99	15	6	15	9	10 <sup>00</sup>	10 <sup>00</sup> ●	21.6	—	Heavy mist and ● throughout.	...	...	...		
13	1005.7	1001.3	82.5	82.5	x 84	82	11.5	11.5	98	98	15	7	15	8	10 <sup>00</sup>	10 <sup>00</sup> ●	8.6	—	Gloomy.	...	...	...		
14	1005.8	1006.2	78.5	80.1	83	78	8.2	8.8	91	87	22	5	15	6	3	9 <sup>00</sup>	9.7	5.3	● early, then generally fair.	...	...	...		
15	989.4	986.3	80.3	81.8	82	80	8.8	9.8	88	87	12	16	15	7	10 <sup>00</sup> ●	10 <sup>00</sup>	23.9	—	Gloomy. ≡ <sup>0</sup> ●.	...	...	...		
16	987.8	998.3	81.8	79.0	83	79	9.8	8.8	87	93	16	8	16	3	8 <sup>00</sup>	10	12.2	—	12 h. Frequent ▲ showers.	...	...	...		
17	1004.5	1010.1	78.4	77.3	81	76	8.5	7.8	95	95	5	2	—	1	4	3	—	4.4	Fair.	...	...	...		
18	1012.5	1007.1	76.8	80.1	81	74	7.8	8.5	95	86	—	0	12	9	6	10	0.8	0.3	Fair to gloomy. ≡ <sup>0</sup> .	...	...	...		
19	1004.4	1004.9	82.1	82.9	x 84	81	9.2	9.2	81	76	13	10	12	10	10	7	—	0.9	Frequent squalls.	...	...	...		
20	1003.7	1003.5	82.8	81.7	83	81	9.2	8.8	75	80	8	7	12	7	7	2	4.6	0.2	Fair to dull; clearing 22 h.	...	...	...		
21	1011.5	1011.4	81.8	81.4	83	80	8.2	8.8	73	79	12	7	8	9	7	1	0.5	—	Strong wind all day.	...	...	...		
22	1008.4	1007.8	79.2	77.4	81	76	7.8	7.1	81	87	8	7	5	7	2	2	—	6.9	Fine.	17923	20	34.2	68	11.6
23	1005.7	998.8	74.6	77.6	79	75	4.8	7.1	67	85	5	7	6	9	1	8	11.4	3.4	Fine to dull.	...	...	...		
24	995.9	997.5	79.8	79.5	81	79	7.8	7.8	79	82	9	9	8	4	7	10	1.5	0.3	● early, then fair. ∞.	...	...	...		
25	1002.6	1009.7	77.4	75.3	79	75	6.8	6.1	82	84	7	5	6	3	7	0	—	0.6	Fair.	...	...	...		
26	1012.8	1016.8	76.7	75.5	79	75	6.8	6.5	84	88	7	4	—	1	3	3	—	1.8	Fine.	...	...	...		
27	1019.3	1020.7	74.1	75.4	78	n 72	4.8	5.4	69	74	6	3	9	5	5	2 <sup>00</sup>	—	6.4	—	∞. Fine. ∞ p.	...	...	...	
28	1018.4	1016.4	77.3	78.4	79	74	6.8	7.5	80	86	9	6	10	9	10	10 <sup>00</sup>	2.0	—	Very dull.	...	...	...		
29	1019.8	1024.9	77.9	77.2	80	77	6.1	5.8	69	70	10	6	10	4	3	2	—	4.9	Fine.	...	...	...		
30	1025.7	1024.3	77.6	75.0	79	75	5.8	5.8	67	82	10	6	8	4	6	10∞	—	2.3	—	Fair. ∞ in afternoon.	...	...	...	
31	1018.3	1012.2	78.5	78.4	80	77	6.8	6.5	75	73	10	4	9	5	10∞	9∞	—	—	Dull with ∞.	...	...	...		
Means	1007.4	1007.6	80.0	79.7	81.7	78.3	8.8	8.6	85	86	6.4	5.9	6.9	6.7	6.9	6.7	191.4	1.76	Monthly Totals or Means.	17920	20	34.7	68	10.5
Normal 40 years	1012.9	1013.1	79.8	79.9	82.4	77.5	8.5	8.6	87	87	6.5	6.4	—	—	—	—	147.3	1.57	Normals, 35 years.					

3. KEW OBSERVATORY, SURREY.—Lat. 51° 28' N. Long. 0° 19' W.

Heights above Mean Sea Level :—Station, H=5.5 m. Barometer, H<sub>b</sub>=10.4 m.

Heights above Ground :—Thermometers, h<sub>t</sub>=3.0 m. Rain-gauge, h<sub>r</sub>=0.5 m. Sunshine Recorder, h<sub>s</sub>=14.3 m. Cups of Anemometer, h<sub>a</sub>=21.3 m.

Table with columns: Day, Pressure at Station Level, Air Temperature in Degrees Absolute, Humidity (Vapour Pressure, Percentage), Wind Direction in Points (8=E, 16=S) and Velocity (metres per second), Cloud Amount and Weather, Rain 24 hours beginning 10 h., Sunshine, Solar Radiation, Watts per cm², Min. Temp. on Grass, Earth Temperature at 10 h., Remarks.

4. ESKDALEMUIR OBSERVATORY, DUMFRIESSHIRE.—Lat. 55° 19' N. Long. 3° 12' W.

Heights above Mean Sea Level :—Station, H=243.2 m. Barometer, H<sub>b</sub>=237.1 m.

Heights above Ground :—Thermometers, h<sub>t</sub>=0.8 m. Rain-gauge, h<sub>r</sub>=0.3 m. Sunshine Recorder, h<sub>s</sub>=1.5 m. Vane of Anemometer, h<sub>a</sub>=15.2 m.

Table with columns: Day, Pressure at Station Level, Air Temperature in Degrees Absolute, Humidity (Vapour Pressure, Percentage), Wind Direction in Points (8=E, 16=S) and Velocity (metres per second), Cloud Amount and Weather, Rain 24 hours beginning 10 h., Sunshine, Solar Radiation, Watts per cm², Min. Temp. on Grass, Earth Temperature at 10 h., Remarks.

\* No record.

The solar radiation is the mean of the readings within the nominal hour of observation (11 h. 30 m.—12 h. 30 m.) unless some other hour is specified.



5. KEW OBSERVATORY.

Day.	Potential Gradient, Volts per metre. Factor 1.93.				Charge per cc. $\times 10^{20}$ .		Velocities of Ions for 1 volt per centimetre.		Conductivity $\times 10^{10}$ .	Air-Earth Current $\times 10^{16}$ .		Electric Character of Day.	Magnetic Character of Day.	Horizontal Force.			West Declination.					
	Factor 1.93.				$\times 10^{20}$ .		per centimetre.			$\times 10^{16}$ .				Maximum. 18000 $\gamma$ +.	Minimum. 18000 $\gamma$ +.	Range.	Maximum. 15° +.	Minimum. 15° +.	Range.			
	3 h.	9 h.	15 h.	21 h.	+	-	+	-		$c_1$	$c_2$			$\gamma$	h m	$\gamma$	h m	$\gamma$	$\gamma$	h m	$\gamma$	h m
1	v/m. 255	v/m. 475	v/m. 170	v/m. 180	—	—	—	—	—	—	0	0	512	12 15	478	16 36	34	53.8	16 18	49.9	23 20	3.9
2	285	445	330	320	30	30	—	—	—	0.60	0	0	509	12 29	484	1 5	25	51.4	16 0	49.6	2 20	1.8
3	115	225	380	215	—	—	—	—	—	—	0	0	511	13 34	487	1 21	24	53.9	24 0	50.5	1 13	3.4
4	x±	210	180	105	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	0	517	13 25	487	22 52	30	54.9	12 20	52.2	21 57	2.7
5	115	210	300	490	420	360	—	—	—	0.70	1	1	516	23 50	482	0 53	34	54.0	4 35	49.4	23 36	4.6
6	200	95	20	180	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	0	516	13 34	486	1 23	30	56.3	12 10	48.8	0 10	7.5
7	x±	320	405	615	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	0	517	22 0	494	1 10	23	53.7	11 22	48.5	5 10	5.2
8	500	660	*	95	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	0	519	13 53	490	0 51	29	50.9	10 3	46.9	21 34	4.0
9	130	645	415	575	300	240	0.60	0.00	0.20	0.75	0.85	0	515	13 35	481	18 22	34	48.7	2 32	46.0	14 44	2.7
10	435	925	860	415	—	—	—	—	—	—	0	0	518	13 30	487	21 56	31	52.3	11 38	46.2	0 0	6.1
11	125	380	40	395	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	1	510	6 45	459	20 46	51	52.2	20 23	47.0	2 10	5.2
12	490	585	550	245	510	330	0.95	0.00	0.50	2.60	0.30	1	514	7 26	455	23 2	59	56.3	11 26	48.6	2 35	7.7
13	150	275	275	190	—	—	—	—	—	—	0	0	511	6 27	461	13 43	50	52.8	11 0	47.5	3 48	5.3
14	200	300	300	340	—	—	—	—	—	—	0	0	515	0 22	477	3 40	38	50.3	0 50	48.2	0 10	2.1
15	140	455	285	465	—	—	—	—	—	—	0	0	504	14 18	485	2 55	19	52.3	11 2	48.5	8 30	3.8
16	190	510	550	225	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	0	507	13 33	490	4 40	17	53.3	12 10	49.7	0 0	3.6
17	125	x-	435	530	700	150	—	—	—	0.55	2	0	519	7 15	485	10 31	34	—	—	—	—	—
18	300	285	150	225	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	0	503	6 9	481	13 33	22	—	—	—	—	—
19	225	625	275	330	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	0	512	13 50	488	3 21	24	54.7	10 45	47.6	21 10	7.1
20	490	490	690	380	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	0	517	14 17	498	21 35	19	51.7	12 33	47.1	20 20	4.6
21	215	235	*	560	—	—	—	—	—	—	0	0	512	13 23	496	1 45	16	54.2	10 58	48.9	0 10	5.3
22	505	585	465	395	480	510	—	—	—	0.25	1	1	519	7 56	472	21 10	47	55.4	13 20	48.0	21 58	7.4
23	340	500	330	350	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	0	505	6 39	484	0 58	21	53.0	10 36	50.5	0 10	2.5
24	530	285	245	x±	300	240	—	—	—	0.50	2	0	509	9 10	489	14 46	20	55.6	14 2	49.6	21 32	6.0
25	225	225	205	95	730	220	—	—	—	0.10	1	0	505	13 46	489	3 50	16	53.6	12 15	47.8	21 30	5.8
26	350	575	890	1060	150	240	—	—	—	0.55	0	0	508	18 59	486	2 55	22	52.7	10 33	49.1	3 30	3.6
27	755	1325	870	1000	—	—	—	—	—	—	0	0	517	14 53	495	10 30	22	52.7	11 50	49.3	7 45	3.4
28	805	795	*	915	—	—	—	—	—	—	0	0	510	19 20	487	23 50	23	53.9	12 30	47.6	5 10	6.3
29	720	1135	1115	1220	—	—	—	—	—	—	0	0	513	23 58	479	10 0	34	53.8	12 0	48.9	2 30	4.9
30	925	1085	945	710	590	420	—	—	—	0.80	0	0	516	0 0	484	12 50	32	54.9	12 0	48.1	3 30	6.8
31	265	415	490	720	220	260	—	—	—	0.55	0	0	508	15 10	486	21 9	22	53.6	11 20	48.6	19 10	5.0
M.	280	524	457	428	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	512	—	483	—	29	53.3	—	48.6	—	4.8

6. ESKDALEMUIR OBSERVATORY.

Day.	Potential Gradient, Volts per metre. Factor 5.4.				Charge per cc. $\times 10^{20}$ .		Velocities of Ions for 1 volt per centimetre.		Conductivity $\times 10^{10}$ .	Air-Earth Current $\times 10^{16}$ .		Electric Character of Day.	Magnetic Character of Day.	North Component.			West Component.			Vertical Component.				
	Factor 5.4.				$\times 10^{20}$ .		per centimetre.			$\times 10^{16}$ .				Maximum. 15000 $\gamma$ +.	Minimum. 15000 $\gamma$ +.	Maximum. 5000 $\gamma$ +.	Minimum. 5000 $\gamma$ +.	Maximum. 45000 $\gamma$ +.	Minimum. 45000 $\gamma$ +.					
	3 h.	9 h.	15 h.	21 h.	+	-	+	-		$c_1$	$c_2$			h m	$\gamma$	h m	h m	$\gamma$	h m	$\gamma$	h m	h m	$\gamma$	h m
1	v/m. 231	v/m. 266	v/m. 289	v/m. 243	—	—	—	—	—	—	1 a	1	10 2	1023	985	16 36	10 39	268	231	23 20	16 47	410	400	8 30
2	168	46	162	75	—	—	—	—	—	—	1 a	0	12 55	1019	998	0 8	11 12	251	232	0 14	22 55	406	399	9 20
3	64	197	341	462	—	—	—	—	—	—	1 a	0	13 33	1022	1005	1 0	13 32	255	239	8 45	24 0	402	396	9 20
4	202	358	222	740	—	—	—	—	—	—	1 b	1	14 2	1024	999	22 50	12 43	254	221	21 57	22 50	403	394	7 0
5	-87	187	163	222	—	—	—	—	—	—	1 b	1	23 42	1047	991	15 35	15 26	261	217	23 33	19 5	402	393	9 0
6	82	140	472	297	—	—	—	—	—	—	1 a	0	6 2	1026	998	1 19	12 21	256	219	0 10	20 0	397	393	0 54
7	76	105	484	292	—	—	—	—	—	—	0 a	0	21 56	1039	1006	23 45	12 48	256	225	22 10	19 50	397	389	10 0
8	146	198	175	x	—	—	—	—	—	—	1 c	0	21 38	1032	1004	0 50	13 2	256	230	21 33	18 20	393	387	10 30
9	x	309	898	420	—	—	—	—	—	—	1 c	1	13 34	1024	986	18 18	18 45	262	243	3 10	18 30	404	386	0 0
10	181	35	630	268	—	—	—	—	—	—	1 a	1	13 25	1039	999	21 55	11 34	261	234	24 0	22 0	397	389	12 10
11	187	35	210	222	—	—	—	—	—	—	2 b	1	5 40	1026	968	20 36	20 15	262	226	23 15	21 0	412	389	0 0
12	175	227	315	303	—	—	—	—	—	—	1 b	1	7 21	1033	968	22 59	15 16	279	196	23 43	23 0	425	386	7 40
13	x	297	175	157	—	—	—	—	—	—	1 a	2	6 23	1035	967	13 41	11 51	269	199	0 0	(0 30)	416	393	6 30
14	117	70	-624	624	—	—	—	—	—	—	1 b	1	0 12	1046	987	16 27	12 59	259	225	0 3	20 0	408	399	0 40
15	408	262	87	262	—	—	—	—	—	—	1 a	0	22 45	1013	996	11 40	13 3	259	233	2 6	16 0	407	403	5 0
16	-356	-1160	-1108	-822	—	—	—	—	—	—	2 b	0	13 59	1019	1003	10 12	12 52	255	234	(5 35)	21 0	407	400	5 20
17	-583	566	414	157	—	—	—	—	—	—	1 c	1	7 14	1035	998	10 31	11 23	269	235	0 44	19 0	407	397	7 30
18	152	117	146	262	—	—	—	—	—	—	0 a	1	5 59	1023	983	11 30	13 7	260	223	3 59	16 30	409	400	3 50
19	134	6	344	449	—	—	—	—	—	—	1 a	0	20 44	1030	1008	1 42	13 13	256	223	21 9	20 35	406	399	to 9 0
20	560	-222	309	-478	—	—	—	—	—	—	1 b	1	21 56	1028	1009	9 30	12 32	260	221	20 16	20 35	406	399	13 0
21	140	431	216	210	—	—	—	—	—	—	1 b	0	14 45	1026	1008	11 15	13 24	257	238	1 0	(17 0)	406	404	0 0
22	x	140	216	297	680	510	0.7	1.4	1.2	—	1 b	1	22 1	1038	985	21 9	13 18	275	187	21 53	21 30	420	397	2 50
23	222	169	420	781	—	—	—	—	—	—	0 b	0	5 31	1019	997	0 50	11 16	250	222	0 19	20 30	414	405	0 0
24	280	152	192	93	—	—	—	—	—	—	0 b	1	5 15	1023	992	14 37	14 3	267	237	21 45	15 30	414	405	9 10
25	6	87	58	93	—	—	—	—	—	—	1 a	1	21 34	1023	1001	3 46	10 35	255	227	21 27	18 0	414	406	9 0
26	198	268	280	548	—	—	—	—	—	—	0 a	0	21 36	1019	1005	2 54	10 38	254	230	4 12	20 30	411	408	0 0
27	332	297	152	222	—	—	—																	

7. Tables of Wind Components in metres per second at fixed hours, together with the mean velocity (horizontal movement) in metres per second for the hour with the maximum hourly run for each day, or the greatest velocity attained in a gust and the time of its occurrence.

HOLYHEAD. †‡

Height of Head above—Roof 8.3 m., Ground 13.7 m., M.S.L. 19.2 m.  
Height of Cups above—Roof 4.6 m., Ground 7.6 m., M.S.L. 15.2 m.

Table for Holyhead with columns for Date, 3 h., 9 h., 15 h., 21 h., Max. in a Gust, and Time of Gust. Includes data for hours 1-31 and summary statistics.

DEERNESS. †

Height of Cups above—Roof 1.5 m., Ground 4.9 m., M.S.L. 57.3 m.

Table for Deerness with columns for Date, 3 h., 9 h., 15 h., 21 h., Max. in a Gust, and Time of Gust. Includes data for hours 1-31 and summary statistics.

SCILLY. †‡

Height of Head above—Ground 9.8 m., M.S.L. 49.7 m.  
Height of Cups above—Ground 5.8 m., M.S.L. 45.7 m.

Table for Scilly with columns for Date, 3 h., 9 h., 15 h., 21 h., Max. in a Gust, and Time of Gust. Includes data for hours 1-31 and summary statistics.

GREAT YARMOUTH. †‡

Height of Head above—Roof 10.7 m., Ground 12.8 m., M.S.L. 15.9 m.  
Height of Cups above—Roof 3.7 m., Ground 18.3 m., M.S.L. 22.3 m.

Table for Great Yarmouth with columns for Date, 3 h., 9 h., 15 h., 21 h., Max. in a Gust, and Time of Gust. Includes data for hours 1-31 and summary statistics.

The velocities at fixed hours are means for the interval from 30 minutes before to 30 minutes after the hour. The hours are numbered 1 h. to 24 h. Time is referred to Greenwich Mean Time. † Robinson Cup Anemometer; Arms 0.61 m.; Diameter of Cups, 0.229 m.; Factor 2.2. ‡ Robinson Cup Anemometer; Arms 0.305 m.; Diameter of Cups 0.127 m.; Factor 2.8. § Dines Pressure Tube Anemometer. At Great Yarmouth, Holyhead, and Scilly the readings at fixed hours are taken from the Robinson Anemometer, the maxima quoted are the greatest winds in a gust as recorded by the Dines Pressure Tube.

8. The Lower Layers of the Atmosphere from the Surface to 3000 metres (10,000 ft.) above Mean Sea Level.  
Soundings by Kites (K.) and Pilot Balloons (P.).

PYRTON HILL. K. 1. January 5. 10 h. 55 m. to 11 h. 30 m. G.M.T.											BRIGHTON. K. 1. January 7. 10 h. 30 m. to 12 h. 30 m.																					
Soundings with Kites.	Height above M.S.L.	Pressure.	Temperature.		Humidity.	Density.	Wind.		Cloud Observations and Remarks.	Height above M.S.L.	Pressure.	Temperature.		Humidity.	Density.	Wind.		Cloud Observations and Remarks.														
			Reading.	Fall per km.			Direction.	Velocity.				Reading.	Fall per km.			Direction.	Velocity.															
	metres.	mb.	°A.	°C.	%	mb.	mgm/cc.	Degrees from N.	m/s.		metres.	mb.	°A.	°C.	%	mb.	mgm/cc.	Degrees from N.	m/s.													
Greatest height	700	...	273	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nearly clear. A few clouds, not reached from W.N.W.	600	...	273.5	...	95	6.0	...	15	8	Overcast. Stratus and var. types of high cloud. Scud at about 500 m. Wind decreasing in strength.												
	1000	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		1000	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...													
100 m. above ground	500	...	274.5	...	...	...	...	275	18		500	...	274.6	...	95	6.6	...	25	9													
	250	...	277.5	12	...	...	...	270	16		215	...	276.4	5.1	85	6.7	...	10	8													
Ground level	150	...	278	5	90	7.8	...	260	11		115	...	277	6	85	6.9	...	360	5													
Computed for M.S.L.	0	...	...	...	...	...	...	230	22	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	20	9	...												
BRIGHTON. K. 2. January 14. 10 h. 20 m. to 12 h. 20 m.											BRIGHTON. K. 3. January 20. 11 h. 0 m. to 12 h. 30 m.																					
Greatest height	635	...	274.7	...	100	6.9	...	?	?	Overcast. Stratus. Kite disappeared in cloud 500 m. above sea. Wind decreasing with altitude to almost nil.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nearly overcast. Stratus and alt. cu. Scud, 300 m. above sea. Wind decreasing with altitude.												
	1000	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...													
	500	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		500	...	280.5	...	75	7.8	...	150	?													
	215	...	277.5	15	100	8.5	...	290	4		215	...	276.7	-18	90	7.1	...	120	?													
Ground level	115	...	279	...	88	8.3	...	280	4.9		115	...	280	33	92	9.2	...	100	9													
Computed for M.S.L.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	200	12	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	165	16	...												
BRIGHTON. K. 4. January 27. 10 h. 45 m. to 12 h. 40 m.											BRIGHTON. K. 5. January 28. 10 h. 30 m. to 12 h. 30 m.																					
Greatest height	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Half overcast. St. Cu. no clouds reached. Ground wind at descent 60°. 15 m.p.s.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Clear sky. Trace doubtful above 500 m., but probably correct as given.												
	1000	...	265.8	8.8	100	3.6	...	60	18		1000	...	268.5	5.8	50	2.2	...	100	1.2													
	500	...	270.2	8	95	4.8	...	60	var.		500	...	271.4	...	80	4.4	...	100	1.2													
	215	...	273	12	80	4.9	...	60	17		215	...	?	?	?	?	...	80	?													
Ground level	115	...	274.2	...	90	6.0	...	40	8		115	...	274	...	100	6.6	...	60	8.9													
Computed for M.S.L.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	80	14	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	90	16	...												
ABERDEEN. P. 1. January 12. 11 h. 10 m.											P. 2. January 24. 11 h. 30 m.											P. 3. January 26. 11 h. 20 m.										
Soundings with Pilot Balloons.	Height above M.S.L.	Wind.			Cloud Observations and Remarks.	Height above M.S.L.	Wind.			Cloud Observations and Remarks.	Height above M.S.L.	Wind.			Cloud Observations and Remarks.																	
		Direction.	Velocity.	Components.			Direction.	Velocity.	Components.			Direction.	Velocity.	Components.																		
	metres.	Degrees from N.	m/s.	m/s.	m/s.	metres.	Degrees from N.	m/s.	m/s.	m/s.	metres.	Degrees from N.	m/s.	m/s.	m/s.																	
Greatest height	3110	...	...	...	...	825	74	10.1	-9.8	-2.6	2155	...	...	...	...	Balloon lost in high haze.																
	3000	244	9.3	+3.0	+3.9	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...																	
	2500	238	2.7	+2.3	+1.4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...																	
	2000	245	5.7	+5.2	+2.4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...																	
	1500	252	4.4	+4.1	+1.5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...																	
	1000	254	5.0	+4.8	+1.3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...																	
100 m. above ground	500	235	11.7	+9.6	+6.5	...	68	9.1	-8.6	-3.1	...	...	...	...	...																	
	130	213	7.5	+4.3	+6.1	Calm region between 2300 and 2500 very marked.	200	78	9.5	-9.4	-2.6	...	332	7.4	+3.7	-6.6																
Ground level	30	200	4.4	+1.5	+4.1	...	80	5.6	-5.5	-9.7	...	315	4.9	+3.5	-3.5																	
Computed for M.S.L.	...	210	16	+8.0	+14	Two theodolites. Base 810 m. at 43° 45'. Lift 48 gr.	85	9	9	1	Two theodolites. Base 1520 m. at 24° 10'. Lift 51.5 gr.	...	30	6	-3.0	...	Two theodolites. Lift 52.5 gr.															

9. The Upper Air: Soundings by Registering Balloons (R.) and Pilot Balloons (P.).

1912. January 30.	3 h. 5 m. G.M.T.			From observations at Station			at 7 h.	at 18 h. G.M.T.	SOUNDING No., R. 2.
	Height above M.S.L.	Pressure.	Temp.	PRESSURE (M.S.L.)	770.9 mm.	1027 mb.	1023 mb.	PLACE, PYRTON HILL.	
GREATEST HEIGHT	13.6 km.	? mb.	215° A.	TEMPERATURE,	— °	— °A.	— °A.	Latitude, . . . . .	51° 38' N.
LOWEST TEMPERATURE	9.6 km.	268 mb.	215° A.	VAPOUR PRESSURE,	—	—	—	Longitude, . . . . .	1° 1' W.
BASE OF STRATOSPHERE	9.6 km.	268 mb.	215° A.	GRADIENT WIND :—Direction,	—	—	315°.	Height above M.S.L., . . .	150 m.
* Type	No. 1.			Velocity,	—	0 m/s.	6.3 m/s.	PLACE OF FALL, . . . . .	near Bognor.
				Correction for Curvature,	—	—	—	Distance, . . . . .	98 km.
				Final Components, { W. to E.	—	0 m/s.	+ 4.4 m/s.	and	
				{ S. to N.	—	0 m/s.	- 4.4 m/s.	Orientation, . . . . .	168°.

TABLE OF HEIGHTS, PRESSURES, TEMPERATURES, AND HUMIDITIES.

Height above M.S.L.	Pressure.	Temperature.		Humidity.		REMARKS.
		Reading.	Fall per Km.	%	mb.	
km.	mb.	°A.	°C.	%	mb.	
13	157	215	+1			Light N.W. wind, cloudy, after clear morning.
12	184	216				
11.5	200	216	0			
11	217	216				
10	252	215	-1			
9	293	217	2			Base of Stratosphere.
8.9	300	217	5			
8	341	222	7			
7	396	229	8			
6.9	400	229	8			
6	457	237	8			
5.4	500	242	8			
5	529	245				
4.1	600	252	7			
4	604	252	8	45	0.5	
3	688	260		50	1.1	
2.9	700	261	3			
2	782	263		70	2.0	Inversion 262° to 263° at 1.7 km.
1.8	800	271	5			
1	888	268		95	4.0	
0.9	900	276				
Ground M.S.L.	987	273		95	5.8	

1912. January 4.	7 h. 0 m. G.M.T.			From Observations at Station			at 7 h.	at 18 h. G.M.T.	SOUNDING No., R. 1.
	Height above M.S.L.	Pressure.	Temp.	PRESSURE (M.S.L.)	760.2 mm.	1013 mb.	1007 mb.	PLACE, MANCHESTER.	
GREATEST HEIGHT	11.8 km.	201 mb.	219° A.	TEMPERATURE,	— °	— °A.	— °A.	Latitude, . . . . .	53° 28' N.
LOWEST TEMPERATURE	10.7 km.	236 mb.	216.5° A.	VAPOUR PRESSURE,	—	—	—	Longitude, . . . . .	2° 14' W.
BASE OF STRATOSPHERE	10.7 km.	236 mb.	216° A.	GRADIENT WIND :—Direction,	—	270°.	250°.	Height above M.S.L., . . .	38 m.
* Type	No. 1.			Velocity,	—	13 m/s.	14.3 m/s.	PLACE OF FALL, Narborough, Norfolk.	
				Correction for Curvature,	—	—	—	Distance, . . . . .	216 km.
				Final Components, { W. to E.	—	+ 13 m/s.	+ 13.2 m/s.	and	
				{ S. to N.	—	0 m/s.	5.2 m/s.	Orientation, . . . . .	124°.

TABLE OF HEIGHTS, PRESSURES, TEMPERATURES, AND HUMIDITIES.

Height above M.S.L.	Pressure.	Temperature.		Humidity.		REMARKS.
		Reading.	Fall per Km.	%	mb.	
km.	mb.	°A.	°C.	%	mb.	
11	224	217				Base of Stratosphere.
10	263	219.5	2.5			
9.2	300	225	7			
9	307	226.5				
8	356	231.5	5			
7.2	400	238	7.5			
7	410	239				
6	471	246.5	7.5			
5.6	500	249	6.5			
5	540	253				
4.2	600	260	7			
4	616	261				
3.0	700	265	4			
2	795	271	6			
1.9	800	271	6.5			
1	897	277.5				
0.1	1000	282				
Ground M.S.L.	1009	282.5				

Time is expressed in the hours 1 to 24 of civil reckoning.  
 Pressure is given in millibars (1000 mb. = 1 C.G.S. atmosphere = 750 mm. approximately).  
 Gradient Wind is taken to be tangential to the isobar and is computed by the formula  $\gamma = 2\omega \rho V \sin \phi$ .  
 \*Base of Stratosphere.—TYPE 1.—When the stratosphere commences with an inversion, the height and temperature of the first point of zero temperature gradient are given.  
 TYPE 2.—When the stratosphere begins with an abrupt transition to a temperature gradient below 2° per km. without inversion, the height and temperature of the abrupt transition are given.  
 TYPE 3.—When there is no such abrupt change of temperature gradient, the base is taken to be where the mean fall of temperature for the kilometer next above is 2° or less, provided that it does not exceed 2° for any subsequent kilometer. If some other position for the base seems to the tabulator to be more suitable, it is noted in the column for "Remarks."

Temperatures are expressed in degrees absolute (273° A. = 0° C.).  
 Heights are given in kilometers (km.).

# METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE OBSERVATORIES—GEOPHYSICAL JOURNAL.

FEBRUARY 1912.—DAILY VALUES REFERRED TO GREENWICH MEAN TIME AND UNITS,  
BASED ON THE C.G.S. SYSTEM. [Price 4d.]

Second Year.—No. 2. *Meteorology, Solar Radiation, Seismology, Atmospheric Electricity, and Terrestrial Magnetism.*

## 1. SEISMOLOGICAL JOURNAL:—ESKDALEMUIR.—Lat. 55° 19' N. Long. 3° 12' W.

Date.	Microseisms.		Earthquakes.	Remarks.
	Period.	Amp.		
1	s	μ		5th I, Trace of long waves 2 h. 16 m.
2	5-6	2.3		
3	4-5	2.1		
4	5-6	1.5		13th Ir, P=8 h. 8 m. 36 s., S=8 h. 12 m. 35 s., Δ=2430 kms., α=56° 3' E. of S. Epicentre 40° N., 21½° E. Iu, P uncertain, S=17 h. 0 m. (at hour break). L=17 h. 16 m., Δ about 10000 kms.
5	6	2.0		
6	5-6	2.0	I.	15th I, P and S uncertain. L=3 h. 34 m., Disturbed till 4 h. 7 m.
7	4-5	1.7		
8	5	2.8		
9	6-7	4.1		16th I, P and S uncertain. L=10 h. 26 m.
10	5-6	3.3		
11	5-6	1.8		19th I, P=10 h. 43 m. 15 s. S and L uncertain. Disturbed till 11 h. 46 m. Iu, S=23 h. 11 m. 51 s., L=23 h. 19½ m.
12	5	1.7		
13	4-5	1.0	Ir, Iu.	20th Iu, S=13 h. 26 m. 22 s., L=13 h. 46 m. I, Trace of long waves at 23 h. 3 m.
14	4-5	0.5		
15	6	0.9		21st I, Trace of long waves 5 h. 50 m. I, Long waves at 8 h. 29 m. I, Long waves at 18 h. 16 m.
16	4-5	1.2	I.	
17	5	1.4	I.	22nd I, P and S uncertain. L=14 h. 14 m.
18	6	1.3		
19	5	1.0		24th I, Feeble disturbance at 11 h. 14 m. I, P and S uncertain. L=15 h. 0 m.
20	4-5	0.8	I, Iu.	
21	4-5	0.8	Iu, I.	25th I, Disturbance starting at 3 h. 3 m. Phases uncertain. Long waves not clearly shown until 3 h. 48 m. I, Long waves 11 h. 3 m. I, Long waves 22 h. 4 m. I, Long waves 23 h. 15 m.
22	4-5	0.7	I, I, I.	
23	4-5	0.8	I.	
24	4-5	1.2		26th Ir, P?=20 h. 38 m. 45 s., S=20 h. 41 m. 33 s., L=20 h. 44 m., Δ=1620 kms.?
25	5	1.0	I, I.	
26	4-5	0.8	I, I, I, I.	27th I, P=0 h. 22 m. 5 s., S=0 h. 27 m. 37 s. Long waves not clear, while at 0 h. 40 m. the seismogram has the characteristic appearance of a comparatively near earthquake.
27	4-5	0.8	Ir.	
28	5-6	1.7	I.	
29	7	3.6		

An explanation of the notation used is given in the preface.

## 2. VALENCIA OBSERVATORY, CAHIRCIVEEN (KERRY).—Lat. 51° 56' N. Long. 10° 15' W.

Heights above Mean Sea Level:—Station, H=9.2 m. Barometer Cistern, H<sub>b</sub>=13.7 m.

Heights above Ground:—Thermometers, h<sub>t</sub>=1.2 m. Rain-gauge, h<sub>r</sub>=0.6 m. Sunshine Recorder, h<sub>s</sub>=12.8 m. Cups of Anemometer, h<sub>a</sub>=13.7 m.

Day.	Pressure at Station Level.		Air Temperature in Degrees Absolute.				Humidity.				Wind Direction in points (8=E, 16=S) and Velocity (metres per second).		Cloud Amount and Weather.		Rain 24 hours beginning 10 h.	Sunshine.	Remarks.	Magnetism.				
	9 h.	21 h.	9 h.	21 h.	Max.	Min.	Vapour Pressure.		Percentage.		9 h.	21 h.	9 h.	21 h.				10 h.	22 h.	Horizontal Force.	Declination West.	Inclination.
	mib.	mib.	200+	200+	200+	200+	millibar.	%	%	m/sec.	m/sec.	Tenths of Sky covered.	mm.	hrs.			γ.	°	°			
1	1004.9	1001.5	76.6	74.6	79	74	6.1	5.1	75	72	7	8	5	4	7	0	0.9	Fair. Cleared quickly p.	...	...	...	
2	1002.9	1004.2	71.3	71.8	75	71	3.4	3.1	61	51	6	4	6	7	0	0	7.9	Fine.	...	...	...	
3	1002.0	998.6	72.1	73.0	76	71	4.8	3.4	80	57	8	5	9	7	2	2	5.9	Fine. ☐ in evening.	...	...	...	
4	993.8	985.8	73.8	75.2	76	72	5.4	5.8	82	67	8	7	11	12	2∞	10≡0	0.8	0.9	Hazy. * n.	...	...	...
5	975.9	971.3	76.8	80.6	81	75	6.5	9.5	80	91	9	12	13	8	8	10≡0	19.3	—	Squally. ≡0.	...	...	...
6	974.2	980.9	80.1	77.8	81	77	8.5	7.8	85	91	16	5	22	3	3	1	7.9	0.2	Fair to dull. Fine evening.	...	...	...
7	968.3	971.8	82.9	82.6	84	77	11.5	11.2	94	94	16	9	16	7	10≡0	10	3.6	0.2	Gloomy with ≡0.	...	...	...
8	966.9	965.9	82.7	82.8	84	82	10.5	10.5	89	89	8	5	14	9	10≡0	10≡0	8.6	0.6	≡0. Showery.	17915	20 35.2	68 9.8
9	966.7	979.4	81.8	79.9	83	79	10.9	8.2	96	82	15	6	21	7	10	2	0.8	0.2	Dull and showery.	...	...	...
10	986.3	983.9	77.3	80.4	82	77	7.5	7.5	91	73	11	3	6	6	9	10	—	0.3	Dull.	...	...	...
11	981.6	989.2	78.8	80.3	82	78	7.5	8.8	82	86	6	9	6	6	8≡0	5	0.3	—	Overcast.	...	...	...
12	998.4	1004.1	79.1	80.1	81	78	8.5	8.5	90	86	32	4	7	4	3∞	10	—	0.4	Fair, but with ∞.	...	...	...
13	1009.1	1008.0	73.5	81.0	82	73	6.1	8.8	96	83	—	1	11	6	∞∞	10	1.3	7.2	—; fine; ∞.	...	...	...
14	1007.7	1004.7	82.9	83.4	84	81	10.9	11.9	89	96	12	6	14	10	10	10≡0	13.5	—	Dull. ≡0	...	...	...
15	1004.1	1010.4	82.2	80.7	84	81	10.9	9.8	94	94	15	5	16	5	8≡0	3	5.6	4.6	Misty, with ●; clearing p.	...	...	...
16	1000.4	1006.1	83.4	82.6	84	82	11.9	9.5	94	78	15	12	16	7	10≡0	10	—	—	Gloomy, with ≡0.	...	...	...
17	1009.4	1009.8	81.0	79.3	84	78	10.2	9.2	95	97	16	4	—	0	10≡0	3	0.3	—	Misty. Clearing in evening.	...	...	...
18	1005.7	993.0	80.1	78.2	81	78	8.5	7.8	86	90	6	7	4	9	10≡0	10≡0	11.9	—	Overcast, with ≡0.	...	...	...
19	988.0	1000.6	78.6	80.2	81	78	8.2	7.1	90	70	31	13	29	12	10≡0	6	3.6	1.2	≡0, squally and clear later.	...	...	...
20	1005.6	1001.4	76.6	79.5	81	76	6.1	6.8	78	71	—	1	9	8	3	10	0.8	6.7	Fine; good visibility.	...	...	...
21	1000.9	999.3	81.8	83.5	85	80	10.9	12.6	97	98	16	3	15	5	7	10≡0	17.0	3.4	Fair a. Gloomy with ≡0 p.	...	...	...
22	994.5	997.0	84.0	84.2	85	84	12.9	11.9	99	89	15	9	15	9	10≡0	10≡0	2.8	0.1	Gloomy, with ≡0.	17914	20 32.2	68 9.9
23	1006.3	1009.7	80.6	79.1	84	77	8.8	7.8	85	82	22	5	—	1	1	1	1.0	8.7	Fine; good visibility.	...	...	...
24	1007.4	1006.3	80.1	79.0	82	77	8.2	8.5	79	89	12	5	28	5	10	10	8.1	—	Dull, with ≡0.	...	...	...
25	1008.8	1007.8	79.5	81.4	84	76	8.8	8.5	91	76	16	3	15	6	3	10≡0	3.1	5.9	Fair.	...	...	...
26	1002.0	1002.8	82.8	83.2	85	81	11.5	10.2	95	82	20	7	19	11	8	5	0.3	5.1	Fair to misty. ☐ in evening.	...	...	...
27	1012.1	1011.2	82.7	83.7	84	82	10.5	12.2	88	96	15	6	16	7	7≡0	10≡0	0.5	0.5	Gloomy, with ≡0.	...	...	...
28	1003.6	988.5	83.2	83.2	84	81	12.2	10.9	97	88	15	10	16	11	10≡0	10	14.7	—	≡0. ● 4 h.—7 h. 30 m.	...	...	...
29	998.4	1000.8	82.4	82.3	84	81	9.8	10.2	83	87	19	9	16	7	3	10≡0	6.6	6.4	Fine and clear. ≡0☐ p.	...	...	...
Means	996.1	996.3	79.6	80.1	82.0	77.8	8.9	8.7	88	83	6.3	6.9	6.6	7.2	132.4	2.31	—	—	Monthly Totals or Means.	17915	20 33.7	68 9.9
Normal 40 years	1012.2	1012.2	79.6	79.8	82.6	77.5	8.4	8.4	87	86	6.0	6.1	—	—	125.6	2.54	—	—	Normals, 40 years.			

3. KEW OBSERVATORY, SURREY.—Lat. 51° 28' N. Long. 0° 19' W.

Heights above Mean Sea Level :—Station, H=5.5 m. Barometer, H<sub>b</sub>=10.4 m.

Heights above Ground :—Thermometers, h<sub>t</sub>=3.0 m. Rain-gauge, h<sub>r</sub>=0.5 m. Sunshine Recorder, h<sub>s</sub>=14.3 m. Cups of Anemometer, h<sub>a</sub>=21.3 m.

Table with columns: Day, Pressure at Station Level, Air Temperature in Degrees Absolute, Humidity (Vapour Pressure, Percentage), Wind Direction in Points (8=E, 16=S) and Velocity (metres per second), Cloud Amount and Weather, Rain 24 hours beginning 10 h., Sunshine, Solar Radiation, Watts per cm², Min. Temp. on Grass, Earth Temperature at 10 h., Remarks.

4. ESKDALEMUIR OBSERVATORY, DUMFRIESSHIRE.—Lat. 55° 19' N. Long. 3° 12' W.

Heights above Mean Sea Level :—Station, H=243.2 m. Barometer, H<sub>b</sub>=237.1 m.

Heights above Ground :—Thermometers, h<sub>t</sub>=0.8 m. Rain-gauge, h<sub>r</sub>=0.3 m. Sunshine Recorder, h<sub>s</sub>=1.5 m. Vane of Anemometer, h<sub>a</sub>=15.2 m.

Table with columns: Day, Pressure at Station Level, Air Temperature in Degrees Absolute, Humidity (Vapour Pressure, Percentage), Wind Direction in Points (8=E, 16=S) and Velocity (metres per second), Cloud Amount and Weather, Rain 24 hours beginning 10 h., Sunshine, Solar Radiation, Watts per cm², Min. Temp. on Grass, Earth Temperature at 10 h., Remarks.

The solar radiation is the mean of the readings within the nominal hour of observation (11 h. 30 m.—12 h. 30 m.) unless some other hour is specified.

Note.—The cloud amounts in italic type at Kew were taken at 18 h.

5. KEW OBSERVATORY.

Day.	Potential Gradient, Volts per metre. Factor 1.75.				Charge per cc. × 10 <sup>20</sup> .		Velocities of Ions for 1 volt per centimetre.		Conductivity × 10 <sup>25</sup> .	Air-Earth Current × 10 <sup>16</sup> .		Electric Character of Day.	Magnetic Character of Day.	Horizontal Force.			West Declination.						
	3 h.	9 h.	15 h.	21 h.	+	-	+	-		c <sub>1</sub>	c <sub>2</sub>			Maximum. 18000 γ +.	Minimum. 18000 γ +.	Range.	Maximum. 15° +.	Minimum. 15° +.	Range.				
	v/m.	v/m.	v/m.	v/m.	E.-m. U.	E.-m. U.	cm/sec.	cm/sec.		E.-m. U.	Amp/cm <sup>2</sup> .			γ	h m	γ	h m	γ	h m	γ	h m		
1	695	615	480	315	360	240	—	—	—	—	0.45	0	0	516	23 20	496	1 24	20	53.3	12 50	47.2	22 25	6.1
2	515	565	x ±	665	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0	0	521	7 38	486	22 30	35	53.3	13 28	44.4	22 30	8.9
3	540	760	495	*	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0	0	517	7 50	491	16 26	26	53.0	12 20	47.9	16 28	5.1
4	*	*	750	350	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0?	0	523	13 0	491	16 40	32	52.2	12 10	46.9	2 53	5.3
5	340	565	395	250	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0	0	517	14 30	494	1 13	23	50.9	12 0	48.0	2 30	2.9
6	170	600	455	515	450	270	0.70	0.20	0.45	2.15	0.75	0	0	526	13 43	502	23 58	24	51.7	11 46	48.4	7 18	3.3
7	315	425	50	340	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0	0	519	14 16	495	23 43	24	51.9	12 14	45.9	22 48	6.0
8	145	375	135	250	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0	0	516	7 10	490	1 38	26	54.0	12 3	45.9	3 47	8.1
9	120	480	360	395	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0	0	516	12 33	494	1 45	22	51.9	12 20	47.7	0 0	4.2
10	275	435	300	435	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0	0	516	15 10	486	22 20	30	55.2	13 46	45.9	24 0	9.3
11	290	445	-170	0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0	0	511	13 38	482	2 10	29	52.9	10 30	44.3	0 20	8.6
12	110	240	240	315	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0	0	516	12 20	477	16 56	39	53.7	12 32	43.9	19 20	9.8
13	170	420	315	575	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0	0	510	8 49	474	17 48	36	54.3	12 30	41.4	17 34	12.9
14	280	565	310	205	480	0	—	—	—	—	—	0	0	511	23 26	493	9 48	18	52.9	12 45	46.7	23 16	6.2
15	155	310	250	310	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0	0	507	20 40	487	4 5	20	53.5	13 0	46.6	20 40	6.9
16	205	455	395	375	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0	0	525	13 55	490	19 19	35	53.4	11 40	43.4	19 36	10.0
17	—	460	425	485	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0	0	516	14 52	476	4 22	40	55.8	1 32	40.9	20 13	14.9
18	105	300	215	135	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0	0	516	3 5	490	10 36	26	52.1	13 5	44.5	3 30	7.6
19	70	70	215	375	390	120	1.10	0.00	0.45	0.95	0.40	0	0	515	14 1	496	2 53	19	53.4	12 53	47.6	8 52	5.8
20	340	625	265	385	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0	0	509	12 33	492	23 42	17	54.4	12 24	46.7	22 12	7.7
21	190	290	70	105	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0	0	510	13 40	491	9 25	19	53.5	12 40	48.1	21 25	5.4
22	45	145	170	-205	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0	0	518	14 25	491	10 13	27	53.5	12 43	47.4	20 30	6.1
23	35	400	240	255	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0	0	512	14 11	479	19 55	33	54.6	17 32	47.4	21 26	7.2
24	—	255	250	335	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0	0	518	0 53	474	21 8	44	54.6	13 39	44.0	21 5	10.6
25	275	395	190	220	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0	0	517	1 8	480	2 20	37	56.0	12 37	47.3	2 10	8.7
26	75	205	—	215	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0	0	511	6 40	468	11 15	43	56.7	12 7	44.8	3 42	11.9
27	70	240	205	255	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0	0	503	22 22	485	3 30	18	53.3	12 0	48.9	22 50	4.4
28	105	250	205	265	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0	0	506	6 54	490	19 9	16	52.4	13 10	47.2	19 10	5.2
29	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0	0	514	20 53	475	11 46	39	54.2	12 58	47.8	22 19	6.4
M.	178	393	246	276	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	515	—	487	—	28	53.5	—	46.1	—	7.4

\* No record—jet frozen.

6. ESKDALEMUR OBSERVATORY.

Day.	Potential Gradient, Volts per metre. Factor 5.4 till Feb. 7th. then 5.5.				Charge per cc. × 10 <sup>20</sup> .		Velocities of Ions for 1 volt per centimetre.		Conductivity × 10 <sup>25</sup> .	Air-Earth Current × 10 <sup>16</sup> .		Electric Character of Day.	Magnetic Character of Day.	North Component.			West Component.			Vertical Component. §					
	3 h.	9 h.	15 h.	21 h.	+	-	+	-		c <sub>1</sub>	c <sub>2</sub>			Maximum. 15000 γ +.	Minimum. 15000 γ +.	Maximum. 5000 γ +.	Minimum. 5000 γ +.	Maximum. 45000 γ +.	Minimum. 45000 γ +.						
	v/m.	v/m.	v/m.	v/m.	E.-m. U.	E.-m. U.	cm/sec.	cm/sec.		E.-m. U.	Amp/cm <sup>2</sup> .			h m	γ	h m	γ	h m	γ	h m	γ	h m	γ	h m	γ
1	318	318	405	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1 a	0	23 17	1033	1004	10 56	12 52	258	227	22 28	0 0	333	327	8 30
2	—	—	—	902	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0	7 40	1029	998	18 17	13 34	262	209	22 31	22 40	340	324	8 30
3	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0	7 48	1030	999	16 7	14 0	259	231	16 27	16 30	338	325	7 50
4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0	12 56	1028	999	16 39	12 12	261	228	2 53	17 0	334	322	11 30
5	—	—	445	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0	14 7	1029	1011	0 18	14 7	252	232	0 21	1 35	333	325	10 40
6	—	—	x	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0	13 42	1034	1015	5 5	13 46	255	236	24 0	24 0	330	324	13 10
7	x	397	-418	x	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2 c	0	21 23	1027	1007	18 35	13 25	256	220	22 48	22 55	334	327	8 20
8	295	271	707	171	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1 b	0	6 50	1033	1005	10 0	12 4	265	219	3 46	22 0	338	326	8 30
9	324	471	147	x	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1 b	0	22 52	1030	1012	8 45	1 53	257	227	6 10	23 30	333	327	11 30
10	x	277	188	689	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1 b	0	4 20	1035	995	22 55	13 45	276	217	24 0	22 38	337	323	5 20
11	159	300	342	-12	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1 a	0	13 36	1022	997	14 26	9 36	257	206	0 20	20 10	330	322	11 0
12	12	112	194	277	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1 a	0	19 6	1040	987	20 14	12 19	266	212	19 20	20 43	344	320	10 50
13	147	147	230	536	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1 a	0	22 47	1027	987	14 18	8 25	262	182	17 34	17 50	341	323	8 45
14	59	236	259	324	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1 a	0	23 25	1032	1002	13 6	12 44	251	227	24 0	19 23	336	329	11 30
15	147	306	271	342	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1 b	0	20 36	1029	1002	10 9	13 0	257	224	20 41	20 50	332	323	10 30
16	401	318	342	-247	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1 b	0	19 37	1036	1001	19 18	13 0	261	203	19 33	19 22	335	320	13 0
17	183	577	424	424	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0 a	0	20 26	1040	981	1 23	12 10	262	188	20 12	20 22	333	309	2 15
18	224	247	-783	159	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1 b	0	3 24	1033	1007	10 13	2 41	259	216	3 32	16 30	334	319	3 15
19	395	-118	212	-830	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1 b	0	5 57	1024	1005	11 13	13 12	256	228	5 31	2 20	329	320	12 50
20	-2144	177	312	560	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2 b	0	19 41	1021	1006	11 0	12 20	256	220	22 11	22 30	325	311	12 22
21	188	436	318	230	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0 a	0	20 22	1031	1007	11 10	13 20	257	230	20 32	0 30	325	315	13 50
22	318	159	-465	324	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0 a	0	20 30	1028	1007	11 0	13 16	255	214	20 31	20 50	320	311	13 50
23	218	94	x	147	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1 b	0	4 42	1028	990	19 53	17 29	264	213	21 52	20 0	334	312	10 30
24	230	348	218	459	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0 a	0	20 22	1062	994	21 7	12 22	263	195	21 8	20 11	328	309	12 20
25	94	342	259	241	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1 b	0	1 5	1045	1006	11 6	12 38	266	214	2 12	19 45	323	304	1 30
26	100	118	124	141	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1 b	0	6 12	1037	979	11 8	12 5	273	204	4 33	21 25	325	299	9 8
27	47	-35	118	77	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1 c													

7. Tables of Wind Components in metres per second at fixed hours, together with the mean velocity (horizontal movement) in metres per second for the hour with the maximum hourly run for each day, or the greatest velocity attained in a gust and the time of its occurrence.

Table with columns for Date, 3 h., 9 h., 15 h., 21 h., Max. in a Gust, Time of Gust, and Date, 3 h., 9 h., 15 h., 21 h., Vel. in Max. Hourly Run, Time of Max. for HOLYHEAD and DEERNES.

Table with columns for Date, 3 h., 9 h., 15 h., 21 h., Max. in a Gust, Time of Gust, and Date, 3 h., 9 h., 15 h., 21 h., Max. in a Gust, Time of Gust for SCILLY and GREAT YARMOUTH.

The velocities at fixed hours are means for the interval from 30 minutes before to 30 minutes after the hour. The hours are numbered 1 h. to 24 h. Time is referred to Greenwich Mean Time. \* No record. † Robinson Cup Anemometer; Arms 0.305 m.; Diameter of Cups 0.127 m.; Factor 2.8. ‡ Dines Pressure Tube Anemometer. At Great Yarmouth, Holyhead, and Scilly the readings at fixed hours are taken from the Robinson Anemometer, the maxima quoted are the greatest winds in a gust as recorded by the Dines Pressure Tube.



8. The Lower Layers of the Atmosphere from the Surface to 3000 metres (10,000 ft.) above Mean Sea Level. Soundings by Kites (K.) and Pilot Balloons (P.).

BRIGHTON. K. 6. February 11. 10 h. 0 m. to 12 h. 20 m. G.M.T.											BRIGHTON. K. 7. February 15. 10 h. 45 m. to 12 h. 50 m. G.M.T.										
Soundings with Kites.	Height above M.S.L.	Press-ure.	Temperature.		Humidity.	Den- sity.	Wind.		Cloud Observations and Remarks.	Height above M.S.L.	Press-ure.	Temperature.		Humidity.	Den- sity.	Wind.		Cloud Observations and Remarks.			
			Read- ing.	Fall per km.			Direc- tion.	Velo- city.				Read- ing.	Fall per km.			Direc- tion.	Velo- city.				
	metres.	mb.	°A.	°C.	%	mb.	mgm/cc.	Degrees from N.	m/s.			°A.	°C.	%	mb.	mgm/cc.	Degrees from N.	m/s.			
Greatest height	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	1000	...	274.6	...	80	5.5	...	240	10	...	...	...	...	60	3.7	...	250	14	...	A little Fr. St., afterwards clear sky.	
	500	...	277	...	90	7.3	...	210	15	...	...	...	...	100	6.3	...	180	12	...		
100 m. above ground	215	...	279.6	...	90	8.7	...	180	17	...	...	...	...	8.1	...	...	180	10	...		
Ground level	115	...	281.6	...	90	10.0	...	180	7	...	...	...	...	4.0	...	...	180	6.7	...		
Computed for M.S.L.	0	...	...	...	...	...	...	165	17.8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	?	?	...	...	

BRIGHTON. K. 8. February 17. 11 h. 30 m. to 12 h. 45 m. G.M.T.											BRIGHTON. K. 9. February 18. 11 h. 40 m. to 13 h. 30 m. G.M.T.										
Greatest height	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Overcast St., no clouds reached. Clear sky followed.
	1000	...	?	...	?	?	...	220	13	...	...	...	...	40	6.3	...	200	15	...	...	
	500	...	284	...	43	5.6	...	200	13	...	...	...	...	?	?	...	?	?	...	...	
	215	...	?	...	?	?	...	?	?	...	...	...	...	?	?	...	?	?	...	...	
Ground level	115	...	282.5	...	73	8.6	...	130	4.5	...	...	...	...	74	9.6	...	120	6	...	...	
Computed for M.S.L.	0	...	...	...	...	...	...	205	8.7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	180	8.8	...	...	

BRIGHTON. K. 10. February 25. 10 h. 0 m. to 11 h. 30 m. G.M.T.											BRIGHTON. K. 11. February 29. 11 h. 0 m. G.M.T.										
Greatest height	700	...	277	...	100	8.1	...	240	...	...	...	...	...	82	8.3	...	240	19	...	...	Overcast St. Ascent abandoned owing to excessive pull of kite.
	1000	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	500	...	278	...	100	8.7	...	240	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	215	...	?	...	94	?	...	240	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Ground level	115	...	282	...	94	10.7	...	240	5.8	...	...	...	...	82	9.2	...	210	9	...	...	...
Computed for M.S.L.	0	...	...	...	...	...	...	225	8.4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	220	21.6	...	...	...

ABERDEEN. P. 4. February 7. 11 h. 17 m.							P. 5. February 21. 11 h. 27 m.							P. 6. February 23. 11 h. 10 m.						
Soundings with Pilot Balloons.	Height above M.S.L.	Wind.			Cloud Observations and Remarks.	Height above M.S.L.	Wind.			Cloud Observations and Remarks.	Height above M.S.L.	Wind.			Cloud Observations and Remarks.					
		Direc- tion.	Velo- city.	Components.			Direc- tion.	Velo- city.	Components.			Direc- tion.	Velo- city.	Components.						
	metres.	Degrees from N.	m/s.	m/s.	m/s.	metres.	Degrees from N.	m/s.	m/s.	m/s.	metres.	Degrees from N.	m/s.	m/s.	m/s.					
Greatest height	1230	...	...	...	...	1500	179	12.2	-0.2	+12.2	...	...	...	...	...					
	1250	...	...	...	...	1250	181	6.6	+0.1	+6.6	...	...	...	...	...					
	1000	219	26.0	+16.4	+20.3	1000	194	5.9	+1.4	+5.7	...	...	...	...	...					
	750	216	17.0	+10.0	+13.8	750	197	6.4	+1.9	+6.1	...	...	...	...	...					
	500	220	13.0	+8.3	+10.0	500	183	4.8	+0.2	+4.8	...	...	...	...	...					
100 m. above ground	250	218	11.0	+6.8	+8.7	250	157	3.8	-1.5	+3.5	...	...	...	...	...					
	130	213	6.3	+3.4	+5.3	130	150	4.5	-2.3	+3.9	...	...	...	...	...					
Ground level	30	200	2.2	+0.7	+2.1	30	160	2.6	-0.9	+2.4	...	...	...	...	...					
Computed for M.S.L.	0	204	17.8	+7.3	+16.3	0	?	?	...	...	0	203	19.4	+7.6	+17.6					

9. The Upper Air : Soundings by Registering Balloons (R.) and Pilot Balloons (P.).

1912. February 1.	7 h. 0 m. G.M.T.			From Observations at Station		at 7 h.	at 18 h. G.M.T.	SOUNDING No., R. 1.	
	Height above M.S.L.	Pressure.	Temp.	PRESSURE (M.S.L.)		756.4 mb.	751.6 mb.	PLACE, MANCHESTER.	
GREATEST HEIGHT	16.6 km.	89 mb.	220° A.	TEMPERATURE,		2.2 °A.	0.6 °A.	Latitude, . . . . . 53° 28' N.	
LOWEST TEMPERATURE	11.5 km.	...	213° A.	VAPOUR PRESSURE,		0.15 mb.	0.11 mb.	Longitude, . . . . . 2° 14' W.	
BASE OF STRATOSPHERE	11.5 km.	...	213° A.	GRADIENT WIND :—Direction,		330°.	0°.	Height above M.S.L., . . . . . 38 m.	
* Type	No. 1.			Velocity,		8.5 m/s.	13.9 m/s.	PLACE OF FALL, Sacombe Park, Ware, Herts.	
				Correction for Curvature,		- .3 m/s.	0 m/s.	Distance, . . . . . 232 km.	
				Final Components, { W. to E.		+ 4.3 m/s.	0 m/s.	and	
				{ S. to N.		- 7.4 m/s.	- 13.9 m/s.	Orientation, . . . . . 140°.	

TABLE OF HEIGHTS, PRESSURES, TEMPERATURES, AND HUMIDITIES.

Height above M.S.L.	Pressure.	Temperature.		Humidity.		REMARKS.
		Reading.	Fall per Km.	%	mb.	
km.	mb.	°A.	°C.	%	mb.	
16	96	220				
15	100		+0.5			
15	115	219.5	+0.5			
14	136	219	+ .2			
13	159	217	+ .2			
12	186	215				
11	200		0			
11	217	215				
10	257	222.5				
9						} Pen not marking.
8						
7						
6						
5						
4.5						
4						
3.5						
3						
2.5						
2						
1.5						
1						
Ground M.S.L.	1003	272				

Time is expressed in the hours 1 to 24 of civil reckoning.

Pressure is given in millibars (1000 mb. = 1 C.G.S. atmosphere = 750 mm. approximately).

Gradient Wind is taken to be tangential to the isobar and is computed by the formula  $\gamma = 2 \omega \rho V \sin \phi$ .

\*Base of Stratosphere.—TYPE 1.—When the stratosphere commences with an inversion, the height and temperature of the first point of zero temperature gradient are given.

TYPE 2.—When the stratosphere begins with an abrupt transition to a temperature gradient below 2° per km. without inversion, the height and temperature of the abrupt transition are given.

TYPE 3.—When there is no such abrupt change of temperature gradient, the base is taken to be where the mean fall of temperature for the kilometer next above is 2° or less, provided that it does not exceed 2° for any subsequent kilometer. If some other position for the base seems to the tabulator to be more suitable, it is noted in the column for "Remarks."

Temperatures are expressed in degrees absolute (273° A. = 0° C.).  
Heights are given in kilometers (km.).

# METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE OBSERVATORIES—GEO PHYSICAL JOURNAL.

MARCH 1912.—DAILY VALUES REFERRED TO GREENWICH MEAN TIME AND UNITS,  
BASED ON THE C.G.S. SYSTEM.

[Price 4d.]

Second Year.—No. 3. *Meteorology, Solar Radiation, Seismology, Atmospheric Electricity, and Terrestrial Magnetism.*

## 1. SEISMOLOGICAL JOURNAL:—ESKDALEMUIR.—Lat. 55° 19' N. Long. 3° 12' W.

Date.	Microseisms.		Earthquakes.	Remarks.
	Period.	Amp.		
1	6	3 <sup>o</sup>		3rd, Small disturbance 21 h. 32 m.
2	5-6	1 <sup>o</sup> 9		
3	5-6	1 <sup>o</sup> 1	I.	5th Iu, P uncertain, S=1 h. 34 m. 31 s., L=1 h. 38 m.
4	5	1 <sup>o</sup> 0		
5	5-6	1 <sup>o</sup> 4	Iu.	8th I, Trace of disturbance 2 h. 15 m. I, Disturbed 15 h. 18 m.-15 h. 32 m.
6	5-6	1 <sup>o</sup> 5		
7	6	1 <sup>o</sup> 0		11th Iu, Probably two shocks. P=10 h. 28 m. 18 s., S=10 h. 36 m. 58 s., Δ=7250 kms., and P=10 h. 32 m. 18 s., S=10 h.
8	6	1 <sup>o</sup> 6	I, I.	40 m. 53 s., Δ=7120 kms., a nearly true north. Epicentre 60° N., 177° E. I, Long waves 12 h. 49 m.-13 h. 26 m. I, P=15 h. 58 m. 14 s. Long waves 16 h. 29 m.-17 h. 5 m.
9	5-6	1 <sup>o</sup> 5		
10	4-5	1 <sup>o</sup> 1		
11	4-5	0 <sup>o</sup> 5	Iu, I, I.	13th I, Long waves 20 h. 18 m.-21 h. 25 m.
12	4-5	1 <sup>o</sup> 0		
13	4-5	0 <sup>o</sup> 6	I.	14th I, S=7 h. 9 m. 41 s., L=7 h. 21 m.
14	6	1 <sup>o</sup> 6	I.	16th I, Disturbed 14 h. 29 m.-15 h. 33 m.
15	6-7	1 <sup>o</sup> 9		
16	5	1 <sup>o</sup> 4	I.	18th I, A few long waves at 0 h.
17	5-6	1 <sup>o</sup> 9		
18	5	1 <sup>o</sup> 9	I.	22nd Iu, S=1 h. 39 m., L=1 h. 45 m. I, L=5 h. 25 m. I, L=18 h. 54 m.
19	5	2 <sup>o</sup> 0		
20	5-6	1 <sup>o</sup> 7		23rd I, Small disturbance 8 h. 51 m.
21	4-5	1 <sup>o</sup> 4		
22	4	1 <sup>o</sup> 2	Iu, I, I.	24th Iu, S=12 h. 41 m. 46 s., L=13 h. 2 m.
23	4-5	0 <sup>o</sup> 8	I.	25th I, Disturbed 5 h.-6 h. 30 m. Seismogram much confused by microseisms.
24	5	1 <sup>o</sup> 0	Iu.	
25	5-6	1 <sup>o</sup> 1	I.	
26	4-5	1 <sup>o</sup> 0		
27	4-5	0 <sup>o</sup> 8		
28	5-6	1 <sup>o</sup> 9		
29	6-7	2 <sup>o</sup> 3		
30	5	1 <sup>o</sup> 4		
31	5	1 <sup>o</sup> 2		

*Note.*—Records all much confused by wind effects and microseisms.

An explanation of the notation used is given in the preface.

## 2. VALENCIA OBSERVATORY, CAHIRCIVEEN (KERRY).—Lat. 51° 56' N. Long. 10° 15' W.

Heights above Mean Sea Level :—Station, H=9·2 m. Barometer Cistern, H<sub>b</sub>=13·7 m.

Heights above Ground :—Thermometers, h<sub>t</sub>=1·2 m. Rain-gauge, h<sub>r</sub>=0·6 m. Sunshine Recorder, h<sub>s</sub>=12·8 m. Cups of Anemometer, h<sub>a</sub>=13·7 m.

Day.	Pressure at Station Level.		Air Temperature in Degrees Absolute.				Humidity.			Wind Direction in points (8=E,16=S) and Velocity (metres per second).		Cloud Amount and Weather.		Rain 24 hours beginning 10 h.	Sunshine.	Remarks.	Magnetism.						
	9 h.	21 h.	9 h.	21 h.	Max.	Min.	Vapour Pressure.		9 h.	21 h.	9 h.	21 h.	10 h.				22 h.	Tenths of Sky covered.	mm.	hrs.	Horizontal Force.	Declination West.	Inclination.
							millibar.	%															
1	985 <sup>o</sup>	995 <sup>o</sup>	83 <sup>o</sup>	81 <sup>o</sup>	84	81	11 <sup>o</sup> 5	9 <sup>o</sup> 2	92	84	15	8	21	5	7	4	3 <sup>o</sup> 8	0 <sup>o</sup> 6	...	...	...		
2	988 <sup>o</sup>	983 <sup>o</sup>	83 <sup>o</sup>	80 <sup>o</sup>	83	79	10 <sup>o</sup> 9	9 <sup>o</sup> 8	89	95	15	8	22	9	10	10 <sup>o</sup>	9 <sup>o</sup> 4	0 <sup>o</sup> 2	...	...	...		
3	993 <sup>o</sup>	1000 <sup>o</sup>	81 <sup>o</sup>	79 <sup>o</sup>	83	79	8 <sup>o</sup> 8	7 <sup>o</sup> 8	83	82	24	7	21	5	5	3	16 <sup>o</sup> 3	4 <sup>o</sup> 6	...	...	...		
4	979 <sup>o</sup>	981 <sup>o</sup>	81 <sup>o</sup>	81 <sup>o</sup>	84	79	9 <sup>o</sup> 5	10 <sup>o</sup> 2	88	93	19	7	25	12	9 <sup>o</sup> ≡ <sup>o</sup>	10 <sup>o</sup> ≡ <sup>o</sup>	10 <sup>o</sup> 4	0 <sup>o</sup> 2	...	...	...		
5	990 <sup>o</sup>	993 <sup>o</sup>	78 <sup>o</sup>	79 <sup>o</sup>	81	78	8 <sup>o</sup> 8	7 <sup>o</sup> 5	95	77	18	2	26	5	10 <sup>o</sup> ≡ <sup>o</sup>	2	1 <sup>o</sup> 5	—	...	...	...		
6	1000 <sup>o</sup>	1009 <sup>o</sup>	75 <sup>o</sup>	79 <sup>o</sup>	82	n 75	6 <sup>o</sup> 8	7 <sup>o</sup> 8	91	78	—	0	26	5	7	7	3 <sup>o</sup> 6	5 <sup>o</sup> 8	...	...	...		
7	1013 <sup>o</sup>	1000 <sup>o</sup>	78 <sup>o</sup>	81 <sup>o</sup>	82	76	7 <sup>o</sup> 8	9 <sup>o</sup> 2	84	88	21	4	15	9	6	10	16 <sup>o</sup> 8	4 <sup>o</sup> 4	17898	20 32'3	68 10'7		
8	992 <sup>o</sup>	992 <sup>o</sup>	80 <sup>o</sup>	79 <sup>o</sup>	82	77	8 <sup>o</sup> 5	7 <sup>o</sup> 5	81	81	19	6	17	5	7	3	6 <sup>o</sup> 9	6 <sup>o</sup> 2	...	...	...		
9	991 <sup>o</sup>	992 <sup>o</sup>	79 <sup>o</sup>	79 <sup>o</sup>	83	77	8 <sup>o</sup> 2	8 <sup>o</sup> 5	85	88	16	4	14	9	6	10 <sup>o</sup> ≡ <sup>o</sup>	13 <sup>o</sup> 5	6 <sup>o</sup> 0	...	...	...		
10	998 <sup>o</sup>	1006 <sup>o</sup>	80 <sup>o</sup>	78 <sup>o</sup>	84	77	9 <sup>o</sup> 8	8 <sup>o</sup> 8	95	95	20	3	—	1	9	1	0 <sup>o</sup> 3	2 <sup>o</sup> 5	...	...	...		
11	1015 <sup>o</sup>	1021 <sup>o</sup>	78 <sup>o</sup>	79 <sup>o</sup>	83	76	8 <sup>o</sup> 8	9 <sup>o</sup> 2	96	95	—	0	—	1	6 <sup>o</sup> ≡ <sup>o</sup>	0	0 <sup>o</sup> 3	8 <sup>o</sup> 4	...	...	...		
12	1020 <sup>o</sup>	1015 <sup>o</sup>	82 <sup>o</sup>	83 <sup>o</sup>	83	80	9 <sup>o</sup> 5	12 <sup>o</sup> 2	83	97	16	6	20	6	10 <sup>o</sup> ≡ <sup>o</sup>	10 <sup>o</sup> ≡ <sup>o</sup>	9 <sup>o</sup> 7	—	...	...	...		
13	1016 <sup>o</sup>	1012 <sup>o</sup>	83 <sup>o</sup>	83 <sup>o</sup>	84	82	12 <sup>o</sup> 2	12 <sup>o</sup> 2	100	99	17	3	15	4	10 <sup>o</sup> ≡ <sup>o</sup>	10 <sup>o</sup> ≡ <sup>o</sup>	4 <sup>o</sup> 6	1 <sup>o</sup> 9	...	...	...		
14	1011 <sup>o</sup>	1007 <sup>o</sup>	81 <sup>o</sup>	78 <sup>o</sup>	83	78	10 <sup>o</sup> 5	8 <sup>o</sup> 2	95	92	20	4	19	2	8	3	3 <sup>o</sup> 3	5 <sup>o</sup> 1	...	...	...		
15	1009 <sup>o</sup>	1011 <sup>o</sup>	78 <sup>o</sup>	78 <sup>o</sup>	81	76	6 <sup>o</sup> 5	8 <sup>o</sup> 2	70	90	26	7	22	2	7	7	8 <sup>o</sup> 4	7 <sup>o</sup> 8	...	...	...		
16	1000 <sup>o</sup>	991 <sup>o</sup>	81 <sup>o</sup>	79 <sup>o</sup>	85	79	10 <sup>o</sup> 2	9 <sup>o</sup> 2	95	93	15	7	17	2	10 <sup>o</sup> ≡ <sup>o</sup>	3	12 <sup>o</sup> 4	0 <sup>o</sup> 8	...	...	...		
17	985 <sup>o</sup>	978 <sup>o</sup>	79 <sup>o</sup>	78 <sup>o</sup>	82	78	9 <sup>o</sup> 2	7 <sup>o</sup> 8	98	88	—	1	15	5	8	10	4 <sup>o</sup> 6	2 <sup>o</sup> 1	...	...	...		
18	978 <sup>o</sup>	981 <sup>o</sup>	78 <sup>o</sup>	79 <sup>o</sup>	82	77	8 <sup>o</sup> 2	7 <sup>o</sup> 5	88	77	—	0	25	12	3	10	3 <sup>o</sup> 3	4 <sup>o</sup> 6	...	...	...		
19	986 <sup>o</sup>	992 <sup>o</sup>	78 <sup>o</sup>	78 <sup>o</sup>	81	76	6 <sup>o</sup> 5	6 <sup>o</sup> 8	70	77	26	6	24	11	5	3	2 <sup>o</sup> 0	6 <sup>o</sup> 2	...	...	...		
20	993 <sup>o</sup>	982 <sup>o</sup>	76 <sup>o</sup>	79 <sup>o</sup>	82	n 75	6 <sup>o</sup> 8	8 <sup>o</sup> 8	84	91	25	3	13	10	5	10 <sup>o</sup>	9 <sup>o</sup> 1	5 <sup>o</sup> 0	...	...	...		
21	969 <sup>o</sup>	983 <sup>o</sup>	79 <sup>o</sup>	81 <sup>o</sup>	83	78	8 <sup>o</sup> 8	7 <sup>o</sup> 8	90	75	6	2	26	12	7	3	1 <sup>o</sup> 0	5 <sup>o</sup> 0	17899	20 30'5	68 9'9		
22	993 <sup>o</sup>	1004 <sup>o</sup>	80 <sup>o</sup>	79 <sup>o</sup>	82	79	8 <sup>o</sup> 2	8 <sup>o</sup> 8	77	90	27	10	—	1	7	3	10 <sup>o</sup> 2	6 <sup>o</sup> 0	...	...	...		
23	996 <sup>o</sup>	992 <sup>o</sup>	82 <sup>o</sup>	83 <sup>o</sup>	84	79	10 <sup>o</sup> 2	9 <sup>o</sup> 8	88	81	21	9	21	16	7	9	3 <sup>o</sup> 6	4 <sup>o</sup> 0	...	...	...		
24	999 <sup>o</sup>	1004 <sup>o</sup>	81 <sup>o</sup>	83 <sup>o</sup>	86	81	10 <sup>o</sup> 5	11 <sup>o</sup> 9	94	93	16	5	18	5	10 <sup>o</sup> ≡ <sup>o</sup>	9	1 <sup>o</sup> 5	—	...	...	...		
25	1007 <sup>o</sup>	1010 <sup>o</sup>	84 <sup>o</sup>	83 <sup>o</sup>	85	83	12 <sup>o</sup> 9	12 <sup>o</sup> 2	98	99	16	5	15	7	10 <sup>o</sup> ≡ <sup>o</sup>	10	9 <sup>o</sup> 4	—	...	...	...		
26	1011 <sup>o</sup>	1015 <sup>o</sup>	83 <sup>o</sup>	81 <sup>o</sup>	83	81	11 <sup>o</sup> 9	10 <sup>o</sup> 2	94	91	16	9	21	8	10 <sup>o</sup> ≡ <sup>o</sup>	2	0 <sup>o</sup> 8	—	...	...	...		
27	1018 <sup>o</sup>	1016 <sup>o</sup>	82 <sup>o</sup>	83 <sup>o</sup>	84	81	10 <sup>o</sup> 2	11 <sup>o</sup> 9	85	97	20	6	20	8	10	10	4 <sup>o</sup> 3	0 <sup>o</sup> 2	...	...	...		
28	1021 <sup>o</sup>	1025 <sup>o</sup>	82 <sup>o</sup>	80 <sup>o</sup>	83	80	9 <sup>o</sup> 2	7 <sup>o</sup> 8	80	75	27	5	25	7	8	5	0 <sup>o</sup> 5	8 <sup>o</sup> 3	...	...	...		
29	1026 <sup>o</sup>	1023 <sup>o</sup>	81 <sup>o</sup>	81 <sup>o</sup>	84	80	7 <sup>o</sup> 8	9 <sup>o</sup> 5	73	90	22	8	22	8	9	8	2 <sup>o</sup> 3	2 <sup>o</sup> 8	...	...	...		
30	1021 <sup>o</sup>	1013 <sup>o</sup>	82 <sup>o</sup>	81 <sup>o</sup>	84	80	8 <sup>o</sup> 5	9 <sup>o</sup> 2	76	86	24	7	21	5	7 <sup>o</sup> ≡ <sup>o</sup>	10	9 <sup>o</sup> 1	1 <sup>o</sup> 3	...	...	...		
31	997 <sup>o</sup>	1005 <sup>o</sup>	79 <sup>o</sup>	79 <sup>o</sup>	81	78	7 <sup>o</sup> 8	7 <sup>o</sup> 1	84	71	25	10	1	13	3	8	1 <sup>o</sup> 8	3 <sup>o</sup> 8	...	...	...		
Means	1000 <sup>o</sup>	1001 <sup>o</sup>	80 <sup>o</sup>	80 <sup>o</sup>	83 <sup>o</sup>	78 <sup>o</sup>	9 <sup>o</sup> 2	9 <sup>o</sup> 1	87	87	5 <sup>o</sup> 1	6 <sup>o</sup> 7	7 <sup>o</sup> 6	6 <sup>o</sup> 5	184 <sup>o</sup> 7	3 <sup>o</sup> 36	Monthly Totals or Means.			17899	20 31'4	68 10'3	
Normal 40 years	1011 <sup>o</sup>	1012 <sup>o</sup>	80 <sup>o</sup>	80 <sup>o</sup>	83 <sup>o</sup>	77 <sup>o</sup> 4	8 <sup>o</sup> 5	8 <sup>o</sup> 5	85	85	5 <sup>o</sup> 6	5 <sup>o</sup> 6	—	—	108 <sup>o</sup> 1	4 <sup>o</sup> 01	Normals, 40 years.						
							35 years	25 years			30 years	30 years											

3. KEW OBSERVATORY, SURREY.—Lat. 51° 28' N. Long. 0° 19' W.

Heights above Mean Sea Level :—Station, H = 5.5 m. Barometer, H<sub>b</sub> = 10.4 m.

Heights above Ground :—Thermometers, h<sub>t</sub> = 3.0 m. Rain-gauge, h<sub>r</sub> = 0.5 m. Sunshine Recorder, h<sub>s</sub> = 14.3 m. Cups of Anemometer, h<sub>a</sub> = 21.3 m.

Table with columns for Day, Pressure at Station Level, Air Temperature in Degrees Absolute, Humidity (Vapour Pressure, Percentage), Wind Direction in Points (8=E, 16=S) and Velocity (metres per second), Cloud Amount and Weather, Rain 24 hours beginning 10 h., Sunshine, Solar Radiation, Watts per cm.², Min. Temp. on Grass, Earth Temperature at 10 h., and Remarks. Includes monthly means and normals for 40 years.

4. ESKDALEMUIR OBSERVATORY, DUMFRIESSHIRE.—Lat. 55° 19' N. Long. 3° 12' W.

Heights above Mean Sea Level :—Station, H = 243.2 m. Barometer, H<sub>b</sub> = 237.1 m.

Heights above Ground :—Thermometers, h<sub>t</sub> = 0.8 m. Rain-gauge, h<sub>r</sub> = 0.3 m. Sunshine Recorder, h<sub>s</sub> = 1.5 m. Vane of Anemometer, h<sub>a</sub> = 15.2 m.

Table with columns for Day, Pressure at Station Level, Air Temperature in Degrees Absolute, Humidity (Vapour Pressure, Percentage), Wind Direction in Points (8=E, 16=S) and Velocity (metres per second), Cloud Amount and Weather, Rain 24 hours beginning 10 h., Sunshine, Solar Radiation, Watts per cm.², Min. Temp. on Grass, Earth Temperature at 10 h., and Remarks. Includes monthly means and normals for 40 years.

The solar radiation is the mean of the readings within the nominal hour of observation (11 h. 30 m.—12 h. 30 m.) unless some other hour is specified. Mean and maximum solar radiation for each day at South Kensington are given occasionally in Table 10.

5. KEW OBSERVATORY.

Day.	Potential Gradient, Volts per metre. Factor 1.78.				Charge per cc. × 10 <sup>20</sup> .		Velocities of Ions for 1 volt per centimetre.		Conductivity × 10 <sup>10</sup> .	Air-Earth Current × 10 <sup>16</sup> .		Electric Character of Day.	Magnetic Character of Day.	Horizontal Force.			West Declination.						
	3 h.	9 h.	15 h.	21 h.	+	-	+	-		C <sub>1</sub> C <sub>2</sub> .				Maximum. 18000 γ +.	Minimum. 18000 γ +.	Range.	Maximum. 15° +.	Minimum. 15° +.	Range.				
	v/m.	v/m.	v/m.	v/m.	E.-m. U.	E.-m. U.	cm/sec.	cm/sec.	E.-m. U.	Amp/cm <sup>2</sup> .				γ	h m	γ	h m	γ	h m	γ	h m		
1	85	-175	35	200								1	0	514	12 58	493	17 47	21	55'1	12 57	48'6	0 56	6'5
2	80	210	150	120								2	0	516	14 36	492	3 17	24	54'6	13 1	48'5	21 27	6'1
3	85	80	x±	350								2	0	513	13 45	490	20 23	23	53'8	13 10	45'7	21 18	8'1
4	140	190	x-	85								2	0	512	13 55	492	1 6	20	54'4	12 30	47'8	8 15	6'6
5	-20	15	150	225								2	1	518	20 40	486	17 16	32	56'7	13 14	47'5	8 28	9'2
6	80	105	210	315								1	1	518	23 13	490	17 2	28	55'5	14 26	42'2	23 7	13'3
7	155	400	x+	400								1	1	510	6 51	484	15 22	26	54'7	12 50	42'8	0 3	11'9
8	280	260	x-	470								2	2	523	21 0	460	17 13	63	56'9	13 7	41'7	22 13	15'2
9	210	315	305	505								0	0	519	1 2	470	10 28	49	54'8	0 45	45'7	21 10	9'1
10	250	480	330	320								0	1	502	13 35	466	19 55	36	54'7	13 31	44'7	22 55	10'0
11	495	715	315	350								1	0	511	19 5	482	8 41	29	53'8	13 3	47'0	0 46	6'8
12	280	495	355	330	180	120						0	0	510	8 12	482	17 19	28	55'8	14 33	47'4	8 5	8'4
13	190	185	85	220	330	200	1'05	0'45	0'45	0'40		1	0	509	7 36	494	2 43	15	54'7	13 23	47'4	8 5	7'3
14	70	120	190	165	560	580	0'05	0'00	0'05	0'10	0'60	0	0	521	19 5	495	3 47	26	55'6	12 58	46'6	8 28	9'0
15	70	175	x±	260								1	1	514	6 50	488	9 55	26	53'7	13 40	41'4	22 55	12'3
16	150	375	150	350								1	0	508	23 15	482	9 20	26	55'7	12 29	45'7	0 0	10'0
17	25	-210	-35	x-								2	0	505	22 42	484	9 53	21	53'3	12 29	46'2	9 3	7'1
18	190	450	350	-155								2	0	511	14 9	487	9 16	24	53'7	12 48	45'8	8 49	7'9
19	320	x-	150	350								2	0	511	19 37	483	10 2	28	55'8	13 21	45'8	8 50	10'0
20	280	260	225	x+	920	1010	0'45	0'00	0'45	1'00	0'55	1	0	520	23 8	476	10 56	44	56'0	13 13	45'5	8 45	10'5
21	450	35	x+	175								2	1	519	6 37	486	21 34	33	54'9	13 13	43'5	20 53	11'4
22	0	50	x+	295	330	150	0'90	0'00	0'30			2	1	527	1 45	466	11 12	61	54'0	13 20	37'1	0 50	16'9
23	210	470	x-	350								2	0	511	6 49	479	11 12	32	51'7	13 20	45'6	8 17	6'1
24	70	140	175	280								0	0	507	18 3	485	10 33	22	52'0	13 28	45'9	9 5	6'1
25	35	190	155	260								1	0	515	21 59	487	11 3	28	52'0	13 38	44'8	7 58	7'2
26	120	280	185	425								0	1	524	22 52	483	11 33	41	53'1	13 5	42'4	23 30	10'7
27	175	235	150	250	610	360	0'45	0'60	0'45	0'70	0'35	0	0	511	20 22	477	11 8	34	53'1	14 13	44'2	1 5	8'9
28	85	105	165	210	540	480	0'00	0'70	0'35	0'55	0'75	0	0	517	6 58	473	10 31	44	52'8	14 50	44'0	8 20	8'8
29	175	210	115	190	640	410	0'35	0'00	0'20	0'25	0'30	0	1	536	15 13	467	16 5	69	56'7	15 10	43'7	8 4	13'0
30	105	225	130	320								1	0	512	20 53	480	12 15	32	52'8	13 28	44'7	8 50	8'1
31	245	280	x±	625								2	0	515	20 59	470	10 18	45	55'2	13 10	44'5	7 56	10'7
M.	149	246	195	257										515		482		33	54'4		45'0		9'5

6. ESKDALEMUR OBSERVATORY.

Day.	Potential Gradient, Volts per metre. Factor 5.5.				Charge per cc. × 10 <sup>20</sup> .		Velocities of Ions for 1 volt per centimetre.		Conductivity × 10 <sup>10</sup> .	Air-Earth Current × 10 <sup>16</sup> .		Electric Character of Day.	Magnetic Character of Day.	North Component.			West Component.			Vertical Component. §					
	3 h.	9 h.	15 h.	21 h.	+	-	+	-		C <sub>1</sub> C <sub>2</sub> .				Maximum. 15000 γ +.	Minimum. 15000 γ +.	Maximum. 5000 γ +.	Minimum. 5000 γ +.	Maximum. 45000 γ +.	Minimum. 45000 γ +.						
	v/m.	v/m.	v/m.	v/m.	E.-m. U.	E.-m. U.	cm/sec.	cm/sec.	E.-m. U.	Amp/cm <sup>2</sup> .				h m	γ	h m	γ	h m	γ	h m	γ	h m			
1	83	107	x	59								1 b	0	0 58	1034	1004	13 55	12 57	266	227	0 57	16 55	330	317	13 0
2	71	89	-576	-790								2 c	0	21 28	1027	1008	9 10	13 7	262	230	21 27	22 30	331	321	12 30
3	493	x	-154	-42								2 c	0	20 46	1033	1001	20 34	13 43	256	210	21 22	20 35	339	321	12 0
4	71	119	x	-202								2 c	0	14 53	1026	1002	10 47	12 31	259	224	1 0	16 0	337	325	11 59
5	-18	53	154	208								1 b	1	19 13	1035	998	11 57	13 57	269	219	17 49	18 0	343	319	12 52
6	154	119	113	143								1 a	1	23 10	1055	994	11 34	14 31	267	190	24 0	17 12	343	327	12 35
7	101	172	-6	172								1 b	1	23 30	1029	999	14 55	14 40	260	186	0 4	16 20	347	325	12 0
8	149	196	89	214								1 c	2	22 15	1047	964	10 22	12 31	270	185	22 10	18 13	373	307	4 38
9	244	154	291	380								1 b	1	1 5	1033	980	10 25	1 45	274	210	21 5	19 25	353	319	1 23
10	154	x	232	291								2 c	1	22 19	1027	978	19 51	13 33	267	205	23 13	19 52	368	330	12 10
11	309	143	196	285	440	240	1'1	2'2	1'0	2'0		0 a	0	19 3	1027	992	11 2	13 36	257	214	0 45	9 0	345	335	12 0
12	220	339	-327	x								2 c	1	8 10	1029	998	17 17	14 21	270	224	5 20	17 30	358	335	12 12
13	101	125	131	339								1 a	0	7 38	1027	1001	13 33	13 20	261	225	21 17	0 0	347	330	12 0
14	226	238	-24	208								2 b	1	19 3	1038	1005	10 58	13 44	268	224	9 9	20 45	349	331	12 50
15	x	184	131	184								1 b	1	22 41	1041	999	9 52	13 40	258	189	22 55	22 20	349	337	11 10
16	131	89	190	x								2 b	0	23 11	1027	991	10 55	12 29	266	213	0 0	16 0	346	332	12 0
17	131	-172	36	137								2 c	0	22 40	1027	999	11 0	13 25	251	222	9 30	21 0	347	325	12 0
18	83	x	261	166								2 b	1	5 59	1027	1003	11 23	14 8	258	221	8 49	24 0	348	330	12 6
19	160	190	x	-380								2 c	0	9 40	1027	989	11 10	13 30	265	199	9 39	9 0	349	332	12 30
20	-101	x	107	190								1 b	0	23 5	1035	985	10 55	13 19	269	217	9 48	17 10	354	341	12 0
21	184	255	-962	-71								1 b	1	23 52	1047	991	11 40	13 22	263	201	20 56	21 30	358	337	11 25
22	-659	x	113	143								0 a	1	0 7	1048	976	11 25	14 59	263	153	0 52	20 30	367	299	2 0
23	119	178	107	196								1 b	1	6 49	1028	991	11 16	13 35	249	223	8 16	17 0	359	347	12 0
24	154	125	131	83								1 a	0	23 45	1025	992	12 9	13 53	255	221	9 20	19 0	361	347	11 40
25	95	160	273	220								1 b	0	21 53	1041	994	12 18	11 53	257	220	8 19	21 40	360	350	12 0
26	59	119	119	x								2 c	1	22 45	1049	988	11 33	13 44	262	202	23 32	19 55	367	346	11 30
27	x	107	131	x								2 c	0	20 19	1034	986	11 30	12 11	262	210	1 5	19 40	363	348	12 0
28	30	83	125	x								1 c	1	7 41	1035	985	10 32	14 36	265	218	8 20	17 30	374	355	11 50
29	x	x	x	x								1 c</													

7. Tables of Wind Components in metres per second at fixed hours, together with the mean velocity (horizontal movement) in metres per second for the hour with the maximum hourly run for each day, or the greatest velocity attained in a gust and the time of its occurrence.

HOLYHEAD. †§

Height of Head above—Roof 8.8 m., Ground 13.7 m., M.S.L. 19.2 m. Height of Cups above—Roof 4.6 m., Ground 7.6 m., M.S.L. 15.2 m.

DEERNESS. †

Height of Cups above—Roof 1.5 m., Ground 4.9 m., M.S.L. 57.3 m.

Table for Holyhead with columns for Date, 3 h., 9 h., 15 h., 21 h., Max. in a Gust, and Time of Gust. Includes data for days 1-31 and summary statistics.

Table for Deerness with columns for Date, 3 h., 9 h., 15 h., 21 h., Vel. in Max. Hourly Run, and Time of Max. Includes data for days 1-31 and summary statistics.

SCILLY. †§

Height of Head above—Ground 9.8 m., M.S.L. 49.7 m. Height of Cups above—Ground 5.8 m., M.S.L. 45.7 m.

GREAT YARMOUTH. †§

Height of Head above—Roof 10.7 m., Ground 12.8 m., M.S.L. 15.9 m. Height of Cups above—Roof 3.7 m., Ground 18.3 m., M.S.L. 22.3 m.

Table for Scilly with columns for Date, 3 h., 9 h., 15 h., 21 h., Max. in a Gust, and Time of Gust. Includes data for days 1-31 and summary statistics.

Table for Great Yarmouth with columns for Date, 3 h., 9 h., 15 h., 21 h., Max. in a Gust (Gorleston), and Time of Gust. Includes data for days 1-31 and summary statistics.

The velocities at fixed hours are means for the interval from 30 minutes before to 30 minutes after the hour. The hours are numbered 1 h. to 24 h. Time is referred to Greenwich Mean Time. † Robinson Cup Anemometer; Arms 0.305 m.; Diameter of Cups 0.127 m.; Factor 2.8. § Dines Pressure Tube Anemometer. At Great Yarmouth, Holyhead, and Scilly the readings at fixed hours are taken from the Robinson Anemometer, the maxima quoted are the greatest winds in a gust as recorded by the Dines Pressure Tube.

8. The Lower Layers of the Atmosphere from the Surface to 3000 metres (10,000 ft.) above Mean Sea Level. Soundings by Kites (K.).

BRIGHTON. K. 12. March 2. 11 h. 0 m. to 12 h. 35 m. G.M.T.											BRIGHTON. K. 13. March 3. 11 h. 30 m. to 13 h. 10 m. G.M.T.										
Soundings with Kites.	Height above M.S.L.	Press-ure.	Temperature.		Humidity.	Den- sity.	Wind.		Cloud Observations and Remarks.	Height above M.S.L.	Press-ure.	Temperature.		Humidity.	Den- sity.	Wind.		Cloud Observations and Remarks.			
			Read- ing.	Fall per km.			Dir-ec- tion.	Vel-oc- ity.				Read- ing.	Fall per km.			Dir-ec- tion.	Vel-oc- ity.				
	metres.	mb.	°A.	°C.	%	mb.	mgm/cc.	Degrees from N.	m/s.		metres.	mb.	°A.	°C.	%	mb.	mgm/cc.	Degrees from N.	m/s.		
Greatest height	... 1000 500	... ... 950.8	... ... 279.6	... ... 6.0	... ... 88	... ... 6.4	... ... 1.182	... ... ?	... ... 19.7	Overcast St., lowest 455 m. above Sea. Kite not flying true to wind.	... 1000 500	... 883.1 939.1	... 274.7 279	... ... 8.6	... ... 8.6	... ... 85	... ... 4.4	... ... 1.118	... ... 250	... ... 19	St., Ni. and Ci. St. Lowest clouds about 500 m. Rain squalls at times. At 300 m. above Sea, wind 20 m.p.s.
100 m. above ground	215	984.2	281.3	23	88	7.2	1.216	?	15.7		215	972.3	279.7	2.5	80	5.8	1.209	230	17.9		
Ground level	115	996.2	283.6		88	8.4	1.220	200	8.9		115	984.2	280.6	9	88	6.9	1.219	230	11		
Computed for M.S.L.	0	1010.0	...	...	...	...	...	245	18.5	...	0	998.0	...	...	...	...	...	230	15.6	...	
BRIGHTON. K. 14. March 7. 11 h. 0 m. to 12 h. 30 m. G.M.T.											BRIGHTON. K. 15. March 9. 9 h. 50 m. to 12 h. 40 m. G.M.T.										
Greatest height	... 1000 500	... ... 954.2	... ... 277	... ... 11.6	... ... 55	... ... 3.3	... ... 1.198	... ... 320	... ... ?	Half overcast, light Fr. Cu. Wind erratic and never exceeding 9 m.p.s. Frequent convection currents.	1335 1000 500	855.2 891.6 948.4	272 (274.2) 277.5	6.6 6.6 5.3	80 ... 95	3.4 (4.4) 6.0	1.093 1.131 1.188	220 ... 230	12 ... 12	Overcast, very thin St., kite seen through gaps. Lowest scud 100 m.	
100 m. above ground	215	988.0	280.3	20	50	3.8	1.226	320	?		215	982.0	279	20	95	6.6	1.223	180	13		
Ground level	115	1000.0	282.3		55	4.8	1.232	320	5.4		115	994.1	281	20	85	6.8	1.229	190	8		
Computed for M.S.L.	0	1014.0	...	...	...	...	...	337	8.4	...	0	1008.0	...	...	...	...	...	199	14.7	...	
BRIGHTON. K. 16. March 14. 10 h. 30 m. to 12 h. 20 m. G.M.T.											BRIGHTON. K. 17. March 16. 10 h. 0 m. 12 h. 30 m. G.M.T.										
Greatest height	785 1000 500	926.2 ... 958.8	281.3 ... 278	... ... 3.5	100 ... 75	8.2 ... 4.9	1.143 ... 1.199	250 ... 260	15 ... 18	Fog. Kite not seen above 100 m. Wind direction by wire.	770 1000 500	921.3 ... ... 986.8	273 ... ... 277.5	... ... ... 20	85 ... ... 72	3.9 ... ... 4.5	1.174 ... ... 1.237	300 ... ... 250	12 ... ... 12	Half overcast. Ci.-St. and Fr.-Cu., latter just reached.	
100 m. above ground	215	992.8	279	26	100	7.0	1.237	260	13		215	986.8	277.5	20	72	4.5	1.237	250	12		
Ground level	115	1004.9	281.6		100	8.3	1.240	260	8		115	998.9	279.5	20	72	5.2	1.243	250	7		
Computed for M.S.L.	0	1019.0	...	...	...	...	...	246	9.3	...	0	1013.0	...	...	...	...	...	193	11.2	...	
BRIGHTON. K. 18. March 24. 10 h. 20 m. to 12 h. 20 m. G.M.T.											BRIGHTON. K. 19. March 27. 11 h. 0 m. to 12 h. 0 m. G.M.T.										
Greatest height	1160 1000 500	884.8 902.4 959.4	275.8 276.4 279.7	3.8 6.6 ?	85 80 70	4.7 4.7 5.1	1.116 1.135 1.193	310 300 290	19 16 17.9	Overcast St.-Cu., clouds just reached. Not sustainable at 100 m.	650 1000 500	943.5 ... 961.0	277.4 ... 278.5	... ... 6.0	83 ... 83	5.2 ... 5.6	1.183 ... 1.200	290 ... 300	13.4 ... 9	Clear. Very little Ci.-St.	
100 m. above ground	215	...	?	?	?	...	...	?	?		215	995.0	280.2	36	83	6.3	1.234	260	14		
Ground level	115	993.1	281.8		82	6.9	1.225	260	13.4		115	1007.0	283.8	36	83	8.0	1.233	270	6.7		
Computed for M.S.L.	0	1007.0	...	...	...	...	...	195	16.6	...	0	1021.0	...	...	...	...	...	193	11.0	...	

8. The Lower Layers of the Atmosphere from the Surface to 3000 metres (10,000 ft.) above Mean Sea Level—*continued*.  
Soundings by Pilot Balloons (P.).

ABERDEEN. P. 7. March 1. 11 h. 18 m. G.M.T.							P. 8. March 6. 11 h. 20 m. G.M.T.							P. 9. March 8. 11 h. 15 m. G.M.T.						
Soundings with Pilot Balloons.	Height above M.S.L.	Wind.			Cloud Observations and Remarks.	Height above M.S.L.	Wind.			Cloud Observations and Remarks.	Height above M.S.L.	Wind.			Cloud Observations and Remarks.					
		Direc-tion.	Velo-city.	Com-ponents.			Direc-tion.	Velo-city.	Com-ponents.			Direc-tion.	Velo-city.	Com-ponents.						
				W.-E.					S.-N.					W.-E.		S.-N.	W.-E.	S.-N.		
Greatest height	metres. } 1144	Degrees from N. } ...	m/s. } ...	m/s. } ...	m/s. } ...	Balloon lost in loose Cu. cloud.	metres. } 1100	Degrees from N. } 329	m/s. } 11	m/s. } 5.7	m/s. } - 9.5	Balloon entered Ni. Cu. cloud.	metres. } ...	Degrees from N. } ...	m/s. } ...	m/s. } ...	m/s. } ...	Balloon lost in St. Cu. cloud.		
	1000	212	16	8.5	13.6		1000	328	11	5.8	- 9.4		1000	...	...	...	...			
	750	210	15	7.5	13.1		750	325	15	8.6	- 12.3		750	...	...	...	...			
	500	200	17	5.8	15.9		500	320	17	10.9	- 13.1		500	180	6	0	6.0			
100 m. above ground	250	194	13	3.1	12.6		250	316	13	9.0	- 9.4		250	169	6	- 1.1	5.9			
	130	193	8	1.9	7.8		130	312	13	9.6	- 8.7		130	167	6	- 1.4	5.8			
Ground level	30	180	7	0	7.0		30	300	11	9.6	- 5.5		30	150	4	- 2.0	3.5			
Computed for M.S.L.	0	220	19.9	12.7	5.3	Two theodolites. Base 920 m. at 15°. Lift 72 gr.	0	320	9.2	5.9	- 7.1	Two theodolites. Lift 55 gr.	0	180	8.3	0	8.3	Two theodolites. Lift 56 gr.		
ABERDEEN. P. 10. March 12.							P. 11. March 12. 11 h. 18 m. G.M.T.							P. 12. March 29. 11 h. 15 m. G.M.T.						
Greatest height	metres. } ...	Degrees from N. } ...	m/s. } ...	m/s. } ...	m/s. } ...	Balloon lost in low St. and mist after one observation.	metres. } 350	Degrees from N. } 203	m/s. } 13	m/s. } 5.1	m/s. } 12.0	Balloon entered cloud bank.	metres. } 2500	Degrees from N. } 273	m/s. } 40	m/s. } 40.0	m/s. } - 2.0	Average height in first 3 min. = 220 m.		
	2000	...	...	...	...		...	...	...	...	...		2000	297	14	12.4	- 6.3	Average direction in first 3 min. = 263°.		
	1750	...	...	...	...		...	...	...	...	...		1750	274	36	36.0	- 2.5			
	1500	...	...	...	...		...	...	...	...	...		1500	...	...	...	...			
	1250	...	...	...	...		...	...	...	...	...		1250	269	45	45.0	0.9	Average velocity in first 3 min. = 10 m.p.s.		
	1000	...	...	...	...		...	...	...	...	...		1000	271	11	11.0	- 0.2			
	750	...	...	...	...		...	...	...	...	...		750	268	22	22.0	0.7			
	500	...	...	...	...		...	...	...	...	...		500	261	19	18.8	3.0			
100 m. above ground	250	...	...	...	...		250	...	...	...	...		250	...	...	...	...			
	130	...	...	...	...		130	195	8	2.1	7.8		130	...	...	...	...			
Ground level	30	...	...	...	...		30	170	5	- 0.9	4.9		30	270	14	14.0	0			
Computed for M.S.L.	0	220	19.7	12.6	15.2	...	0	220	19.7	12.6	15.2	Two theodolites. Lift 50 gr.	0	291	30.9	28.8	- 11.2	Two attached balloons, 2 metres apart. Lift of upper 48 gr., of both together 39 gr.		



9. The Upper Air: Soundings by Registering Balloons (R.) and Pilot Balloons (P.).

1912. March 7.	7 h. 0 m. G.M.T.			From Observations at Station			at 7 h.	at 18 h. G.M.T.	SOUNDING No., P. 1.	
	Height above M.S.L.	Pressure.	Temp.	PRESSURE (M.S.L.)	760.2 mm., 1014 mb.	761.5 mm., 1016 mb.	...	...	PLACE, PYRTON HILL.	
GREATEST HEIGHT	...	...	...	TEMPERATURE,	...	...	...	...	Latitude, . . . . .	51° 38' N.
LOWEST TEMPERATURE	...	...	...	VAPOUR PRESSURE,	...	...	...	...	Longitude, . . . . .	1° 1' W.
BASE OF STRATOSPHERE	...	...	...	GRADIENT WIND :—Direction,	301°.	270°.	...	...	Height above M.S.L., . . . . .	150 m.
* Type	...	...	...	Velocity,	9.9 m/s.	9.6 m/s.	...	...	PLACE OF FALL, . . . . .	...
				Correction for Curvature,	+0.8 m/s.	0 m/s.	...	...	Distance, . . . . .	...
				Final Components, { W. to E.	9.2 m/s.	9.6 m/s.	...	...	and	...
				{ S. to N.	-5.6 m/s.	0 m/s.	...	...	Orientation, . . . . .	...

TABLE OF HEIGHTS, PRESSURES, TEMPERATURES, HUMIDITIES, AND WINDS.

Height above M.S.L.	Pressure.	Temperature.		Humidity.		Wind.				REMARKS.
		Reading.	Fall per Km.			Direction.	Velocity.	Components.		
km.	mb.	°A.	°C.	%	mb.	°	m/s.	W. to E.	S to N.	
9.0	...	...	...	...	...	300	14	12.4	-7.0	Most unusual uniformity of strength and direction.
8.0	...	...	...	...	...	300	12	10.4	-6.0	
7.0	...	...	...	...	...	305	11	9.0	-6.3	
6.0	...	...	...	...	...	305	11	9.0	-6.3	
5.0	...	...	...	...	...	300	11	9.6	-5.5	
4.5	...	...	...	...	...	300	12	10.4	-6.0	
4.0	...	...	...	...	...	300	11	9.6	-5.5	
3.5	...	...	...	...	...	305	11	9.0	-6.3	
3.0	...	...	...	...	...	310	10	7.7	-6.4	
2.5	...	...	...	...	...	305	8	6.6	-4.6	
2.0	...	...	...	...	...	305	10	8.2	-5.7	
1.5	...	...	...	...	...	310	12	9.2	-7.7	
1.0	...	...	...	...	...	310	12	9.2	-7.7	
0.5	...	...	...	...	...	300	11	9.6	-5.5	
Ground M.S.L.	1014	...	...	...	...	301	10.7	8.6	-5.2	Followed by one theodolite for 53 minutes.

1912. March 7.	7 h. 0 m. G.M.T.			From observations at Station			at 7 h.	at 18 h. G.M.T.	SOUNDING No., R. 3.	
	Height above M.S.L.	Pressure.	Temp.	PRESSURE (M.S.L.)	757.4 mm., 1010 mb.	759.2 mm., 1012 mb.	278° A.	279° A.	PLACE, MANCHESTER.	
GREATEST HEIGHT	19.6 km.	55 mb.	220° A.	TEMPERATURE,	...	...	...	...	Latitude, . . . . .	53° 28' N.
LOWEST TEMPERATURE	8.5 km.	309 mb.	215.5° A.	VAPOUR PRESSURE,	...	...	...	...	Longitude, . . . . .	2° 14' W.
BASE OF STRATOSPHERE	8.5 km.	309 mb.	215.5° A.	GRADIENT WIND :—Direction,	270°.	285°.	...	...	Height above M.S.L., . . . . .	38 m.
* Type	No. 1.	...	...	Velocity,	9.6 m/s.	11.3 m/s.	...	...	PLACE OF FALL, Sutton cum Sound, near Retford.	...
				Correction for Curvature,	0 m/s.	0 m/s.	...	...	Distance, . . . . .	89 km.
				Final Components, { W. to E.	9.6 m/s.	11.0 m/s.	...	...	and	...
				{ S. to N.	0 m/s.	-2.9 m/s.	...	...	Orientation, . . . . .	98°.

TABLE OF HEIGHTS, PRESSURES, TEMPERATURES, AND HUMIDITIES.

Height above M.S.L.	Pressure.	Temperature.		Humidity.		REMARKS.
		Reading.	Fall per Km.			
km.	mb.	°A.	°C.	%	mb.	
19	59	220	0	...	...	
18	69	220	+0.5	...	...	
17	81	220.5	0	...	...	
16	95	220.5	0	...	...	
15.7	100	220.5	0	...	...	
15	111	220.5	0	...	...	
14	131	221	+0.5	...	...	
13	153	222	+1	...	...	
12	178	222.5	+0.5	...	...	
11.3	200	223	+0.5	...	...	
11	208	223	-4	...	...	
10	243	219	-4	...	...	
9	285	216	-4	...	...	
8.7	300	215.5	+1	...	...	
8	334	217	...	...	...	
7	388	223.5	6.5	...	...	
6.8	400	225.5	9	...	...	
6	449	232.5	...	...	...	
5.3	500	237.5	7	...	...	
5	521	239.5	9.5	...	...	
4.0	600	249	7.5	...	...	
3	688	256.5	7.5	...	...	
2.9	700	257.5	7.5	...	...	
2	787	264	...	...	...	
1.9	800	263.5	7	...	...	
1	892	271	...	...	...	
0.9	900	272.5	13	...	...	
0.1	1000	276	...	...	...	
Ground M.S.L.	1005	276.5	...	...	...	
	1010	...	...	...	...	

Time is expressed in the hours 1 to 24 of civil reckoning.

Pressure is given in millibars (1000 mb. = 1 C.G.S. atmosphere = 750 mm. approximately).

Gradient Wind is taken to be tangential to the isobar and is computed by the formula  $\gamma = 2 \omega \rho V \sin \phi$ .

\*Base of Stratosphere.—TYPE 1.—When the stratosphere commences with an inversion, the height and temperature of the first point of zero temperature gradient are given.

TYPE 2.—When the stratosphere begins with an abrupt transition to a temperature gradient below 2° per km. without inversion, the height and temperature of the abrupt transition are given.

TYPE 3.—When there is no such abrupt change of temperature gradient, the base is taken to be where the mean fall of temperature for the kilometer next above is 2° or less, provided that it does not exceed 2° for any subsequent kilometer. If some other position for the base seems to the tabulator to be more suitable, it is noted in the column for "Remarks."

Temperatures are expressed in degrees absolute (273° A. = 0° C.).

Heights are given in kilometers (km.).

## 10. Solar Radiation at South Kensington.

Day.	JANUARY.			FEBRUARY.			MARCH.			REMARKS.
	Maximum Rate, Watts per cm <sup>2</sup> .	Daily Amount, Calories per cm <sup>2</sup> .	Duration of Sunshine.	Maximum Rate, Watts per cm <sup>2</sup> .	Daily Amount, Calories per cm <sup>2</sup> .	Duration of Sunshine.	Maximum Rate, Watts per cm <sup>2</sup> .	Daily Amount, Calories per cm <sup>2</sup> .	Duration of Sunshine.	
1	No record		hr.	'019	38	hr.	'022	56	hr.	<p>Note.—1 watt per cm<sup>2</sup>=14·35 gramme-calories per cm<sup>2</sup> per minute. 1 gramme-calorie per minute = 0·07 watt nearly.</p> <p>If the heat were distributed throughout the atmosphere 1000 gramme-calories per cm<sup>2</sup> would be sufficient to raise the temperature 4°·1 C. It would take 245 gramme-calories per cm<sup>2</sup> to raise the temperature of the whole atmosphere 1° C.</p>
2	'013	33	0·0	'019	54	0·1	'041	97	0·0	
3	'008	25	0·0	'021	80	3·0	'057	130	1·1	
4	'006	10	0·0	'020	27	0·0	'025	46	2·8	
5	'021	38	2·2	'017	48	0·0	'053	132	0·3	
6	Instrument dismantled		0·0	'013	31	0·0	'050	164	3·8	
7	for repair		0·0	'036	106	0·9	'048	175	4·6	
8			0·0	'018	25	0·0	'030	92	6·1	
9	'022	67	4·3	'017	50	0·0	'057	208	0·4	
10	'017	46	1·4	'035	107	3·2	'040	65	6·3	
11	'010	28	0·0	'036	84	1·3	'036	115	0·4	
12	'014	35	0·0	'024	45	0·4	'030	89	0·0	
13	'007	17	0·0	'006	11	0·0	'013	40	0·0	
14	'006	15	0·0	'024	38	0·3	'049	137	1·7	
15	'006	11	0·0	'024	57	0·0	'030	80	0·2	
16	'004	14	0·0	'017	41	0·0	'056	212	5·9	
17	'004	9	0·0	'032	119	2·9	'029	56	0·0	
18	'003	6	0·0	'016	65	0·0	'021	80	0·0	
19	'006	16	0·0	'019	40	0·0	'055	150	2·0	
20	'017	30	0·0	'011	22	0·0	'050	214	2·0	
21	'005	9	0·0	'017	49	0·0	'060	156	4·6	
22	'007	7	0·0	'008	29	0·0	'057	117	2·2	
23	No record		0·0	'012	28	0·0	'027	68	1·1	
24	'022	40	0·0	'031	68	0·1	'052	184	0·0	
25	'008	15	0·0	'041	65	0·6	'054	111	2·2	
26	'014	41	0·0	'036	68	0·3	'059	225	0·4	
27	'025	59	0·8	'039	>148	4·8	'069	320	4·1	
28	'018	45	0·1	'037	122	1·5	'039	134	8·1	
29	'017	63	1·5	'032	91	1·5	'064	324	0·8	
30	'016	50	0·8				'071	278	10·5	
31	'019	52	0·3				'022	85	8·9	
Total	{ For days with values in column 2 }	781	12·1	..	1608	16·3	...	4340	79·0	
Mean	{ }	30	0·45	...	57·4	0·58	...	140	2·55	
Total	{ For all days }	...	12·1	...	...	21·1	...	...	79·0	
Mean	{ }	...	0·39	...	...	0·73	...	...	2·55	
Ratio of Mean Daily Amount to Mean Duration.		67			99			55		

N.B.—The values of Solar Radiation at South Kensington are obtained from the records of a Callendar Instrument which depends upon the difference of temperature between a black and a bright wire exposed horizontally to radiation from the whole of the sky. The values may be taken as representing the total radiation and the maximum rate of radiation per cm<sup>2</sup> received by a horizontal surface. If it is desired to compare the values published for Kew and Eskdalemuir in Tables 3 and 4 with the simultaneous value recorded by the Callendar Instrument the former must be multiplied by the cosine of the zenith distance of the sun at the time of observation. The duration of sunshine in this table is obtained from a Campbell-Stokes Recorder.

# METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE OBSERVATORIES—GEOPHYSICAL JOURNAL.

APRIL 1912.—DAILY VALUES REFERRED TO GREENWICH MEAN TIME AND UNITS,  
BASED ON THE C.G.S. SYSTEM.

[Price 4d.]

Second Year.—No. 4. *Meteorology, Solar Radiation, Seismology, Atmospheric Electricity, and Terrestrial Magnetism.*

## 1. SEISMOLOGICAL JOURNAL :—ESKDALEMUIR.—Lat. 55° 19' N. Long. 3° 12' W.

Date.	Microseisms.		Earthquakes.	Remarks.
	Period.	Amp.		
1	8	μ		13th Ir, P=2 h. 46 m. 49 s., S=2 h. 52 m. 31 s., Δ=4190 kms. I, Disturbed 19 h. 14 m.-20 h.
2	4-5	1'1		
3	4-5	0'8		14th I, Disturbed 14 h.-14 h. 36 m. I, Disturbed 22 h. 54 m. to 1 h.
4	4-5	0'6		
5	4-5	0'9		15th I, P?=16 h. 26 m. 21 s., S=16 h. 35 m. 23 s. P? resembles the movement characteristic of eastern earthquakes that usually occurs about 4 min. after true P. Ir, P=23 h. 31 m. 3 s., S=23 h. 35 m. 23 s., L=23 h. 39 m., Δ=2690 kms.
6	5	1'1		
7	5	0'8		16th I, Feeble disturbance 3 h.-3 h. 14 m.
8	5-6	2'8		
9	5	1'2		17th I, P? S=4 h. 11 m. 50 s., L=4 h. 17 m. I, Feeble movement on West Component 16 h. 44 m.
10	4-5	0'7		
11	4-5	0'5		18th I, Long waves about 8 h. 30 m.
12	4-5	0'3		
13	4-5	0'2	Ir, I.	19th Ir, P=0 h. 25 m. 23 s., S=0 h. 29 m. 43 s., L=0 h. 33 m., Δ=2690 kms., α towards S.E. I, Long waves 15 h. 38 m.
14	4-5	0'3	I, I.	
15	4-5	0'4	I, Ir.	20th Iu, P=1 h. 52 m. 29 s., S=2 h. 2 m. 15 s., Δ=8520 kms.
16	5	0'7	I.	
17	4-5	0'5	I, I.	21st Ir, S=3 h. 3 m. 3 s., L=3 h. 7 m.
18	4-5	0'3	I.	22nd I, Long waves 6 h.
19	4-5	0'7	Ir, I.	
20	4-5	0'8	Iu.	23rd Iu, P?=22 h. 6 m. 46 s., S?=22 h. 14 m. 47 s., L=22 h. 25 m.
21	5	0'7	Ir.	24th I, Disturbed 3 h. 19 m.-3 h. 41 m.
22	5	0'4	I.	
23	6	0'6	Iu.	25th I, P=10 h. 36 m. 37 s., S?, L=10 h. 48 m.
24	6-7	0'6	I.	26th I, Long waves 2 h. 48 m.-3 h. 6 m. I, Disturbed 15 h. 4 m.-17 h.
25	6	0'5	I.	
26	5	0'2	I, I.	27th P?=4 h. 5 m. 47 s., S?=4 h. 16 m. 21 s., L=4 h. 36 m.
27	4-5	0'2	Iu.	
28	4-5	0'3		30th I, Long waves at 8 h 30 m.
29	4-5	0'4		
30	4	0'3	I.	An explanation of the notation used is given in the preface.

## 2. VALENCIA OBSERVATORY, CAHIRCIVEEN (KERRY).—Lat. 51° 56' N. Long. 10° 15' W.

Heights above Mean Sea Level :—Station, H=9·2 m. Barometer Cistern, H<sub>b</sub>=13·7 m.

Heights above Ground :—Thermometers, h<sub>t</sub>=1·2 m. Rain-gauge, h<sub>r</sub>=0·6 m. Sunshine Recorder, h<sub>s</sub>=12·8 m. Cups of Anemometer, h<sub>a</sub>=13·7 m.

Day.	Pressure at Station Level.		Air Temperature in Degrees Absolute.				Humidity.				Wind Direction in points (8=E, 16=S) and Velocity (metres per second).		Cloud Amount and Weather.		Rain 24 hours beginning 10 h.	Sunshine.	Remarks.	Magnetism.						
	9 h.	21 h.	9 h.	21 h.	Max.	Min.	Vapour Pressure.		Percentage.		9 h.	21 h.	10 h.	22 h.	mm.	hrs.		Horizontal Force.	Declination West.	Inclination.				
							millibar.	%	%	m/sec.											m/sec.	Tenths of Sky covered.		
1	1020·8	1026·0	79·1	79·3	82	77	5·8	7·8	62	81	3	5	17	2	1	10	1'0	10'6	Fine. Very dull evening.	7·	°	'		
2	1026·3	1029·5	82·9	81·4	85	79	11·9	10·5	98	96	20	5	—	0	10≡ <sup>0</sup>	8	1'0	3'3	Misty a.; clearing after 15 h.	...	...	...		
3	1030·3	1030·6	83·2	82·6	85	79	12·2	11·2	98	95	18	3	20	3	8	10≡ <sup>0</sup>	0'8	1'3	≡ <sup>0</sup>	...	...	...		
4	1028·0	1024·3	82·9	83·7	85	82	11·9	11·5	97	90	19	5	20	8	10≡ <sup>0</sup>	10≡ <sup>0</sup>	0'3	1'2	≡ <sup>0</sup> . Gloomy after 16 h.	...	...	...		
5	1024·4	1026·6	84·3	83·9	85	83	13·2	12·9	98	98	21	7	21	8	10≡ <sup>0</sup>	10≡ <sup>0</sup>	0'8	—	Overcast and heavy mist.	...	...	...		
6	1026·7	1028·3	83·5	83·1	84	83	12·6	12·2	100	100	22	4	22	3	10≡ <sup>0</sup>	10≡ <sup>0</sup>	0'5	—	Heavy mist or fog throughout.	...	...	...		
7	1025·5	1020·8	82·9	82·8	86	82	11·9	11·2	98	93	22	5	21	6	8	10	0'5	4'2	Fair; dull evening.	...	...	...		
8	1010·8	1013·7	82·3	79·9	83	78	10·5	7·8	92	79	26	12	27	11	8	8	0'8	4'3	Squally.	17880	20	30'7	68	9'5
9	1017·5	1013·6	81·1	81·5	83	77	7·8	9·8	73	90	—	1	25	8	4	10	0'8	7'7	Fair; good visibility.	...	...	...		
10	1011·2	1012·7	82·5	82·8	84	81	10·9	9·2	91	81	25	8	1	3	10≡ <sup>0</sup>	10	—	—	≡ <sup>0</sup> and dull.	...	...	...		
11	1018·7	1024·8	81·7	80·0	83	76	7·8	7·8	68	77	31	4	—	1	8	1	—	5'6	Fair.	...	...	...		
12	1028·8	1029·8	80·7	82·6	86	75	8·8	10·9	84	91	—	0	—	1	8	10	—	3'2	Fair to fine. Dull evening.	...	...	...		
13	1030·8	1031·3	83·8	81·8	87	81	11·5	10·9	90	95	—	1	—	1	10	1	—	3'4	Dull, then improving.	...	...	...		
14	1031·5	1031·3	84·0	81·7	86	78	11·5	10·5	88	93	14	2	—	1	5	2	—	11'5	Fair.	...	...	...		
15	1029·1	1025·3	84·6	83·4	87	81	11·5	10·5	85	83	15	4	16	3	7	9	—	2'9	Fair to dull.	...	...	...		
16	1020·2	1017·9	82·9	81·8	86	81	9·8	9·8	83	89	15	5	15	4	10	2	—	6'8	Dull a. Fine p.	...	...	...		
17	1014·7	1012·1	84·1	82·5	85	81	8·8	9·8	67	84	12	6	15	5	3∞	8∞	2'8	8'4	∞, but fine.	...	...	...		
18	1009·3	1008·7	83·1	82·6	86	81	10·2	10·2	83	85	14	6	14	6	8∞	2∞	—	5'0	∞. Fair.	...	...	...		
19	1006·6	1005·3	84·0	84·2	85	82	11·2	12·2	85	91	15	10	15	9	10≡ <sup>0</sup>	10≡ <sup>0</sup>	18'0	—	Gloomy. ● in afternoon.	...	...	...		
20	1010·9	1019·1	81·7	81·9	85	81	10·9	9·8	96	87	26	3	—	0	10≡ <sup>0</sup>	10	2'5	—	≡ <sup>0</sup> most of day.	...	...	...		
21	1024·4	1027·8	83·2	81·2	85	79	9·8	8·8	80	82	—	1	8	2	5	1	—	12'8	Fine and clear.	...	...	...		
22	1028·2	1027·2	82·8	82·8	86	77	9·8	9·5	83	79	32	4	6	4	4	9	—	13'4	Fine. Dull evening.	17879	20	29'0	68	10'9
23	1027·7	1028·0	85·3	84·3	89	80	11·5	10·9	81	82	—	1	2	2	4∞	2∞	—	12'3	∞. Fine.	...	...	...		
24	1027·4	1027·3	87·7	83·3	89	79	9·8	9·8	58	79	9	3	—	0	0∞	1∞	—	13'2	∞. Fine.	...	...	...		
25	1025·6	1020·6	84·7	83·8	89	77	10·2	8·5	74	66	—	0	14	3	0∞	10	—	12'4	∞. Fine. Dull evening.	...	...	...		
26	1013·9	1008·4	84·2	83·1	88	78	10·5	10·2	78	83	—	0	14	3	6∞	10	—	7'6	∞; fine; ∞.	...	...	...		
27	1007·5	1010·2	85·7	85·4	88	81	11·2	10·2	77	70	—	1	7	4	6∞	3∞	—	10'4	∞. T <sup>2</sup> 15 h. 45 m.	...	...	...		
28	1014·7	1018·6	86·3	83·2	89	80	11·5	10·2	74	82	—	1	5	2	0∞	1∞	—	12'9	Fine, but very hazy.	...	...	...		
29	1020·8	1024·0	83·5	81·5	86	77	9·8	8·8	79	81	30	4	—	1	3	1	—	13'3	Fine.	...	...	...		
30	1023·9	1022·7	84·5	84·3	86	77	9·8	12·9	73	97	13	6	17	2	10	10≡ <sup>0</sup>	2'5	0'3	Dull, with ≡ <sup>0</sup> .	...	...	...		
Means	1021·2	1021·6	83·4	82·5	85·9	79·5	10·5	10·2	83	86	3·9	3·5	6·5	6·6	32·3	6'26	—	—	Monthly Totals or Means.	17880	20	29'9	68	10'2
Normal 40 years	1011·1	1011·3	82·0	81·6	85·2	79·1	9·4	9·4	82	85	5·5	5·0	—	—	99·8	5'29	—	—	Normals, 40 years.	—	—	—	—	

3. KEW OBSERVATORY, SURREY.—Lat. 51° 28' N. Long. 0° 19' W.

Heights above Mean Sea Level :—Station, H = 5.5 m. Barometer, H<sub>b</sub> = 10.4 m.

Heights above Ground :—Thermometers, h<sub>t</sub> = 3.0 m. Rain-gauge, h<sub>r</sub> = 0.5 m. Sunshine Recorder, h<sub>s</sub> = 14.3 m. Cups of Anemometer, h<sub>a</sub> = 21.3 m.

Table with columns: Day, Pressure at Station Level, Air Temperature in Degrees Absolute, Humidity (Vapour Pressure, Percentage), Wind Direction in Points (8 = E, 16 = S) and Velocity (metres per second), Cloud Amount and Weather, Rain 24 hours beginning 10 h., Sunshine, Solar Radiation, Watts per cm², Min. Temp. on Grass, Earth Temperature at 10 h., Remarks. Includes monthly means and normals for 40 years.

4. ESKDALEMUIR OBSERVATORY, DUMFRIESSHIRE.—Lat. 55° 19' N. Long. 3° 12' W.

Heights above Mean Sea Level :—Station, H = 243.2 m. Barometer, H<sub>b</sub> = 237.1 m.

Heights above Ground :—Thermometers, h<sub>t</sub> = 0.8 m. Rain-gauge, h<sub>r</sub> = 0.3 m. Sunshine Recorder, h<sub>s</sub> = 1.5 m. Vane of Anemometer, h<sub>a</sub> = 15.2 m.

Table with columns: Day, Pressure at Station Level, Air Temperature in Degrees Absolute, Humidity (Vapour Pressure, Percentage), Wind Direction in Points (8 = E, 16 = S) and Velocity (metres per second), Cloud Amount and Weather, Rain 24 hours beginning 10 h., Sunshine, Solar Radiation, Watts per cm², Min. Temp. on Grass, Earth Temperature at 10 h., Remarks. Includes monthly means and normals.

The solar radiation is the mean of the readings within the nominal hour of observation (11 h. 30 m.—12 h. 30 m.) unless some other hour is specified.



7. Tables of Wind Components in metres per second at fixed hours, together with the mean velocity (horizontal movement) in metres per second for the hour with the maximum hourly run for each day, or the greatest velocity attained in a gust and the time of its occurrence.

Table with columns for Date, 3 h., 9 h., 15 h., 21 h., Max. in a Gust, Time of Gust, and sub-columns for S, N, W, E directions. Includes stations HOLYHEAD and DEERNESS.

Table with columns for Date, 3 h., 9 h., 15 h., 21 h., Max. in a Gust, Time of Gust, and sub-columns for S, N, W, E directions. Includes stations SCILLY and GREAT YARMOUTH.

The velocities at fixed hours are means for the interval from 30 minutes before to 30 minutes after the hour. The hours are numbered 1 h. to 24 h. Time is referred to Greenwich Mean Time. \* No record. † Robinson Cup Anemometer; Arms 0.61 m.; Diameter of Cups, 0.229 m.; Factor 2.2. ‡ Robinson Cup Anemometer; Arms 0.305 m.; Diameter of Cups 0.127 m.; Factor 2.8. § Dines Pressure Tube Anemometer. At Great Yarmouth, Holyhead, and Scilly the readings at fixed hours are taken from the Robinson Anemometer, the maxima quoted are the greatest winds in a gust as recorded by the Dines Pressure Tube.

8. The Lower Layers of the Atmosphere from the Surface to 3000 metres (10,000 ft.) above Mean Sea Level.  
Soundings by Kites (K.) and Pilot Balloons (P.).

BRIGHTON. K. 20. April 6. 10 h. 20 m. to 11 h. 30 m. G.M.T.											BRIGHTON. K. 21. April 11. 11 h. 30 m. to 12 h. 30 m. G.M.T.																			
Soundings with Kites.	Height above M.S.L.	Pressure.	Temperature.		Humidity.			Density.	Wind.		Cloud Observations and Remarks.	Height above M.S.L.	Pressure.	Temperature.		Humidity.			Density.	Wind.		Cloud Observations and Remarks.								
			Reading.	Fall per km.	%	mb.	mgm/cc.		Degrees from N.	m/s.				Reading.	Fall per km.	%	mb.	mgm/cc.		Degrees from N.	m/s.									
100 m. above ground	500	964.8	284	4.2	75	9.7	1.179	320	20	Little Fr.-Cu. not reached. Very thin scud at about 80 m. above ground, where wind rate increased to 21 m.p.s.	500	955.5	277.4	...	66	5.4	1.198	310	...	Quarter overcast. Fr.-Cu. Convection currents very frequent. Kite not sustainable at 100 m. Average wind 11 m.p.s., frequent gusts up to 19 m.p.s.										
Ground level	115	1010.1	286.4	14	84	11.9	1.214	300	18		215	989.2	282.3	...	59	6.8	1.218	...	...											
Computed for M.S.L.	0	1024	...	...	...	...	...	202	14.3		...	115	1001.1	284.0	...	56	7.4	1.225	300		8.9	...	0	1015	...	...	...	...	?	315
BRIGHTON. K. 22. April 11. 14 h. 0 m. to 15 h. 20 m. G.M.T.											BRIGHTON. K. 23. April 22. 10 h. 20 m. to 11 h. 30 m. G.M.T.																			
Greatest height	1150	883.0	271.3	...	83	4.5	1.132	310	...	Quarter overcast Fr.-Cu. Convection currents very frequent. Kite not sustainable at 100 m. Average wind 11 m.p.s., frequent gusts up to 19 m.p.s.	635	953.2	285.8	...	95	13.8	1.156	100	15	Few Fr.-Cu. Convection currents.										
100 m. above ground	1000	899.6	274.6	...	73	4.9	1.139	310	...		1000	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
	500	956.6	279.9	...	64	6.3	1.188	...	...		500	968.5	286.8	...	91	14.3	1.170	...	...											
	215	990.1	282.9	...	59	7.1	1.216	...	...		215	1001.6	289	...	85	15.4	1.201	80	19											
Ground level	115	1002.1	284	...	56	7.4	1.226	310	5.8		115	1013.4	292	30	78	16.9	1.202	90	7											
Computed for M.S.L.	0	1016	...	...	...	...	...	350	8.1	...	0	1027	...	...	...	...	...	105	8.1	...										
BRIGHTON. K. 24. April 23. 10 h. 0 m. to 12 h. 0 m. G.M.T.											BRIGHTON. K. 26. April 27. 10 h. 0 m. to 12 h. 15 m. G.M.T.																			
Greatest height	835	930.2	279.7	...	82	8.0	1.155	60	20	Very little Fr.-Cu. Gusts at all altitudes	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Very little Fr.-Cu. Kite refused to rise above 500 m.										
100 m. above ground	500	968.7	282	13.3	92	10.4	1.192	50	18		500	950.4	283.0	1.8	70	8.5	1.166	90	10											
	215	1002.3	285.8	32	82	12.0	1.216	50	19		215	983.5	283.5	19	70	8.8	1.205	60	12											
	Ground level	115	1014.2	289	...	82	14.6	1.216	50		12.5	115	995.3	285.4	...	70	10.0	1.211	40		13.4									
Computed for M.S.L.	0	1028	...	...	...	...	...	76	10.6	...	0	1009	...	...	...	...	...	?	90	10.8	...									
ABERDEEN. P. 13. April 17. 11 h. 25 m. G.M.T.							P. 14. April 19. 11 h. 45 m. G.M.T.							P. 15. April 24. 11 h. 12 m. G.M.T.																
Soundings with Pilot Balloons.	Height above M.S.L.	Wind.				Vertical Velocity.	Cloud Observations and Remarks.	Height above M.S.L.	Wind.				Vertical Velocity.	Cloud Observations and Remarks.	Height above M.S.L.	Wind.				Vertical Velocity.	Cloud Observations and Remarks.									
		Direction.	Velocity.	Components.					Direction.	Velocity.	Components.					Direction.	Velocity.	Components.												
				W.-E.	S.-N.					W.-E.	S.-N.					W.-E.	S.-N.													
Greatest height	metres.	Degrees from N.	m/s.	m/s.	m/s.	m/s.	metres.	Degrees from N.	m/s.	m/s.	m/s.	m/s.	metres.	Degrees from N.	m/s.	m/s.	m/s.	m/s.	m/s.											
100 m. above ground	1219	...	...	...	...	...	1107	...	...	...	...	...	2460	...	...	...	...	...	...	Balloon disappeared in high haze or mist.	Balloon disappeared in high haze or mist.	Balloon disappeared in high haze or mist.								
	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2450	5	15.3	-1.4	-15.2	4.9												
	2000	...	...	...	...	...	2000	...	...	...	...	...	2000	4	8.0	-0.6	-8.0	2.2												
	1500	...	...	...	...	...	1500	...	...	...	...	...	1500	8	5.3	-0.7	-5.3	3.2												
	1000	184	7.1	0.5	7.1	2.2	1000	158	8.2	-3.1	7.6	2.4	1000	3	5.3	-0.3	-5.3	4.4												
	750	183	6.6	0.3	6.6	2.2	750	185	5.7	0.5	5.7	2.0	...	...	...	...	...	...												
	500	179	10.4	0.0	10.4	2.7	500	201	8.1	2.9	7.6	3.0	500	342	2.5	+0.8	-2.4	1.8												
	250	192	7.2	1.5	7.0	2.5	250	192	4.1	0.9	4.0	1.8	...	...	...	...	...	...												
	130	187	6.6	0.8	6.6	2.9	130	136	4.1	-2.8	2.9	3.3	130	77	2.8	-2.7	-0.6	3.1												
	30	168	4.8	-1.0	4.7	...	30	135	4.8	-3.4	3.4	...	30	101	4.4	-4.3	+0.8	...												
Computed for M.S.L.	0	210	20.9	10.5	18.4	...	0	204	?	?	?	?	0	?	?	?	?	?	?	Two theodolites. Lift 54 gr.	Two theodolites. Lift 40 gr.	Two theodolites. Lift 50 gr.								

## 9. The Upper Air: Soundings by Registering Balloons (R.) and Pilot Balloons (P.).

1912. April 11.	6 h. 55 m. G.M.T.			From Observations at Station		at 7 h.	at 18 h. G.M.T.	SOUNDING No., R. 5.	
	Height above M.S.L.	Pressure.	Temp.	PRESSURE (M.S.L.)	760.2 mm., 1014 mb.	765.8 mm., 1021 mb.		PLACE, MANCHESTER.	
GREATEST HEIGHT	22.6 km.	33 mb.	222° A.	TEMPERATURE,	279° A.	280° A.		Latitude, . . . . . 53° 28' N.	
LOWEST TEMPERATURE	10.5 km.	224 mb.	217° A.	VAPOUR PRESSURE,	...	...		Longitude, . . . . . 2° 14' W.	
BASE OF STRATOSPHERE	10.5 km.	224 mb.	217° A.	GRADIENT WIND :—Direction,	344°.	345°.		Height above M.S.L., . . . . . 37 m.	
Type	No. 1.			Velocity,	8.4 m/s.	6.6 m/s.		PLACE OF FALL, Sible Hedingham, Essex.	
				Correction for Curvature,	0 m/s.	0 m/s.		Distance, . . . . . 248 km.	
				Final Components, { W. to E.	2.4 m/s.	1.7 m/s.		and	
				{ S. to N.	-8.1 m/s.	-6.4 m/s.		Orientation, . . . . . 131°	

TABLE OF HEIGHTS, PRESSURES, TEMPERATURES, AND HUMIDITIES.

Height above M.S.L.	Pressure.	Temperature.		Humidity.		REMARKS.
		Reading.	Fall per Km.	%	mb.	
km.	mb.	°A.	°C.	%	mb.	
22	36	221.5	-1	...	...	
21	43	220.5	-0.5	...	...	
20	52	220	-1	...	...	
19	61	219	0	...	...	
18	71	219	1	...	...	
17	83	220	0.5	...	...	
16	96	220.5	0.5	...	...	
15.8	100	220.5	0.5	...	...	
15	112	221	0	...	...	
14	129	221	0	...	...	
13	150	221	-2	...	...	
12	177	219	-1.5	...	...	
11.2	200	218	1	...	...	
11	207	217.5	4	...	...	
10	244	218.5	6.5	...	...	
9	285	222.5	7	...	...	
8.7	300	224.5	7.5	...	...	
8	337	229	...	...	...	
7	392	236	...	...	...	Temperature Gradient, Ground to 7 km. = 0.54° per 100 m.
6.9	400	237	...	...	...	
6	454	243.5	...	...	...	
5.3	500	249.5	...	...	...	
5	524	251	...	...	...	
4.0	600	255.5	...	...	...	
3	689	261	...	...	...	
2.9	700	261	...	...	...	
2	784	265	...	...	...	
1.8	800	266	...	...	...	
1.0	900	270.5	...	...	...	
Ground M.S.L.	1009	274	...	...	...	
	1014	...	...	...	...	

1912. April 12.	6 h. 50 m. G.M.T.			From Observations at Station		at 7 h.	at 18 h. G.M.T.	SOUNDING No., R. 6.	
	Height above M.S.L.	Pressure.	Temp.	PRESSURE (M.S.L.)	772.6 mm., 1031 mb.	773.2 mm., 1031 mb.		PLACE, MANCHESTER.	
GREATEST HEIGHT	11.4 km.	203 mb.	214.5° A.	TEMPERATURE,	...	...		Latitude, . . . . . 53° 28' N.	
LOWEST TEMPERATURE	10.6 km.	231 mb.	212° A.	VAPOUR PRESSURE,	...	...		Longitude, . . . . . 2° 14' W.	
BASE OF STRATOSPHERE	10.6 km.	231 mb.	212° A.	GRADIENT WIND :—Direction,	?	? 270°.		Height above M.S.L., . . . . . 37 m.	
Type	No. 1.			Velocity,	?	?		PLACE OF FALL, Appleby Magna.	
				Correction for Curvature,	...	...		Distance, . . . . . 101 km.	
				Final Components, { W. to E.	?	?		and	
				{ S. to N.	?	?		Orientation, . . . . . 152°	

TABLE OF HEIGHTS, PRESSURES, TEMPERATURES, AND HUMIDITIES.

Height above M.S.L.	Pressure.	Temperature.		Humidity.		REMARKS.
		Reading.	Fall per Km.	%	mb.	
km.	mb.	°A.	°C.	%	mb.	
11	217	213	0	...	...	
10	256	213	6.5	...	...	
9	297	219.5	7.5	...	...	
8.9	300	220.5	...	...	...	
8	348	227	...	...	...	
7.1	400	233	6.5	...	...	
7	404	233.5	9	...	...	
6	467	242.5	...	...	...	Average Temperature Gradient, Ground to 7 km. = 0.57° per 100 m.
5.5	500	246	6.5	...	...	
5	536	249	...	...	...	
4.1	600	255	7	...	...	
4	610	256	...	...	...	
3.0	700	261.5	5.5	...	...	
2.0	800	263.5	2	...	...	Small temperature inversion.
1.1	900	267	4	...	...	
1.0	908	267.5	...	...	...	
0.2	1000	272	6	...	...	
Ground M.S.L.	1026	273.5	...	...	...	
	1031	...	...	...	...	



9. The Upper Air: Soundings by Registering Balloons (R.) and Pilot Balloons (P.)—continued.

1912. April 13.		6 h. 50 m. G.M.T.		From Observations at Stations			at 7 h.	at 18 h. G.M.T.	SOUNDING No., R. 7.	
		Height above M.S.L.	Pressure.	Temp.	PRESSURE (M.S.L.)	774.2 mm., 1033 mb.	774.2 mm., 1033 mb.		PLACE, MANCHESTER.	
GREATEST HEIGHT	14.3 km.	133 mb.	221° A.	TEMPERATURE,	279° A.	283° A.			Latitude, . . . . .	53° 28' N.
LOWEST TEMPERATURE	10.4 km.	245 mb.	215° A.	VAPOUR PRESSURE,	...	...			Longitude, . . . . .	2° 14' W.
BASE OF STRATOSPHERE	10.4 km.	245 mb.	215° A.	GRADIENT WIND:—Direction,	?	?			Height above M.S.L. . . . .	37 m.
Type	No. 1.			Velocity,	?	?			PLACE OF FALL, Standon, Staffs.	
				Correction for Curvature,	...	...			Distance, . . . . .	68 km.
				Final Components, { W. to E.	?	?			and	
				{ N. to S.	?	?			Orientation, . . . . .	180°.

TABLE OF HEIGHTS, PRESSURES, TEMPERATURES, AND HUMIDITIES.

Height above M.S.L.	Pressure.	Temperature.		Humidity.		REMARKS.
		Reading.	Fall per Km.	%	mb.	
km.	mb.	°A.	°C.	%	mb.	
14	138	220.5	-2	...	...	
13	163	218.5	1	...	...	
12	191	219.5	1	...	...	
11.7	200	218.5	-2.5	...	...	
11	224	217	-1	...	...	
10	263	216	-1	...	...	
9.1	300	221	5.5	...	...	
9	304	221.5	7.5	...	...	
8	356	229	8	...	...	
7.2	400	235.5	8	...	...	
7	413	237	6	...	...	
6	476	243	6	...	...	
5.7	500	245	7	...	...	
5	546	250	7	...	...	
4.3	600	254.5	6	...	...	
4	626	256	6	...	...	
3.1	700	262	7	...	...	
3	710	263	7	...	...	
2.1	800	268	5	...	...	
2	805	268	5	...	...	
1.1	900	273	5	...	...	
1	915	273	5	...	...	
0.2	1000	276.5	5	...	...	
Ground M.S.L.	1027 1033	278 ...	.. ...	.. ...	.. ...	

Average temperature gradient ground to 7 km. = 0.59° per 100 m.

1912. April 13.		7 h. 0 m. G.M.T.		From Observations at Station.			at 7 h.	at 18 h. G.M.T.	SOUNDING No., R. 176.	
		Height above M.S.L.	Pressure.	Temp.	PRESSURE (M.S.L.)	775.2 mm., 1034 mb.	773.7 mm., 1032 mb.		PLACE, PYRTON HILL.	
GREATEST HEIGHT	13 km.	164 mb.	221° A.	TEMPERATURE,	...	...			Latitude, . . . . .	51° 38' N.
LOWEST TEMPERATURE	10 km.	260 mb.	213° A.	VAPOUR PRESSURE,	...	...			Longitude, . . . . .	1° 1' W.
BASE OF STRATOSPHERE	1st trace 9.9 km.	...	213° A.	GRADIENT WIND:—Direction,	?	?			Height above M.S.L. . . . .	150 m.
	2nd trace 10.2 km.	...	215° A.	Velocity,	?	?			PLACE OF FALL, . . . . .	
Type	No. 1.			Correction for Curvature,	...	...			Distance, . . . . .	40 km.
				Final Components, { W. to E.	?	?			and	
				{ S. to N.	?	?			Orientation, . . . . .	153°.

TABLE OF HEIGHTS, PRESSURES, TEMPERATURES, HUMIDITIES, AND WINDS.

Height above M.S.L.	Pressure.	Temperature.		Humidity.		Wind.				REMARKS.
		Reading.	Fall per Km.	%	mb.	Direction.	Velocity.	Components.		
km.	mb.	°A.	°C.	%	mb.	° from N.	m/s.	W. to E.	S to N.	
13	164	221	-1 -2	...	...	...	...	...	...	
12	191	220 219	-1 -2	...	...	...	...	...	...	
11.7	200	220 218.5	-1 -2	...	...	...	...	...	...	
11	224	219 217	-5 -4	...	...	...	...	...	...	
10	260	214 213	9 7	...	...	...	...	...	...	
9	301	223 220	8 8	...	...	...	...	...	...	
8	351	231 228	5 4	...	...	...	...	...	...	
7.1	400	235 233	7 7	...	...	325	8	+4.6	-6.6	
7	405	236 234	8 8	...	...	320	5	+3.2	-3.8	
6	468	243 241	8 8	...	...	335	5	+2.1	-4.5	
5.5	500	247 245	...	...	...	320	9	+5.8	-6.9	
5	537	251 249	4.5 6.5	...	...	...	...	...	...	
4.2	600	255	5.5	...	...	340	7	+2.4	-6.6	
4	616	255.5	6	...	...	10	7	-1.2	-6.9	
3.0	704	261	90 100	...	...	350	5	+0.9	-4.9	
2.0	800	267	85 95	...	...	...	...	...	...	
1.1	900	270	3.4 3.7	...	...	300	4	+3.5	-2.0	
1	911	271	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
0.1	1000	...	8	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Ground M.S.L.	1012 1034	279 ...	70 ...	49 ...	...	...	...	...	...	One theodolite. Micrometer method.

[cloud came over from 270° at 7 h. 45 m. Balloon lost behind a little cloud at 7 h. 41 m. Low bank of Clear at 7.0 km. with a little ci. moving from 315°.]

9. The Upper Air: Soundings by Registering Balloons (R.) and Pilot Balloons (P.)—continued.

1912. April 17.	10 h. 30 m. G.M.T.			From Observations at Station			at 7 h.	at 18 h. G.M.T.	SOUNDING No., R. 177.	
	Height above M.S.L.	Pressure.	Temp.	PRESSURE (M.S.L.)	764.5 mm., 1019 mb.	762.2 mm., 1016 mb.			PLACE, PYRTON HILL.	
GREATEST HEIGHT	...	...	...	TEMPERATURE,	280° A.	281° A.			Latitude, . . .	51° 38' N.
LOWEST TEMPERATURE	...	...	...	VAPOUR PRESSURE,	...	...			Longitude, . . .	1° 1' W.
BASE OF STRATOSPHERE	...	...	...	GRADIENT WIND:—Direction,	110°	?			Height above M.S.L., . .	150 m.
Type				Velocity,	8.5 m/s.	?			PLACE OF FALL, . . .	...
				Correction for Curvature,	+0.6 m/s.	?			Distance, . . .	...
				Final Components, { W. to E. -8.6 m/s.		?			and	...
				{ S. to N. 3.1 m/s.		?			Orientation, . . .	...

TABLE OF HEIGHTS, PRESSURES, TEMPERATURES, HUMIDITIES, AND WINDS.

Height above M.S.L.	Pressure.	Temperature.		Humidity.		Wind.			Remarks.
		Reading.	Fall per Km.	%	mb.	Direction.	Velocity.	Components.	
km.	mb.	°A.	°C.	%	mb.	°	m/s.	W. to E. S. to N.	
10	...	...	...	...	...	125	5	- 4.1 +2.9	Balloon followed by two theodolites. A good base-line for a S.E. wind is not obtainable, so that the parts above 3 km. are calculations on the supposition of a uniform ascent. The balloon was followed for 40 and 51 minutes.
9	...	...	...	...	...	140	6	- 3.9 4.6	
8	...	...	...	...	...	125	7	- 5.7 4.0	
7	...	...	...	...	...	120	7	- 6.1 3.5	
6	...	...	...	...	...	110	7	- 6.6 2.4	
5	...	...	...	...	...	100	9	- 8.9 1.6	
4.5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
4.0	...	...	...	...	...	110	13	- 12.2 4.5	
3.5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
3.0	...	...	...	...	...	125	13	- 10.6 7.5	
2.5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
2.0	...	...	...	...	...	105	12	- 11.6 2.5	
1.5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
1.0	...	...	...	...	...	95	4	- 4.0 0.4	
0.5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Ground M.S.L.	...	...	...	...	...	90	2	- 2.0 0	
						110	9.1	- 8.6 3.1	

TABLE OF HEIGHTS, PRESSURES, TEMPERATURES, HUMIDITIES, AND WINDS.

Height above M.S.L.	Pressure.	Temperature.		Humidity.		Wind.			REMARKS.
		Reading.	Fall per km.	%	mb.	Direction.	Velocity.	Components.	
km.	mb.	°A.	°C.	%	mb.	° from N.	m/s.	W. to E. S. to N.	
14	142	225	- 0.5	...	...	...	...	...	Clear solar eclipse. Balloon followed by two theodolites for 47 and 56 minutes. A good base line for a S.E. wind is not obtainable so that the parts above 3 km. are calculations on the supposition of uniform ascent.
13	165	224.5	- 1.5	...	...	...	...	...	
12	194	223	...	...	...	...	...	...	
11.8	200	222.5	- 3	...	...	...	...	...	
11	224	220	0	...	...	125	8	- 6.6 4.6	
10	261	220	0	...	...	140	6	- 3.9 4.6	
9	300 302	222	2	...	...	128	7	- 5.5 4.3	
8	352	230	8	...	...	128	8	- 6.3 4.9	
7.1	400	237 235.5	8 6	...	...	...	...	...	
7	408	238 236	8 8	...	...	125	8	- 6.6 4.6	
6	470	246 244	...	...	...	110	8	- 7.5 2.7	
5.6	500	248.5 246.5	6 6	...	...	...	...	...	
5	537	252 250	...	...	...	100	10	- 9.9 1.7	
4.2	600	258 256	7 7	...	...	...	...	...	
4	614	259 257	...	...	...	105	12	- 11.6 3.1	
3	700 701	265	6 8	...	...	105	12	- 11.6 3.1	
2	800 795	270	5	...	...	110	11	- 10.3 3.8	
1	900 901	274.5 275.5	4.5 6.5 8.5 8.5	...	...	90	4	- 4 0	
Ground M.S.L.	998 1020	283 285	...	...	...	90	0	0 0	Isothermal at 270°, 1.7 to 2.3 km.
		...	...	...	...	110	9.1	- 8.6 3.1	

Time is expressed in the hours 1 to 24 of civil reckoning.

Pressure is given in millibars (1000 mb. = 1 C.G.S. atmosphere = 750 mm. approximately).

Gradient Wind is taken to be tangential to the isobar and is computed by the formula  $\gamma = 2\omega \rho V \sin \phi$ .

\*Base of Stratosphere.—TYPE 1.—When the stratosphere commences with an inversion, the height and temperature of the first point of zero temperature gradient are given.

TYPE 2.—When the stratosphere begins with an abrupt transition to a temperature gradient below 2° per km. without inversion, the height and temperature of the abrupt transition are given.

TYPE 3.—When there is no such abrupt change of temperature gradient, the base is taken to be where the mean fall of temperature for the kilometer nearest above is 2° or less, provided that it does not exceed 2° for any subsequent kilometer. If some other position for the base seems to the tabulator to be more suitable, is noted in the column for "Remarks."

Temperatures are expressed in degrees absolute (273° A. = 0° C.).

Heights are given in kilometers (km.).

# METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE OBSERVATORIES—GEOPHYSICAL JOURNAL.

MAY 1912.—DAILY VALUES REFERRED TO GREENWICH MEAN TIME AND UNITS,  
BASED ON THE C.G.S. SYSTEM.

[Price 4d.]

Second Year.—No. 5. *Meteorology, Solar Radiation, Seismology, Atmospheric Electricity, and Terrestrial Magnetism.*

## 1. SEISMOLOGICAL JOURNAL:—ESKDALEMUIR.—Lat. 55° 19' N. Long. 3° 12' W.

Date.	Microseisms.		Earthquakes.	Remarks.
	Period.	Amp.		
1	s 4	μ 0.5	I, I, I	1st I, Long waves 13 h. 27 m.-13 h. 50 m. I, Feeble waves 20 h. 21 m.-20 h. 24 m. I, Long waves 23h. 51 m.-24 h. 6 m.
2	4-5	0.4		3rd Iu, P? = 19 h. 21 m. 47 s., S = 19 h. 31 m. 40s.
3	4-5	0.5	Iu.	6th IIIr, P = 19 h. 2 m. 43 s., S = 19 h. 5 m. 4 s., Δ = 1330 kms., α = 47° 10' W. of N. Epicentre 62° 8' N., 22° 10' W.
4	4-5	0.5		8th I, Trace of disturbance between 23 h. and 24 h.
5	4	0.5		10th I, Long waves 10 h. 55 m.-11 h. 14 m.
6	4	0.3	IIIr.	11th Ir, P = 5 h. 23 m. 33 s., S = 5 h. 29 m. 33 s., Δ = 4220 kms., L = 5 h. 36 m. Iu, P = 17 h. 39 m. 24 s., S = 17 h. 49 m. 52s., Δ = 9350 kms., α ambiguous 73° E. of S. or W. of N. I, L = 21 h. 9 m. Disturbed till 21 h. 35 m.
7	4-5	0.5		12th I, L = 12 h. 18 m.
8	4-5	0.4	I.	13th Iu, S? = 19 h. 55 m. 41 s., L = 20 h. 5 m. 14th I, Long waves 15 h. 16 m.
9	4-5	0.4		15th Iu, P = 0 h. 24 m. 14 s., S = 0 h. 34 m. 14 s., Δ = 9790 kms. α?
10	4-5	0.4	I.	16th I, L = 15 h. 11 m.
11	4	0.3	Ir, Iu, I.	17th I, P? S = 16 h. 49 m. 19 s., L = 16 h. 53 m.
12	4	0.5	I.	18th I, Long waves 5 h. 33 m. I, S = 22 h. 5 m. 15 s., L = 22 h. 19 m.
13	4-5	0.4	Iu.	19th I, S = 2 h. 32 m. 52 s. I, S = 3 h. 53 m. 37 s., L = 4 h. 6 m.
14	5-6	0.6	I.	20th I, P = 8 h. 6 m. 57 s., S? = 8 h. 20 m. 13 s.
15	5-6	0.7	Iu.	21st I, P? = 8 h. 50 m. 58 s., S? = 9 h. 0 m. 4 s.
16	4	0.8	I.	22nd I, L = 13 h. 33 m. I, P = 23 h. 17 m. 8 s., S = 23 h. 24 m. 16 s., Δ = 6475 kms.
17	4-5	0.4	I, I.	23rd IIIu, P = 2 h. 36 m. 8 s., S = 2 h. 46 m. 7 s., Δ = 8775 kms. α = 70° 36' E. of N. or S. of W. Correct direction is E. of N. Epicentre 21° N. 97° E. I, about 23 h.
18	4-5	0.4	I, I.	24th I, about 1 h. I, L = 4 h. 48 m.
19	4-5	0.2	I, I.	25th I, L = 6 h. 36 m. Iu, P = 16 h. 2 m. 28 s., S = 16 h. 9 m. 13 s., Δ = 5055. kms. α = 48° 49' E. of N. Ir, P = 18 h. 6 m. 36 s., S = 18 h. 10 m. 30 s., Δ = 2360 kms. α = 75° 4' E. of S. or W. of N. I, about 21 h. 22 m.
20	4	0.1	I.	26th I, 3 h. 30 m. I, Disturbed 7 h. 54 m.-8 h. 53 m.
21	4	0.1	I	28th I, L = 7 h. 53 m. I, S = 13 h. 9 m. 36 s., L = 13 h. 33 m.
22	4	0.2	I, I.	31st I, Long waves about 21 h. 3 m.
23	5	0.5	IIIu, I.	
24	4-5	0.4	I, I.	
25	4-5	0.4	I, Iu, Ir, I.	
26	4-5	0.4	I, I.	
27	4-5	0.5		
28	4-5	0.5	I, I.	
29	5	0.5		
30	4-5	0.4		
31	4-5	0.4	I.	

An explanation of the notation used is given in the preface.

## 2. VALENCIA OBSERVATORY, CAHIRCIVEEN (KERRY).—Lat. 51° 56' N. Long. 10° 15' W.

Heights above Mean Sea Level:—Station, H = 9.2 m. Barometer Cistern, H<sub>b</sub> = 13.7 m.

Heights above Ground:—Thermometers, h<sub>t</sub> = 1.2 m. Rain-gauge, h<sub>r</sub> = 0.6 m. Sunshine Recorder, h<sub>s</sub> = 12.8 m. Cups of Anemometer, h<sub>a</sub> = 13.7 m.

Day.	Pressure at Station Level.		Air Temperature in Degrees Absolute.				Humidity.				Wind Direction in points (8=E, 16=S) and Velocity (metres per second).		Cloud Amount and Weather.		Rain 24 hours beginning 10 h.	Sunshine	Remarks.	Magnetism.				
	9 h.	21 h.	9 h.	21 h.	Max.	Min.	Vapour Pressure.		Percentage.									Horizontal Force.	Declination West.	Inclination.		
	mb.		°		°		millibar.		%		m/sec.		Tenths of Sky covered.					mm.	hrs.			
	9 h.	21 h.	9 h.	21 h.			9 h.	21 h.	9 h.	21 h.	9 h.	21 h.	10 h.	22 h.								
1	1020.8	1019.1	85.2	84.9	87	84	13.9	13.2	98	95	20	3	20	3	10≡ <sup>0</sup> 0	10≡ <sup>0</sup> 0	—	0.2	≡ <sup>0</sup> a. Clear afternoon.	7.	0.	0.
2	1016.2	1015.5	85.9	84.8	88	82	13.2	13.2	90	96	21	6	21	2	10	10≡ <sup>0</sup> 0	—	0.3	Dull.	...	...	...
3	1013.9	1012.4	86.4	85.6	90	84	13.2	10.9	86	75	—	1	9	2	7	8	1.0	0.4	Fair.	...	...	...
4	1009.7	1009.1	86.7	85.5	90	84	11.2	11.2	70	78	9	6	10	7	7	9∞	1.3	4.6	Fair. ∞ after 16 h.	...	...	...
5	1007.4	1010.8	85.5	85.3	87	84	13.6	12.9	95	91	15	4	18	4	10	10≡ <sup>0</sup> 0	2.8	0.5	Dull, with ☉ showers.	...	...	...
6	1009.3	1011.5	85.5	86.3	88	84	13.6	13.9	95	92	16	6	16	5	10	10≡ <sup>0</sup> 0	3.3	0.2	Generally overcast. ≡ <sup>0</sup> 0	...	...	...
7	1009.4	1017.4	86.8	86.3	88	85	15.3	14.6	97	98	16	5	16	4	10	10≡ <sup>0</sup> 0	2.0	—	≡ <sup>0</sup> 0. Overcast throughout.	17873	20 29.7	68 10.7
8	1021.2	1023.9	86.2	86.0	88	86	14.2	14.2	95	97	16	5	17	2	10	10≡ <sup>0</sup> 0	0.5	—	≡ <sup>0</sup> all day.	...	...	...
9	1025.1	1022.5	85.6	85.7	88	84	12.6	12.9	87	87	26	2	—	0	10	10≡ <sup>0</sup> 0	—	4.3	Dull to fair. ☉ 14 h.	...	...	...
10	1014.6	1007.4	88.6	86.8	92	83	14.2	13.9	80	89	8	2	14	7	10	10≡ <sup>0</sup> 0	0.5	6.3	Fair to fine.	...	...	...
11	1005.5	1008.3	86.6	85.1	90	84	14.9	12.6	96	89	17	4	3	2	10	10≡ <sup>0</sup> 0	0.5	1.2	Misty and dull, except midday.	...	...	...
12	1011.6	1017.3	84.2	84.9	88	82	9.5	9.8	71	72	2	8	3	6	7	2	—	9.2	Fine.	...	...	...
13	1020.5	1018.5	84.9	83.7	88	80	10.2	11.2	72	89	—	1	18	2	4	2	—	12.0	D. Fine.	...	...	...
14	1012.9	1006.5	86.7	84.5	89	81	11.9	11.9	76	88	15	3	18	3	5	5	0.5	11.6	D. Fine. [p.]	...	...	...
15	1003.1	1005.0	84.3	81.7	86	81	9.5	8.2	72	72	26	6	25	9	8	5	0.8	7.7	Fair generally. Good visibility.	...	...	...
16	1013.4	1019.2	84.0	84.0	86	80	9.2	10.5	71	80	27	6	26	6	6	10	0.8	10.8	▲ early, then fair.	...	...	...
17	1017.9	1014.9	85.6	84.5	88	83	10.9	11.9	74	88	21	5	22	5	10	9	0.5	1.3	Cloudy.	...	...	...
18	1015.2	1014.5	85.4	83.4	87	82	10.9	10.2	75	82	24	2	16	2	8	9	0.3	2.3	Fair to dull.	...	...	...
19	1010.7	1008.1	85.9	84.0	89	82	13.2	12.6	90	97	15	6	—	1	10	10≡ <sup>0</sup> 0	18.0	0.3	Heavy mist, and ☉ p.	...	...	...
20	1003.8	1003.4	84.4	84.1	89	81	11.5	11.2	85	84	14	4	6	2	7	3	3.1	8.8	Showery 15 h.-16 h.	...	...	...
21	1003.6	1004.4	85.6	85.2	89	79	10.9	12.9	75	92	4	4	—	0	8	9	1.3	5.7	Fair. ☉ showers in evening.	17897	20 28.2	68 9.9
22	1003.7	1003.6	85.9	84.9	88	82	11.5	11.2	78	81	2	2	10	5	4∞	10≡ <sup>0</sup> 0	0.8	4.3	Fine to fair. ▲ 20 h. ∞	...	...	...
23	1008.5	1017.1	86.3	83.5	88	81	9.8	9.5	63	74	1	2	31	2	3	1	—	12.4	Fine.	...	...	...
24	1023.8	1026.9	85.6	84.0	90	78	10.9	10.5	75	82	31	2	—	0	2	1	—	15.0	D. Fine.	...	...	...
25	1027.5	1026.0	85.2	85.0	90	77	9.5	11.2	68	80	—	1	21	2	0∞	2	—	15.1	F. Fine. Occasional ∞ <sup>0</sup> .	...	...	...
26	1022.6	1020.8	86.5	84.1	90	81	10.9	9.8	70	74	—	1	—	1	4	1	—	9.5	Fine.	...	...	...
27	1019.5	1018.3	86.2	85.4	90	78	11.5	11.9	75	83	—	1	—	0	1∞	6∞	—	13.3	Very fine.	...	...	...
28	1017.6	1017.0	86.8	86.2	90	81	13.6	11.9	87	79	—	1	26	4	6∞	10	0.3	11.3	Fine. ∞. Dull evening.	...	...	...
29	1014.5	1012.0	86.2	84.4	88	83	12.9	10.9	86	81	25	5	26	4	9	9	2.5	4.5	Fair.	...	...	...
30	1008.2	1006.6	83.8	82.4	87	81	10.2	9.5	79	80	—	1	5	2	4	7	—	7.4	Fair, with good visibility.	...	...	...
31	1005.9	1005.7	85.1	84.2	90	80	10.5	11.2	75	84	5	3	—	0	7	1	1.0	8.2	D. ☉ showers p.	...	...	...
Means	1013.5	1013.7	85.7	84.7	88.5	81.9	11.9	11.7	81	85	3.5	3.0	7.0	6.9	41.8	6.28	—	—	Monthly Totals or Means.	17885	20 29.0	68 10.3
Normal 40 years	1013.9	1014.3	84.7	83.8	87.5	80.9	10.9	10.8	79	84	5.1	4.4	—	—	79.5	6.67	—	—	Normals, 40 years.	—	—	—

35 years      25 years      30 years      30 years

3. KEW OBSERVATORY, SURREY.—Lat. 51° 28' N. Long. 0° 19' W.

Heights above Mean Sea Level :—Station, H = 5.5 m. Barometer, H<sub>b</sub> = 10.4 m.

Heights above Ground :—Thermometers, h<sub>t</sub> = 3.0 m. Rain-gauge, h<sub>r</sub> = 0.5 m. Sunshine Recorder, h<sub>s</sub> = 14.3 m. Cups of Anemometer, h<sub>a</sub> = 21.3 m.

Table with columns: Day, Pressure at Station Level, Air Temperature in Degrees Absolute, Humidity (Vapour Pressure, Percentage), Wind Direction in Points (8=E, 16=S) and Velocity (metres per second), Cloud Amount and Weather, Rain 24 hours beginning 10 h., Sunshine, Solar Radiation, Watts per cm², Min. Temp. on Grass, Earth Temperature at 10 h., Remarks.

4. ESKDALEMUIR OBSERVATORY, DUMFRIESSHIRE.—Lat. 55° 19' N. Long. 3° 12' W.

Heights above Mean Sea Level :—Station, H = 243.2 m. Barometer, H<sub>b</sub> = 237.1 m.

Heights above Ground :—Thermometers, h<sub>t</sub> = 0.8 m. Rain-gauge, h<sub>r</sub> = 0.3 m. Sunshine Recorder, h<sub>s</sub> = 1.5 m. Vane of Anemometer, h<sub>a</sub> = 15.2 m.

Table with columns: Day, Pressure at Station Level, Air Temperature in Degrees Absolute, Humidity (Vapour Pressure, Percentage), Wind Direction in Points (8=E, 16=S) and Velocity (metres per second), Cloud Amount and Weather, Rain 24 hours beginning 10 h., Sunshine, Solar Radiation, Watts per cm², Min. Temp. on Grass, Earth Temperature at 10 h., Remarks.

The solar radiation is the mean of the readings within the nominal hour of observation (11 h. 30 m.—12 h. 30 m.) unless some other hour is specified.

5. KEW OBSERVATORY.

Table with columns: Day, Potential Gradient (Volts per metre, Factor 1.68), Charge per cc. (x 10^20), Velocities of Ions for 1 volt per centimetre, Conductivity (x 10^25), Air-Earth Current (x 10^16), Electric Character of Day, Magnetic Character of Day, Horizontal Force (Maximum, Minimum, Range), West Declination (Maximum, Minimum, Range). Rows include days 1-31 and a summary row 'M.'

Note.—The mean values of the Potential gradient in Table 5 are computed from the data for those days on which values at each of the four hours, 3h, 9h, 15h, 21h, are given in the table. A similar note applies to the values in Table 6.

6. ESKDALEMUIR OBSERVATORY.

Table with columns: Day, Potential Gradient (Volts per metre, Factor 5.5), Charge per cc. (x 10^20), Velocities of Ions for 1 volt per centimetre, Conductivity (x 10^25), Air-Earth Current (x 10^16), Electric Character of Day, Magnetic Character of Day, North Component (Maximum, Minimum), West Component (Maximum, Minimum), Vertical Component § (Maximum, Minimum). Rows include days 1-31 and a summary row 'M.'

x Indeterminate.

§ The values for the vertical component are not completely corrected for variations in the zero of the instrument.

An explanation of the Headings of the columns is given in the Preface.

7. Tables of Wind Components in metres per second at fixed hours, together with the mean velocity (horizontal movement) in metres per second for the hour with the maximum hourly run for each day, or the greatest velocity attained in a gust and the time of its occurrence.

HOLYHEAD. †‡

Height of Head above—Roof 8.5 m., Ground 13.7 m., M.S.L. 19.2 m. Height of Cups above—Roof 4.6 m., Ground 7.6 m., M.S.L. 15.2 m.

DEERNES. †

Height of Cups above—Roof 1.5 m., Ground 4.9 m., M.S.L. 57.3 m.

Main table containing wind data for Holyhead and Deerness. Columns include Date, 3h, 9h, 15h, 21h, Max. in a Gust, and Time of Gust. Data is provided for 31 days.

SCILLY. †‡

Height of Head above—Ground 9.8 m., M.S.L. 49.7 m. Height of Cups above—Ground 5.8 m., M.S.L. 45.7 m.

GREAT YARMOUTH. †‡

Height of Head above—Roof 10.7 m., Ground 12.8 m., M.S.L. 15.9 m. Height of Cups above—Roof 3.7 m., Ground 18.3 m., M.S.L. 22.3 m.

Main table containing wind data for Scilly and Great Yarmouth. Columns include Date, 3h, 9h, 15h, 21h, Max. in a Gust, and Time of Gust. Data is provided for 31 days.

The velocities at fixed hours are means for the interval from 30 minutes before to 30 minutes after the hour. The hours are numbered 1 h. to 24 h. Time is referred to Greenwich Mean Time. † Robinson Cup Anemometer; Arms 0.305 m.; Diameter of Cups 0.127 m.; Factor 2.8. ‡ Dines Pressure Tube Anemometer. At Great Yarmouth, Holyhead, and Scilly the readings at fixed hours are taken from the Robinson Anemometer, the maxima quoted are the greatest winds in a gust as recorded by the Dines Pressure Tube.

8. The Lower Layers of the Atmosphere from the Surface to 3000 metres (10,000 ft.) above Mean Sea Level.  
Soundings by Kites (K.) and Pilot Balloons (P.).

BRIGHTON. K. 28. May 2. 12 noon to 12.50 p.m. G.M.T.

Soundings with Kites.	Height above M.S.L.	Press-ure.	Temperature.		Humidity.	Den- sity.	Wind.		Cloud Observations and Remarks.	
			Read- ing.	Fall per km.			Direc- tion.	Velo- city.		
Greatest height	metres. } 340	mb. 978.0	°A. 282	°C. ...	% 88	mb. 10.0	mgm/cc. 1.204	Degrees from N. 270	m/s. —	Little Fr.-Cu., clearing off.
	1000	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	500	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Wind decreased with altitude, and kite refused to rise above 340 m.
100 m. above ground	} 215	992.8	282	...	88	10.0	1.222	250	—	
Ground level	115	1004.8	286	40	88	13.1	1.218	260	6.7	
Computed for M.S.L.	0	1018.9	...	...	...	...	...	280	10.8	...

BRIGHTON. K. 29. May 5. 10 h. 30 m. to 12 h. 0 m. G.M.T.

Height above M.S.L.	Press-ure.	Temperature.		Humidity.	Den- sity.	Wind.		Cloud Observations and Remarks.		
		Read- ing.	Fall per km.			Direc- tion.	Velo- city.			
metres.	mb.	°A.	°C.	%	mb.	mgm/cc.	Degrees from N.	m/s.		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Overcast St.-Cu., no clouds reached.
1000	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
500	957.9	283	...	86	10.5	1.174	150	8	...	
215	991.2	285	7.0	86	12.0	1.206	120	8	...	
115	1003.1	285	0	86	12.0	1.221	115	6	...	
0	1016.9	...	...	...	...	...	170	8.8	...	

BRIGHTON. K. 30. May 8. 12 h. 0 m. to 13 h. 0 m. G.M.T.

Greatest height	} ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Thick fog, kite not seen during ascent. Wind direction by wire.
	1000	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	500	968.9	285.2	...	93	13.1	1.178	270	?	
100 m. above ground	} 215	1002.3	286.5	4.7	93	14.2	1.212	?	?	
Ground level	115	1014.2	287	...	93	14.7	1.224	255	8.9	
Computed for M.S.L.	0	1028.1	...	...	...	...	...	310	20.8	...

BRIGHTON. K. 31. May 8. 14 h. 0 m. to 15 h. 20 m. G.M.T.

785	936.8	283.5	...	93	11.8	1.146	330	10	...	Fog cleared off, showing high fleecy clouds. At 16 h. 30 m. fog returned.
1000	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
500	969.1	285.8	...	93	13.6	1.175	310	10	...	
215	1002.5	285.2	-2.1	100	14.1	1.218	260	10	...	
115	1014.5	287	18	93	14.7	1.225	260	6.7	...	
0	1028.4	...	...	...	...	...	310	20.8	...	

BRIGHTON. K. 32. May 11. 11 h. 20 m. to 12 h. 30 m. G.M.T.

Greatest height	} ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Thick fog. Kite not seen during ascent. Wind direction by wire. Strongest gusts 22 m.p.s. The ground was enveloped in cold sea fog, and no doubt at 1000 m. kite was flying in brilliant sunshine.
	1000	900.8	296.8	?	43	12.5	1.052	235	18.8	
	500	...	?	?	...	...	?	?	?	
100 m. above ground	} 215	...	?	?	?	...	...	?	?	
Ground level	115	998.6	286	?	100	14.9	1.210	250	11	
Computed for M.S.L.	0	1012.2	...	...	...	...	...	185	22.4	...

BRIGHTON. K. 33. May 16. 11 h. 0 m. to 12 h. 40 m. G.M.T.

1000	890.9	275.2	4.6	85	6.1	1.125	340	...	...	Clear sky with heavy storm cu., and slight showers at intervals. Wind average 12 m.p.s., gusts up to 17 m.p.s.
500	947.5	277.5	13.7	85	7.1	1.186	320	...	...	
215	981.0	281.4	—	75	8.2	1.211	330	12	...	
115	992.8	285.4	—	64	9.1	1.208	300	9.8	...	
0	1006.5	...	...	...	...	...	280	13.9	...	

BRIGHTON. K. 34. May 18. 15 h. 30 m. to 17 h. 30 m. G.M.T.

Greatest height	} ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Overcast alt.-cu. Seud about 150 m. above ground. Kite not sustain- able at 100 m.
	1000	901.6	280.2	3.6	75	7.6	1.118	260	13	
	500	957.9	282	...	75	8.6	1.180	270	14	
100 m. above ground	} 215	991.2	284.1	5.4	80	10.5	1.211	?	?	
Ground level	115	1003.1	285.6	...	90	13.0	1.218	250	8.9	
Computed for M.S.L.	0	1016.9	...	...	...	...	...	Pressure distribution irregular.		

BRIGHTON. K. 35. May 24. 10 h. 30 m. to 12 h. 30 m. G.M.T.

1000	902.4	273	5.6	100	6.1	1.149	30	16	...	Overcast St., lowest clouds 500 m. above ground.
500	960.2	275.8	13.7	100	7.4	1.209	15	16	...	
215	994.3	279.7	43	90	8.8	1.234	10	12	...	
115	1006.4	284	...	86	11.2	1.230	355	8.9	...	
0	1020.3	...	...	...	...	...	20	9.3	...	

The computed wind at M.S.L. is the gradient wind at the nearest hour of observation at Telegraphic Reporting Stations, viz. 7 h., 13 h., or 18 h.

8. The Lower Layers of the Atmosphere from the Surface to 3000 metres (10,000 ft.) above Mean Sea Level—*continued*.  
Soundings by Kites (K.) and Pilot Balloons (P.)

ABERDEEN. P. 17. May 1. 11 h. 20 m. G.M.T.							P. 18. May 3. 11 h. 40 m. G.M.T.							P. 19. May 8. 11 h. 21 m. G.M.T.							
Soundings with Pilot Balloons.	Height above M.S.L.	Wind.				Vertical Velocity.	Cloud Observations and Remarks.	Height above M.S.L.	Wind.				Vertical Velocity.	Cloud Observations and Remarks.	Height above M.S.L.	Wind.				Vertical Velocity.	Cloud Observations and Remarks.
		Direction.	Velocity.	Components.					Direction.	Velocity.	Components.					Direction.	Velocity.	Components.			
				W.-E.	S.-N.						W.-E.	S.-N.						W.-E.	S.-N.		
metres.	Degrees from N.	m/s.	m/s.	m/s.	m/s.	metres.	Degrees from N.	m/s.	m/s.	m/s.	m/s.	metres.	Degrees from N.	m/s.	m/s.	m/s.	m/s.				
Greatest height	1737	...	...	...	...	Lost in cloud at 1737 m.	1907	...	...	...	...	Entered cloud base at 1907 m.	3734	...	...	...	...				
	...	...	...	...	...		...	...	...	...	...		3500	223	19.1	+13.0	+14.0	5.8			
	...	...	...	...	...		...	...	...	...	...		3000	218	24.2	+15.0	+19.0	8.2			
	...	...	...	...	...		...	...	...	...	...		2500	230	12.4	+9.5	+7.9	4.5			
	...	...	...	...	...		...	...	...	...	...		2000	220	6.8	+4.4	+5.2	2.8			
	1500	212	13.3	+7.0	+11.3	2.1	1500	322	10.5	+6.4	-8.3	2.8	1500	223	3.5	+2.4	+2.6	3.1			
	1000	210	13.4	+6.7	+11.6	1.9	1000	333	12.4	+5.7	-11.0	3.0	1000	199	9.2	+3.0	+8.7	2.7			
	500	228	13.0	+9.6	+8.7	3.4	500	351	9.1	+1.4	-9.0	3.0	500	164	1.8	-0.5	+1.7	2.5			
100 m. above ground level	130	253	7.7	+7.4	+2.3	3.1	130	341	8.4	+2.7	-8.0	2.1	130	144	3.9	-2.3	+3.2	3.5			
Ground level	30	165	6.6	-1.7	+6.4	...	30	320	8.0	+5.1	-6.1	...	30	140	5.3	-3.4	+4.1	...			
Computed for M.S.L.	0	210	6.8	+3.4	+5.9	...	Lift 54 gr.	0	? 350	Near centre of anticyclone.			...	0	220	7.2	+4.6	+5.5	...		
ABERDEEN. P. 20. May 10. 11 h. 20 m. G.M.T.							P. 21. May 15. 11 h. 10 m. G.M.T.							P. 22. May 17. 11 h. 13 m. G.M.T.							
Greatest height	1518	...	...	...	...		1754	...	...	...	...	Balloon lost to sight in haze. Cloud sheets of degraded cu. and a-cu. Complete change in wind direction, temperature etc., with very gloomy sky and rain at 19 h.	1682	...	...	...	...	Balloon entered cu. cloud. Surface wind changed from W.N.W. to E.S.E. about time of ascent. Balloon recrossed base-line.			
	1500	250	3.8	+3.6	+1.3	6.2	1750	169	18.2	-3.5	+17.9	3.2	...	...	...	...	...	...			
	1000	265	3.3	+3.3	+0.3	5.2	1500	170	17.5	-2.9	+17.2	2.7	1500	307	6.5	+5.2	-3.9	3.1			
	500	259	2.0	+2.0	+0.4	5.7	1000	197	16.1	+4.6	+15.4	2.9	1000	284	4.4	+4.3	-1.1	2.6			
	250	260	2.8	+2.8	+0.5	5.3	500	201	12.7	+4.5	+11.9	2.5	500	216	3.2	+1.9	+2.6	2.6			
100 m. above ground level	130	252	2.1	+2.1	+0.7	2.2	130	162	7.1	-2.2	+6.8	2.4	130	159	8.5	-3.0	+7.9	3.1			
Ground level	30	150	2.0	-1.0*	+1.7	...	30	155	4.4	-1.9	+4.0	...	30	100	4.1	-3.8	+1.4	...			
Computed M.S.L.	c	? 280	Near centre of anticyclone.			...	Two theodolites. Lift 54 gr.	0	? 180	? 7.6	? 0.0	? 7.6	...	Two theodolites. Lift 55 gr.	0	240	7.5	+6.5	+4.3	...	
ABERDEEN. P. 23. May 22. 11 h. 43 m. G.M.T.							P. 24. May 24. 11 h. 6 m. G.M.T.							P. 25. May 31. 11 h. 12 m. G.M.T.							
Greatest height	5313	...	...	...	...	Balloon seen to burst at 5313 m. Sky cloudless.	972	...	...	...	...	Balloon disappeared in to base of cu.-ni. cloud. As it did so it was seen by observer to suddenly lift up into the cloud.	1085	...	...	...	...	Balloon entered sheet of loose degraded cu. gr. cu. above.			
	5000	325	13.6	+7.8	-11.1	2.8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
	4500	305	9.0	+7.3	-5.2	2.8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
	4000	315	8.1	+5.8	-5.7	2.8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
	3500	330	8.3	+4.2	-7.2	2.8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
	3000	356	7.5	+0.5	-7.5	3.0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
	2500	63	5.9	-5.2	-2.7	3.0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
	2000	61	4.8	-4.2	-2.3	2.5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
	1500	13	5.5	-1.2	-5.4	2.5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
	1000	16	7.0	-1.9	-6.7	2.7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
	500	36	3.9	-2.3	-3.2	0.8	750	353	8.9	+1.1	-8.8	3.9	1000	339	4.8	+1.7	-4.5	2.5			
100 m. above ground level	130	73	5.7	-5.4	-1.7	4.5	500	350	9.4	+1.6	-9.3	3.1	500	355	4.2	+0.4	-4.2	1.6			
Ground level	30	75	5.0	-4.8	-1.3	...	Two theodolites to 3000 m.	130	346	8.6	+2.1	-8.3	3.0	130	7	3.1	-0.4	-3.1	2.3		
Computed M.S.L.	0	60	In centre of wedge.			...	One theodolite to 5300 m. Lift 64 gr.	0	350	7.5	+1.3	-7.4	...	Two theodolites. Lift 57 gr.	0	In centre of wedge.			...		

\* Surface wind at 11 h. 20 m. was light and very variable alternating between N.W. and S.S.E. At 11 h. 30 m. a definite S.Ely. current set in, the components of which are given. The vertical velocities from 250 m. upwards are quite correct. Cu. clouds had rapidly formed during the morning and moved slowly from W.S.W. It was almost calm during the ascent and as the balloon entered the base of one of the closely packed cu. The upward velocity is probably a confirmation of the opinion expressed by Mr C. J. P. Cave. (Vide p. 31, *Structure of the Atmosphere, Cave*.)



9. The Upper Air: Soundings by Registering Balloons (R.) and Pilot Balloons (P.).

1912. May 2.		6 h. 55 m. G.M.T.		From Observations at Station		at 7 h.	at 18 h. G.M.T.	SOUNDING No., R. 8.	
		Height above M.S.L.	Pressure.	Temp.	PRESSURE (M.S.L.),	762 mm., 1016 mb.	761 mm., 1015 mb.	PLACE, MANCHESTER.	
GREATEST HEIGHT		23.2 km.	...	226° A.	TEMPERATURE,	284° A.	286° A.	Latitude, . . . . . 53° 27' N.	
LOWEST TEMPERATURE		11.6 km.	205 mb.	217° A.	VAPOUR PRESSURE,	...	...	Longitude, . . . . . 2° 14' W.	
BASE OF STRATOSPHERE		11.4 km.	212 mb.	...	GRADIENT WIND :—Direction,	260°.	280°.	Height above M.S.L., . . . . . 40 m.	
Type		No. 1.			Velocity,	11.2 m/s.	8.5 m/s.	PLACE OF FALL, Swinton, Yorks.	
					Correction for Curvature,	0 m/s.	0 m/s.	Distance, . . . . . 63 km.	
					Final Components, { W. to E. 11.0 m/s.	8.4 m/s.	1.5 m/s.	and Orientation, . . . . . 90°	
					{ S. to N. 1.9 m/s.				

TABLE OF HEIGHTS, PRESSURES, TEMPERATURES, AND HUMIDITIES.

Height above M.S.L.	Pressure.	Temperature.		Humidity.		REMARKS.
		Reading.	Fall per Km.	%	mb.	
km.	mb.	°A.	°C.	%	mb.	
20.8	50	225.5	...	...	...	
20	...	224	0	...	...	
19	...	224	0.5	...	...	
18	...	224.5	-0.5	...	...	
17	...	224	...	...	...	
16.3	100	224	...	...	...	
16	...	223.5	-0.5	...	...	
15	...	222	-1.5	...	...	
14	...	220.5	-1.5	...	...	
13	...	218.5	-2.0	...	...	
12	...	217.5	-1.0	...	...	
11.8	200	...	1.5	...	...	
11	...	219	6	...	...	
10	...	225	...	...	...	
9.2	300	...	4.5	...	...	
9	...	229.5	8	...	...	
8	...	237.5	...	...	...	
7.2	400	...	7.5	...	...	
7	...	245	6	...	...	
6	...	251	...	...	...	
5.6	500	253.5	7	...	...	
5	...	258	...	...	...	
4.2	600	...	4.5	...	...	
4	...	262.5	...	...	...	
3.0	700	268	5.5	...	...	
2.0	...	275.5	7.5	...	...	
1.95	800	...	3.5	...	...	
1.0	900	279	...	...	...	
0.05	1000	284	5	...	...	
Ground M.S.L.	1012 1016	284 ...	...	...	...	

1912. May 2.		7 h. 5m. G.M.T.		From Observations at Station		at 7 h.	at 18 h. G.M.T.	SOUNDING No., R. 177.	
		Height above M.S.L.	Pressure.	Temp.	PRESSURE (M.S.L.),	764 mm., 1019 mb.	763 mm., 1017 mb.	PLACE, PYRTON HILL.	
GREATEST HEIGHT		16 km.	...	...	TEMPERATURE,	285° A.	286° A.	Latitude, . . . . . 51° 38' N.	
LOWEST TEMPERATURE		11.4 km.	...	214° A.	VAPOUR PRESSURE,	...	...	Longitude, . . . . . 1° 1' W.	
BASE OF STRATOSPHERE		{ 11.0 km.	...	215° A.	GRADIENT WIND :—Direction,	270°.	280°.	Height above M.S.L., . . . . . 150 m.	
Type		No. 1.			Velocity,	8.2 m/s.	8.5 m/s.	PLACE OF FALL, Shepperton.	
					Correction for Curvature,	-0.5 m/s.	0 m/s.	Distance, . . . . . 45 km.	
					Final Components, { W. to E. 7.7 m/s.	8.4 m/s.	1.5 m/s.	and Orientation, . . . . . 145°.	
					{ S. to N. 0 m/s.				

TABLE OF HEIGHTS, PRESSURES, TEMPERATURES, AND HUMIDITIES.

Height above M.S.L.	Pressure.	Temperature.		Humidity.		REMARKS.
		Reading.	Fall per Km.	%	mb.	
km.	mb.	°A.	°C.	%	mb.	
16	104	224 221	0	...	...	The differences above 12 kms. are probably due in part to solar influence.
15	123	224 221	0	...	...	
14	142	224 221	-1 -2	...	...	
13	167	223 219	-1 -3	...	...	
12	195	222 216	-4	...	...	
11.8	200	...	6	...	...	
11	227	215	6	...	...	
10	264	221	6	...	...	
9.2	300	...	6	...	...	
9	308	227	6	...	...	
8	369	233	7.5	...	...	
7.3	400	...	8.5	...	...	
7	411	240.5	7	...	...	
6	474	250 248	50	0.6	...	
5.6	500	...	6	...	...	
5	541	256	6	...	...	
4.2	600	...	5	40 50	0.9 1.1	
4	618	263 261	5	90	3.3	
3.0	[700] 701	267	5.5	60 70	2.7 3.1	
2	[800] 796	272.5	5.5	100	6.5	
1	[900] 901	278	6			
Ground M.S.L.	999	284	...	...	...	Wind 238°, force 3. Low clouds.

9. The Upper Air: Soundings by Registering Balloons (R.) and Pilot Balloons (P.)—continued.

1912. May 13.	16 h. 0 m. G.M.T.			From Observations at Station.	at 7 h.	at 18 h. G.M.T.	SOUNDING No., R. 178.
	Height above M.S.L.	Pressure.	Temp.	PRESSURE (M.S.L.),	767 mm., 1022 mb.	765 mm., 1020 mb.	PLACE, PYRTON HILL.
GREATEST HEIGHT	14.3 km.	...	223° A.	TEMPERATURE,	285° A.	289° A.	Latitude, . . . . . 51° 38' N.
LOWEST TEMPERATURE	10.7 km.	...	216° A.	VAPOUR PRESSURE,	...	...	Longitude, . . . . . 1° 1' W.
BASE OF STRATOSPHERE	{ 10.7 km. 11.2 km.	...	216° A. 217° A.	GRADIENT WIND:—Direction,	Distribution of pressure irregular.		Height above M.S.L. . . . 150 m.
Type	No. 1.			Velocity,			PLACE OF FALL, Halstead.
				Correction for Curvature,	...	...	Distance, . . . . . 114 km.
				Final Components, { W. to E. ? S. to N. ?	?	?	and Orientation, . . . . . 73°.

TABLE OF HEIGHTS, PRESSURES, TEMPERATURES, AND HUMIDITIES.

Height above M.S.L.	Pressure.	Temperature.		Humidity.		REMARKS.
		Reading.	Fall per Km.	%	mb.	
km.	mb.	°A.	°C.	%	mb.	
14	...	221	...	...	...	
13	167	220 218	...	...	...	
12	195	219	0	...	...	
...	200	...	...	...	...	
11	...	217	...	...	...	
10	264	223 220	...	...	...	
9.2	300	...	5 6	...	...	
9	308	228 226	9 7	...	...	
8	356	237 233	7 8	...	...	
7.2	400	...	7 8	...	...	
7	411	244 241	7.5	...	...	
6	471	250	...	...	...	
5.6	500	...	5	...	...	
5	538	255	...	...	...	
4.2	600	...	7	...	...	
4	616	263 261	6	...	...	
3.0	[700] 698	269 267	3	...	...	
2.0	[800] 795	271	7	...	...	Balloon entered clouds nearly overhead at 2 km. Isothermal at 271° A., 1.8 to 2.2 km.
1.0	[900] 901	280 276	9 5	...	...	
Ground M.S.L.	[1000] 1001	289 281	...	...	...	Detached cu. Calm.

1912. May 25.	9 h. 50 m. G.M.T.			From Observations at Station.	at 7 h.	at 18 h. G.M.T.	SOUNDING No., R. 179.
	Height above M.S.L.	Pressure.	Temp.	PRESSURE (M.S.L.),	772 mm., 1029 mb.	771 mm., 1028 mb.	PLACE, PYRTON HILL.
GREATEST HEIGHT	13.4 km.	...	...	TEMPERATURE,	284° A.	285° A.	Latitude, . . . . . 51° 38' N.
LOWEST TEMPERATURE	10.5 km.	...	219° A.	VAPOUR PRESSURE,	...	...	Longitude, . . . . . 1° 1' W.
BASE OF STRATOSPHERE	{ 10.4 km. 10.5 km.	...	222° A. 219° A.	GRADIENT WIND:—Direction,	35	?	Height above M.S.L., . . . 150 m.
Type	No. 1.			Velocity,	?	?	PLACE OF FALL, near Bishops Waltham.
				Correction for Curvature,	...	...	Distance, . . . . . 40 km.
				Final Components, { W. to E. ? S. to N. ?	?	?	and Orientation, . . . . . 110°.

TABLE OF HEIGHTS, PRESSURES, TEMPERATURES, AND HUMIDITIES.

Height above M.S.L.	Pressure.	Temperature.		Humidity.		REMARKS.
		Reading.	Fall per Km.	%	mb.	
km.	mb.	°A.	°C.	%	mb.	
13	171	229 228	-1 -2	...	...	Balloon could not be picked up by the theodolite owing to proximity of the sun.
12	[200] 199	228 226	-5	...	...	A few clouds from N.
11	245	223 221	1 0	...	...	
10	271	224 221	...	...	...	
9.3	300	...	7 7.5	...	...	
9	314	231 228.5	7 7.5	...	...	
8	363	238 236	...	...	...	
7.3	400	...	7	...	...	
7	417	245 243	6	...	...	
6	478	251 249	...	...	...	
5.7	500	...	8	...	...	
5	544	259 257	...	...	...	
4.3	600	...	6 7	...	...	
4	621	265 264	...	...	...	
3.1	700	...	4	...	...	
3	705	269 268	1 4	...	...	Inversion 265° A. to 269° A. at 2.6 km. to 3.1 km. on one trace, 266° A. to 268° A. at 2.8 km. on the [other.
2	[800] 803	270 272	...	...	...	
1.1	900	...	8	...	...	
1	907	279	7	...	...	
Ground M.S.L.	1008	286	...	...	...	

Time is expressed in the hours 1 to 24 of civil reckoning.

Pressure is given in millibars (1000 mb. = 1 C.G.S. atmosphere = 750 mm. approximately).

Gradient Wind is taken to be tangential to the isobar and is computed by the formula  $\gamma = 2 \omega \rho V \sin \phi$ .

\*Base of Stratosphere.—TYPE 1.—When the stratosphere commences with an inversion, the height and temperature of the first point of zero temperature gradient are given.

TYPE 2.—When the stratosphere begins with an abrupt transition to a temperature gradient below 2° per km. without inversion, the height and temperature of the abrupt transition are given. TYPE 3.—When there is no such abrupt change of temperature gradient, the base is taken to be where the mean fall of temperature for the kilometer next above is 2° or less, provided that it does not exceed 2° for any subsequent kilometer. If some other position for the base seems to the tabulator to be more suitable, it is noted in the column for "Remarks."

Temperatures are expressed in degrees absolute (273° A = 0° C.).  
Heights are given in kilometers (km.).

# METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE OBSERVATORIES—GEOPHYSICAL JOURNAL.

JUNE 1912.—DAILY VALUES REFERRED TO GREENWICH MEAN TIME AND UNITS,  
BASED ON THE C.G.S. SYSTEM.

[Price 4d.]

Second Year.—No. 6.

*Meteorology, Solar Radiation, Seismology, Atmospheric Electricity, and Terrestrial Magnetism.*

## 1. SEISMOLOGICAL JOURNAL:—ESKDALEMUIR.—Lat. 55° 19' N. Long. 3° 12' W.

Date.	Microseisms.		Earthquakes.	Remarks.
	Period.	Amp.		
1	s	$\mu$	Iu, Ir.	1st Iu, P=0 h. 42 m. 1 s., S=0 h. 51 m. 3 s., L=1 h. 3 m., $\Delta=7640$ km. I, P=11 h. 39 m. 29 s., S=11 h. 43 m. 1 s., L=11 h. 44 m., $\Delta=2100$ km. $\alpha$ nearly true W. Epicentre 51° N. 34° W. 2nd I, Phases doubtful 12 h.-14 h. 3rd Iu, P=12 h. 44 m. 56 s., S=12 h. 54 m. 36 s., $\Delta=8400$ km. 4th I, Long waves 6 h. 9 m. 5th I, S=11 h. 43 m. Disturbed till 13 h.
2	4	0.4	I.	6th I, Long waves 6 h.-7 h. I*, Trains of long waves at frequent intervals from 16 h. continuing into 7th at 2 h. 7th I*, three distinct earthquakes between 4 h. and 9 h., only long waves clearly shown. Iu, S=10 h. 15 m. 2 s., L=10 h. 23 m. Iu, P=12 h. 34 m. 6 s., S=12 h. 44 m. 2 s., $\Delta=8750$ km. I, S=14 h. 37 m., L=14 h. 49 m. I, Long waves 18 h. Iu, P=18 h. 35 m. 3 s., S=18 h. 43 m. 45 s., $\Delta=7250$ km. I*, two small earthquakes between 22 h. and 24 h. Total for 7th, ten earthquakes.
3	4	0.6	I.	8th I*, three earthquakes 1 h., 2 h., and 3 h. Phases indistinguishable. Iu, P=4 h. 53 m. 22 s., S=5 h. 3 m. 16 s., $\Delta=8670$ km., I, S=6 h. 30 m., L=6 h. 42 m. Iu, P=7 h. 46 m. 18 s., S=7 h. 54 m. 48 s., $\Delta=7015$ km., I, Phases confused by end of preceding earthquake. Iu, P=13 h. 10 m. 8 s., S=13 h. 18 m. 40 s., $\Delta=7050$ km. Total for 8th, eight earthquakes.
4	4	0.4	I.	9th I, Long waves 3 h. 42 m.-4 h. 12 m. I, Long waves 5 h. 30 m. I, Long waves 7 h. 30 m. to 8 h. I, Long waves 8 h. 44 m.-9 h. 30 m. I, Horizontal records lost. From V record P=17 h. 25 m. 0 s., S=17 h. 47 m. I, Disturbed 22 h.-24 h.
5	3-4	0.3	I, I*.	10th Iu, P=16 h. 16 m. 44 s., S=16 h. 25 m. 29 s., $\Delta=7310$ km. I, Long waves about 23 h. 11th I, Long waves 2 h. 56 m. I, Long waves 7 h. 30 m.-8 h. 12th Iu, P=7 h. 15 m. 11 s., S=7 h. 23 m. 37 s., $\Delta=6940$ km. I, Long waves 11 h. 9 m. I, S=12 h. 55 m. 31 s., S=13 h. 5 m. 9 s., $\Delta=8360$ km. $\alpha$ nearly true W. Epicentre 12° N. 84° W. I, Long waves 18 h. 30 m. 13th I, Long waves 0 h. 37 m.-1 h. 10 m. I, Long waves 5 h. 30 m. I, Disturbance 8 h.-9 h. I, Disturbance 11 h.-12 h. I, Long waves 14 h. 30 m. 14th I, P=16 h. 5 m. Disturbed till 17 h. 30 m. I, S=23 h. 47 m. 30 s. Long waves about 24 h. 15th I, S=0 h. 34 m., Long waves about 1 h. I, L=6 h. 29 m., appearance of near earthquake. I, P=19 h. 3 m. 53 s., S=19 h. 8 m. 3 s., $\Delta=2560$ km. 16th Ir, P=12 h. 56 m. 11 s., S=13 h. 0 m. 3 s., $\Delta=2340$ km. I, P=18 h. 31 m. 28 s., S=18 h. 34 m. 51 s., $\Delta=2000$ km., $\alpha=54^\circ 6'$ W. of N. or +180°. Epicentre 62° N., 35 $\frac{1}{2}$ ° W. I, Feeble waves 15 h. 7 m.-15 h. 30 m. Iu, P (from V record)=11 h. 27 m. 10 s., S=11 h. 36 m. 16 s., $\Delta=7720$ km. I, Long waves 23 h. 13 m.-23 h. 30 m.
6	3-4	0.3	I, I, I, I, I, I.	17th I, L=2 h. 20 m. Iu, P=12 h. 8 m. 0 s., S=12 h. 18 m. 25 s., $\Delta=9290$ km. 26th I, Long waves 15 h. 30 m. I, between 17 h.-18 h. cylinder sticking at intervals, times very uncertain. 27th I, Long waves about 2 h. I, Feeble waves 15 h. 7 m.-15 h. 30 m. Iu, P (from V record)=21 h. 29 m. 45 s., S=21 h. 40 m. 25 s., $\Delta=9600$ km.
7	3	0.1	I*, Iu, Iu, I, I, I, I, I, I*.	28th I, Long waves between 19 h.-20 h. 29th I, Long waves 3 h. 30 m.-4 h. 0 m. I, P=8 h. 8 m. 30 s., S=8 h. 15 m. I, Long waves at 15 h. I, disturbed 20 h. 30 m.-21 h. 30th I, disturbed 8 h. 30 m.-9 h. I, Long waves between 16 h.-17 h. I, Long waves about 18 h. 10 m. I, Long waves 19 h.-19 h. 30 m.
8	3	0.1	I*, Iu, I, I, I, I, I, I.	
9	3	0.1	I, I, I, I, I, I.	
10	3	0.1	Iu, I.	
11	3	0.3	I, I.	
12	4-5	0.4	Iu, I, Iu, I.	
13	5-6	0.6	I, I, I, I, I.	
14	5-6	0.4	I, I.	
15	4-5	0.5	I, I, Ir.	
16	4-5	0.6	Ir, Ir.	
17	5	0.6	Iu, I.	
18	4-5	0.8	I, II.	
19	4-5	0.8		
20	4-5	0.5		
21	4-5	0.5		
22	4-5	0.5		
23	5-6	0.4		
24	4-5	0.4		
25	4	0.4		
26	4	0.5	I, I.	
27	4	0.3	I, I, Iu.	
28	4	0.4	I	
29	4	0.4	I, I, I, I.	
30	4	0.3	I, I, I, I.	

An explanation of the notation used is given in the preface.

## 2. VALENCIA OBSERVATORY, CAHIRCIVEEN (KERRY).—Lat. 51° 56' N. Long. 10° 15' W.

Heights above Mean Sea Level:—Station, H=9.2 m. Barometer Cistern, H<sub>b</sub>=13.7 m.

Heights above Ground:—Thermometers, h<sub>t</sub>=1.2 m. Rain-gauge, h<sub>r</sub>=0.6 m. Sunshine Recorder, h<sub>s</sub>=12.8 m. Cups of Anemometer, h<sub>a</sub>=13.7 m.

Day.	Pressure at Station Level.		Air Temperature in Degrees Absolute.				Humidity.				Wind Direction in points (8=E, 16=S) and Velocity (metres per second).		Cloud Amount and Weather.		Rain 24 hours beginning 10 h.	Sunshine.	Remarks.	Magnetism.				
	9 h.	21 h.	9 h.	21 h.	Max.	Min.	Vapour Pressure.		Percentage.		9 h.	21 h.	10 h.	22 h.				Horizontal Force.	Declination West.	Inclination.		
							9 h.	21 h.	9 h.	21 h.					9 h.	21 h.						
	mb.	mb.	200+	200+	200+	200+	millibar.		%	%	m/sec.		Tenths of Sky covered.		mm.	hrs.		7.	°	°		
1	1003.3	1003.6	85.7	85.3	90	79	11.2	11.2	75	79	28	3	30	7	0.3	13.3	Fine.	...	...	...		
2	1003.5	1003.6	84.7	83.4	87	80	8.5	8.8	63	69	31	8	28	3	2.0	9.6	☉ showers, but fair generally.	...	...	...		
3	994.1	992.6	85.3	80.1	86	77	10.2	8.8	72	87	15	7	—	1	11.7	6.5	☉ midday; misty.	...	...	...		
4	994.0	996.5	83.2	84.8	87	76	9.5	11.9	77	86	26	2	—	1	0.3	7.5	☉. Good visibility.	...	...	...		
5	1000.2	1004.2	86.9	86.2	90	84	12.2	12.2	78	80	4	4	—	1	10.00	8	Dull to fine; ∞	...	...	...		
6	1007.5	1009.7	86.8	86.1	90	84	12.6	12.9	80	85	2	4	31	3	—	5.9	∞. Fair.	...	...	...		
7	1009.7	1010.2	87.1	86.3	90	81	13.2	12.2	83	80	—	1	—	1	7.00	6	Fair; T occasionally.	17902	20	29.0	68	10.6
8	1009.7	1010.6	88.4	85.1	90	81	13.6	12.2	79	87	—	1	—	1	7	2	Fair.	...	...	...		
9	1009.8	1009.7	86.8	86.7	x 91	81	12.9	12.6	82	81	—	1	—	1	4	2	Fine.	...	...	...		
10	1005.3	1002.2	85.9	85.2	89	80	12.6	12.6	85	89	—	0	—	0	7	8	∞. Fair to T☉ showers.	...	...	...		
11	1005.5	1010.3	87.6	87.1	x 91	81	13.2	13.2	80	81	6	2	—	1	2	2	Fine.	...	...	...		
12	1012.1	1011.6	88.5	86.8	x 91	82	14.2	13.6	82	87	22	5	22	8	10	9	Dull, with fair intervals.	...	...	...		
13	1012.2	1013.1	86.3	85.0	88	84	11.5	11.9	75	86	22	9	21	2	10	10.00	Dull all day.	...	...	...		
14	1011.9	1014.5	87.0	86.2	89	84	14.9	12.2	95	81	21	8	24	6	10.00	5	Dull to fine; occasional ☉.	...	...	...		
15	1010.5	1009.3	86.1	85.9	89	84	14.6	12.2	96	82	18	7	22	8	10.00	10	Showery to fair.	...	...	...		
16	1011.5	1016.8	86.7	86.0	90	85	11.9	12.6	75	84	28	9	—	1	6	10	Fair; dull n.	...	...	...		
17	1010.9	1009.4	87.4	87.4	88	84	15.6	15.9	96	97	20	7	18	6	10.00	10.00	Misty and wet.	...	...	...		
18	1009.1	1009.0	87.6	87.1	89	87	15.9	15.6	96	98	19	6	16	6	10.00	10.00	☉ most of day.	...	...	...		
19	1007.0	1009.8	87.3	86.3	90	85	14.2	13.9	88	92	21	4	21	6	10	9	☉ to fair; showery later.	...	...	...		
20	1014.6	1013.9	86.8	86.6	90	85	13.9	13.6	88	88	22	6	15	6	10.00	10	Dull, with ☉.	...	...	...		
21	1006.8	1003.0	86.8	87.6	88	86	15.3	16.3	98	98	16	8	16	7	10.00	10.00	Gloomy and wet.	17897	20	28.2	68	9.6
22	1000.6	1001.3	86.5	86.5	90	86	14.2	13.9	93	90	21	3	16	5	7	7	☉ early. [out.	...	...	...		
23	1001.4	1004.5	87.1	86.4	89	85	14.6	13.9	90	90	20	4	21	6	9	10	Showers and fair intervals through.	...	...	...		
24	1010.1	1005.3	86.3	85.9	89	85	13.9	13.6	92	91	22	8	15	8	10.00	17.0	Dull to fair; ☉ after 20 h.	...	...	...		
25	995.1	1003.3	85.6	86.4	89	84	13.2	12.9	90	84	16	6	25	13	10.00	10	☉ 7 h. 30 m.; showery to fair.	...	...	...		
26	1014.6	1014.1	86.9	86.1	89	85	12.9	12.9	81	85	24	6	16	4	8	10	Very cloudy.	...	...	...		
27	1004.6	1004.7	87.1	85.7	x 91	85	15.6	12.9	98	89	16	5	20	2	10.00	10.00	☉, then fair to showery.	...	...	...		
28	1003.6	1004.6	86.8	85.7	90	84	13.6	12.6	88	86	21	2	—	1	6	3	Fair and clear.	...	...	...		
29	1009.3	1010.4	87.1	86.1	90	85	13.2	13.2	82	88	28	3	25	6	7	10	Fair and clear. Dull evening.	...	...	...		
30	1013.1	1017.6	86.9	86.5	88	85	12.9	12.6	82	81	29	8	29	9	8	10	Dull to fair, then squally.	...	...	...		
Means	1006.7	1007.7	86.6	85.9	89.2	83.1	13.2	12.8	85	86	4.9	4.3	8.1	7.7	197.2	5.61	Monthly Totals or Means.	17900	20	28.6	68	10.1
Normal 30 years	1014.4	1014.6	87.2	86.3	90.0	83.7	13.2	13.0	80	84	4.7	4.1	—	—	90.4	6.34	Normals, 40 years.	...	...	...		

3. KEW OBSERVATORY, SURREY.—Lat. 51° 28' N. Long. 0° 19' W.

Heights above Mean Sea Level:—Station, H=5.5 m. Barometer, H<sub>b</sub>=10.4 m.

Heights above Ground:—Thermometers, h<sub>t</sub>=3.0 m. Rain-gauge, h<sub>r</sub>=0.5 m. Sunshine Recorder, h<sub>s</sub>=14.3 m. Cups of Anemometer, h<sub>a</sub>=21.3 m.

Day.	Pressure at Station Level.		Air Temperature in Degrees Absolute.				Humidity.				Wind Direction in Points (8=E, 16=S) and Velocity (metres per second).		Cloud Amount and Weather.		Rain 24 hours beginning 10 h.	Sunshine.	Solar Radiation, Watts per cm <sup>2</sup> .	Min. Temp. on Grass.	Earth Temperature at 10 h.		Remarks.			
	9 h.	21 h.	9 h.	21 h.	Max.	Min.	9 h.	21 h.	9 h.	21 h.	9 h.	21 h.	10 h.	22 h.	mm.	hrs.		200 +	200 +	200 +				
	mb.	mb.	200 +	200 +	200 +	200 +	millibar.	%	%	m/sec.	m/sec.	Tenths of Sky covered.												
1	1005.1	998.9	88.7	87.2	92	81	12.9	13.2	73	83	7	3	5	4	100	0	—	76	87.4	85.1	⊕ 8 h.-9 h. Dull most of day.			
2	995.9	998.2	86.7	85.9	92	83	14.2	11.2	92	75	—	1	—	1	100	0	—	84	87.4	85.2	● α; fine later.			
3	997.1	1000.1	87.6	85.2	90	n 79	12.2	10.5	74	74	19	3	19	6	7	1	3.6	n 74	86.8	85.2	Fair till 11 h., then dull.			
4	996.0	992.9	85.2	84.1	90	82	12.6	10.9	88	83	18	2	—	1	7	9	8.4	2.3	76	86.4	85.2	Bright at intervals.		
5	999.3	1001.4	84.1	85.1	91	82	11.2	11.9	86	83	20	5	—	1	7	2	—	6.8	7.9	78	86.4	85.2	● early; fine most of day.	
6	1005.9	1009.2	88.2	86.8	92	82	11.9	12.6	68	79	19	5	19	2	3	0	3.1	10.7	10.6	78	86.9	85.2	● 16 h.; fine most of day.	
7	1009.0	1008.8	85.7	86.3	88	81	12.9	14.2	88	94	—	1	—	1	100	10	19.3	—	—	76	86.9	85.2	≡ before 7 h., then ≡.	
8	1010.5	1014.4	85.9	86.9	90	85	13.6	13.2	92	85	—	1	21	2	100	1	2.0	2.6	—	84	86.9	85.3	Dull to fair. [12 h.]	
9	1014.6	1012.1	89.1	87.0	93	85	13.6	11.9	76	75	18	2	16	2	9	7	3.6	6.0	—	79	87.4	85.3	⊕ 10 h. and 18 h. [12 h.]	
10	1009.7	1006.8	87.9	85.7	92	83	12.2	11.2	71	76	20	4	16	2	7	1	0.5	11.4	10.86	82	87.9	85.3	Fine most of day.	
11	1005.3	1007.1	89.1	89.2	93	82	12.2	13.2	68	73	5	5	4	3	6	10	0.8	7.2	—	75	87.8	85.5	Fine to fair.	
12	1009.9	1011.8	87.4	86.4	89	85	13.6	14.2	83	92	1	4	28	2	10	0	3.1	—	—	85	88.0	85.6	Dull throughout.	
13	1010.8	1010.7	88.7	86.8	92	83	13.2	10.9	76	70	22	4	23	3	8	1	—	9.6	—	77	87.6	85.7	Fine during day.	
14	1011.8	1010.4	88.4	87.9	93	82	11.9	14.2	67	84	24	4	20	5	6	7	—	8.5	—	76	88.0	85.7	Fine most of day.	
15	1011.9	1010.6	88.0	86.9	91	85	9.8	13.9	58	87	24	6	20	7	7	10	14.7	8.3	—	82	88.5	85.7	Fine α.; fair to dull p.	
16	1005.3	1014.0	85.9	87.4	90	84	11.5	11.9	79	72	24	5	—	1	9	10	1.3	6.9	—	83	88.1	85.8	● early. [12 h.-13 h.]	
17	1016.9	1014.8	88.0	87.5	91	83	12.2	15.6	73	95	25	3	18	4	10	10	0.8	0.3	—	78	88.2	85.8	Dull to fair.	
18	1015.2	1016.8	90.0	89.0	96	86	14.2	15.3	75	84	21	5	20	3	10	0	—	9.3	—	86	88.6	85.9	Overcast till 10 h., then fine.	
19	1011.9	1010.2	95.0	90.3	x 99	85	17.6	14.9	67	75	15	4	23	4	1	10	—	7.7	0.75	81	89.7	86.0	Fine most of day. ⊕ 17 h.	
20	1015.8	1018.4	89.1	88.4	93	85	12.6	12.2	69	70	21	5	22	3	9	1	—	5.5	—	82	89.8	86.1	Fair to fine.	
21	1017.9	1016.2	89.7	88.7	94	84	12.6	13.2	67	75	19	4	18	3	8	0	—	12.4	10.70	80	89.4	86.3	Fine.	
22	1013.3	1008.9	93.9	94.7	x 99	83	16.3	16.6	66	65	15	4	11	3	0	1	15.0	10.83	—	77	89.7	86.3	Very fine throughout.	
23	1010.2	1012.9	91.3	89.3	95	86	13.6	13.9	65	75	22	5	19	5	6	0	2.5	11.1	—	86	90.8	86.4	Fine, with good visibility.	
24	1013.4	1015.6	90.3	88.5	93	85	13.2	14.6	66	84	22	5	19	4	9	0	4.6	7.5	—	81	90.2	86.4	● occasionally. T 12 h.	
25	1011.7	1006.4	88.4	87.4	91	86	12.6	13.2	73	80	16	7	16	5	10	8	4.6	2.6	—	82	89.7	86.7	Dull till 16 h., then finer.	
26	1010.7	1018.7	89.2	88.6	93	86	13.6	12.6	75	72	20	5	22	3	7	1	—	9.5	10.66	83	89.1	86.8	Fine.	
27	1020.0	1016.9	88.8	88.1	92	85	12.6	13.6	71	79	19	4	15	2	8	9	1.0	3.3	—	81	89.2	86.8	Fair to dull.	
28	1011.7	1011.7	88.5	86.9	94	85	15.3	12.2	87	77	15	5	19	2	100	1	3.8	8.4	10.72	81	89.1	86.8	● 8 h., then fine and clear.	
29	1008.4	1008.9	88.8	86.3	92	83	16.3	13.9	92	90	16	5	—	1	8	7	0.8	4.0	10.64	78	88.7	86.8	Fine at times.	
30	1010.5	1009.5	88.7	88.0	91	84	14.2	13.2	81	78	20	3	—	1	9	8	—	2.6	—	81	89.1	86.8	Fair α.; dull p.	
Means	1009.5	1009.8	88.5	87.6	92.3	83.6	13.2	13.1	76	79	4.0	2.9	7.7	4.8	81.3	6.36	—	80.1	88.3	85.9	Monthly Totals or Means.			
Normal 40 years	1015.4	1015.2	88.2	87.5	92.8	83.4	12.2	12.4	71	75	3.6	2.7	—	—	57.2	6.44	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Normals, 40 years.

4. ESKDALEMUIR OBSERVATORY, DUMFRIESSHIRE.—Lat. 55° 19' N. Long. 3° 12' W.

Heights above Mean Sea Level:—Station, H=243.2 m. Barometer, H<sub>b</sub>=237.1 m.

Heights above Ground:—Thermometers, h<sub>t</sub>=0.8 m. Rain-gauge, h<sub>r</sub>=0.3 m. Sunshine Recorder, h<sub>s</sub>=1.5 m. Vane of Anemometer, h<sub>a</sub>=15.2 m.

Day.	Pressure at Station Level.		Air Temperature in Degrees Absolute.				Humidity.				Wind Direction in Points (8=E, 16=S) and Velocity (metres per second).		Cloud Amount and Weather.	Rain 24 hours beginning 10 h.	Sunshine.	Solar Radiation, Watts per cm <sup>2</sup> .	Min. Temp. on Grass.	Earth Temperature at 10 h.		Remarks.				
	9 h.	21 h.	9 h.	21 h.	Max.	Min.	9 h.	21 h.	9 h.	21 h.	9 h.	21 h.		mm.	hrs.		200 +	200 +	200 +					
	mb.	mb.	200 +	200 +	200 +	200 +	millibar.	%	%	m/sec.	m/sec.	Tenths of Sky covered.												
1	979.8	977.4	82.3	82.8	x 90	80	9.5	10.5	81	88	8	3	4	5	10	9	3.8	4.8	—	—	—	—	Fair till after 17 h. Distant T	
2	974.7	972.5	81.2	81.2	82	80	9.5	10.2	89	95	4	5	4	6	10	100	—	—	—	—	—	—	Dull and wet. [18 h.]	
3	970.2	968.7	82.3	82.1	85	81	11.2	11.2	94	97	4	6	4	6	100	100	5.8	—	—	—	—	—	Overcast throughout, with ●	
4	967.7	970.6	82.0	82.7	85	82	10.9	11.2	94	94	4	6	4	6	100	100	2.5	—	—	—	—	—	—	Generally overcast; frequent ●
5	972.8	975.9	83.0	82.2	84	82	10.9	10.5	89	90	4	9	4	8	100	100	1.5	—	—	—	—	—	—	Generally overcast; ≡.
6	977.0	980.3	82.4	81.7	85	81	10.5	9.8	88	88	32	6	32	3	9	6	0.8	0.8	—	—	—	—	—	Cloudy to overcast.
7	982.6	984.5	86.5	84.0	89	80	10.2	10.9	65	83	28	4	4	5	7	9	—	5.2	—	—	—	—	—	Fair to cloudy.
8	985.1	985.8	82.4	82.6	84	81	9.8	10.2	84	87	4	4	—	1	10	10	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Generally overcast.
9	985.8	985.2	86.2	84.2	x 90	81	10.9	11.5	71	86	—	1	—	1	8	9	1.8	3.6	—	—	—	—	—	Cloudy. [17 h.-18 h. 30 m.]
10	982.9	979.6	83.6	83.0	86	82	11.5	11.2	91	92	4	6	4	7	10	10	2.5	1.3	—	—	—	—	—	Dull and showery.
11	980.7	984.2	84.5	83.3	89	82	11.2	11.5	84	92	4	5	4	5	9	9	1.5	2.9	—	—	—	—	—	▲ 11 h. 30 m. T 13 h.
12	985.8	982.6	84.8	82.9	x 90	80	11.2	11.2	81	92	4	3	—	1	8	8	38.6	6.8	—	—	—	—	—	[12 h.] 15 h.-16 h. (quite local).
13	978.5	979.9	84.7	83.1	87	79	10.5	9.8	75	81	20	5	24	3	9	5	1.3	2.7	—	—	—	—	—	[12 h.] 2 h.-3 h.
14	982.7	978.6	83.1	82.6	87	82	10.9	10.5	87	90	—	0	20	6	10	10	6.4	1.0	—	—	—	—	—	Cloudy.
15	978.4	975.2	85.2	82.2	87	81	10.9	10.2	76	88	20	8	28	6	9	100	5.3	2.5	—	—	—	—	—	Cloudy to overcast.
16	976.9	984.4	81.5	81.4	84	78	8.5	9.5	76	86	4	5	—	1	10	9	—	0.2	—	—	—	—	—	Fair to dull.
17	987.3	982.9	83.8	82.3	87	n 77	7.5	9.2	57	79	24	3	—	1	5	10	—	8.9	7.0	—	—	—	—	Fair till noon, then cloudy. T
18																								

5. KEW OBSERVATORY.

Day.	Potential Gradient, Volts per metre. Factor 1·75.				Charge per cc. × 10 <sup>20</sup> .		Velocities of Ions for 1 volt per centimetre.		Conductivity × 10 <sup>25</sup> .	Air-Earth Current × 10 <sup>16</sup> .		Electric Character of Day.	Magnetic Character of Day.	Horizontal Force.			West Declination.						
	3 h.	9 h.	15 h.	21 h.	+	-	+	-		c <sub>1</sub>	c <sub>2</sub>			Maximum. 18000 γ +.	Minimum. 18000 γ +.	Range.	Maximum. 15° +.	Minimum. 15° +.	Range.				
	v/m.	v/m.	v/m.	v/m.	E.-m. U.	E.-m. U.	cm/sec.	cm/sec.	E.-m. U.	Amp/cm <sup>2</sup> .				γ	h m	γ	h m	γ	h m	γ	h m	γ	h m
1	255	495	±375	375								1	1	521	0 3	454	11 30	67	52·5	13 28	40·3	8 30	12·2
2	120	70	145	255								1	1	518	15 28	466	7 21	52	54·1	12 59	42·8	9 2	11·3
3	340	275	±290	290								1	1	512	18 2	406	10 48	46	53·1	12 38	42·3	8 19	10·8
4	130	15	50	85								2	0	508	18 52	470	12 53	38	51·2	13 15	41·2	8 10	10·0
5	70	155	170	340	850	910	0·0	0·05	0·05	0·10	0·85	2	0	509	18 53	461	10 43	48	50·2	13 40	41·4	7 46	8·8
6	10	120	145	130							1·15	1	0	513	19 0	471	13 44	42	50·6	13 2	41·8	7 33	8·8
7	130	505	±400	400								2	1	534	20 46	489	13 2	45	50·0	11 28	41·3	23 35	8·7
8	15	110	110	385								2	2	529	20 24	453	13 46	76	52·8	13 56	38·6	20 16	14·2
9	135	120	290	310								2	1	519	17 55	462	11 59	57	52·0	14 11	39·8	5 52	12·2
10	205	515	160	360	1370	1030						1	1	527	18 17	471	6 16	56	50·7	14 18	41·0	18 8	9·7
11	340	420	315	485	730	730	0·85	0·30	0·80	2·60	1·05	0	1	509	0 0	462	9 46	47	51·5	12 53	42·3	8 10	9·2
12	130	205	±205	205								1	0	513	17 39	462	10 38	51	51·8	13 50	41·4	7 55	10·4
13	280	190	60	195	880	600	0·40	0·00	0·35	0·20	0·15	0	0	511	16 28	466	9 23	45	51·1	13 28	40·6	7 20	10·5
14	170	205	130	230	420	390	0·45	0·00	0·20	0·25	0·50	0	0	524	18 32	478	10 22	46	54·0	14 2	41·3	7 42	12·7
15	145	130	70	155								1	0	522	18 47	479	7 55	43	53·4	13 33	41·2	7 8	12·2
16	105	190	120	220								2	0	526	17 23	477	11 45	49	51·4	14 0	40·1	7 33	11·3
17	240	325	145	—	580	1150	0·80	0·50	1·00	1·45	0·75	0	0	532	19 24	480	10 30	52	52·3	14 25	41·4	8 9	10·9
18	—	170	160	275	1060	760	0·50	0·60	1·00	1·60	0·70	0	0	524	19 50	481	11 39	43	53·4	12 24	40·6	7 32	12·8
19	50	240	105	170	1090	730	0·60	0·40	0·95	1·00	0·80	1	0	519	18 16	482	9 23	37	51·2	13 50	42·3	7 8	8·9
20	95	135	105	205	1120	1030	0·05	0·45	0·55	0·55	0·50	1	0	519	19 25	487	11 45	32	50·2	14 2	43·2	8 13	7·0
21	170	170	120	250	1720	1480	0·40	0·35	1·20	1·45	0·80	0	0	522	21 13	483	10 9	39	53·2	14 20	43·2	8 3	10·0
22	155	240	135	190	—							0	1	527	18 54	482	9 45	45	53·2	15 45	41·5	7 10	11·7
23	85	110	75	155	—							0	1	534	17 53	480	8 4	54	52·4	12 54	43·2	5 2	9·2
24	105	135	±325	325	—							2	0	518	19 9	471	8 58	47	54·3	13 10	41·7	7 31	12·6
25	155	160	110	220	—							1	0	522	1 13	479	7 15	43	50·7	12 32	41·0	7 10	9·7
26	160	190	170	180	—							0	0	510	17 35	469	8 49	41	52·2	12 36	42·5	7 5	9·7
27	120	190	120	215	850	760	0·50	0·25	0·65	0·75	0·70	0	1	543	23 36	460	8 49	83	53·2	12 40	41·3	7 8	11·9
28	120	170	160	325	—							1	1	521	18 24	481	8 18	40	52·7	12 58	41·8	6 19	10·9
29	170	±135	135	455	—							2	1	527	16 53	477	9 3	50	54·4	13 46	39·0	0 19	15·4
30	460	255	—	—	—							—	0	517	21 36	477	10 5	40	50·4	13 43	40·7	5 58	9·7
M.	125	183	136	241	—							—	—	521	—	473	—	48	52·1	—	41·4	—	10·8

Note.—The mean values of the Potential gradient in Table 5 are computed from the data for those days on which values at each of the four hours, 3h, 9h, 15h, 21h, are given in the table. A similar note applies to the values in Table 6.

6. ESKDALEMUIR OBSERVATORY.

Day.	Potential Gradient, Volts per metre. Factor 5·5.				Charge per cc. × 10 <sup>20</sup> .		Velocities of Ions for 1 volt per centimetre.		Conductivity × 10 <sup>25</sup> .	Air-Earth Current × 10 <sup>16</sup> .		Electric Character of Day.	Magnetic Character of Day.	North Component.				West Component.				Vertical Component. §						
	3 h.	9 h.	15 h.	21 h.	+	-	+	-		c <sub>1</sub>	c <sub>2</sub>			Maximum. 15000 γ +.	Minimum. 15000 γ +.	Maximum. 5000 γ +.	Minimum. 5000 γ +.	Maximum. 45000 γ +.	Minimum. 45000 γ +.									
	v/m.	v/m.	v/m.	v/m.	E.-m. U.	E.-m. U.	cm/sec.	cm/sec.	E.-m. U.	Amp/cm <sup>2</sup> .				h m	γ	γ	h m	h m	γ	γ	h m	h m	γ	γ	h m	h m	γ	γ
1	55	205	130	334	—						1 b	1	0 3	1049	969	11 31	14 35	256	200	8 32	20 10	347	336	0 10				
2	205	82	x	184	—						2 c	1	20 25	1052	986	12 8	15 27	260	200	9 4	20 20	348	327	11 25				
3	321	34	x	-41	—						1 b	1	18 0	1046	983	10 47	13 30	264	199	5 39	21 0	341	321	11 45				
4	89	171	396	232	—						1 b	1	18 47	1046	988	12 54	13 48	247	199	8 10	20 0	343	322	11 30				
5	157	184	-123	286	—						1 a	0	19 0	1043	986	11 27	14 5	243	197	9 6	19 50	342	329	11 30				
6	89	-846	-484	293	—						1 b	0	19 0	1043	989	10 57	19 15	242	201	8 0	20 50	338	320	11 40				
7	273	205	75	130	—						1 a	1	23 8	1061	1005	12 5	19 4	253	203	23 35	23 50	332	315	11 45				
8	164	61	102	150	—						0 a	2	20 20	1084	968	13 45	13 55	268	185	6 43	20 10	343	302	10 43				
9	157	102	102	-82	—						1 b	2	21 9	1055	969	11 58	15 36	263	185	6 43	18 50	343	309	2 40				
10	211	293	123	95	—						1 b	1	18 11	1077	986	11 31	14 58	257	193	0 5	18 37	345	310	1 0				
11	171	143	382	130	—						1 b	1	0 0	1039	977	11 35	12 57	254	206	8 6	22 0	342	325	0 0				
12	171	82	—	293	—						1 b	0	17 32	1043	991	10 38	13 56	260	199	7 53	21 0	344	238	1 10				
13	x	109	x	205	—						2 c	1	18 4	1044	986	10 34	15 35	252	197	7 18	18 40	345	325	11 10				
14	130	68	-280	-614	—						1 b	1	18 30	1044	1000	12 19	13 18	264	205	7 44	21 40	345	329	11 5				
15	136	164	95	—	—						1 c	0	18 15	1040	991	12 8	13 38	260	200	7 29	19 30	347	328	12 5				
16	307	75	—	—	—						1 b	0	17 30	1048	988	11 45	15 53	254	192	7 58	21 10	349	327	10 50				
17	—	—	157	184	—						1 a	1	19 23	1056	989	11 50	14 47	260	200	8 1	18 47	349	334	13 55				
18	177	682	171	218	—						1 a	1	19 12	1044	985	11 40	13 40	251	194	6 38	21 10	347	331	12 30				
19	218	232	211	x	—						1 b	0	19 57	1035	1003	10 52	14 38	247	201	9 0	21 0	345	321	11 40				
20	x	130	95	171	—						1 c	1	20 10	1040	996	12 10	19 0	243	205	8 49	24 0	345	329	14 0				
21	218	191	116	164	—						1 a	1	21 12	1046	993	10 37	14 17	259	207	8 3	21 0	351	329	11 40				
22	136	116	232	95	—						1 b	1	18 55	1044	996	11 37	15 30	262	202	7 7	24 0	351	340	12 0				
23	136	116	116	157	—						0 a	1	17 53	1061	997	9 54	14 44	261	201	7 38	21 0	364	338	11 40				
24	x	116	143	355	—						1 b	1	19 4	1039	987	12 52	13 40	263	194	7 32	23 50	367	347	0 0				
25	-34	143	130	143	—						1 b	1	1 3	1045	995	11 43	12 50	247	194	7 12	21 20	371	357	1 30				
26	136	143	75	314	—						1 b	1	20 32	1034	987	10 40	12 45	249	204	7 5	20 0	369	362	4 10				
27	157	143	41	102	—						1 b	1	23 30	1079	970	8 48	14 3	255	200	7 6	21 0	366	350	11 15				
28	177	x	109	211	—						1 b	1	18 22	1051	985	13 25	12 55	260	198	6 18	19 15	368	342					

7. Tables of Wind Components in metres per second at fixed hours, together with the mean velocity (horizontal movement) in metres per second for the hour with the maximum hourly run for each day, or the greatest velocity attained in a gust and the time of its occurrence.

HOLYHEAD. †§

Height of Head above—Roof 8.8 m., Ground 13.7 m., M.S.L. 19.2 m. Height of Cups above—Roof 4.6 m., Ground 7.3 m., M.S.L. 15.2 m.

DEERNES. †

Height of Cups above—Roof 1.5 m., Ground 4.9 m., M.S.L. 57.3 m.

Table with columns for Date, 3 h., 9 h., 15 h., 21 h., Max. in a Gust, Time of Gust, and corresponding data for Holyhead and Deerness. Includes sub-tables for S+N&W, W+E, S-N&W, W-E.

SCILLY. †§

Height of Head above—Ground 9.8 m., M.S.L. 49.7 m. Height of Cups above—Ground 5.8 m., M.S.L. 45.7 m.

GREAT YARMOUTH. †§

Height of Head above—Roof 10.7 m., Ground 12.8 m., M.S.L. 15.9 m. Height of Cups above—Roof 3.7 m., Ground 18.3 m., M.S.L. 22.3 m.

Table with columns for Date, 3 h., 9 h., 15 h., 21 h., Max. in a Gust, Time of Gust, and corresponding data for Scilly and Great Yarmouth. Includes sub-tables for S+N&W, W+E, S-N&W, W-E.

The velocities at fixed hours are means for the interval from 30 minutes before to 30 minutes after the hour. The hours are numbered 1 h. to 24 h. Time is referred to Greenwich Mean Time. † Robinson Cup Anemometer; Arms 0.305 m.; Diameter of Cups 0.127 m.; Factor 2.5. ‡ Dines Pressure Tube Anemometer. At Great Yarmouth, Holyhead, and Scilly the readings at fixed hours are taken from the Robinson Anemometer, the maxima quoted are the greatest winds in a gust as recorded by the Dines Pressure Tube.

8. The Lower Layers of the Atmosphere from the Surface to 3000 metres (10,000 ft.) above Mean Sea Level.  
Soundings by Kites (K.) and Pilot Balloons (P.).

BRIGHTON. K. 35. June 2. 10 h. 45 m. to 13 h. 5 m. G.M.T.											BRIGHTON. K. 36. June 6. 10 h. 15 m. to 12 h. 30 m. G.M.T.												
Soundings with Kites.	Height above M.S.L.	Pressure.	Temperature.		Humidity.			Density.	Wind.		Cloud Observations and Remarks.	Height above M.S.L.	Pressure.	Temperature.		Humidity.			Density.	Wind.		Cloud Observations and Remarks.	
			Reading.	Fall per km.	%	mb.	mgm/cc.		Direction.	Velocity.				Reading.	Fall per km.	%	mb.	mgm/cc.		Direction.	Velocity.		
Greatest height	metres.	mb.	°A.	°C.	%	mb.	mgm/cc.	Degrees from N.	m/s.		metres.	mb.	°A.	°C.	%	mb.	mgm/cc.	Degrees from N.	m/s.				
	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Overcast St., with slight rain at times, to clear with little ci.-st. Lowest clouds 465 m. above sea.	968	896.6	279.7	...	90	8.8	1.113	230	12		Overcast St., with rain showers at times. Kite not seen until drawn in to 100 m. Wind direction by wire.		
	1000	884.9	276.4	...	100	7.8	1.112	230	14		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...				
	500	940.6	280.6	8.4	96	10.0	1.163	?	?		500	948.8	281.8	4.4	90	10.2	1.168	?	?				
100 m. above ground	215	973.4	283.0		92	11.2	1.193	240	11		215	981.9	283.0		90	11.0	1.204	240	12				
Ground level	115	985.1	286.8	38	87	13.6	1.191	240	5.8		115	993.7	286.0	30	90	13.3	1.204	220	5.8				
Computed for M.S.L.	0	998.6	...	...	...	...	...	240	In centre of cyclone.		0	1007.4	...	...	...	...	...	245	7.3				
BRIGHTON. K. 37. June 8. 10 h. 30 m. to 12 h. 30 m. G.M.T.											BRIGHTON. K. 38. June 16. 10 h. 0 m. to 12 h. 10 m. G.M.T.												
Greatest height	1195	877.9	279.2	...	93	8.8	1.091	270	11	Overcast St., rain showers at times. Kite not seen above 500 m., wind direction by wire. Lowest cloud 300 m. above ground.	985	896.1	277.4	...	85	7.1	1.122	310	—		Clear air. Sky now and again covered by St.-Cu. and Cu.-Ni. Kite reached fringe of cloud. Wind very gusty at all altitudes varying between 13 and 20 m.p.s.		
	1000	899.0	280.3	5.5	92	9.3	1.113	?	?		...	...	10.5	...	...	...	...	...	...				
	500	954.8	283		88	10.7	1.171	270	10		500	950.5	282.5		75	8.8	1.168	300	—				
100 m. above ground	215	988.0	284.7	6.0	93	12.7	1.203	270	15		215	983.5	285.2	9.5	75	10.5	1.197	280	—				
Ground level	115	999.8	286.4	17	88	13.4	1.210	270	6.3		115	995.2	288	28	62	10.5	1.199	260	9				
Computed for M.S.L.	0	1013.5	...	...	...	...	...	260	10.4	...	0	1008.8	...	...	...	...	...	275	12.6				
BRIGHTON. K. 39. June 22. 14 h. 30 m. to 17 h. 0 m. G.M.T.											BRIGHTON. K. 40. June 23. 10 h. 0 m. to 12 h. 30 m. G.M.T.												
Greatest height	895	914.6	291.4	...	55	11.5	1.089	160	14	Clear sky throughout.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Half overcast, Fr.-Cu.		
	1500	...	...	4.1	...	...	...	...	...		1500	846.7	279	7.0	55	5.1	1.055	270	16				
	1000	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		1000	899.6	282.5		84	9.8	1.105	270	13				
	500	955.4	293	...	50	11.6	1.131	160	12		500	955.2	284	3.0	84	11.0	1.167	270	13				
100 m. above ground	215	987.4	294.5	5.3	50	12.7	1.162	140	11		215	988.2	285.7	6.0	84	12.1	1.200	240	13				
Ground level	115	998.8	296.1	16	52	14.5	1.169	120	6.3		115	999.9	289	33	84	15.1	1.199	240	9				
Computed for M.S.L.	0	1012.1	...	...	...	...	...	85	10.8	...	0	1013.5	...	...	...	...	...	260	11.5				
BRIGHTON. K. 41. June 26. 17 h. 30 m. to 18 h. 30 m. G.M.T.											BRIGHTON. K. 42. June 29. 10 h. 0 m. to 12 h. 30 m. G.M.T.												
Greatest height	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Clear sky.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Overcast St. and A. St. Lowest clouds 500 m. above sea, top clouds not reached.		
	1500	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		1500	842.9	275.8	7.6	82	6.1	1.062	200	15				
	1000	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		1000	896.1	279.6	4.8	85	8.3	1.113	230	14				
	500	959.5	288		78	13.2	1.155	280	13		500	952.0	282		100	11.5	1.171	230	16				
100 m. above ground	215	992.3	288.5	1.8	88	15.4	1.191	250	15		215	985.2	284	7.0	92	12.0	1.203	220	13				
Ground level	115	1004.0	289	5	88	15.9	1.203	260	8		115	996.9	288.5	45	82	14.2	1.198	220	6.7				
Computed for M.S.L.	0	1017.6	...	...	...	...	...	265	8.4	...	0	1010.5	...	...	...	...	...	240	12.0				

The computed wind at M.S.L. is the gradient wind at the nearest hour of observation at Telegraphic Reporting Stations, viz. 7 h., 13 h., or 18 h.





9. The Upper Air: Soundings by Registering Balloons (R.) and Pilot Balloons (P.).

1912. June 4.	18 h. 38 m. G.M.T.			From Observations at Station	at 8 h.	at 20 h. G.M.T.	SOUNDING No., R. 180.
	Height above M.S.L.	Pressure.	Temp.	PRESSURE (M.S.L.),	747.3 mm. = 996.2 mb.	746.0 mm. = 994.5 mb.	PLACE, PYRTON HILL.
GREATEST HEIGHT	16 km.	107 mb.	227° A.	TEMPERATURE,	285° A.	282° A.	Latitude, . . . . . 51° 38' N.
LOWEST TEMPERATURE	16 km.	107 mb.	227° A.	VAPOUR PRESSURE,	...	...	Longitude, . . . . . 1° 1' W.
BASE OF STRATOSPHERE	7.2 km.	384 mb.	230° A.	GRADIENT WIND :—Direction,	180°.	...	Height above M.S.L., . . . 150 m.
	7.5 km.	368 mb.	230° A.	Velocity,	11.3 m/s.	...	PLACE OF FALL, Piddington, Thame.
Type	No. 1.			Correction for Curvature,	-1.4 m/s.	...	Distance, . . . . . 13 km.
				Final Components, { W. to E. . . . .	...	...	and Orientation, . . . . . 335°
				{ S. to N. 9.9 m/s.	...	...	

TABLE OF HEIGHTS, PRESSURES, TEMPERATURES, HUMIDITIES, AND WINDS.

Height above M.S.L.	Pressure.	Temperature.		Humidity.		Wind.				REMARKS.
		Reading.	Fall per Km.			Direction.	Velocity.	Components.		
km.	mb.	°A.	°C.	%	mb.	Degrees from N.	m/s.	W. to E. m/s.	S. to N. m/s.	
16	107	227	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	Good trace.
15	123	228	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	Showery day, cold evening.
14	142	229	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	
13	164	230	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	
12	191	231	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	
11.7	200	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	
11	221	232	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	
10	256	233	1	...	...	160	5	-2	5	
9	296	233	0	...	...	160	5	-2	5	
8.9	300	...	-3	...	...	...	...	...	...	
8	341	230	...	...	...	145	5	-3	4	
7	395	234 231	2.5	...	...	170	5	-1	5	
6.9	400	...	9.5	...	...	...	...	...	...	
6	457	242	...	...	...	135	6	-4	4	
5.4	500	...	8	...	...	120	6	-5	3	
5	524	251 249	7	...	...	...	...	...	...	
4.0	[600] 598	257	7	...	...	145	5	-3	4	
3	683	264	7	...	...	155	4	-2	4	
2.8	700	...	6.5	...	...	...	...	...	...	
2	774	271 270	...	...	...	155	4	-2	4	
1.75	800	...	6.5	...	...	...	...	...	...	
1	878	278 276	...	...	...	160	3	-1	3	
0.8	900	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Ground M.S.L.	974 994.5	281 282	...	...	...	...	0	0	0	

TABLE OF HEIGHTS, PRESSURES, TEMPERATURES, HUMIDITIES, AND WINDS.

Height above M.S.L.	Pressure.	Temperature.		Humidity.		Wind.				REMARKS.
		Reading.	Fall per Km.			Direction.	Velocity.	Components.		
km.	mb.	°A.	°C.	%	mb.	Degrees from N.	m/s.	W. to E. m/s.	S. to N. m/s.	
15	123	223	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	Very good trace. Ci. and Ci.-cu. clouds coming up from 180°.
14	142	224	0.5	...	...	...	...	...	...	
13	165	224.5	-0.5	...	...	...	...	...	...	
12	194	224	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
11.8	200	...	-1	...	...	...	...	...	...	
11	224	223	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
10	262	217 215	-7	...	...	...	...	...	...	
9.1	300	...	9	...	...	...	...	...	...	
9	304	226 224	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
8	355	235 233	9	...	...	...	...	...	...	
7.2	400	...	7	...	...	...	...	...	...	
7	409	242 240	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
6	468	249 247	7	...	...	...	...	...	...	
5.5	500	...	8	...	...	...	...	...	...	
5	536	256	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
4.15	600	...	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	
4	611	261	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
3	694	268	7	...	...	...	...	...	...	
2.9	700	...	6	...	...	105	4	-4	+1	
2	791	274	...	...	...	40	8	-5	-6	
1.9	800	...	9	...	...	...	...	...	...	
1	893	283	...	...	...	50	11	-8	-7	
0.9	900	...	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Ground M.S.L.	988 1008	289 290	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Wind observations with one theodolite, subtense method.

## 9. The Upper Air: Soundings by Registering Balloons (R.) and Pilot Balloons (P.)—continued.

1912. June 6. 6 h. 40 m. G.M.T.				From Observations at Station. at 7 h. at 18 h. G.M.T.		SOUNDING No., R. 9.	
	Height above M.S.L.	Pressure.	Temp.	PRESSURE (M.S.L.)	753·4 mm. = 1004·4 mb.	756·1 mm. = 1008·1 mb.	PLACE, MANCHESTER.
GREATEST HEIGHT	12·3 km.	186 mb.	232·5° A.	TEMPERATURE,	285° A.	286° A.	Latitude, . . . . . 53° 27' N.
LOWEST TEMPERATURE	9·5 km.	283 mb.	223° A.	VAPOUR PRESSURE,	...	...	Longitude, . . . . . 2° 14' W.
BASE OF STRATOSPHERE	9·5 km.	283 mb.	223° A.	GRADIENT WIND:—Direction,	345°	290°	Height above M.S.L. . . . . 40 m.
Type	No. 1.			Velocity, Station near the centre of a cyclone.			PLACE OF FALL, Eyam, Sheffield
				Correction for Curvature,	...	...	Distance, . . . . . 42 km.
				Final Components, { W. to E. ...	...	...	and Orientation, . . . . . 110°.
				{ S. to N. ...	...	...	

TABLE OF HEIGHTS, PRESSURES, TEMPERATURES, AND HUMIDITIES.

Height above M.S.L.	Pressure.	Temperature.		Humidity.		REMARKS.
		Reading.	Fall per Km.	%	mb.	
km.	mb.	°A.	°C.	%	mb.	
12	192	232	...	...	...	
11	200	...	-2·5	...	...	
11	224	229·5	-4	...	...	
10	262	225·5	...	...	...	
9·1	300	...	1·5	...	...	
9	305	227	...	...	...	
8	355	235·5	8·5	...	...	
7·2	400	...	8·5	...	...	
7	409	244	8	...	...	
6	470	252	...	...	...	
5·5	500	255	6·5	...	...	
5	536	258·5	...	...	...	
4·1	600	...	6·5	...	...	
4	610	265	...	...	...	
3	692	271	6	...	...	
2·9	700	...	5	...	...	
2	784	276	...	...	...	
1·85	800	...	4	...	...	
1	889	280	...	...	...	
0·9	900	...	5	...	...	
Ground M.S.L.	1000	285	...	...	...	
	1004	285	...	...	...	

1912. June 6. 7 h. 0 m. G.M.T.				From Observations at Station. at 7 h. at 18 h. G.M.T.		SOUNDING No., K.C. 42.	
	Height above M.S.L.	Pressure.	Temp.	PRESSURE (M.S.L.)	755·9 mm. = 1007·8 mb.	756·9 mm. = 1009·1 mb.	PLACE, LIMERICK.
GREATEST HEIGHT	13·6 km.	...	...	TEMPERATURE,	285° A.	289° A.	Latitude, . . . . . 52° 38' N.
LOWEST TEMPERATURE	9·2 km.	...	221° A.	VAPOUR PRESSURE,	...	...	Longitude, . . . . . 8° 41' W.
BASE OF STRATOSPHERE	9·2 km.	...	221° A.	GRADIENT WIND:—Direction,	30°	360°	Height above M.S.L., . . . . . 15 m.
Type	No. 1.			Velocity,	6·6	8·8	PLACE OF FALL, Charleville.
				Correction for Curvature,	-0·6	-0·6	Distance, . . . . . 23 km.
				Final Components, { W. to E. -3·0	0·0	0·0	and Orientation, . . . . . 190°.
				{ S. to N. -5·2	-8·2	-8·2	

TABLE OF HEIGHTS, PRESSURES, TEMPERATURES, AND HUMIDITIES.

Height above M.S.L.	Pressure.	Temperature.		Humidity.		REMARKS.
		Reading.	Fall per Km.	%	mb.	
km.	mb.	°A.	°C.	%	mb.	
14	152	?	...	...	...	
13	164	?	...	...	...	Top of trace influenced by solar radiation.
12	191	?	...	...	...	
11·7	200	...	...	...	...	
11	222	226	...	...	...	
10	258	223	-3	...	...	
9	[300] 301	222	-1	...	...	
8	351	228	6	...	...	
7·1	400	...	7	...	...	
7	405	235	...	...	...	
6	465	245	10	...	...	
5·5	500	...	8	...	...	
5	534	253	...	...	...	
4·15	600	...	9	...	...	
4	611	262	...	40	1·1	
3	694	267	5	45	1·8	
2·9	700	...	4	...	...	Inversion of 264 to 267 at 2·8 km. on one trace, at 3·0 km. on the other.
2	791	271	...	100	5·3	
1·9	800	...	7	...	...	
1	892	278	...	95	8·2	
0·9	900	...	7	...	...	
Ground M.S.L.	1005	285	...	95	13·2	Cloudy, calm. Balloon rose vertically and then went S. by W.
	1008	285	...	...	...	

Time is expressed in the hours 1 to 24 of civil reckoning.

Pressure is given in millibars (1000 mb. = 1 C.G.S. atmosphere = 750 mm. approximately).

Gradient Wind is taken to be tangential to the isobar and is computed by the formula  $\gamma = 2 \omega \rho V \sin \phi$ .

\*Base of Stratosphere.—TYPE 1.—When the stratosphere commences with an inversion, the height and temperature of the first point of zero temperature gradient are given.

TYPE 2.—When the stratosphere begins with an abrupt transition to a temperature gradient below 2° per km. without inversion, the height and temperature of the abrupt transition are given.

TYPE 3.—When there is no such abrupt change of temperature gradient, the base is taken to be where the mean fall of temperature for the kilometer next above is 2° or less, provided that it does not exceed 2° for any subsequent kilometer. If some other position for the base seems to the tabulator to be more suitable, it is noted in the column for "Remarks."

Temperatures are expressed in degrees absolute (273° A = 0° C.).

Heights are given in kilometers (km.).

# METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE OBSERVATORIES—GEOPHYSICAL JOURNAL.

JULY 1912.—DAILY VALUES REFERRED TO GREENWICH MEAN TIME AND UNITS,  
BASED ON THE C.G.S. SYSTEM.

[Price 4d.]

Second Year.—No. 7. *Meteorology, Solar Radiation, Seismology, Atmospheric Electricity, and Terrestrial Magnetism.*

## 1. SEISMOLOGICAL JOURNAL:—ESKDALEMUIR.—Lat. 55° 19' N. Long. 3° 12' W.

Date.	Microseisms.		Earthquakes.	Remarks.
	Period.	Amp.		
1	4	0.4	Ir, I, I, I, I.	1st Ir, P=1 h. 5 m. 33 s., S=1 h. 8 m. 50 s., Δ=1930 km. α nearly true W. Epicentre 52° N. 32° W. I, S=3 h. 47 m. 34 s., L=3 h. 51 m. I, Disturbed 8 h. 30 m. I, Long waves 15 h. 1 m. I, Long waves 19 h. 28 m. 2nd I, S=3 h. 54 m. 36 s., L=4 h. 12 m. 3rd I, Long waves 14 h. 6 m. I, Disturbed 18 h. 19 m.-19 h. 4th I, S=1 h. 18 m. 52 s., L=1 h. 28 m. I, Long waves 13 h. 8 m. 6th I, Disturbed 17 h. 19 m.-17 h. 40 m. I, Disturbed about 21 h. 40 m.
2	4	0.3	I.	7th I, S=4 h. 16 m. 22 s., L=4 h. 27 m. I, Long waves 7 h.-7 h. 47 m. IIIu, P=8 h. 7 m. 35 s., S=8 h. 15 m. 41 s., Δ=6550 km. α=16° 23' W. of N. Epicentre 63° N. 151° W. I, Disturbed 13 h.-14 h. I, Disturbed 17 h. I, Disturbed 18 h. 30 m. I, Long waves, 20 h. 16 m. Iu, P=23 h. 0 m. 32 s., S=23 h. 10 m. 46 s., Δ=9060 km. α=66° 2' W. of S. Epicentre 6° S. 68½° W. 8th I, S=17 h. 2 m. 7 s., L=17 h. 18 m. Iu, P=23 h. 3 m. 46 s., S=22 h. 11 m. 54 s., Δ=6590 km. α=14° 2' W. of N. Epicentre 63½° N. 155½° W. 9th Iu, P=8 h. 28 m. 18 s., S=8 h. 36 m. 19 s., Δ=6460 km. α=45° E. of S. Epicentre 5' 3' N. 33° 9' E. I, Long waves 19 h. 7 m.-19 h. 25 m. I, Long waves 23 h. 27 m.
3	4	0.2	I, I.	10th I, Disturbed 3 h. 46 m.-4 h. 10 m. I, Disturbed about 23 h. 15 m. 11th I, Long waves 4 h. 54 m. I, L=7 h. 25 m. (Type South European.) 13th I, Long waves about 6 h. 36 m. I, Long waves about 12 h. 3 m. Iu, S=14 h. 55 m. 59 s., L=15 h. 6 m. I, Disturbed 21 h. 9 m.-21 h. 39 m. 14th Iu, P=9 h. 0 m., S=9 h. 13 m. Not sharply defined. I, Disturbed 20 h.-21 h. 15th I, Long waves about 23 h. 37 m. 16th I, L=1 h. 49 m. I, Long waves about 3 h.
4	4	0.2	Iu, I.	17th I, S=12 h. 53 m. Disturbed till 14 h. 7 m. I, Disturbed about 14 h. 30 m. Iu, P=20 h. 58 m., S=21 h. 6 m. I, L=23 h. 48 m., S=2 h. 59 m., L=3 h. 22 m. I, Horizontal components lost. Start 8 h. 1 m., end 10 h. I, Disturbed 11 h.-12 h. 30 m. I, Long waves 17 h. 38 m. I, Long waves 18 h. 30 m.-19 h. 10 m. 27th I, Long waves 2 h. 2 m.-2 h. 40 m.
5	4-5	0.3	I, I.	21st I, Long waves about 13 h. 15 m. II, Probably multiple earthquake, P=23 h. 23 m. 14 s., L=23 h. 46 m. 26th I, P=2 h. 48 m., S=2 h. 59 m., L=3 h. 22 m. I, Horizontal components lost. Start 8 h. 1 m., end 10 h. I, Disturbed 11 h.-12 h. 30 m. I, Long waves 17 h. 38 m. I, Long waves 18 h. 30 m.-19 h. 10 m. 27th I, Long waves 2 h. 2 m.-2 h. 40 m.
6	4-5	0.3	I, I.	24th Iu, P=12 h. 11 m. 55 s., S=12 h. 22 m. 13 s., Δ=9140 km. α=64° 35' W. of S. Epicentre 7° 32' S., 67° 46' W. I, Small disturbance 18 h. 16 m.-18 h. 26 m. I, Disturbed 22 h. 30 m.-23 h. Iu, P=23 h. 36 m. 14 s., S=23 h. 46 m. 15 s., Δ=8820 km.
7	4-5	0.2	I, I, IIIu, I, I, I, Iu.	25th I, Long waves about 13 h. 15 m. II, Probably multiple earthquake, P=23 h. 23 m. 14 s., L=23 h. 46 m. 26th I, P=2 h. 48 m., S=2 h. 59 m., L=3 h. 22 m. I, Horizontal components lost. Start 8 h. 1 m., end 10 h. I, Disturbed 11 h.-12 h. 30 m. I, Long waves 17 h. 38 m. I, Long waves 18 h. 30 m.-19 h. 10 m. 27th I, Long waves 2 h. 2 m.-2 h. 40 m.
8	5	0.3	I, Iu.	28th I, Disturbed 1 h. 36 m.-1 h. 43 m. 30th I, S=5 h. 7 m., L=5 h. 16 m.
9	4-5	0.4	Iu, I, I.	31st I, Long waves 8 h. 34 m. 3 earthquakes Ir, P=10 h. 39 m. 10 s. S=10 h. 41 m. 43 s. Δ=1460 km. P=10 h. 49 m. 56 s. S=10 h. 52 m. 5 s. Δ=1210 km. P=10 h. 59 m. 9 s. S=11 h. 1 m. 27 s. Δ=1300 km. } Vicinity of Iceland.
10	5	0.6	I, I.	I, L=17 h. 54 m. I, L=19 h. 16 m. I, L=20 h. 25 m.
11	5	0.6	I, I.	
12	5	0.5	I, I, Iu, I.	
13	4	0.2	Iu, I.	
14	4-5	0.2	I, I.	
15	5	0.6	I.	
16	4-5	0.2	I, I.	
17	4-5	0.2	I, I, Iu, I.	
18	4	0.1	Iu*	
19	4	0.2	I.	
20	4	0.2	I.	
21	4	0.1	I.	
22	4	0.1	I.	
23	4	0.1	I, Iu.	
24	4	0.2	Iu, I, I, Iu.	
25	3-4	0.1	I, II.	
26	4	0.1	I, I, I, I, I.	
27	4-5	0.2	I, I.	
28	4	0.2	I.	
29	4-5	0.4	I.	
30	4-5	0.7	I.	
31	4-5	0.5	I, Ir, Ir, Ir, I, I, I.	

An explanation of the notation used is given in the preface.

## 2. VALENCIA OBSERVATORY, CAHIRCIVEEN (KERRY).—Lat. 51° 56' N. Long. 10° 15' W.

Heights above Mean Sea Level :—Station, H=9.2 m. Barometer Cistern, H<sub>b</sub>=13.7 m.

Heights above Ground :—Thermometers, h<sub>t</sub>=1.2 m. Rain-gauge, h<sub>r</sub>=0.6 m. Sunshine Recorder, h<sub>s</sub>=12.8 m. Cups of Anemometer, h<sub>a</sub>=13.7 m.

Day.	Pressure at Station Level.		Air Temperature in Degrees Absolute.				Humidity.				Wind Direction in points (8=E, 16=S) and Velocity (metres per second).		Cloud Amount and Weather.		Rain 24 hours beginning 10 h.	Sunshine.	Remarks.	Magnetism.					
	9 h.	21 h.	9 h.	21 h.	Max.	Min.	Vapour Pressure.		Percentage.		9 h.	21 h.	10 h.	22 h.				Horizontal Force.	Declination West.	Inclination.			
							9 h.	21 h.	9 h.	21 h.													
	mb.	mb.	200+	200+	200+	200+	millibar.		%	%	m/sec.	m/sec.	Tenths of Sky covered.		mm.	hrs.		γ.	°	'			
1	1019.8	1021.1	86.2	85.7	88	85	11.9	12.2	77	83	29	8	31	8	8	10	1.3	1.3	...	...	...		
2	1020.6	1020.9	86.8	86.2	88	85	12.2	11.5	78	76	2	6	1	8	8	7	—	0.9	...	...	...		
3	1018.9	1020.7	86.2	86.7	87	85	11.5	13.2	75	85	2	6	—	1	10	6	—	—	...	...	...		
4	1023.3	1024.9	89.5	88.2	93	85	13.9	14.2	75	83	6	5	—	0	∞	3∞	—	12.5	...	...	...		
5	1022.7	1020.2	88.7	87.9	93	84	15.6	15.6	89	94	—	0	16	2	7∞	10=0	2.0	6.9	...	...	...		
6	1017.1	1015.2	88.4	87.1	90	87	15.6	14.6	90	92	—	0	27	3	10=0	10	0.5	0.1	...	...	...		
7	1013.4	1011.0	87.4	84.6	88	84	14.2	12.6	86	92	16	5	26	2	10=0	8	6.9	0.5	...	...	...		
8	1014.8	1017.1	86.4	85.1	89	84	11.9	12.2	76	87	22	7	20	3	5	2	—	9.5	...	...	...		
9	1014.8	1009.7	87.8	86.3	90	84	12.6	11.9	75	78	16	5	15	5	8	8	2.0	8.2	178.96	20	26.4	68	10.8
10	1002.7	1008.2	87.4	85.7	89	84	15.6	12.6	96	86	16	6	23	2	10=0	4	0.5	3.4	...	...	...		
11	1010.2	1007.9	86.5	86.2	90	83	12.9	12.2	83	80	15	2	—	1	10	10	3.8	2.7	...	...	...		
12	1007.8	1015.7	85.7	85.7	89	83	11.2	11.5	76	79	30	3	30	4	6	4	—	5.4	...	...	...		
13	1020.9	1021.9	86.9	86.5	90	82	11.9	12.2	74	78	31	3	—	1	4	1	—	11.3	...	...	...		
14	1021.2	1022.0	87.6	87.1	91	n 80	13.6	13.9	81	86	—	0	26	2	1	8	—	13.8	...	...	...		
15	1022.5	1022.1	88.9	92.0	n 97	82	14.2	16.3	79	75	—	0	—	1	0	0	—	14.0	...	...	...		
16	1020.8	1019.9	93.1	93.2	96	88	15.9	18.0	68	77	7	8	6	3	0	5∞	—	13.3	...	...	...		
17	1019.8	1020.6	91.3	89.4	94	87	14.9	14.6	72	79	8	8	3	6	0∞	3∞	—	11.6	...	...	...		
18	1021.9	1021.1	88.4	86.2	90	85	11.5	11.9	68	78	3	6	32	11	2∞	2	—	12.9	...	...	...		
19	1020.8	1020.5	87.3	86.2	89	85	11.5	11.9	71	77	32	7	32	7	5∞	4	—	12.8	...	...	...		
20	1019.1	1017.7	86.8	86.5	89	85	11.5	12.9	72	84	2	6	31	3	3∞	3	—	9.6	...	...	...		
21	1015.7	1013.4	86.9	86.3	89	85	12.2	13.9	76	92	2	3	32	2	10	10	4.3	—	...	...	...		
22	1010.7	1011.2	88.1	87.4	92	86	15.9	15.9	93	98	—	1	—	0	9	10=0	11.2	0.4	...	...	...		
23	1008.5	1006.4	88.5	88.3	90	87	15.3	14.2	87	83	8	4	9	3	10	10	5.6	—	178.89	20	26.0	68	10.6
24	1004.0	1003.9	89.3	87.8	92	87	13.9	12.9	75	77	7	4	—	1	8	8	9.4	5.2	...	...	...		
25	1001.2	1003.6	88.5	87.2	90	86	14.6	14.6	85	90	21	2	16	3	10=0	7	1.3	0.4	...	...	...		
26	1004.5	1005.0	89.1	86.2	92	85	14.9	13.9	83	93	16	2	4	2	6	3	1.0	6.3	...	...	...		
27	1002.0	1000.8	86.7	86.2	90	83	13.9	13.9	90	92	—	0	—	0	10	2	—	8.4	...	...	...		
28	997.3	997.0	86.8	85.4	89	82	14.9	12.2	95	86	27	8	22	7	10=0	7	2.5	0.7	...	...	...		
29	994.5	998.9	86.8	85.6	88	84	11.9	13.2	77	91	22	12	26	6	7	10=0	1.8	3.4	...	...	...		
30	1006.0	1007.2	86.2	85.4	89	84	11.5	12.2	75	85	26	6	22	2	6	10	9.7	6.7	...	...	...		
31	996.8	1002.8	84.2	85.3	87	84	12.2	11.5	91	81	1	9	31	8	10=0	9	4.2	4.2	...	...	...		
Means	1012.7	1013.2	87.7	86.9	90.1	84.5	13.4	13.4	80	84	4.6	3.5	6.5	6.1	76.5	5.78	—	—	178.93	20	26.2	68	10.7
Normal 40 years	1013.9	1014.4	88.3	87.4	90.8	85.2	14.6	14.2	83	86	4.7	4.0	—	—	99.5	5.06	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

3. KEW OBSERVATORY, SURREY.—Lat. 51° 28' N. Long. 0° 19' W.

Heights above Mean Sea Level :—Station, H = 5.5 m. Barometer, H<sub>b</sub> = 10.4 m.

Heights above Ground :—Thermometers, h<sub>t</sub> = 3.0 m. Rain-gauge, h<sub>r</sub> = 0.5 m. Sunshine Recorder, h<sub>s</sub> = 14.3 m. Cups of Anemometer, h<sub>a</sub> = 21.3 m.

Table with 20 columns: Day, Pressure at Station Level, Air Temperature in Degrees Absolute, Humidity (Vapour Pressure, Percentage), Wind Direction in Points and Velocity, Cloud Amount and Weather, Rain 24 hours beginning 10 h., Sunshine, Solar Radiation, Min. Temp. on Grass, Earth Temperature at 10 h., Remarks. Includes data for days 1-31 and monthly means.

4. ESKDALEMUR OBSERVATORY, DUMFRIESSHIRE.—Lat. 55° 19' N. Long. 3° 12' W.

Heights above Mean Sea Level :—Station, H = 243.2 m. Barometer, H<sub>b</sub> = 237.1 m.

Heights above Ground :—Thermometers, h<sub>t</sub> = 0.8 m. Rain-gauge, h<sub>r</sub> = 0.3 m. Sunshine Recorder, h<sub>s</sub> = 1.5 m. Vane of Anemometer, h<sub>a</sub> = 15.2 m.

Table with 20 columns: Day, Pressure at Station Level, Air Temperature in Degrees Absolute, Humidity (Vapour Pressure, Percentage), Wind Direction in Points and Velocity, Cloud Amount and Weather, Rain 24 hours beginning 10 h., Sunshine, Solar Radiation, Min. Temp. on Grass, Earth Temperature at 10 h., Remarks. Includes data for days 1-31 and monthly means.

The solar radiation is the mean of the readings within the nominal hour of observation (11 h. 30 m.—12 h. 30 m.) unless some other hour is specified.

5. KEW OBSERVATORY.

Table with columns: Day, Potential Gradient (Volts per metre, Factor 1.70), Charge per cc. (x 10^20), Velocities of Ions (cm/sec), Air-Earth Current (x 10^16), Electric Character of Day, Magnetic Character of Day, Horizontal Force (Maximum, Minimum, Range), West Declination (Maximum, Minimum, Range).

Note.—The mean values of the Potential gradient in Table 5 are computed from the data for those days on which values at each of the four hours, 3h, 9h, 15h, 21h, are given in the table. A similar note applies to the values in Table 6.

6. ESKDALEMUIR OBSERVATORY.

Table with columns: Day, Potential Gradient (Volts per metre, Factor 5.5), Charge per cc. (x 10^20), Velocities of Ions (cm/sec), Air-Earth Current (x 10^16), Electric Character of Day, Magnetic Character of Day, North Component (Maximum, Minimum), West Component (Maximum, Minimum), Vertical Component (Maximum, Minimum).

x Indeterminate.

An explanation of the Headings of the columns is given in the Preface.

7. Tables of Wind Components in metres per second at fixed hours, together with the mean velocity (horizontal movement) in metres per second for the hour with the maximum hourly run for each day, OR the greatest velocity attained in a gust and the time of its occurrence.

HOLYHEAD. †‡

Height of Head above—Roof 8.8 m., Ground 13.7 m., M.S.L. 19.2 m. Height of Cups above—Roof 4.6 m., Ground 7.6 m., M.S.L. 15.2 m.

DEERNESS. †

Height of Cups above—Roof 1.5 m., Ground 4.9 m., M.S.L. 57.3 m.

Main table containing wind data for Holyhead and Deerness. Columns include Date, 3h, 9h, 15h, 21h, Max. in a Gust, and Time of Gust. Data is presented in multiple columns for each station.

SCILLY. †‡

Height of Head above—Ground 9.8 m., M.S.L. 49.7 m. Height of Cups above—Ground 5.8 m., M.S.L. 45.7 m.

GREAT YARMOUTH. †‡

Height of Head above—Roof 10.7 m., Ground 12.8 m., M.S.L. 15.9 m. Height of Cups above—Roof 3.7 m., Ground 18.3 m., M.S.L. 22.3 m.

Main table containing wind data for Scilly and Great Yarmouth. Columns include Date, 3h, 9h, 15h, 21h, Max. in a Gust, and Time of Gust. Data is presented in multiple columns for each station.

The velocities at fixed hours are means for the interval from 30 minutes before to 30 minutes after the hour. The hours are numbered 1 h. to 24 h. Time is referred to Greenwich Mean Time. † Robinson Cup Anemometer; Arms 0.305 m.; Diameter of Cups 0.127 m.; Factor 2.8. ‡ Dines Pressure Tube Anemometer. At Great Yarmouth, Holyhead, and Scilly the readings at fixed hours are taken from the Robinson Anemometer, the maxima quoted are the greatest winds in a gust as recorded by the Dines Pressure Tube.









## 9. The Upper Air: Soundings by Registering Balloons (R.) and Pilot Balloons (P.)—continued.

1912. July 3.	7 h. 0 m. G.M.T.			From Observations at Station	at 7 h.	at 18 h. G.M.T.	SOUNDING No., R. 198.
	Height above M.S.L.	Pressure.	Temp.	PRESSURE (M.S.L.)	1021 mb.	1024 mb.	PLACE, CRINAN, N.B.
GREATEST HEIGHT	16.0 km.	110 mb.	225° A.	TEMPERATURE,	284° A.	286° A.	Latitude, . . . . . 56° 5' N.
LOWEST TEMPERATURE	13-14 km.	170-149 mb.	223° A.	VAPOUR PRESSURE,	...	...	Longitude, . . . . . 5° 31' W.
BASE OF STRATOSPHERE	{ 10.6 km.	244 mb.	224° A.	GRADIENT WIND:—Direction,	50°	Station in centre of a wedge of high pressure.	Height above M.S.L., . . . . . 5 m.
Type	No. 2.	...	227° A.	Velocity,	6.4 m/s.		PLACE OF FALL, Knocknacarry.
				Correction for Curvature,	+0.5 m/s.		Distance, . . . . . 110 km.
				Final Components, { W. to E. - 5.3 m/s.			and Orientation, . . . . . 198°.

TABLE OF HEIGHTS, PRESSURES, TEMPERATURES, HUMIDITIES, AND WINDS.

Height above M.S.L.	Pressure.	Temperature.		Humidity.	Wind.			REMARKS.		
		Reading.	Fall per km.		Direction.	Velocity.	Components.			
km.	mb.	°A.	°C.	%	mb.	Degrees from N.	m/s.	W. to E. S. to N.	m/s.	m/s.
16.0	109	225	-1	2	...	...	...	...	...	...
15.0	126	224 227	-1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
14.0	149	223 228	0	0	...	...	...	...	...	...
13.0	170	223 228	1	-1	...	...	...	...	...	...
12.0	197	224 227	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
11.91	200	...	0	0	...	...	...	...	...	...
11.0	229	224 227	3	2	...	...	...	...	...	...
10.0	268	227 229	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
9.22	300	...	5	5	...	...	...	...	...	...
9.0	310	232 234	5	5	...	...	...	...	...	...
8.0	368	237 239	6	6	...	...	...	...	...	...
7.20	400	...	7	7	...	...	...	...	...	...
7.0	412	243 245	7	7	...	...	...	...	...	...
6.0	473	250 252	5	6	...	...	...	...	...	...
5.58	500	...	8	7	...	...	...	...	...	...
5.0	541	255 258	...	...	...	29	8.6	-5	-9	Balloon lost behind clouds.
4.21	600	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
4.0	618	263 265	...	...	...	49	10.6	-8	-7	...
3.02	700	...	9	7	...	...	...	...	...	...
3.0	702	272	...	...	...	37	10.0	-6	-8	...
2.0	795	276 273	4	1	...	45	4.3	-3	-3	...
1.95	800	...	3	4	...	...	...	...	...	...
1.02	900	...	6	8	...	135	1.4	1	-1	...
1.0	902	279 277	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Ground M.S.L.	1019	285	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	1019	285	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

TABLE OF HEIGHTS, PRESSURES, TEMPERATURES, HUMIDITIES, AND WINDS.

Height above M.S.L.	Pressure.	Temperature.		Humidity.	Wind.			REMARKS.		
		Reading.	Fall per km.		Direction.	Velocity.	Components.			
km.	mb.	°A.	°C.	%	mb.	Degrees from N.	m/s.	W. to E. S. to N.	m/s.	m/s.
14	146	223	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
13	168	224	-1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
12	196	223	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
11.71	200	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
11.0	227	224	-3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
10.0	262	221	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
9.04	300	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
9.0	306	223	7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
8.0	353	230	10	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
7.11	400	...	7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
7.0	408	240	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
6.0	470	247	7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
5.52	500	...	7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
5.0	538	254	7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
4.16	600	...	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
4.0	614	261	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3.0	698	267	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2.97	700	...	7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2.0	790	273	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
1.00	800	...	7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
1.0	892	280	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
.93	900	...	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Ground M.S.L.	997	286	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	1013	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

SOUNDING No., R. 191.

PLACE, PYRTON HILL.

Latitude, . . . . . 51° 38' N.

Longitude, . . . . . 1° 1' W.

Height above M.S.L., . . . . . 150 m.

PLACE OF FALL, Exeter.

Distance, . . . . . 205 km.

and Orientation, . . . . . 240°.

TABLE OF HEIGHTS, PRESSURES, TEMPERATURES, HUMIDITIES, AND WINDS.

9. The Upper Air: Soundings by Registering Balloons (R.) and Pilot Balloons (P.).—continued.

1912. July 5. 7 h. 0 m. G.M.T.				From Observations at Station		at 7 h.	at 18 h. G.M.T.	SOUNDING No., R. 193.	
Height above M.S.L.		Pressure.	Temp.	PRESSURE (M.S.L.),	1026 mb.	1026 mb.	PLACE, PYRTON HILL.		
GREATEST HEIGHT 15.8 km.		...	225° A.	TEMPERATURE,	287° A.	287° A.	Latitude, . . . . . 51° 38' N.		
LOWEST TEMPERATURE 11.2 km.		...	221° A.	VAPOUR PRESSURE,	...	...	Longitude, . . . . . 1° 1' W.		
BASE OF STRATOSPHERE { 11.2 km. ... 221° A.		...	225° A.	GRADIENT WIND :—Direction,	85°.	95°.	Height above M.S.L., . . . 150 m.		
Type No. I.		...	...	Velocity,	9.4 m/s.	12.3 m/s.	PLACE OF FALL, Dursley.		
		...	...	Correction for curvature,	0 m/s.	0 m/s.	Distance, . . . . . 90 km.		
		...	...	Final Components, { W. to E. -9.4 m/s.	-12.3 m/s.	1.1 m/s.	and Orientation, . . . . . 273°.		
		...	...	{ S. to N. -0.8 m/s.					

TABLE OF HEIGHTS, PRESSURES, TEMPERATURES, HUMIDITIES, AND WINDS.

Height above M.S.L.	Pressure.	Temperature.		Humidity.	Wind.			REMARKS.
		Reading.	Fall per km.		Direction.	Velocity.	Components.	
km.	mb.	°A.	°C.	%	mb.	Degrees from N.	m/s.	W. to E. S. to N. m/s. m/s.
15.0	129	223 226	-1 2	...	...	...	...	...
14.0	149	222 228	0 -2	...	...	...	...	...
13.0	174	222 226	...	...	...	...	...	...
12.05	200	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
12.0	202	222 227	0 1	...	...	...	...	...
11.0	237	221.5 226	-0.5 -1	...	...	...	...	...
10.0	274	225 229	3.5 3	...	...	...	...	...
9.35	300	...	7 6	...	...	...	...	...
9.0	316	232 235	5 5	...	...	...	...	...
8.0	365	237 240	...	...	...	...	...	...
7.36	400	...	6 5	...	...	...	...	...
7.0	420	243 245	8 8	...	...	...	...	...
6.0	480	251 253	...	...	...	...	...	...
5.70	500	...	7 7	...	...	...	...	...
5.0	548	258 260	...	...	...	...	...	...
4.32	600	...	8 8	...	...	...	...	...
4.0	626	266 268	...	...	...	...	...	...
3.12	700	...	6 5	...	...	...	...	...
3.0	711	272 273	...	...	...	...	...	...
2.05	800	...	6 3	...	...	...	...	...
2.0	804	278 276	...	...	...	...	...	...
10.08	900	...	2 1	...	...	...	...	...
1.0	908	280 277	6 9	...	...	...	...	...
Ground M.S.L.	1005 1021	286 ...	...	...	...	...	...	...

Lost in three minutes in clouds going W.  
Inversions:—277 to 280 from 1.1 to 1.5 km. on one trace and from 1.4 to 1.5 on the other.

1912. July 6. 7 h. 15 m. G.M.T.				From observations at Station		at 7 h.	at 18 h. G.M.T.	SOUNDING No., R. 43.	
Height above M.S.L.		Pressure.	Temp.	PRESSURE (M.S.L.),	1019 mb.	1016 mb.	PLACE, MUNGRET COLLEGE, LIMERICK.		
GREATEST HEIGHT 15 km.		128 mb.	232° A.	TEMPERATURE,	286° A.	288° A.	Latitude, . . . . . 52° 38' N.		
LOWEST TEMPERATURE 10.1 km.		...	221° A.	VAPOUR PRESSURE,	...	...	Longitude, . . . . . 8° 41' W.		
BASE OF STRATOSPHERE 10.1 km.		268 mb.	221° A.	GRADIENT WIND :—Direction,	Station in col between two anticyclones.	Pressure dis-tribution very irregular.	Height above M.S.L., . . . 15 m.		
Type No. I.		...	...	Velocity,	...	...	PLACE OF FALL, Kilfenora.		
		...	...	Correction for Curvature,	...	...	Distance, . . . . . 55 km.		
		...	...	Final Components, { W. to E.	...	...	and Orientation, . . . . . 320°.		
		...	...	{ S. to N.	...	...			

TABLE OF HEIGHTS, PRESSURES, TEMPERATURES, HUMIDITIES, AND WINDS.

Height above M.S.L.	Pressure.	Temperature.		Humidity.	Wind.			REMARKS.
		Reading.	Fall per km.		Direction.	Velocity.	Components.	
km.	mb.	°A.	°C.	%	mb.	Degrees from N.	m/s.	W. to E. S. to N. m/s. m/s.
15	128	232	-3	...	...	...	...	...
14	148	229	1	...	...	...	...	...
13	173	230	...	...	...	...	...	...
12.03	200	...	-3	...	...	...	...	...
12	201	227	-3	...	...	...	...	...
11	233	224	-3	...	...	...	...	...
10	272	221	-3	...	...	...	...	...
9.32	300	...	8	...	...	...	...	...
9	316	229	10	...	...	...	...	...
8	363	239	...	...	...	...	...	...
7.31	400	...	8	...	...	...	...	...
7	417	247	8	...	...	...	...	...
6	480	255	...	...	...	...	...	...
5.69	500	...	6	...	...	...	...	...
5	547	261	...	...	...	...	...	...
3.29	600	...	6	...	...	...	...	...
4	623	267	...	...	...	...	...	...
3.09	700	...	6	...	...	...	...	...
3	707	273	6	...	...	...	...	...
2	797	279	...	...	...	...	...	...
1.99	800	...	3	...	...	...	...	...
1.02	900	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
1	902	282	...	...	...	...	...	...
Ground M.S.L.	1016	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

Isothermal 1.7 to 2.2.



9. The Upper Air: Soundings by Registering Balloons (R.) and Pilot Balloons (P.).—continued.

1912. July 9. 7 h. 0 m. G.M.T.			From observations at Station.		at 7 h.	at 18 h. G.M.T.	SOUNDING No., R. 191.	
	Height above M.S.L.	Pressure.	Temp.	PRESSURE (M.S.L.)	1024 mb.	1026 mb.	PLACE, PYRTON HILL.	
GREATEST HEIGHT	11.0 km.	333 mb.	230° A.	TEMPERATURE,	286° A.	287° A.	Latitude,	51° 38' N.
LOWEST TEMPERATURE	10.0 km.	268 mb.	226° A.	VAPOUR PRESSURE,	...	...	Longitude,	1° 1' W.
BASE OF STRATOSPHERE	9.6 km.	...	226° A.	GRADIENT WIND:—Direction,	45°	70°	Height above M.S.L.,	150 m.
	...	...	228° A.	Velocity,	8.2 m/s.	7.6 m/s.	PLACE OF FALL, Marlborough.	
Type	No. 1.			Correction for Curvature,	+1.4 m/s.	0 m/s.	Distance,	55 km.
				Final Components, {	W. to E. -6.8 m/s.	-7.1 m/s.	and	
				S. to N. -6.8 m/s.	-2.6 m/s.	-2.6 m/s.	Orientation,	246°.

TABLE OF HEIGHTS, PRESSURES, TEMPERATURES, HUMIDITIES, AND WINDS.

Height above M.S.L.	Pressure.	Temperature.		Humidity.		Wind.			REMARKS.	
		Reading.	Fall per km.	%	mb.	Direction.	Velocity.	Components.		
km.	mb.	°A.	°C.	%	mb.	Degrees from N.	m/s.	W. to E. m/s.	S. to N. m/s.	
11.0	233	230	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Overcast.
10.0	268	226 229?	? -4 ? -1	...	...	...	...	...	...	
9.23	300	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
9.0	310	228 231	2 2	...	...	...	...	...	...	
8.0	358	233 236	5 5	...	...	...	...	...	...	Isothermal .8 to 1.2 km. at 280° and 4.1 to 4.4 km. at 260°.
7.23	400	...	6 6	...	...	...	...	...	...	
7.0	415	239 242	9 8	...	...	...	...	...	...	Top influenced by solar radiation.
6.0	475	248 250	8 6	...	...	...	...	...	...	
5.63	500	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
5.0	543	256	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
4.27	600	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	
4.0	622	259	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
3.07	700	...	9	...	...	...	...	...	...	
3.0	706	268	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
2.0	800	275	7	...	...	...	...	...	...	
1.04	900	...	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	
1.0	905	280	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Ground M.S.L.	1002	285	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	

1912. July 31. 7 h. 15 m. G.M.T.			From observations at Station.		at 7 h.	at 18 h. G.M.T.	SOUNDING No., R. 45.	
	Height above M.S.L.	Pressure.	Temp.	PRESSURE (M.S.L.)	1001 mb.	1001 mb.	PLACE, MUNGRET COLLEGE, LIMERICK.	
GREATEST HEIGHT	14.8 km.	...	233° A.	TEMPERATURE,	285° A.	285° A.	Latitude,	52° 38' N.
LOWEST TEMPERATURE	9.0 km.	300 mb.	227° A.	VAPOUR PRESSURE,	...	...	Longitude,	8° 41' W.
BASE OF STRATOSPHERE	9.0 km.	300 mb.	227° A.	GRADIENT WIND:—Direction,	155°*	355°	Height above M.S.L.,	15 m.
	Type	No. 1.		Velocity,	15.5 m/s.	17.7 m/s.	PLACE OF FALL, Cloneygowan.	
				Correction for Curvature,	-3.5 m/s.	0 m/s.	Distance,	107 km.
				Final Components, {	W. to E. -5.0 m/s.	1.5 m/s.	and	
				S. to N. 10.9 m/s.	17.6 m/s.	17.6 m/s.	Orientation,	56°.

TABLE OF HEIGHTS, PRESSURES, TEMPERATURES, HUMIDITIES, AND WINDS.

Height above M.S.L.	Pressure.	Temperature.		Humidity.		Wind.			REMARKS.	
		Reading.	Fall per km.	%	mb.	Direction.	Velocity.	Components.		
km.	mb.	°A.	°C.	%	mb.	Degrees from N.	m/s.	W. to E. m/s.	S. to N. m/s.	
15	123	233	0	...	...	...	...	...	...	
14	143	233	0	...	...	...	...	...	...	
13	166	233	0	...	...	...	...	...	...	
12	192	232	-1	...	...	...	...	...	...	
11.73	200	...	0	...	...	...	...	...	...	
11.0	223	232	-2	...	...	...	...	...	...	
10.0	258	230	-3	...	...	...	...	...	...	
9.0	300	227	8	...	...	...	...	...	...	
8.0	347	235	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
7.02	400	...	7	...	...	...	...	...	...	
7.0	401	242	0	...	...	...	...	...	...	
6.0	462	242	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
5.41	500	...	14	...	...	...	...	...	...	
5.0	528	256	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	
4.04	600	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
4.0	603	262	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	
3.0	687	266	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
2.87	700	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
2.0	781	271	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	
1.81	800	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	
1.00	885	274	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
.87	900	...	9	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Ground M.S.L.	1001	283	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	

Time is expressed in the hours 1 to 24 of civil reckoning.  
 Pressure is given in millibars (1000 mb. = 1 C.G.S. atmosphere = 750 mm. approximately).  
 Gradient Wind is taken to be tangential to the isobar and is computed by the formula  $\gamma = 2 \omega \rho V \sin \phi$ .  
 \*Base of Stratosphere.—TYPE 1.—When the stratosphere commences with an inversion, the height and temperature of the first point of zero temperature gradient are given.  
 TYPE 2.—When the stratosphere begins with an abrupt transition to a temperature gradient below 2° per km. without inversion, the height and temperature of the abrupt transition are given. TYPE 3.—When there is no such abrupt change of temperature gradient, the base is taken to be where the mean fall of temperature for the kilometer next above is 2° or less, provided that it does not exceed 2° for any subsequent kilometer. If some other position for the base seems to the tabulator to be more suitable, it is noted in the column for "Remarks."  
 Temperatures are expressed in degrees absolute (273° A = 0° C.).  
 Heights are given in kilometers (km.).

## 10. Solar Radiation at South Kensington.

Day.	APRIL.			MAY.			JUNE.			REMARKS.
	Maximum Rate, Watts per cm <sup>2</sup> .	Daily Amount, Calories per cm <sup>2</sup> .	Duration of Sunshine, hr.	Maximum Rate, Watts per cm <sup>2</sup> .	Daily Amount, Calories per cm <sup>2</sup> .	Duration of Sunshine, hr.	Maximum Rate, Watts per cm <sup>2</sup> .	Daily Amount, Calories per cm <sup>2</sup> .	Duration of Sunshine, hr.	
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(1)	(2)	(3)	(1)	(2)	(3)	
1	·069	274	7·5	·069	362	8·0	·035	254	1·4	<p>Note.—1 watt per cm<sup>2</sup> = 14·35 gramme-calories per cm<sup>2</sup> per minute. 1 gramme-calorie per minute = 0·7 watt nearly.</p> <p>If the heat were distributed throughout the atmosphere 1000 gramme-calories per cm<sup>2</sup> would be sufficient to raise the temperature 4°·1 C. It would take 245 gramme-calories per cm<sup>2</sup> to raise the temperature of the whole atmosphere 1° C.</p> <p>For values January to March, see p. 20.</p>
2	·063	296	7·0	·067	268	3·8	·069	243	4·9	
3	·045	240	7·9	·055	189	1·7	·077	337	5·3	
4	·058	178	3·9	·014	53	0·0	·078	300	5·2	
5	·037	182	0·9	·062	236	1·8	·090	378	7·5	
6	·064	369	10·6	·066	220	0·7	·081	597	10·2	
7	·067	229	1·9	·043	137	0·0	·022	131	0·0	
8	·039	132	1·7	·075	295	4·4	·068	212	2·0	
9	·074	384	10·9	·069	358	4·5	·064	302	4·9	
10	·074	292	7·9	·064	322	4·5	·092	457	11·3	
11	·073	298	8·4	·076	434	7·6	·074	418	7·6	
12	·064	310	8·0	·064	324	4·6	·054	244	0·0	
13	·060	244	3·8	·072	429	10·5	·078	621	8·5	
14	·050	133	0·5	·078	403	6·6	·085	396	6·2	
15	·059	198	2·5	·064	218	1·5	·086	472	8·0	
16	·067	344	8·6	·097	455	9·0	·087	365	6·3	
17	·057	283	7·8	·086	388	8·3	·066	227	0·3	
18	·065	360	8·7	·073	314	1·4	·088	477	8·7	
19	·071	334	9·0	·081	378	6·4	·083	457	8·3	
20	·053	198	4·7	·083	286	5·2	·083	357	4·8	
21	·064	388	12·5	·068	318	1·9	·086	505	11·8	
22	·066	422	12·5	·090	314	4·8	·082	642	15·0	
23	·067	459	12·9	·042	178	0·0	·088	486	10·6	
24	·068	430	11·1	·074	208	1·7	·087	368	6·5	
25	·067	465	12·5	·078	523	11·8	·050	190	2·1	
26	·060	329	7·2	·078	376	5·6	·086	412	9·1	
27	·068	280	5·7	·080	535	11·4	·069	340	3·3	
28	·067	435	9·7	·082	423	9·3	·088	427	8·1	
29	·074	192	1·5	·072	478	9·7	·084	321	3·5	
30	·080	362	8·1	·073	453	9·5	·069	315	3·3	
31				·078	252	4·5				
Total	{ For days with values in column 2 }	9040	215·9	...	10127	160·7	...	11251	184·7	
Mean	{ }	301	7·20	...	327	5·18	...	375	6·16	
Total	{ For all days }	...	215·9	...	...	160·7	...	...	184·7	
Mean	{ }	...	7·20	...	...	5·18	...	...	6·16	
Ratio of Mean Daily Amount to Mean Duration.		42			63			61		

N.B.—The values of Solar Radiation at South Kensington are obtained from the records of a Callendar Instrument which depends upon the difference of temperature between a black and a bright wire exposed horizontally to radiation from the whole of the sky. The values may be taken as representing the total radiation and the maximum rate of radiation per cm<sup>2</sup> received by a horizontal surface. If it is desired to compare the values published for Kew and Eskdalemuir in Tables 3 and 4 with the simultaneous value recorded by the Callendar Instrument the former must be multiplied by the cosine of the zenith distance of the sun at the time of observation. The duration of sunshine in this table is obtained from a Campbell-Stokes Recorder.

# METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE OBSERVATORIES—GEOPHYSICAL JOURNAL.

AUGUST 1912.—DAILY VALUES REFERRED TO GREENWICH MEAN TIME AND UNITS,  
 BASED ON THE C.G.S. SYSTEM.

[Price 1s.]

Second Year.—No. 8. *Meteorology, Solar Radiation, Seismology, Atmospheric Electricity, and Terrestrial Magnetism.*

## 1. SEISMOLOGICAL JOURNAL:—ESKDALEMUIR.—Lat. 55° 19' N. Long. 3° 12' W.

Date.	Microseisms.		Earthquakes.	Remarks.
	Period.	Amp.		
1	4-5	0.8	I*, I, I.	1st I*, Three small shocks L=9 h. 13 m., 9 h. 19 m. and 9 h. 31 m. Probably Iceland. I, L=11 h. 53 m. I, S? = 18 h. 28½ m.
2	4-5	0.5	I, I.	L=18 h. 50 m. Disturbed till 19 h. 30 m. 2nd I, Feeble waves about 18 h. 6 m. I, Feeble long waves 23 h. 20 m.-23 h. 31 m.
3	4-5	0.4	I, I, I, I, I, I.	3rd I, Disturbed 4 h. 15 m.-4 h. 36 m. I, Disturbed about 7 h. 30 m. I, Disturbed 8 h. 21 m.-8 h. 30 m.
4	4	0.3	I, I, Iu.	I, S? = 9 h. 30 m. 11 s. Long waves imperceptible. I, Long waves 13 h. 26 m. I, Disturbed 18 h. 10 m.
5	4	0.6	Iu.	4th I, Disturbed at 2 h. I, Feeble disturbance 19 h. 24 m. Iu, P=21 h. 51 m. 28 s., S=21 h. 59 m. 14 s., Δ=6180 km. Azimuth towards S.W.
6	4-5	0.5	Iu, Ir, Iu.	5th Iu, S=7 h. 37 m. 52 s., L=7 h. 47 m. 6th Iu, P=13 h. 40 m. 15 s., S=13 h. 50 m. 28 s., Δ=9040 km. Ir, P=18 h. 48 m. 6 s., S=18 h. 51 m. 57 s., Δ=2330 km. Iu, P=21 h. 30 m. 20 s., S? = 21 h. 43 m. 15 s., Δ=12950 km.
7	4-5	0.4	I.	7th I, Disturbed 20 h.-21 h. 9th IIIr, P=1 h. 34 m. 14 s., S=1 h. 38 m. 44 s., Δ=2820 km.
8	4	0.3	IIIr.	α=63° 43' E. of S. Epicentre 39° 26' N. 26° 27' E. 10th I, Disturbed 1 h. 29 m.-1 h. 46 m. IIIr, P=9 h. 29 m. 14 s., S=9 h. 33 m. 34 s., Δ=2690 km., α=63° 26' E. of S. Epicentre 40° 12' N. 25° 28' E. I, S=18 h. 40 m. 2 s., L=18 h. 44 m. I, P=22 h. 30 m. 0 s., S=22 h. 39 m. 18 s., Δ=7960 km. 11th S=7 h. 29 m. 31 s., L=7 h. 32 m.
9	4	0.4	I, Ir, I, I.	12th I, Disturbed about 18 h. 13th I, Disturbed 4h.-4½ h. 14th I, Long waves 4 h. 30 m.; I, Disturbed 17 h. 49 m.-18 h. 10 m. 15th I, I, I, Disturbed 1 h. 43 m., 3 h. 52 m., and 7 h. 10 m. I, Long waves 14 h. 36 m.
10	4	0.4	I.	17th I, I, Disturbed 0 h. 54 m.-1 h. 17 m. and 3 h.-3 h. 30 m. IIIu, P=19 h. 26 m. 17 s., S=19 h. 40 m. 22 s., Δ=14900 km., α=56° 19' E. of N. Note: results almost identical with those for Aug. 16th 1911. In both Δ given by Seismogram appears too great as earthquakes occurred in Yap. 18th I, L=1 h. 25 m. I, S=2 h. 41 m., L=3 h. 3 m. I, Long waves 4 h. 40 m.
11	4	0.3	I, I, I, I.	I, P=7 h. 55 m., S=8 h. 5 m. 40 s. Iu, P? = 13 h. 35 m., S=13 h. 44 m. 43 s., L=13 h. 58 m.; I, L=16 h. 41 m. I, S=18 h. 51 m. 18 s., L=19 h. 17 m. I, Long waves 21 h. 20 m. Iu, P=21 h. 39 m., S? , L=22 h. 9 m. Probably with a near earthquake superposed. 19th I, L=2 h. 50 m. Ir, P=15 h. 51 m. 29 s., S=15 h. 57 m. 53 s., Δ=4660 km. Iu, P=16 h. 41 m. 6 s., S? = 16 h. 54 m. 20th Ir, P=11 h. 22 m. 48 s., S=11 h. 29 m. 12 s., Δ=4660 km. 21st I, Long waves about 11 h. 30 m. Iu, S=17 h. 53 m. 7 s. Characteristic features of Philippine earthquake. 23rd I, Long waves 8 h. 43 m.
12	4-5	0.5	I.	Iu*, (Two shocks?) P <sub>1</sub> ? , P <sub>2</sub> =14 h. 10 m. 53 s., S <sub>1</sub> =14 h. 15 m. 27 s., S <sub>2</sub> =14 h. 19 m. 39 s., Δ=7330 km. Iu, P=21 h. 50 m. 31 s., S=21 h. 57 m. 37 s., Δ=5440 km., α nearly true E. Epicentre 33° N. 60° E.
13	4	0.4	I, I, I, I.	24th I, Long waves 2 h.-2 h. 14 m. 25th I, Long waves 1 h. 30 m.-2 h.; I, Long waves 5 h. 20 m.
14	4	0.5	I, I, I, I.	27th I, Long waves 1 h. 11 m. 30th Iu, P=18 h. 22 m., S=18 h. 36 m. Time marks failed. 31st I, Disturbed 14 h.-15 h. Ir, P=20 h. 53 m., S? , L=21 h. 2 m. I, P=24 h. 34 m. 57 s., S? change of sheet, α towards N.E.
15	4	0.4	I, I, I, I.	
16	4	0.3	I, I, IIIu.	
17	4-5	0.4	I, I, I, Iu, I, I, I, Iu.	
18	4	0.6	I, Ir, Iu.	
19	4	0.5	Ir.	
20	4	0.4	I, Iu.	
21	4	0.3	I, Iu*, Iu.	
22	4	0.3	I.	
23	4	0.4	I, I, I, I.	
24	4	0.4	I.	
25	4-5	0.4	I, I.	
26	4-5	0.7	I.	
27	4	0.4	I.	
28	4	0.4	Iu.	
29	4	0.7	I, Ir, I.	
30	4	0.7		
31	5	0.7		

An explanation of the notation used is given in the preface.

## 2. VALENCIA OBSERVATORY, CAHIRCIVEEN (KERRY).—Lat. 51° 56' N. Long. 10° 15' W.

Heights above Mean Sea Level:—Station, H=9.2 m. Barometer Cistern, H<sub>b</sub>=13.7 m.

Heights above Ground:—Thermometers, h<sub>t</sub>=1.2 m. Rain-gauge, h<sub>r</sub>=0.6 m. Sunshine Recorder, h<sub>s</sub>=12.8 m. Cups of Anemometer, h<sub>a</sub>=13.7 m.

Day.	Pressure at Station Level.		Air Temperature in Degrees Absolute.				Humidity.				Wind Direction in points (8=E, 16=S) and Velocity (metres per second).				Cloud Amount and Weather.		Rain 24 hours beginning 10 h.	Sunshine.	Remarks.	Magnetism.				
	9 h.	21 h.	9 h.	21 h.	Max.	Min.	Vapour Pressure.		Percentage.		9 h.	21 h.	9 h.	21 h.	10 h.	22 h.				mm.	hrs.	Horizontal Force.	Declination West.	Inclination.
							millibar.	%	%	m/sec.														
1	1005.3	1008.4	85.3	83.9	87	82	10.9	9.2	77	71	30	9	32	5	7	3	3.1	5.8	...	...	...			
2	1010.5	1011.6	83.8	82.6	88	80	10.5	9.8	82	84	—	0	—	1	2	2	11.5	...	...	...				
3	1010.3	1007.7	85.3	84.2	89	79	10.9	11.5	75	87	6	2	—	0	4	4	2.3	6.4	...	...	...			
4	1005.8	1006.5	85.7	85.2	88	80	10.5	10.5	71	74	32	5	26	6	2	0	—	9.9	...	...	...			
5	1002.6	999.4	86.2	85.0	88	83	11.9	10.9	78	78	24	4	26	7	6	9	3.6	6.5	...	...	...			
6	997.9	1001.2	85.2	85.4	87	84	12.2	12.6	87	88	31	8	31	9	8	10	1.5	0.1	...	...	...			
7	1004.4	1008.0	85.4	84.7	87	84	11.5	12.2	80	89	28	8	27	7	9	10	6.6	0.4	17893	20 28.6	68 10.0			
8	1010.6	1010.8	84.4	83.4	88	81	11.9	10.5	89	83	—	1	—	1	4	3	0.8	5.3	...	...	...			
9	1008.9	1005.0	84.8	85.0	87	80	11.5	12.9	84	92	14	4	14	2	9≡ <sup>0</sup>	8•	11.2	—	...	...	...			
10	1011.3	1018.5	85.3	85.2	88	84	10.5	10.9	74	78	27	3	28	4	10	3	0.3	5.2	...	...	...			
11	1020.3	1017.8	84.8	85.4	88	81	11.9	11.5	85	80	—	0	5	3	2	8	—	1.3	...	...	...			
12	1015.0	1017.6	84.8	85.0	88	83	10.5	10.5	77	76	6	8	32	7	8	2	0.3	3.8	...	...	...			
13	1016.4	1013.5	86.2	84.9	87	83	11.9	11.2	78	82	26	4	31	5	7	9	2.8	3.4	...	...	...			
14	1009.9	1009.3	85.1	85.6	87	84	11.5	11.5	81	79	26	5	28	6	10	10	—	1.4	...	...	...			
15	1010.7	1010.8	86.5	85.7	89	85	11.5	13.6	75	93	28	4	16	3	10≡ <sup>0</sup>	8	2.8	1.9	...	...	...			
16	1009.5	1005.1	86.2	87.0	89	85	12.9	14.2	85	88	20	3	14	5	10≡ <sup>0</sup>	10≡ <sup>0</sup>	7.1	1.6	...	...	...			
17	1003.0	1002.6	86.8	86.1	89	84	13.6	13.6	86	90	18	5	16	5	7	10	0.5	5.1	...	...	...			
18	996.6	995.2	86.5	86.3	89	85	13.9	12.9	89	85	16	3	12	2	8	8	—	4.0	...	...	...			
19	996.0	999.1	86.8	85.7	88	85	12.2	12.9	77	87	3	4	31	6	7	5	3.6	2.9	...	...	...			
20	1004.3	1010.3	84.7	84.9	86	83	10.9	11.2	78	81	27	5	24	6	3	6	3.3	7.1	...	...	...			
21	1012.7	1017.7	84.5	85.3	87	82	12.6	11.5	93	80	14	2	25	6	10≡ <sup>0</sup>	2	0.8	0.8	17894	20 28.6	68 9.9			
22	1020.9	1011.8	86.2	87.4	88	85	12.6	15.6	83	96	22	4	16	7	10≡ <sup>0</sup>	10≡ <sup>0</sup>	28.7	—	...	...	...			
23	1004.8	1002.6	87.9	87.3	89	86	16.6	15.9	99	98	20	8	22	3	10≡ <sup>0</sup>	10≡ <sup>0</sup>	2.0	—	...	...	...			
24	1001.7	1003.0	86.8	85.6	89	83	14.9	13.6	95	94	—	1	—	0	10≡ <sup>0</sup>	5≡ <sup>0</sup>	0.3	—	...	...	...			
25	1001.1	996.1	86.2	85.3	88	83	14.2	12.9	95	89	16	2	8	3	10	10≡ <sup>0</sup>	12.2	0.1	...	...	...			
26	993.9	1001.2	84.6	85.3	88	84	12.9	12.9	96	90	—	0	—	1	10≡ <sup>0</sup>	2	—	3.8	...	...	...			
27	1002.2	1005.6	86.1	85.1	89	83	13.9	13.2	93	94	—	0	—	1	8	4	—	5.8	...	...	...			
28	1000.0	993.5	86.1	86.0	88	85	14.2	14.2	96	96	15	7	22	3	10≡ <sup>0</sup>	10	10.9	—	...	...	...			
29	991.2	996.6	86.8	85.6	89	85	14.6	13.6	94	94	16	5	—	0	10≡ <sup>0</sup>	7	1.3	2.4	...	...	...			
30	1009.7	1018.7	86.7	85.4	88	85	12.2	12.9	79	89	31	8	—	1	3	4	6.0	0.3	...	...	...			
31	1019.8	1017.6	86.8	86.4	88	84	13.2	14.6	84	94	18	3	25	4	10	10≡ <sup>0</sup>	4.6	—	...	...	...			
Means	1006.7	1007.2	85.8	85.4	87.9	83.1	12.4	12.4	84	86	4.0	3.8	7.5	6.5	116.2	3.27	—	—	Monthly Totals or Means.	17894	20 28.6	68 10.0		
Normal 40 years	1012.7	1013.0	88.3	87.4	91.0	85.3	14.6	14.2	84	87	4.9	4.2	—	—	127.5	4.91	—	—	Normals, 40 years.					

3. KEW OBSERVATORY, SURREY.—Lat. 51° 28' N. Long. 0° 19' W.

Heights above Mean Sea Level :—Station, H = 5.5 m. Barometer, H<sub>b</sub> = 10.4 m.

Heights above Ground :—Thermometers, h<sub>t</sub> = 3.0 m. Rain-gauge, h<sub>r</sub> = 0.5 m. Sunshine Recorder, h<sub>s</sub> = 14.3 m. Cups of Anemometer, h<sub>a</sub> = 21.3 m.

Table with columns: Day, Pressure at Station Level, Air Temperature in Degrees Absolute, Humidity (Vapour Pressure, Percentage), Wind Direction in Points and Velocity, Cloud Amount and Weather, Rain 24 hours beginning 10 h., Sunshine, Solar Radiation, Watts per cm², Min. Temp. on Grass, Earth Temperature at 10 h., Remarks.

4. ESKDALEMUIR OBSERVATORY, DUMFRIESSHIRE.—Lat. 55° 19' N. Long. 3° 12' W.

Heights above Mean Sea Level :—Station, H = 243.2 m. Barometer, H<sub>b</sub> = 237.1 m.

Heights above Ground :—Thermometers, h<sub>t</sub> = 0.8 m. Rain-gauge, h<sub>r</sub> = 0.3 m. Sunshine Recorder, h<sub>s</sub> = 1.5 m. Vane of Anemometer, h<sub>a</sub> = 15.2 m.

Table with columns: Day, Pressure at Station Level, Air Temperature in Degrees Absolute, Humidity (Vapour Pressure, Percentage), Wind Direction in Points and Velocity, Cloud Amount and Weather, Rain 24 hours beginning 10 h., Sunshine, Solar Radiation, Watts per cm², Min. Temp. on Grass, Earth Temperature at 10 h., Remarks.

The solar radiation is the mean of the readings within the nominal hour of observation (11 h. 30 m.—12 h. 30 m.) unless some other hour is specified.



5. KEW OBSERVATORY.

Day.	Potential Gradient, Volts per metre. Factor 1.70.				Charge per cc. × 10 <sup>20</sup> .		Velocities of Ions for 1 volt per centimetre.		Conductivity × 10 <sup>25</sup> .	Air-Earth Current × 10 <sup>16</sup> .		Electric Character of Day.	Magnetic Character of Day.	Horizontal Force.			West Declination.						
	3 h.	9 h.	15 h.	21 h.	+	-	+	-		c <sub>1</sub> .	c <sub>2</sub> .			Range.	Maximum. 18000 γ +.		Range.	Maximum. 15° +.		Range.			
															γ	h m		γ	h m		γ	h m	
1	v/m. 110	v/m. 265	v/m. 165	v/m. 160	E.-m.U. 600	E.-m.U. 600	cm/sec. 0.35	cm/sec. 0.10	E.-m.U. 0.25	Amp/cm <sup>2</sup> . 0.45	0.95	0	I	521	1 35	470	9 43	51	50.2	14 38	37.9	3 25	12.3
2	175	265	x±	165	990	770	—	—	—	—	—	I	O	514	18 20	485	10 56	29	54.2	13 38	43.0	7 14	11.2
3	315	550	215	240	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	I	O	513	18 40	471	9 33	42	50.7	12 10	42.1	7 15	8.6
4	x±	65	200	175	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	O	510	19 12	480	7 53	30	53.5	13 10	42.9	7 56	10.6
5	135	215	210	330	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	I	I	532	21 18	475	11 18	57	52.3	12 16	38.3	23 8	14.0
6	65	280	x±	x±	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	2	553	2 0	391	7 7	162	54.9	12 54	34.2	0 56	20.7
7	160	210	—	35	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	2	514	16 28	473	10 5	41	48.1	12 19	39.8	6 20	8.3
8	75	165	x±	65	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	O	508	21 35	468	10 30	40	51.7	13 23	42.5	5 20	9.2
9	135	300	165	35	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	I	O	516	20 45	474	9 38	42	49.5	12 11	41.5	7 35	8.0
10	250	300	x±	250	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	2	522	0 16	493	10 4	59	51.7	12 58	40.5	20 15	11.2
11	200	280	x±	400	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	I	O	509	21 10	468	8 3	41	51.8	12 36	40.7	5 18	11.1
12	165	405	305	475	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	O	O	508	20 51	463	9 5	45	51.9	12 53	41.4	7 35	10.5
13	215	300	150	380	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	I	O	514	19 12	473	9 50	41	51.9	13 18	40.6	6 55	11.3
14	200	215	x±	290	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	O	512	4 20	477	10 38	35	54.0	12 22	40.0	7 58	14.0
15	125	185	185	65	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	I	I	512	0 53	469	9 50	43	53.3	13 3	40.4	7 22	12.9
16	165	225	135	240	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	O	O	520	22 30	465	9 25	55	53.9	13 20	40.8	7 50	13.1
17	75	225	190	265	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	O	O	521	0 43	460	10 13	61	54.5	12 22	40.7	1 5	13.8
18	75	190	160	280	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	O	I	535	20 13	470	10 13	65	51.6	14 50	36.6	23 58	15.0
19	125	215	250	x±	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	I	511	15 27	455	9 24	56	51.1	14 13	36.8	0 0	14.3
20	65	200	x±	50	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	O	509	20 55	463	9 28	46	50.0	12 30	40.8	7 10	9.2
21	165	365	85	425	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	I	I	524	22 2	475	10 44	49	51.8	13 5	42.3	23 53	9.5
22	200	280	150	315	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	O	2	529	20 15	465	9 48	64	50.9	12 32	35.4	22 35	15.5
23	290	185	100	110	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	I	I	527	21 43	455	10 8	72	51.5	13 45	39.1	22 0	12.4
24	50	0	250	200	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	I	O	518	23 13	464	8 24	54	52.4	13 22	42.0	6 53	10.4
25	85	265	230	380	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	O	O	506	13 29	468	9 48	38	50.6	13 36	42.2	8 26	8.4
26	0	-15	x±	x-	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	I	518	21 54	468	9 41	50	51.9	12 32	42.8	22 22	9.1
27	305	415	175	305	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	O	I	525	18 23	460	10 12	65	53.8	12 8	41.5	7 50	12.3
28	210	380	200	350	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	O	I	516	23 58	470	8 36	46	50.9	13 21	39.7	7 19	11.2
29	165	85	230	380	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	I	I	517	0 3	467	9 21	50	52.6	12 10	41.3	7 40	11.3
30	215	215	215	305	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	I	O	522	21 49	470	11 5	52	52.0	12 35	41.2	22 53	10.8
31	200	230	190	200	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	O	O	521	23 53	472	10 8	49	50.0	12 53	41.2	3 34	8.8
M.	170	264	189	272	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	519	—	466	—	53	51.9	—	40.3	—	11.6

Note.—The mean values of the Potential gradient in Table 5 are computed from the data for those days on which values at each of the four hours, 3<sup>h</sup>, 9<sup>h</sup>, 15<sup>h</sup>, 21<sup>h</sup>, are given in the table. A similar note applies to the values in Table 6.

6. ESKDALEMUR OBSERVATORY.

Day.	Potential Gradient, Volts per metre. Factor 5.5.				Charge per cc. × 10 <sup>20</sup> .		Velocities of Ions for 1 volt per centimetre.		Conductivity × 10 <sup>25</sup> .	Air-Earth Current × 10 <sup>16</sup> .		Electric Character of Day.	Magnetic Character of Day.	North Component.			West Component.			Vertical Component. §					
	3 h.	9 h.	15 h.	21 h.	+	-	+	-		c <sub>1</sub> .	c <sub>2</sub> .			Range.	Maximum. 15000 γ +.		Range.	Maximum. 5000 γ +.		Range.	Maximum. 45000 γ +.		Range.		
															h m	γ		h m	γ		h m	γ		h m	γ
1	-196	369	75	196	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2c	I	3 40	1047	978	4 31	14 40	241	163	4 18	20 40	339	292	5 33
2	x	x	x	181	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2c	I	18 19	1032	990	10 55	13 38	259	198	7 10	18 50	342	321	11 50
3	211	271	189	x	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	I	b	18 40	1033	987	11 6	12 22	234	195	5 33	18 10	340	328	12 30
4	354	x	x	317	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2c	O	18 34	1031	981	11 30	13 22	250	195	8 23	17 40	341	313	12 20
5	294	181	23	249	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	I	b	21 13	1069	981	11 5	15 10	244	163	23 6	17 10	345	325	12 0
6	302	339	294	324	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	I	b	2 55	1087	853	7 3	6 0	277	146	1 25	18 28	364	223	4 51
7	294	x	8	75	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2c	I	0 27	1039	987	10 3	16 24	238	186	6 19	20 0	343	326	11 30
8	143	302	166	317	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	I	a	21 33	1028	983	10 30	14 5	246	200	5 40	18 30	339	323	12 40
9	407	143	121	249	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2c	O	24 0	1036	991	11 15	12 5	235	193	8 24	17 40	340	322	12 0
10	181	226	505	347	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	O	a	0 17	1048	986	12 5	13 33	252	194	8 15	20 20	339	319	11 53
11	256	211	362	226	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2b	O	21 5	1033	987	9 0	12 51	246	193	5 47	16 30	338	321	11 30
12	143	204	136	226	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	I	b	16 40	1034	984	9 7	12 50	248	193	7 32	16 34	345	316	11 52
13	362	256	x	211	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	I	b	19 9	1034	984	11 3	13 40	244	191	6 54	16 10	343	320	12 13
14	113	166	158	324	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	O	a	5 1	1034	978	11 21	12 15	262	185	7 54	17 20	335	311	12 0
15	128	136	83	106	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	O	a	21 52	1035	987	11 0	13 29	246	193	7 22	17 10	340	323	12 0
16	143	189	143	234	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	O	a	22 27	1053	978	10 37	13 20	251	182	7 49	16 30	342	313	12 13
17	15	211	362	211	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	I	a	3 47	1048	969	10 15	13 40	258	170	1 18	17 43	340	308	1 10
18	-196	219	83	385	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	I	a	20 11	1073	980	23 47	14 50	243	150	23 58	15 58	345	302	24 0
19	211	-166	45	8	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2c	I	15 28	1038	976	12 28	14 10	242	151	0 0	17 40	352	287	0 40
20	106	151	-158	294	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2b	O	18 50	1034	985	10 15	13 23	240	193	7 12	17 10	343	322	11 50
21	83	121	196	317	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	I	a	20 58	1059	988	11 36	13 4	255	200	5 58	18 22	345	320	12 23
22	287	143	53	369	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	I	a	20 14	1078	979	9 48	15 1	259	156	22 30	18 40	357	296	1 40
23	279	173	407	128	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	I	a	21 42	1067	973	10 3	13 45	249	180	22 1	19 0	348	309	2 40
24	68	38	128	106	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	O	a	23 7	1050	982	11 24	13 40	251	194	6 51	17 43	351	323	12 50
25	211	83	-8	189	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	I	a	18 56	1027	981	9 49	13 27	244	187	9 1	16 56	342	320	12 0
26	23	68	143	264	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	I	a	21 52	1048	984	10 6	13 35	254	203					

7. Tables of Wind Components in metres per second at fixed hours, together with the mean velocity (horizontal movement) in metres per second for the hour with the maximum hourly run for each day, or the greatest velocity attained in a gust and the time of its occurrence.

HOLYHEAD. †‡

Height of Head above—Roof 8.3 m., Ground 13.7 m., M.S.L. 19.2 m.
Height of Cups above—Roof 4.6 m., Ground 7.6 m., M.S.L. 15.2 m.

DEERNESS. †

Height of Cups above—Roof 1.5 m., Ground 4.9 m., M.S.L. 57.3 m.

Main data table for Holyhead and Deerness, showing wind components (S, N, W, E) and gusts for dates 1-31. Includes sub-tables for S+N+E, W+E, S-N, and W-E.

SCILLY. †‡

Height of Head above—Ground 9.3 m., M.S.L. 49.7 m.
Height of Cups above—Ground 5.3 m., M.S.L. 45.7 m.

GREAT YARMOUTH. †‡

Height of Head above—Roof 10.7 m., Ground 12.8 m., M.S.L. 15.9 m.
Height of Cups above—Roof 3.7 m., Ground 13.3 m., M.S.L. 22.3 m.

Main data table for Scilly and Great Yarmouth, showing wind components (S, N, W, E) and gusts for dates 1-31. Includes sub-tables for S+N+E, W+E, S-N, and W-E.

The velocities at fixed hours are means for the interval from 30 minutes before to 30 minutes after the hour. The hours are numbered 1 h. to 24 h. Time is referred to Greenwich Mean Time.
\* No Record.
† Robinson Cup Anemometer; Arms 0.305 m.; Diameter of Cups 0.127 m.; Factor 2.8.
‡ Robinson Cup Anemometer; Arms 0.61 m.; Diameter of Cups, 0.229 m.; Factor 2.2.
§ Dines Pressure Tube Anemometer. At Great Yarmouth, Holyhead, and Scilly the readings at fixed hours are taken from the Robinson Anemometer, the maxima quoted are the greatest winds in a gust as recorded by the Dines Pressure Tube.

9. The Upper Air: Soundings by Registering Balloons (R.) and Pilot Balloons (P.).

TABLE OF HEIGHTS, PRESSURES, AND TEMPERATURES.

1912. August 29. 18 h. 15 m. G.M.T.				SOUNDING No., R. 203. PLACE, PYRTON HILL.		Height above M.S.L.	Pressure.	Temperature.		REMARKS.
Height above M.S.L.	Pressure.	Temp.	Latitude, 51° 38' N.	Longitude, 1° 1' W.	Reading.			Fall per km.		
GREATEST HEIGHT, } 13.1 km.	161 mb.	221° A.	Height above M.S.L., } 150 m.	PLACE OF FALL, Boston.	km.	mb.	°A.	°C.	Temperature 220° at 12.6 km.	
LOWEST TEMPERATURE, } 12.6 km.	174 mb.	220° A.	Distance, 184 km.	Orientation, 56°.	13.0	164	221	0		
BASE OF STRATOSPHERE, } 9.7 km.	270 mb.	223° A.			12.0	190	221	0		
Type No. 2.					11.67	200	...	2		
					11.0	223	...	0		
					10.0	260	223	0		
					9.06	300	...	5		
					9.0	303	228	8		
					8.0	341	236	6		
					7.08	400	...	6		
					7.0	405	242	6		
					6.0	467	248	9		
					5.49	500	...	6		
					5.0	533	257	6		
					4.09	600	...	6		
					4.0	607	263	6		
					3.0	690	269	6		
					2.92	700	...	6		
					2.0	783	275	6		
					1.84	800	...	6		
					1.0	886	281	6.5		
					0.88	900	...	...		
					Ground M.S.L.	982	287.5	...	...	

  

From observations at Station.				at 7 h.	at 18 h. G.M.T.
PRESSURE (M.S.L.), 750.8 mm., . . .	999.3 mb.	1001.0 mb.			
TEMPERATURE, . . . . .	289° A.	290° A.			
VAPOUR PRESSURE, . . . . .	...	...			
GRADIENT WIND:—Direction, . . . . .	225°	230°			
Velocity, . . . . .	16.9 m/s.	12.7 m/s.			
Correction for Curvature, . . . . .	2.4 m/s.	0.7 m/s.			
Final Components, { W. to E. . . . .	10.3 m/s.	9.2 m/s.			
{ S. to N. . . . .	10.3 m/s.	7.7 m/s.			

TABLE OF HEIGHTS, PRESSURES, AND TEMPERATURES.

1912. May 13. 15 h. 30 m. G.M.T.				SOUNDING No., R.K.C. 41. PLACE, SOUTHPORT.		Height above M.S.L.	Pressure.	Temperature.		REMARKS.
Height above M.S.L.	Pressure.	Temp.	Latitude, 53° 39' N.	Longitude, 2° 59' W.	Reading.			Fall per km.		
GREATEST HEIGHT, } 15.5 km.	114 mb.	222° A.	Height above M.S.L., } ...	PLACE OF FALL, Southport.	km.	mb.	°A.	°C.	Travelled to the eastward. When last seen after 16 minutes about 8 km. east-north-east.  This ascent was made at the same time as one from Pyrtton Hill, published in the May issue of the Geophysical Journal.	
LOWEST TEMPERATURE, } 11.0 km.	227 mb.	220° A.	Distance, 11.6 km.	Orientation, 45°.	15.0	123	222	-0.5		
BASE OF STRATOSPHERE, } 10.9, 11.1 km.	227 mb.	220° A.			14.0	144	221.5	-0.5		
Type No. 1.					13.0	168	221	-0.5		
					12.0	195	220.5	-0.5		
					11.8	200	...	-0.5		
					11.0	227	220	4 2		
					10.0	264	224 222	6 7		
					9.2	300	...	8 8		
					9.0	307	230 229	6 5		
					8.0	356	236 234	7 6		
					7.2	400	...	8 8		
					7.0	409	244 242	7 6		
					6.0	471	251 248	6 9		
					5.5	500	...	5		
					5.0	538	257	7 5		
					4.2	600	...	5 6		
					4.0	616	262	4.5 5.5		
					3.0	700	269 267	5.5		
					2.0	800	274 273	5.5		
					1.0	900	278.5	5.5		
					0.2	1000	...	...		
					Ground M.S.L.	1020	284	...	...	
						1020.3	284	...	...	

  

From observations at Station.				at 7 h.	at 18 h. G.M.T.
PRESSURE (M.S.L.), 765.3 mm., . . .	1021.0 mb.	1020.3 mb.			
TEMPERATURE, . . . . .	282° A.	284° A.			
VAPOUR PRESSURE, . . . . .	...	...			
GRADIENT WIND:—Direction, . . . . .	?	?			
Velocity, . . . . .	?	?			
Correction for Curvature, . . . . .	Station in centre of an anticyclone.				
Final Components, { W. to E. . . . .	...	...			
{ S. to N. . . . .	...	...			

8. The Lower Layers of the Atmosphere from the Surface to 3000 metres (10,000 ft.) above Mean Sea Level. Soundings by Kites (K.) and Pilot Balloons (P.).

BRIGHTON. K. 45. August 1. 14 h. 30 m. to 16 h. 30 m. G.M.T.											BRIGHTON. K. 46. August 4. 10 h. 0 m. to 12 h. 0 m. G.M.T.										
Soundings with Kites.	Height above M.S.L.	Pressure.	Temperature.		Humidity.		Density.	Wind.		Cloud Observations and Remarks.	Height above M.S.L.	Pressure.	Temperature.		Humidity.		Density.	Wind.		Cloud Observations and Remarks.	
			Read-ing.	Fall per km.	%	mb.		Direc-tion.	Veloc-ity.				Read-ing.	Fall per km.	%	mb.		Direc-tion.	Veloc-ity.		
Greatest height	metres. } ...	mb. } ...	°A. } ...	°C. } ...	% } ...	mb. } ...	m gm/cc. } ...	Degrees from N. } ...	m/s. } ...	Light. Cu.-St. No clouds reached.	metres. } 865	mb. } 904.1	°A. } 283	°C. } ...	% } 95	mb. } 11.6	m gm/cc. } 1.108	Degrees from N. } 200	m/s. } 20	Overcast, St. No clouds reached.	
	1000	890.7	281.4	8.6	83	9.1	1.099	300	10		...	...	6.0	...	...	...	...	...	...		
	500	945.7	285.7	13	83	12.1	1.148	260	13		...	...	9.8	90	12.7	1.148	170	20			
100 m. above ground	215	978.0	289.5	0	75	13.9	1.171	240	14		500	944.4	285.2	90	15.2	1.175	180	17			
Ground level	115	989.6	289.5		73	13.6	1.185	250	12		215	976.8	288	30	85	17.3	1.176	165	8.9		
Computed for M.S.L.	0	...	...	...	...	...	...	280	9.1	...	0	...	...	...	...	...	...	155	12.0	...	

8. The Lower Layers of the Atmosphere from the Surface to 3000 metres (10,000 ft.) above Mean Sea Level—continued.  
Soundings by Kites (K.) and Pilot Balloons (P.)

BRIGHTON. K. 47. August 11. 10 h. 0 m. to 12 h. 0 m. G.M.T.											BRIGHTON. K. 48. August 14. 12 h. 45 m. to 13 h. 45 m. G.M.T.										
Soundings with Kites.	Height above M.S.L.	Press. ure.	Temperature.		Humidity.			Wind.		Cloud Observations and Remarks.	Height above M.S.L.	Press. ure.	Temperature.		Humidity.			Wind.		Cloud Observations and Remarks.	
			Read- ing.	Fall per km.	%	mb.	mgm/cc.	Degrees from N.	m/s.				Read- ing.	Fall per km.	%	mb.	mgm/cc.	Degrees from N.	m/s.		
Greatest height	1000	993.9	280.2	5.6	80	8.1	1.120	300	11	Overcast, Cu.-Ni.	1000	892.9	277.4	10.2	100	8.3	1.118	240	15	Overcast Cu.-Ni. and Ci. Lowest clouds 820 m. above ground. Thunder in distance.	
100 m. above ground	500	961.7	283	9.8	87	10.5	1.179	250	11		500	948.8	282.5	95	11.2	1.165	250	11			
Ground level	215	995.0	285.8	17	87	12.7	1.207	260	13		215	981.8	283.5	80	10.1	1.202	250	15			
Computed for M.S.L.	115	1006.8	287.5		87	14.3	1.214	250	6		115	993.5	288	70	11.7	1.197	240	4.5			
Computed for M.S.L.	0	...	...	...	...	...	...	295	9.3	...	0	...	...	...	...	...	...	265	9.1	...	

  

BRIGHTON. K. 49. August 22. 11 h. 0 m. to 12 h. 0 m. G.M.T.										
Greatest height	730	935.1	280.3		65	6.5	1.159	320	8	Clear to partly overcast Cu.-Ni. Erratic wind, very variable at all altitudes. Kite not sustainable at any definite heights.
100 m. above ground	500	961.4	283.2	12	64	7.8	1.179	?	?	
Ground level	215	994.7	286.8		61	9.5	1.204	?	?	
Computed for M.S.L.	115	1006.5	288		60	10.1	1.213	295	5.4	
Computed for M.S.L.	0	...	...	...	...	...	...	325	16.3	...

## VALUES OF WIND DIRECTION AND VELOCITY SHOWN BY REGISTERING BALLOONS WHICH HAVE NOT YET BEEN RECOVERED.

PYRTON HILL. No. R. 184. July 1, 1912. 20 h. 0 m. G.M.T.					CRINAN. No. R. 197. July 2, 1912. 7 h. 4 m. G.M.T.					CRINAN. No. R. 198. July 2, 1912. 20 h. 36 m. G.M.T.					CRINAN. No. R. 200. July 4, 1912. 7 h. 0 m. G.M.T.				
Height.	Direction.	Velocity.	Components.		Direction.	Velocity.	Components.		Direction.	Velocity.	Components.		Direction.	Velocity.	Components.				
km.	Degrees from N.	m/s.	W.-E. m/s.	S.-N. m/s.	Degrees from N.	m/s.	W.-E. m/s.	S.-N. m/s.	Degrees from N.	m/s.	W.-E. m/s.	S.-N. m/s.	Degrees from N.	m/s.	W.-E. m/s.	S.-N. m/s.			
6.5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	50	18	-14	-11			
6.0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	60	15	-13	-8			
5.5	270	2	2	0	...	...	...	...	25	9	-4	-8	55	14	-11	-8			
5.0	290	3	3	-1	...	...	...	...	15	13	-3	-13	55	14	-11	-8			
4.5	305	4	3	-2	...	...	...	...	10	14	-3	-14	50	13	-10	-9			
4.0	295	4	4	-2	...	...	...	...	20	16	-5	-15	50	11	-9	-7			
3.5	315	4	3	-3	...	...	...	...	15	10	-3	-10	45	8	-6	-6			
3.0	325	5	3	-4	...	...	...	...	5	14	-1	-14	40	8	-5	-6			
2.5	320	6	4	-5	...	...	...	...	360	11	0	-11	10	6	-1	-6			
2.0	300	8	7	-4	60	10	-9	-5	20	12	-4	-11	360	5	0	-5			
1.5	300	9	8	-5	65	8	-7	-3	20	9	-3	-8	345	4	1	-4			
1.0	315	10	7	-7	55	12	-10	-7	35	10	-6	-8	335	4	2	-4			
0.5	320	8	5	-6	55	10	-8	-6	15	16	-4	-15	315	4	3	-3			

  

PYRTON HILL. No. R. 192. July 4, 1912. 20 h. 0 m. G.M.T.					CRINAN. No. R. 201. July 5, 1912. 7 h. 0 m. G.M.T.					CRINAN. No. R. 202. July 5, 1912. 20 h. 30 m. G.M.T.					CRINAN. No. R. 203. July 6, 1912. 7 h. 3 m. G.M.T.				
Height.	Direction.	Velocity.	Components.		Direction.	Velocity.	Components.		Direction.	Velocity.	Components.		Direction.	Velocity.	Components.				
km.	Degrees from N.	m/s.	W.-E. m/s.	S.-N. m/s.	Degrees from N.	m/s.	W.-E. m/s.	S.-N. m/s.	Degrees from N.	m/s.	W.-E. m/s.	S.-N. m/s.	Degrees from N.	m/s.	W.-E. m/s.	S.-N. m/s.			
7.0	75	16	-16	-4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
6.5	85	16	-16	-2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
6.0	80	16	-16	-3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
5.5	80	11	-11	-2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
5.0	80	10	-10	-2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
4.5	85	8	-8	-1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
4.0	75	7	-7	-2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
3.5	75	7	-7	-2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
3.0	60	6	-5	-3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
2.5	65	4	-4	-2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
2.0	55	5	-4	-3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
1.5	50	6	-5	-4	...	...	...	...	90	4	-4	0	...	...	...	...			
1.0	65	4	-4	-2	...	...	...	...	95	8	-8	1	...	...	...	...			
0.5	50	8	-6	-5	...	...	...	...	110	9	-8	3	200	3	1	3			

At Pyrtion Hill an ascensional velocity of 3.3 m/s. was assumed.

At Crinan the observations were made with one theodolite. The instruments hang 12 m. below the balloon, and the angle subtended between the balloon and instrument is used to calculate the ascensional velocity, assumed to be uniform.

Time is expressed in the hours 1 to 24 of civil reckoning.  
Pressure is given in millibars (1000 mb. = 1 C.G.S. atmosphere = 750 mm. approximately).

Gradient Wind is taken to be tangential to the isobar and is computed by the formula  $\gamma = 2 \omega \rho V \sin \phi$ .

\*Base of Stratosphere.—TYPE 1.—When the stratosphere commences with an inversion, the height and temperature of the first point of zero temperature gradient are given.

TYPE 2.—When the stratosphere begins with an abrupt transition to a temperature gradient below 2° per km. without inversion, the height and temperature of the abrupt transition are given.

TYPE 3.—When there is no such abrupt change of temperature gradient, the base is taken to be where the mean fall of temperature for the kilometer next above is 2° or less, provided that it does not exceed 2° for any subsequent kilometer. If some other position for the base seems to the tabulator to be more suitable, it is noted in the column for "Remarks."

Temperatures are expressed in degrees absolute (273° A = 0° C.).  
Heights are given in kilometers (km.).

METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE OBSERVATORIES—GEOPHYSICAL JOURNAL.

SEPTEMBER 1912.—DAILY VALUES REFERRED TO GREENWICH MEAN TIME AND UNITS, BASED ON THE C.G.S. SYSTEM. [Price 1s.

Second Year.—No. 9. *Meteorology, Solar Radiation, Seismology, Atmospheric Electricity, and Terrestrial Magnetism.*

1. SEISMOLOGICAL JOURNAL:—ESKDALEMUIR.—Lat. 55° 19' N. Long. 3° 12' W.

Date.	Microseisms.		Earthquakes.	Remarks.
	Period.	Amp.		
1	8	1.1	I, I, I.	1st I, Several shocks? P's doubtful. S=4 h. 31 m. 37 s., 4 h. 36 m. 31 s., 4 h. 41 m. 11 s., L about 4 h. 50 m. I, Long waves 14½ h. I, Long waves 23 h. 50 m. 4th I, Traces of long waves 0 h.-1 h. Much confused by wind. 6th I, Disturbed 23 h.-24 h. 9th I, Disturbed about 19 h. 40 m. 10th I, Disturbed 14 h. 40 m.-15 h. I, P? S=16 h. 7 m., L=16 h. 29 m. 11th Iu, P=1 h. 0 m. 52 s., S=1 h. 11 m. 51 s., Δ=10020 km. 12th I, L=6 h. 25 m. 13th I, Long waves 8 h.-8 h. 40 m. IIIr, P=23 h. 36 m. 45 s., S=23 h. 41 m. 10 s., Δ=2760 km. α=65° 33' E. of S. Epicentre 40° 21' N. 26° 55' E. 15th Iv, P=2 h. 5 m. 47 s., S=2 h. 6 m. 45 s., L=2 h. 6 m. 54 s., Δ=530 km., α probably N.E., but P is so small that S.W. is possible. The vertical Seismogram gives indications of disturbance during the minute preceding P in the horizontal Seismogram. Epicentre 58° 32' N. 3° 16' E. 16th I, L=15 h. 36 m. I, P? S=20 h. 13 m. 44 s., L=20 h. 20 m. I, P?, S=21 h. 13 m. 4 s., L=21 h. 16 m. 19th I, P=4 h. 17 m. 38 s., S and L imperceptible, α=45° N.E. I, Small disturbance 15 h. 38 m.-15 h. 43 m. 20th I, Start 21h 40 m., maximum at 22 h. 1 m. 21st I, Long waves 4 h. 42 m.-4 h. 57 m. I, Long waves 6 h. 59 m.-7h. 11 m. I, Disturbed 12 h. 11 m.-12 h. 24 m. 22nd I, Phases very doubtful, sharp impulse (S?) 5 h. 12 m. 0 s., (L?) 5 h. 28 m. Long waves not fully developed till 5 h. 50 m. 24th I, Disturbed 21 h. 53 m.-22h. 7 m. 25th I, Disturbed 0 h. 52 m.-1 h. 12 m. I, Disturbed 18 h. 30 m.-19 h. 0 m. I, Long waves 21 h. 20 m. 26th I, Disturbed 18 h. 24 m. Iu, P?, S=19 h. 40 m., L=20 h. 6 m. 28th I, P confused by wind, S=13 h. 3 m. 6 s., L=13 h. 7 m. 29th IIIu, P=21 h. 5 m. 45 s., S=21 h. 19 m. 43 s., α=39° 48' N.E. Note: Earthquake similar to Aug. 16th 1911 and Aug. 17th 1912. In each S-P gives Δ too great, as PR <sub>1</sub> -P indicates Δ circa 12,000 km. 30th I, P=5 h. 44 m. 14 s., S?=5 h. 51 m. 42 s. or 5 h. 55 m. 56 s., L=6 h. 1 m., Δ?=5850 km.
2	4-5	0.6		
3	5	1.0		
4	5-6	2.0	I.	
5	6	1.7		
6	5	1.0	I.	
7	5	0.8		
8	6	0.8		
9	5	0.8	I.	
10	6	0.8	I, I.	
11	5	1.1	Iu.	
12	5	0.6	I.	
13	4-5	0.2	I, IIIr.	
14	4-5	0.2		
15	5	0.2	Iv.	
16	5	0.1	I, I, I.	
17	5	0.2		
18	5	0.2		
19	5-6	0.2	I, I.	
20	5	0.3	I.	
21	4-5	0.2	I, I, I.	
22	5-6	0.3	I.	
23	5	0.6		
24	5-6	0.4	I.	
25	5	0.6	I, I, I.	
26	4	0.7	I, Iu.	
27	4	0.5		
28	4	0.7	I.	
29	4	0.6	IIIu.	
30	4	0.7	I.	

An explanation of the notation used is given in the preface.

2. VALENCIA OBSERVATORY, CAHRCIVEEN (KERRY).—Lat. 51° 56' N. Long. 10° 15' W.

Heights above Mean Sea Level:—Station, H=9.2 m. Barometer Cistern, H<sub>b</sub>=13.7 m.

Heights above Ground:—Thermometers, h<sub>t</sub>=1.2 m. Rain-gauge, h<sub>r</sub>=0.6 m. Sunshine Recorder, h<sub>s</sub>=12.8 m. Cups of Anemometer, h<sub>a</sub>=13.7 m.

Day.	Pressure at Station Level.		Air Temperature in Degrees Absolute.				Humidity.				Wind Direction in points (8=E, 16=S) and Velocity (metres per second).				Cloud Amount and Weather.		Rain 24 hours beginning 10 h.	Sunshine hrs.	Remarks.	Magnetism.				
	9 h.	21 h.	9 h.	21 h.	Max.	Min.	Vapour Pressure.		Percentage.		9 h.	21 h.	9 h.	21 h.	10 h.	22 h.				mm.	hrs.	Horizontal Force.	Declination West.	Inclination.
							9 h.	21 h.	9 h.	21 h.														
1	mb. 1015.6	mb. 1013.9	86.4	85.7	88	85	14.9	13.2	96	92	20	2	30	3	10=0	5	2.3	1.3	Intermittent • 7 h. to 14 h.	7.	0	0		
2	1016.7	1017.9	86.9	86.8	89	86	13.9	15.3	88	98	29	2	16	4	9	10	3.1	—	Dull to misty with •.	...	...	...		
3	1017.7	1014.0	88.7	88.2	90	87	17.0	16.6	95	97	20	5	19	9	10=0	10=0	1.3	—	Heavy mist; gloomy.	...	...	...		
4	1018.8	1021.6	86.7	85.6	88	85	11.5	10.5	74	73	23	9	24	10	8=0	6	—	1.7	≡ <sup>0</sup> , clearing in afternoon.	...	...	...		
5	1022.0	1021.5	85.3	85.3	87	84	9.8	10.9	70	77	24	7	26	5	10	9	—	—	Dull, but clear.	...	...	...		
6	1022.7	1025.1	85.1	84.2	87	83	11.5	10.9	83	81	26	5	—	0	8	2	—	2.3	Dull to fair.	...	...	...		
7	1026.2	1026.8	86.9	87.2	89	83	13.6	15.3	86	94	23	3	20	5	8	10=0	1.3	—	Dull. ≡ <sup>0</sup> p.	17868	20 27.7	68 10.4		
8	1026.1	1025.7	86.9	87.0	89	87	15.6	14.9	99	93	23	4	26	2	9=0	10=0	—	—	≡ <sup>0</sup> .	...	...	...		
9	1025.2	1026.2	86.2	83.9	89	82	13.2	9.8	88	75	5	5	6	4	7	0	—	—	8.0 Fair to fine.	...	...	...		
10	1027.0	1026.9	82.9	84.0	86	81	9.2	10.2	75	78	4	4	32	3	9	6	—	—	5.2 Dull α. Fine p.	...	...	...		
11	1027.2	1027.6	83.0	83.7	86	79	10.2	11.2	83	87	—	1	4	2	2	2	—	—	10.2 Fine throughout.	...	...	...		
12	1029.6	1030.6	82.6	82.1	88	79	10.5	10.5	88	90	4	2	—	1	0∞	0	—	10.1	D; fine but ∞.	...	...	...		
13	1031.3	1031.9	82.5	85.1	87	87	10.9	11.9	93	84	—	0	28	2	2∞	10	—	—	D; fine but ∞.	...	...	...		
14	1030.6	1028.3	85.1	86.3	88	84	11.9	14.9	85	98	31	3	—	1	10	10=0	0.5	—	0.1 Overcast most of day.	...	...	...		
15	1026.1	1023.9	87.3	86.0	89	84	15.3	13.9	93	93	31	3	—	0	7	1	—	—	8.4 Fine.	...	...	...		
16	1024.1	1024.7	85.1	86.2	88	81	12.6	14.2	89	94	—	0	—	0	3∞	10∞	—	—	7.9 D; fine but ∞.	...	...	...		
17	1026.0	1026.9	86.4	86.7	90	84	14.6	13.9	94	89	—	0	—	0	10∞	10=0	—	—	2.0 Hazy.	...	...	...		
18	1028.0	1028.1	87.9	85.1	89	83	15.6	12.9	92	92	—	1	—	0	6∞	0	—	—	7.9 D ∞. Fine.	...	...	...		
19	1027.8	1026.8	86.3	84.3	89	81	13.2	9.5	88	72	8	4	9	4	3∞	2	—	—	7.3 D ∞. Fine.	...	...	...		
20	1025.9	1024.9	85.6	85.3	88	84	10.5	9.8	73	68	9	4	8	4	7∞	2	—	—	2.0 Cloudy and hazy.	...	...	...		
21	1023.6	1023.0	86.3	85.6	89	85	11.5	10.9	74	75	9	5	10	4	6∞	2∞	—	—	7.3 ∞. Fair.	17887	20 29.2	68 9.8		
22	1022.1	1023.4	86.5	86.0	89	85	10.5	10.5	68	71	10	6	11	4	5∞	7	—	—	7.0 ∞; fine to fair.	...	...	...		
23	1024.5	1026.6	86.8	85.9	89	84	11.9	11.2	74	76	9	5	8	2	3∞	8	—	—	7.5 ∞; fine to dull in evening.	...	...	...		
24	1024.3	1019.7	86.8	86.4	89	85	10.5	10.9	66	70	9	5	11	7	3∞	5	—	—	5.9 ∞; fine to fair.	...	...	...		
25	1012.3	1008.0	86.8	85.8	88	84	10.2	12.9	66	88	12	10	13	11	6∞	10	—	—	3.5 ∞; squally; • n.	...	...	...		
26	1006.2	1006.6	85.6	84.8	86	84	12.6	12.2	87	88	11	9	8	10	10=0	10=0	10.4	—	—	Overcast throughout. ≡ <sup>0</sup> .	...	...	...	
27	1007.7	1006.3	86.1	84.8	88	85	12.9	10.2	85	75	8	4	9	8	2	10	0.8	3.0	—	3.0 Fair to dull.	...	...	...	
28	1003.4	1002.5	85.1	84.9	87	85	10.5	11.2	75	82	7	3	3	4	10	10	4.6	0.1	—	Misty; • showers p.	...	...	...	
29	996.7	996.9	85.1	84.5	87	84	11.9	10.2	86	75	5	6	9	6	9	2	0.8	—	—	0.6 Cloudy with ≡ <sup>0</sup> .	...	...	...	
30	994.9	992.6	82.6	84.8	86	78	9.8	12.2	83	90	5	3	—	0	3	10	—	—	7.8 D; fair.	...	...	...		
Means	1020.3	1020.0	85.7	85.4	88.0	83.2	12.3	12.1	83	84	4.0	3.9	—	—	6.5	6.8	87.8	4.23	—	Monthly Totals or Means.	17878	20 28.5	68 10.1	
Normal 40 years	1014.1	1014.2	86.6	86.1	89.6	83.8	13.3	13.1	85	86	4.8	4.3	—	—	—	—	112.2	4.42	—	Normals, 40 years.	—	—	—	

3. KEW OBSERVATORY, SURREY.—Lat. 51° 28' N. Long. 0° 19' W.

Heights above Mean Sea Level :—Station, H=5.5 m. Barometer, H<sub>b</sub>=10.4 m.

Heights above Ground :—Thermometers, h<sub>t</sub>=3.0 m. Rain-gauge, h<sub>r</sub>=0.5 m. Sunshine Recorder, h<sub>s</sub>=14.3 m. Cups of Anemometer, h<sub>a</sub>=21.3 m.

Table with columns for Day, Pressure at Station Level, Air Temperature in Degrees Absolute, Humidity (Vapour Pressure, Percentage), Wind Direction in Points (8=E, 16=S) and Velocity (metres per second), Cloud Amount and Weather, Rain 24 hours beginning 10 h., Sunshine, Solar Radiation, Min. Temp. on Grass, Earth Temperature at 10 h., and Remarks. Includes monthly means and normals for 40 years.

Note.—The cloud amounts in italic type at Kew were taken at 18 h.

4. ESKDALEMUIR OBSERVATORY, DUMFRIESSHIRE.—Lat. 55° 19' N. Long. 3° 12' W.

Heights above Mean Sea Level :—Station, H=243.2 m. Barometer, H<sub>b</sub>=237.1 m.

Heights above Ground :—Thermometers, h<sub>t</sub>=0.8 m. Rain-gauge, h<sub>r</sub>=0.3 m. Sunshine Recorder, h<sub>s</sub>=1.5 m. Vane of Anemometer, h<sub>a</sub>=15.2 m.

Table with columns for Day, Pressure at Station Level, Air Temperature in Degrees Absolute, Humidity (Vapour Pressure, Percentage), Wind Direction in Points (8=E, 16=S) and Velocity (metres per second), Cloud Amount and Weather, Rain 24 hours beginning 10 h., Sunshine, Solar Radiation, Min. Temp. on Grass, Earth Temperature at 10 h., and Remarks. Includes monthly means and normals for 40 years.

The solar radiation is the mean of the readings within the nominal hour of observation (11 h. 30 m.—12 h. 30 m.) unless some other hour is specified.

5. KEW OBSERVATORY.

Day.	Potential Gradient, Volts per metre. Factor 1.69.				Charge per cc. $\times 10^{20}$ .		Velocities of Ions for 1 volt per centimetre.		Conductivity $\times 10^{20}$ .	Air-Earth Current $\times 10^{16}$ .		Electric Character of Day.	Magnetic Character of Day.	Horizontal Force.			West Declination.						
	3 h.	9 h.	15 h.	21 h.	+	-	+	-		c <sub>1</sub>	c <sub>2</sub>			Maximum. 18000 $\gamma$ +.	Minimum. 18000 $\gamma$ +.	Range.	Maximum. 15° +.	Minimum. 15° +.	Range.				
	v/m.	v/m.	v/m.	v/m.	E.-m.U.	E.-m.U.	cm/sec.	cm/sec.		E.-m.U.	Amp/cm <sup>2</sup> .			$\gamma$	h m	$\gamma$	h m	$\gamma$	h m	h m	h m	h m	
1	165	200	200	345								I	I	518	0 59	471	10 23	47	51'4	13 0	39'3	2 16	12'1
2	90	105	225	265								I	O	512	20 54	480	11 15	32	51'3	13 9	41'5	7 42	9'8
3	280	445	295	225								O	I	547	21 19	479	10 51	68	50'6	12 46	40'7	7 45	9'9
4	105	165	155	240								O	I	536	0 38	460	10 33	76	49'7	12 9	39'3	0 43	10'4
5	250	270	190	315								I	O	520	22 19	467	10 58	53	49'8	12 19	40'4	7 22	9'4
6	175	280	200	240								I	I	512	23 59	470	9 36	42	49'9	11 44	41'4	7 11	8'5
7	130	280	155	390								O	O	513	0 5	474	9 45	39	50'7	13 0	41'3	7 11	9'4
8	130	190	150	205								O	O	526	23 59	471	8 0	55	50'2	12 36	40'3	6 54	9'9
9	55	305	200	200								I	O	528	0 4	468	10 18	60	52'6	11 54	39'7	7 0	12'9
10	330	370	165	365								I	O	510	0 20	467	9 33	43	49'9	11 29	41'4	6 46	8'5
11	330	315	150	225								O	O	514	23 59	475	9 15	39	50'5	12 44	42'2	7 40	8'3
12	100	230	470	365								O	I	515	0 18	470	10 55	45	51'7	11 46	40'3	20 28	11'4
13	240	395	200	200								O	O	511	0 20	464	9 39	47	51'2	12 23	40'6	22 10	10'6
14	215	180	125	200								O	O	508	18 30	471	9 56	37	50'4	11 15	41'9	7 21	8'5
15	130	140	175	90								I	O	506	16 21	466	10 32	40	50'7	13 0	40'7	7 10	10'0
16	125	115	125	155								I	O	508	20 42	475	9 18	33	49'5	12 46	40'6	8 0	8'9
17	105	150	100	155								I	2	602	20 32	455	18 21	147	55'9	13 56	10'5	20 20	45'4
18	305	280	435	390	970	510	0'90	0'00	0'85	3'80	1'55	O	O	509	20 49	447	11 43	62	52'8	12 36	39'7	20 29	13'1
19	240	495	535	530	600	480	0'45	0'00	0'30	1'50	0'70	O	O	513	22 0	472	9 30	41	49'7	12 35	41'5	8 10	8'2
20	330	315	355	585	970	570	0'40	0'00	0'40	1'40	1'05	O	O	509	1 41	473	10 30	36	51'2	13 9	37'7	3 20	13'5
21	215	420	410	365								O	O	500	21 40	474	12 21	26	49'5	13 33	41'4	7 46	8'1
22	270	320	365	340								O	O	538	22 53	474	11 3	64	50'5	13 50	38'3	23 14	12'2
23	230	230	410	365								O	I	513	13 46	474	17 47	39	51'9	13 49	41'7	7 50	10'2
24	365	530	545	625								O	2	542	23 3	422	9 59	120	57'4	10 25	30'7	20 49	26'7
25	395	460	395	595								O	O	496	23 3	466	10 49	30	48'0	12 43	37'6	0 5	10'4
26	105	435	245	390								O	O	530	19 49	468	8 54	62	49'7	13 20	38'3	20 19	11'4
27	230	570	495	390	570	540						O	O	505	21 30	460	11 31	45	50'7	13 25	40'2	8 18	10'5
28	270	330	460	-100								I	O	507	19 9	466	10 45	41	50'7	13 46	40'9	8 19	9'8
29	80	50	225	-35								2	O	507	0 3	468	10 4	39	50'2	13 30	41'5	9 0	8'7
30	-265	40	165	0	570	700	0'50	0'60	0'70	1'15	0'65	2	O	519	21 43	478	11 28	41	49'6	14 0	40'5	9 13	9'1
M.	191	287	277	287										519		468		52	50'9		39'1		11'9

Note.—The mean values of the Potential gradient in Table 5 are computed from the data for those days on which values at each of the four hours, 3h, 9h, 15h, 21h, are given in the table. A similar note applies to the values in Table 6.

6. ESKDALEMUIR OBSERVATORY.

Day.	Potential Gradient, Volts per metre. Factor 5.5.				Charge per cc. $\times 10^{20}$ .		Velocities of Ions for 1 volt per centimetre.		Conductivity $\times 10^{20}$ .	Air-Earth Current $\times 10^{16}$ .		Electric Character of Day.	Magnetic Character of Day.	North Component.			West Component.			Vertical Component. §					
	3 h.	9 h.	15 h.	21 h.	+	-	+	-		c <sub>1</sub>	c <sub>2</sub>			Maximum. 15000 $\gamma$ +.	Minimum. 15000 $\gamma$ +.	Range.	Maximum. 5000 $\gamma$ +.	Minimum. 5000 $\gamma$ +.	Range.	Maximum. 45000 $\gamma$ +.	Minimum. 45000 $\gamma$ +.	Range.			
	v/m.	v/m.	v/m.	v/m.	E.-m.U.	E.-m.U.	cm/sec.	cm/sec.		E.-m.U.	Amp/cm <sup>2</sup> .			h m	$\gamma$	$\gamma$	h m	h m	$\gamma$	$\gamma$	h m	h m	$\gamma$	$\gamma$	h m
1	187	130	122	382								I b	O	0 40	1038	984	10 31	13 40	247	184	2 17	24 0	304	285	1 20
2	223		194	360								I a	O	20 32	1033	991	11 56	13 46	244	194	8 40	18 0	313	291	12 43
3	137	50	295	-878								I b	I	21 17	1081	989	11 39	12 45	240	200	9 0	18 0	313	292	13 0
4	86	65	140	137								I b	I	0 36	1072	974	11 17	13 36	239	199	1 14	18 0	318	289	3 10
5	115	115	173	223								I b	I	22 14	1052	978	11 58	12 25	238	193	7 20	19 20	311	298	12 16
6	101	86	202	273								O a	I	1 28	1038	981	9 40	1 3	241	198	7 16	19 20	312	295	1 30
7			216	288								I a	O	0 0	1037	992	9 43	12 59	246	201	7 35	18 0	315	296	13 0
8	7	166	86	273								I b	I	24 0	1055	987	9 47	12 33	246	194	7 41	19 40	315	298	12 0
9	295	216	187	281								O a	I	0 0	1055	980	10 18	11 53	252	194	6 56	15 0	323	300	11 53
10	166		216	310								I a	O	3 20	1030	991	9 35	12 10	235	190	6 45	15 10	317	299	11 50
11	281	266	166	202								O a	O	23 58	1034	993	9 10	12 40	245	205	7 36	16 0	318	303	11 0
12			202	439								O a	I	4 6	1035	981	10 57	13 20	250	187	20 27	17 20	322	301	11 50
13	540	331	238	346								O a	I	17 24	1037	983	11 0	12 56	239	189	22 9	20 20	323	301	12 10
14			166	331								O a	I	20 20	1032	983	9 51	13 13	244	200	7 21	16 30	321	306	11 30
15	130	144	252									O a	O	18 20	1030	981	10 40	13 0	237	192	8 50	17 50	331	310	12 10
16			209	324	440	240	1'03	0'50	0'57			O a	O	4 30	1031	994	9 55	12 43	243	192	7 50	16 10	333	315	11 40
17			180	576								O a	2	20 23	1202	957	14 25	14 53	293	121	20 16	18 10	385	308	11 25
18	569	288	137	194								O a	I	20 17	1038	946	11 43	12 33	252	188	20 26	15 5	350	315	1 59
19	180	151	202	454								O a	I	21 58	1048	986	9 35	13 2	235	197	8 8	18 0	354	326	12 0
20	245	317	173	475								O a	I	20 58	1039	982	12 27	13 10	242	170	3 30	17 30	352	323	2 40
21	511	281	252	439								O a	O	23 47	1024	984	12 20	13 26	233	190	23 28	17 30	359	345	11 58
22	338	173	223	785								O a	I	22 49	1073	989	11 40	13 49	241	169	22 36	19 13	363	344	23 20
23	490	590	202	720								O a	2	23 50	1038	991	10 25	13 43	256	178	0 0	18 10	365	333	11 53
24	713		230	353								O a	2	22 57	1109	913	9 59	5 38	283	117	20 46	20 14	371	281	5 0
25	497	245	238	389								O a	O	0 27	1024	988	10 49	13 14	223	154	0 3	16 50	360	327	0 0
26	151	108	144	259								O a	O	19 45	1081	996	11 7	14 10	231	172	20 25	19 30	378	?	?
27	266	187	223	360								O a	O	22 12	1030	974	11 30	13 55	234	184	8 33	15 30	380	366	11 20
28	331	223	158	194								O a	O	24 0	1032	984	11 27	13 45	237	188	8 44	22 30	389	378	13 0
29	122	158	-634	288								I b	O	(0 3)	1033	922	11 36	14 14	235	189	9 0	19 58	386	368	13 20
30	101	-374	36</																						

7. Tables of Wind Components in metres per second at fixed hours, together with the mean velocity (horizontal movement) in metres per second for the hour with the maximum hourly run for each day, or the greatest velocity attained in a gust and the time of its occurrence.

Table with columns for Date, Time, and Wind Components (S, N, W, E) for HOLYHEAD and DEERNES. Includes sub-headers for height of head and cups, and a summary row at the bottom for S+N, W+E and S-N, W-E.

Table with columns for Date, Time, and Wind Components (S, N, W, E) for SCILLY and GREAT YARMOUTH. Includes sub-headers for height of head and cups, and a summary row at the bottom for S+N, W+E and S-N, W-E.

The velocities at fixed hours are means for the interval from 30 minutes before to 30 minutes after the hour. The hours are numbered 1 h. to 24 h. Time is referred to Greenwich Mean Time. \* No Record. † Robinson Cup Anemometer; Arms 0.61 m.; Diameter of Cups, 0.229 m.; Factor 2.2. ‡ Dines Pressure Tube Anemometer. At Great Yarmouth, Holyhead, and Scilly the readings at fixed hours are taken from the Robinson Anemometer, the maxima quoted are the greatest winds in a gust as recorded by the Dines Pressure Tube.



8. The Lower Layers of the Atmosphere from the Surface to 3000 metres (10,000 ft.) above Mean Sea Level. Soundings by Kites (K.).

PYRTON HILL. K. 2. September 7. 10 h. 20 m. G.M.T.											BRIGHTON. K. 50. September 7. 10 h. 50 m. to 12 h. 0 m. G.M.T.										
Soundings with Kites.	Height above M.S.L.	Pressure.	Temperature.		Humidity.		Density.	Wind.		Cloud Observations and Remarks.	Height above M.S.L.	Pressure.	Temperature.		Humidity.		Density.	Wind.		Cloud Observations and Remarks.	
			Reading.	Fall per km.	%	mb.		Direction.	Velocity.				Reading.	Fall per km.	%	mb.		Direction.	Velocity.		
Greatest height	1300	876.2	277.5	8.3	100	8.4	1.096	330	14	Clouds at and above 1000 m.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	1000	908.8	280	7	100	10.0	1.126	320	14		1000	906.8	277	7.6	100	8.1	1.134	340	15	Overcast, Cu.-St	
	500	965.3	283.5	12	90	11.4	1.181	310	14		500	963.8	280.8	9.5	95	10.0	1.191	340.5	15		
100 m. above ground	250	994.5	286.5	15	75	11.5	1.204	300	9		215	997.5	283.5	9.5	90	11.4	1.221	340	14		
Ground level	150	1006.3	288		70	11.9	1.212	290	8		115	1009.5	286	25	86	12.8	1.224	320	6 to 8		
Computed for M.S.L.	0	1024.3	...	...	...	...	...	320	14	...	0	1023.3	...	...	...	...	...	335	7	...	

9. The Upper Air: Soundings by Registering Balloons (R.) and Pilot Balloons (P.).

TABLE OF HEIGHTS, PRESSURES, TEMPERATURES, AND WINDS.

1912. September 20. 17 h. 0 m. G.M.T.				SOUNDING NO., R. 205.	Height above M.S.L.	Pressure.	Temperature.		Wind.			REMARKS.	
Height above M.S.L.	Pressure.	Temp.	PLACE, PYRTON HILL.	Reading.			Fall per km.	Direction.	Velocity.	Components.			
GREATEST HEIGHT,	14.5 km.	133 mb.	212° A.	Latitude, 51° 38' N.	km.	mb.	°A.	°C.	Degrees from N.	m/s.	W. to E.	S. to N.	Double trace but not much difference, the mean taken.  Inversion 274° at 1.1 km. to 276° at 2.0.  Unusually steep gradient from 7 to 11 km.
LOWEST TEMPERATURE,	12.2 km.	194 mb.	205° A.	Longitude, 1° 0' W.	14.0	143	211	-1	...	...	...	...	
BASE OF STRATOSPHERE,	12.2 km.	194 mb.	205° A.	Height above M.S.L., } 150 m.	13.0	167	210	-4	...	...	...	...	
Type	No. 1.			PLACE OF FALL, Lambourn.	12.0	197	206	-4	105	4	-4	+1	
				Distance, 37 km.	11.9	200	...	6	...	...	...	...	
				Orientation, 248°.	11.0	232	212	6	...	...	...	...	
					10.0	271	221	9	90	3	-3	0	
					9.4	300	...	8	...	...	...	...	
					9.0	316	229	9	70	5	-5	-2	
					8.0	365	238	9	45	7	-5	-5	
					7.4	400	...	10	...	...	...	...	
					7.0	420	248	8	25	9	-4	-8	
					6.0	486	256	8	15	9	-2	-9	
					5.7	500	...	5	...	...	...	...	
					5.0	550	261	5	40	8	-5	-6	
					4.3	600	...	5	...	...	...	...	
					4.0	625	266	6	65	10	-9	-4	
					3.1	700	...	6	...	...	...	...	
					3.0	709	272	6	75	12	-12	-3	
					2.0	800	...	4	...	...	...	...	
					2.0	803	276	4	85	11	-11	-1	
					1.1	900	...	-1	...	...	...	...	
					1.0	908	275	-1	90	11	-11	0	
					...	1000	...	...	...	...	...	...	
					Ground M.S.L.	1010	284	...	...	...	...	...	
						1026	...	...	...	...	...	...	

TABLE OF HEIGHTS, PRESSURES, AND TEMPERATURES.

1912. September 5. 7 h. 0 m. G.M.T.				SOUNDING NO., R. 17.	Height above M.S.L.	Pressure.	Temperature.		REMARKS.
Height above M.S.L.	Pressure.	Temp.	PLACE, MANCHESTER.	Reading.			Fall per km.		
GREATEST HEIGHT,	17.3 km.	87 mb.	228.5° A.	Latitude, 53° 28' N.	km.	mb.	°A.	°C.	...
LOWEST TEMPERATURE,	10.2 km.	254 mb.	220.5° A.	Longitude, 2° 14' W.	17.0	87	228.5	0	
BASE OF STRATOSPHERE,	10.2 km.	254 mb.	220.5° A.	Height above M.S.L., } 40 m.	16.1	100	228.5	-0.5	
Type	No. 1.			PLACE OF FALL, Norwich.	15.0	119	228	-0.5	
				Distance, 253 km.	14.0	142	227.5	0.5	
				Orientation, 110°.	13.0	168	228	0.5	
					12.0	196	228.5	0.5	
					11.9	200	228.5	-1	
					11.0	228	227.5	-3	
					10.0	263	224.5	9	
					9.2	300	230.5	7	
					9.0	307	233.5	231.5	
					8.0	355	242.5	239	
					7.2	400	245	242	
					7.0	407	246.5	243	
					6.0	468	254	250.5	
					5.5	500	258	254	
					5.0	534	262	257.5	
					4.1	600	266	260.5	
					4.0	605	266	261	
					3.0	689	265.5	-0.5	
					2.9	700	266	5	
					2.0	789	270.5	4	
					1.9	800	271	4	
					1.0	896	276	7.5	
					0.95	900	277	7.5	
					0.1	1000	282.5	8	
					Ground M.S.L.	1008	283	...	
						1012	...	...	

10. Solar Radiation at South Kensington.

Day.	JULY.			AUGUST.			SEPTEMBER.			REMARKS.
	Maximum Rate, Watts per cm <sup>2</sup> .	Daily Amount, Calories per cm <sup>2</sup> .	Duration of Sunshine.	Maximum Rate, Watts per cm <sup>2</sup> .	Daily Amount, Calories per cm <sup>2</sup> .	Duration of Sunshine.	Maximum Rate, Watts per cm <sup>2</sup> .	Daily Amount, Calories per cm <sup>2</sup> .	Duration of Sunshine.	
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(1)	(2)	(3)	(1)	(2)	(3)	
1	·069	212	0·4	·074	495	7·2	·055	188	0·5	<p><i>Note.</i>—1 watt per cm<sup>2</sup>=14·35 gramme-calories per cm<sup>2</sup> per minute. 1 gramme-calorie per minute = 0·7 watt nearly.</p> <p>If the heat were distributed throughout the atmosphere 1000 gramme-calories per cm<sup>2</sup> would be sufficient to raise the temperature 4°·1 C. It would take 245 gramme-calories per cm<sup>2</sup> to raise the temperature of the whole atmosphere 1° C.</p> <p>For values January to March, see p. 20, and April to June p. 56.</p>
2	·052	174	0·0	·076	370	7·5	·068	254	3·7	
3	·052	134	0·1	·073	306	2·0	·061	196	0·9	
4	·052	220	1·3	·077	248	2·4	·069	290	5·9	
5	·048	228	1·4	·080	453	8·2	·064	308	6·9	
6	·069	399	5·3	·059	261	1·3	·069	306	6·6	
7	·069	309	4·9	·073	264	2·9	·063	280	7·1	
8	·066	318	3·0	·070	307	3·0	·057	173	0·7	
9	·072	448	9·6	·071	318	3·4	·066	346	6·7	
10	·069	385	4·4	·067	288	2·4	·041	130	0·5	
11	·079	359	5·4	·065	358	3·5	·034	135	3·5	
12	·076	502	10·3	·057	164	0·2	·055	218	2·9	
13	·058	304	4·1	·069	298	2·9	·034	143	0·7	
14	·059	401	8·4	·066	293	2·3	·048	135	0·3	
15	·066	492	13·5	·038	133	0·0	·042	162	0·3	
16	·066	481	12·0	·069	281	1·6	·027	95	0·1	
17	·066	500	12·4	·057	227	0·1	Cylinder slipping.		0·0	
18	·057	261	1·1	·065	272	2·3	·049	210	4·1	
19	·030	167	0·0	·068	326	4·1	·024	97	0·0	
20	·048	222	0·1	·068	273	2·4	·055	186	4·3	
21	·066	367	3·8	·050	271	2·9	·054	239	7·4	
22	·034	194	0·0	·070	373	7·4	·047	287	8·9	
23	·067	220	1·2	·017	71	0·0	·048	290	5·8	
24	·076	368	4·8	·030	124	0·0	·037	165	3·3	
25	·072	411	7·7	·062	278	2·6	·051	170	2·9	
26	·073	398	6·8	·030	63	0·0	·046	258	7·6	
27	·074	382	5·6	·062	314	2·8	·046	246	7·3	
28	·071	380	5·5	·060	282	4·2	·049	223	4·4	
29	·069	216	0·4	·070	243	4·2	·050	155	2·0	
30	·075	371	6·8	·061	237	2·2	·043	84	0·5	
31	·041	146	0·2	·066	352	7·5				
Total	{ For days with values in column 2 }	9969	140·5	...	8453	93·5	...	5969	105·8	
Mean	{ }	322	4·53	...	273	3·02	...	206	3·65	
Total	{ For all days }	...	140·5	...	...	93·5	...	...	105·8	
Mean	{ }	...	4·53	...	...	3·02	...	...	3·53	
Ratio of Mean Daily Amount to Mean Duration.		71			90			56		

N. B.—The values of Solar Radiation at South Kensington are obtained from the records of a Callendar Instrument which depends upon the difference of temperature between a black and a bright wire exposed horizontally to radiation from the whole of the sky. The values may be taken as representing the total radiation and the maximum rate of radiation per cm<sup>2</sup> received by a horizontal surface. If it is desired to compare the values published for Kew and Eskdalemuir in Tables 3 and 4 with the simultaneous value recorded by the Callendar Instrument the former must be multiplied by the cosine of the zenith distance of the sun at the time of observation. The duration of sunshine in this table is obtained from a Campbell-Stokes Recorder.

Time is expressed in the hours 1 to 24 of civil reckoning.

Pressure is given in millibars (1000 mb. = 1 C. G. S. atmosphere = 750 mm. approximately).

Gradient Wind is taken to be tangential to the isobar and is computed by the formula  $\gamma = 2 \omega \rho V \sin \phi$ .

\*Base of Stratosphere.—TYPE 1.—When the stratosphere commences with an inversion, the height and temperature of the first point of zero temperature gradient are given. TYPE 2.—When the stratosphere begins with an abrupt transition to a temperature gradient below 2° per km. without inversion, the height and temperature of the abrupt transition are given. TYPE 3.—When there is no such abrupt change of temperature gradient, the base is taken to be where the mean fall of temperature for the kilometer next above is 2° or less, provided that it does not exceed 2° for any subsequent kilometer. If some other position for the base seems to the tabulator to be more suitable, it is noted in the column for "Remarks."

Temperatures are expressed in degrees absolute (273° A = 0° C.). Heights are given in kilometers (km.).

# METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE OBSERVATORIES—GEOPHYSICAL JOURNAL.

OCTOBER 1912.—DAILY VALUES REFERRED TO GREENWICH MEAN TIME AND UNITS,  
BASED ON THE C.G.S. SYSTEM. [Price 1s.]

Second Year.—No. 10. *Meteorology, Solar Radiation, Seismology, Atmospheric Electricity, and Terrestrial Magnetism.*

## 1. SEISMOLOGICAL JOURNAL:—ESKDALEMUIR.—Lat. 55° 19' N. Long. 3° 12' W.

Date.	Microseisms.		Earthquakes.	Remarks.
	Period.	Amp.		
1	5	1.0	I.	1st I, Long waves 6 h. 36 m.
2	5	1.2		3rd I, Disturbed 17 h. 7 m.—17 h. 30 m., L=17 h. 20 m.
3	5-6	0.9	I.	10th I, Disturbed 19 h. 10 m.—19 h. 32 m.
4	5	0.6		11th I, Disturbed 2 h. 4 m.—3 h., L=2 h. 10 m.
5	6	1.0		12th Iu, P=15 h. 32 m. 55 s., S=15 h. 42 m. 29 s., Δ=8280 km., α=true north. Epicentre 50°2' N. 176°8' E. I, P and S imperceptible, L=20 h. 4 m.
6	6	1.0		13th I, Long waves 2 h. 44 m.
7	6	1.5		17th Iu, P=10 h. 4 m. 53 s., S=10 h. 19 m. 18 s., Δ>14,000 km.
8	6	1.0		18th Iu, P=12 h. 6 m. 13 s., S=12 h. 15 m. 31 s., Δ=7960 km., α=nearly true north. Epicentre 53° N. 177° E.
9	5-6	0.7	I.	20th I, Trace of long waves 11 h. 6 m.
10	6	0.7	I.	21st I, L=23 h. 54 m.
11	7-8	1.8	I.	22nd I, Disturbed 9 h.—9 h. 30 m.; I, Long waves 10 h. 48 m.; L=20 h. 24 m.
12	7	1.3	Iu, I.	25th I, P=12 h. 58 m. 33 s., L=13 h. 2 m.
13	6	0.8	I.	26th I, Sharp impulses 9 h. 19 m. 2 s. and 9 h. 25 m. 8 s. Max. phase lost during change of sheet.
14	4	1.5		31st Iir, P=12 h. 23 m. 52 s., S=12 h. 28 m. 45 s., Δ=3140 km. α=towards S.W., but confused by microseisms. Iiu, P=17 h. 38 m. 26 s., PR <sub>1</sub> =17 h. 42 m. 50 s., S <sub>1</sub> =17 h. 50 m. 13 s., PR <sub>2</sub> =17 h. 52 m. 8 s., Δ=11,150 km.
15	5	1.0		
16	6-7	1.6	Iu.	
17	4-6	0.8	Iu.	
18	6	1.0		
19	7	2.4	I.	
20	7	2.4	I.	
21	7	1.7	I.	
22	5	1.2	I, I, I.	
23	5	1.3		
24	6	2.0		
25	6	1.1	I.	
26	4	1.4	I.	
27	4	1.4		
28	5	1.5		
29	5	1.5		
30	5-6	2.0		
31	4-5	1.5	Iir, Iiu.	

This seismogram is similar to those for 17th Aug. and 29th Sept. Comparison with copies of Pulkowa records suggests that the pronounced change of phase at 14 m. is a multiplex-reflected longitudinal wave, and that the true second phase S is almost obliterated by Wiechert's Wechsel-wellen.

An explanation of the notation used is given in the preface.

## 2. VALENCIA OBSERVATORY, CAHIRCIVEEN (KERRY).—Lat. 51° 56' N. Long. 10° 15' W.

Heights above Mean Sea Level:—Station, H=9.2 m. Barometer Cistern, H<sub>b</sub>=13.7 m.

Heights above Ground:—Thermometers, h<sub>a</sub>=1.2 m. Rain-gauge, h<sub>r</sub>=0.6 m. Sunshine Recorder, h<sub>s</sub>=12.8 m. Cups of Anemometer, h<sub>a</sub>=13.7 m.

Day.	Pressure at Station Level.		Air Temperature in Degrees Absolute.				Humidity.				Wind Direction in points (8=E, 16=S) and Velocity (metres per second).				Cloud Amount and Weather.		Rain 24 hours beginning 10 h.	Sunshine.	Remarks.	Magnetism.		
	9 h.	21 h.	9 h.	21 h.	Max.	Min.	Vapour Pressure.		Percentage.		m/sec.		10 h.	22 h.	mm.	hrs.				Horizontal Force.	Declination West.	Inclination.
	mb.	mb.	200+	200+	200+	200+	millibar.	%	%	m/sec.	m/sec.	Tenths of Sky covered.						γ.	°	°		
1	991.9	993.2	85.0	84.9	88	81	11.5	11.2	82	80	6	4	4	11	3	10	0.3	7.6	...	...	...	
2	1004.0	1015.5	80.7	79.7	84	79	8.2	7.5	77	74	4	13	4	4	7	0	—	6.9	...	...	...	
3	1024.9	1032.0	80.0	77.5	83	75	7.1	6.8	70	81	5	4	—	1	0	0	—	9.4	...	...	...	
4	1035.4	1031.4	79.3	83.2	85	75	7.5	8.5	77	68	—	1	15	5	1	5	—	5.9	...	...	...	
5	1023.9	1021.3	84.8	83.4	86	82	9.8	12.2	71	96	15	8	18	3	10	4	2.8	—	...	...	...	
6	1023.0	1022.7	81.2	82.9	87	79	10.5	11.2	98	92	—	0	18	3	2	1	—	8.7	...	...	...	
7	1021.1	1017.0	84.5	83.8	87	82	11.5	10.5	87	82	15	3	13	6	3	2	—	7.8	17898	20 26.5	68 10.7	
8	1011.3	1012.7	85.2	85.1	87	84	10.9	13.6	77	97	13	11	14	5	5	10	9.1	2.7	...	...	...	
9	1017.9	1021.6	85.0	84.9	87	84	12.9	13.2	93	94	—	0	—	1	8	10	0.3	0.2	...	...	...	
10	1020.6	1018.3	84.3	85.4	88	81	11.9	12.9	89	91	13	5	14	5	3	∞	10	7.9	3.8	...	...	...
11	1020.2	1021.1	84.2	85.5	86	84	12.6	13.2	94	91	5	5	11	3	10	∞	10	0.5	—	...	...	...
12	1018.0	1011.9	85.5	86.5	88	84	12.2	14.6	84	95	12	5	14	9	6	∞	10	4.6	2.9	...	...	...
13	1014.1	1008.8	86.3	87.0	88	86	14.6	15.6	97	98	15	2	15	5	10	∞	16.0	—	—	...	...	...
14	1021.4	1027.7	84.0	80.0	87	79	10.2	9.2	77	94	27	7	32	2	2	3	—	6.3	...	...	...	
15	1023.3	1017.6	84.8	85.7	86	80	10.9	12.6	78	88	17	6	15	6	10	∞	3.1	1.0	...	...	...	
16	1009.8	1015.1	85.5	85.1	87	84	13.9	10.5	96	75	16	5	24	8	10	∞	3.1	2.1	...	...	...	
17	1022.6	1025.4	84.8	84.4	86	84	10.9	11.2	78	82	26	5	16	3	8	10	1.8	3.5	...	...	...	
18	1021.7	1023.4	86.6	85.0	88	85	15.3	11.9	97	85	16	5	24	7	10	∞	1.0	—	...	...	...	
19	1022.9	1017.2	84.8	84.5	86	84	11.5	11.5	85	87	22	7	20	9	5	10	2.8	1.7	...	...	...	
20	1004.9	996.1	85.2	81.4	86	79	11.5	8.5	82	76	20	13	24	14	7	∞	12.2	0.2	...	...	...	
21	1001.2	1004.5	82.7	83.7	85	79	7.8	10.5	66	81	29	8	27	10	7	10	1.8	1.1	17906	20 27.2	68 10.4	
22	1001.8	994.2	83.6	81.5	84	81	10.2	10.9	79	97	28	4	14	6	10	10	13.5	—	...	...	...	
23	994.7	993.7	82.7	79.8	84	79	9.5	8.8	80	88	24	7	20	2	6	4	1.8	4.4	...	...	...	
24	991.2	993.2	79.0	77.9	83	77	8.8	8.2	93	94	—	1	20	2	6	3	7.4	3.8	...	...	...	
25	995.7	997.3	79.8	82.1	84	78	9.8	9.5	100	83	6	2	12	5	7	∞	7.1	4.2	...	...	...	
26	985.5	990.6	84.0	83.0	86	81	11.2	11.5	85	95	8	13	20	2	10	∞	6.6	—	...	...	...	
27	989.5	991.3	81.5	82.8	85	80	9.8	11.2	88	94	25	12	14	5	8	2	3.3	1.0	...	...	...	
28	984.7	980.3	83.5	84.0	86	82	11.5	11.5	91	88	14	7	14	8	10	∞	3.6	3.6	...	...	...	
29	988.4	983.8	82.8	81.2	85	80	10.2	9.8	85	92	16	4	14	4	7	6	15.7	2.0	...	...	...	
30	980.9	995.7	81.2	84.0	84	80	10.2	11.2	94	85	28	4	28	12	7	∞	10	3.8	...	...	...	
31	1011.2	1023.3	83.2	80.0	84	77	9.8	8.8	80	87	29	7	2	2	7	8	1.0	5.2	...	...	...	
Means	1009.0	1009.6	83.4	83.1	85.7	80.8	10.8	10.9	85	88	5.7	5.4	6.6	6.9	6.6	6.9	13.1	3.10	Monthly Totals or Means.			
Normal 40 years	1010.7	1011.0	83.7	83.5	86.5	80.9	11.1	11.0	86	85	5.3	5.1	—	—	—	—	14.0	3.25	Normals, 40 years.			

3. KEW OBSERVATORY, SURREY.—Lat. 51° 28' N. Long. 0° 19' W.

Heights above Mean Sea Level :—Station, H = 5.5 m. Barometer, H<sub>b</sub> = 10.4 m.

Heights above Ground :—Thermometers, h<sub>t</sub> = 3.0 m. Rain-gauge, h<sub>r</sub> = 0.5 m. Sunshine Recorder, h<sub>s</sub> = 14.3 m. Cups of Anemometer, h<sub>a</sub> = 21.3 m.

Table with columns for Day, Pressure at Station Level, Air Temperature in Degrees Absolute, Humidity (Vapour Pressure, Percentage), Wind Direction in Points (8=E, 16=S) and Velocity (metres per second), Cloud Amount and Weather, Rain 24 hours beginning 10 h., Sunshine, Solar Radiation, Watts per cm.², Min. Temp. on Grass, Earth Temperature at 10 h., and Remarks. Includes monthly totals and means.

Note.—The cloud amounts in italic type at Kew were taken at 18 h.

4. ESKDALEMUIR OBSERVATORY, DUMFRIESHIRESHIRE.—Lat. 55° 19' N. Long. 3° 12' W.

Heights above Mean Sea Level :—Station, H = 243.2 m. Barometer, H<sub>b</sub> = 237.1 m.

Heights above Ground :—Thermometers, h<sub>t</sub> = 0.8 m. Rain-gauge, h<sub>r</sub> = 0.3 m. Sunshine Recorder, h<sub>s</sub> = 1.5 m. Vane of Anemometer, h<sub>a</sub> = 15.2 m.

Table with columns for Day, Pressure at Station Level, Air Temperature in Degrees Absolute, Humidity (Vapour Pressure, Percentage), Wind Direction in Points (8=E, 16=S) and Velocity (metres per second), Cloud Amount and Weather, Rain 24 hours beginning 10 h., Sunshine, Solar Radiation, Watts per cm.², Min. Temp. on Grass, Earth Temperature at 10 h., and Remarks. Includes monthly totals and means.

The solar radiation is the mean of the readings within the nominal hour of observation (11 h. 30 m.—12 h. 30 m.) unless some other hour is specified.

5. KEW OBSERVATORY.

Day.	Potential Gradient, Volts per metre. Factor 1·73.				Charge per cc. × 10 <sup>20</sup> .		Velocities of Ions for 1 volt per centimetre.		Conductivity × 10 <sup>25</sup> .	Air-Earth Current × 10 <sup>16</sup> .		Electric Character of Day.	Magnetic Character of Day.	Horizontal Force.					West Declination.									
														Maximum. ● 18000 γ +.			Minimum. 18000 γ +.		Range.			Maximum. 15° +.		Minimum. 15° +.		Range.		
	3 h.	9 h.	15 h.	21 h.	+	-	+	-		c <sub>1</sub> .	c <sub>2</sub> .			γ	h	m	γ	h	m	γ	h	m	γ	h	m	γ	h	m
1	160	285	230	40	—	—	—	—	—	—	0·90	2	1	525	6 18	443	11 11	82	56·5	12 37	41·1	3 23	15·4					
2	95	425	725	340	—	—	—	—	—	—	1·20	1	1	503	19 6	473	11 54	30	48·4	13 19	41·0	8 43	7·4					
3	160	505	430	560	910	570	—	—	—	—	0·85	0	1	512	21 14	479	10 43	33	49·7	12 44	40·8	8 18	8·9					
4	415	565	255	220	—	—	—	—	—	—	0·75	1	0	510	6 54	475	9 56	35	49·8	13 20	40·9	7 48	8·9					
5	230	610	255	340	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	0	512	15 18	469	10 27	43	49·9	12 33	39·7	8 17	10·2					
6	175	425	285	220	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0	0	511	22 16	470	10 30	41	50·8	13 4	39·8	8 21	11·0					
7	125	380	205	175	—	—	—	—	—	—	0·60	1	1	519	21 4	479	10 56	40	51·3	13 43	39·8	9 13	11·5					
8	685	355	490	380	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	0	513	5 13	473	10 22	40	50·8	13 5	39·8	9 4	11·0					
9	315	440	635	355	450	300	0·00	0·00	—	0·00	—	0	0	513	21 29	484	11 11	29	48·7	13 3	40·8	8 20	7·9					
10	255	600	305	390	—	—	—	—	—	—	0·80	0	0	510	6 48	479	10 18	31	51·2	13 13	40·1	8 47	11·1					
11	805	575	—	435	270	210	0·00	0·00	—	0·00	—	0	2	536	19 49	466	11 15	70	53·1	13 31	33·3	20 46	19·8					
12	490	575	435	475	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0	1	546	23 49	473	10 9	73	50·9	23 47	38·8	0 53	12·1					
13	865	335	400	335	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	1	533	0 0	465	10 39	68	48·9	13 6	39·6	20 13	9·3					
14	165	245	155	420	360	360	0·00	0·00	—	0·00	0·20	0	2	530	17 46	420	20 37	110	51·5	13 20	17·0	20 43	34·5					
15	365	855	280	300	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0	2	525	20 28	446	12 42	79	49·0	14 53	35·8	16 12	13·2					
16	245	280	220	375	420	210	0·30	0·95	0·35	0·95	0·40	0	1	510	17 25	460	10 31	50	47·9	14 8	34·8	17 3	13·1					
17	100	510	210	355	700	270	0·40	0·00	0·30	0·80	0·65	0	1	521	0 55	455	11 8	66	45·7	13 43	39·2	1 57	6·5					
18	355	400	180	265	450	240	1·25	0·00	0·55	1·30	0·75	0	0	501	20 31	470	10 8	31	46·5	12 50	39·8	8 13	6·7					
19	20	310	190	300	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	0	510	19 37	478	10 50	32	47·3	12 42	39·7	8 51	7·6					
20	135	245	190	45	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	1	521	17 27	487	10 23	34	46·8	12 30	40·1	9 17	6·7					
21	90	880	195	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	0·45	2	0	509	19 22	473	10 50	36	48·0	13 10	39·8	8 40	8·2					
22	480	525	540	615	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0	0	512	6 1	485	10 13	27	47·1	11 25	39·7	22 12	7·4					
23	270	600	420	360	—	—	—	—	—	—	0·40	0	0	513	22 55	478	10 48	35	45·5	12 20	38·8	23 6	6·7					
24	270	360	345	0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	0	515	21 35	480	10 44	35	46·6	13 3	37·1	8 26	9·5					
25	540	705	360	480	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	0	511	18 30	482	11 26	29	45·0	12 39	37·8	7 34	7·2					
26	300	435	135	60	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	0	516	0 13	485	10 43	31	44·5	12 32	37·8	7 40	6·7					
27	45	120	105	255	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0	0	519	0 24	486	15 55	33	45·4	12 53	37·1	19 43	8·3					
28	75	120	345	300	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	1	512	0 20	479	10 28	33	44·8	13 25	37·0	18 29	7·8					
29	75	210	285	105	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	0	516	21 0	490	10 42	26	44·3	13 32	38·1	8 16	6·2					
30	120	375	285	330	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	0	510	17 7	482	13 20	28	44·8	12 40	37·9	8 47	6·9					
31	105	285	75	375	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	0	509	20 53	488	10 37	21	43·9	11 55	39·3	8 15	4·6					
M.	275	417	399	279	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	516	—	473	—	44	48·2	—	38·1	—	10·1					

Note.—The mean values of the Potential gradient in Table 5 are computed from the data for those days on which values at each of the four hours, 3h, 9h, 15h, 21h, are given in the table. A similar note applies to the values in Table 6.

6. ESKDALEMUIR OBSERVATORY.

Day.	Potential Gradient, Volts per metre. Factor 5·5.				Charge per cc. × 10 <sup>20</sup> .		Velocities of Ions for 1 volt per centimetre.		Conductivity × 10 <sup>25</sup> .	Air-Earth Current × 10 <sup>16</sup> .		Electric Character of Day.	Magnetic Character of Day.	North Component.				West Component.				Vertical Component. §			
														Maximum. 15000 γ +.		Minimum. 15000 γ +.		Maximum. 5000 γ +.		Minimum. 5000 γ +.		Maximum. 45000 γ +.		Minimum. 45000 γ +.	
	3 h.	9 h.	15 h.	21 h.	+	-	+	-		c <sub>1</sub> .	c <sub>2</sub> .			h	γ	h	γ	h	γ	h	γ	h	γ	h	γ
1	116	x	134	153	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2b	2	6 16	1042	938	11 11	15 50	265	106	3 23	16 10	346	291	7 0
2	73	183	226	372	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1a	0	6 55	1023	986	12 46	13 14	229	195	9 8	—	—	—	—
3	195	201	183	73	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0a	0	0 12	1041	989	11 38	13 12	236	194	21 0	20 30	320	308	11 30
4	140	378	134	293	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0a	0	6 48	1032	987	10 53	13 28	237	190	9 9	19 26	318	306	11 50
5	—	—	153	49	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0a	0	21 23	1026	984	10 43	13 24	240	188	8 31	8 30	323	310	12 0
6	134	207	146	183	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1b	0	22 15	1027	978	11 10	13 31	242	187	8 54	20 0	323	313	0 10
7	12	79	146	293	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0a	1	19 47	1033	988	12 6	13 40	254	193	8 33	15 0	333	311	13 10
8	287	244	250	299	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0a	0	22 40	1037	978	11 47	13 6	237	193	9 5	22 50	328	316	2 0
9	317	488	336	226	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0a	1	20 44	1032	990	11 23	13 54	230	195	20 39	21 10	328	320	12 0
10	305	348	281	427	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0a	1	—	—	984	11 52	13 19	240	190	8 46	—	—	320	12 30
11	—	—	128	214	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0a	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
12	92	31	140	305	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1a	—	23 36?	1046?	—	—	23 47	263	—	—	—	—	298	24 0
13	329	177	177	128	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1a	1	20 15	1037	969	10 36	0 0	239	187	1 32	16 0	346	289	0 8
14	x	67	159	189	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1b	2	17 43	1112	927	23 58	14 8	255	36	20 39	17 27	384	293	24 0
15	195	189	x	952	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2b	2	20 25	1062	930	0 0	1 0	238	158	16 10	17 40	362	282	0 21
16	323	79	1043	250	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2b	1	17 5	1044	974	10 30	14 3	237	157	17 1	17 0	352	319	2 20
17	98	348	177	372	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1a	1	0 51	1042	981	11 5	0 34	228	182	1 55	18 10	351	310	1 18
18	268	85	67	177	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1b	0	6 52	1017	989	10 42	12 57	220	192	8 57	23 0	348	341	3 38
19	116	140	92	463	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1c	0	19 37	1023	988	12 27	13 15	225	193	8 49	15 40	346	339	11 30
20	165	116	128	220	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1b	1	17 25	1044	998	11 22	18 1	227	189	23 54	22 33	355	340	11 10
21	—	—	140	323	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1a	1	23 0	1026	988	11 5	13 0	236	190	0 4	18 0	356	351	1 10
22	x	128	122	305	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1b	1	14 47	1024	994	11 41	13 13	231	189	23 42	22 45	356	344	12 30
23	372	567	214	580	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0a	1	22 51	1032	981	10 45	12 18	226	192	8 48	21 30	355	350	11 30
24	256	787	348	427	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1b	1	17 26	1026	985	11 20	12 35	234	192	8 23	20 30	355	352	0 30
25	—	—	232	323	—	—	—																		

7. Tables of Wind Components in metres per second at fixed hours, together with the mean velocity (horizontal movement) in metres per second for the hour with the maximum hourly run for each day, or the greatest velocity attained in a gust and the time of its occurrence.

Table with columns for Date, 3 h., 9 h., 15 h., 21 h., Max. in a Gust, Time of Gust, and DEERNESS. †. Includes sub-headers for Holyhead and Deerless stations with their respective heights.

Table with columns for Date, 3 h., 9 h., 15 h., 21 h., Max. in a Gust, Time of Gust, and GREAT YARMOUTH. †§. Includes sub-headers for Scilly and Great Yarmouth stations with their respective heights.

The velocities at fixed hours are means for the interval from 30 minutes before to 30 minutes after the hour. The hours are numbered 1 h. to 24 h. Time is referred to Greenwich Mean Time. \* No Record. † Robinson Cup Anemometer; Arms 0.305 m.; Diameter of Cups 0.127 m.; Factor 2.8. § Dines Pressure Tube Anemometer. At Great Yarmouth, Holyhead, and Scilly the readings at fixed hours are taken from the Robinson Anemometer, the maxima quoted are the greatest winds in a gust as recorded by the Dines Pressure Tube.

8. The Lower Layers of the Atmosphere from the Surface to 3000 metres (10,000 ft.) above Mean Sea Level.

Soundings by Kites (K.).

BRIGHTON. K. 51. October 10. 11 h. 0 m. to 12 h. 30 m. G.M.T.											BRIGHTON. K. 52. October 20. 10 h. 30 m. to 12 h. 0 m. G.M.T.										
Soundings with Kites.	Height above M.S.L.	Pressure.	Temperature.		Humidity.	Density.	Wind.		Cloud Observations and Remarks.	Height above M.S.L.	Pressure.	Temperature.		Humidity.	Density.	Wind.		Cloud Observations and Remarks.			
			Reading.	Fall per km.			Direction.	Velocity.				Reading.	Fall per km.			Direction.	Velocity.				
Greatest height	metres. 900	mb. 922.2	°A. 284	°C. ...	% 46	mb. 6.0	mgm/cc. 1.129	Degrees from N. 150	m/s. 6.7	Cloudless sky, hazy.	metres. 1000	mb. 895.0	°A. 277	°C. 6.4	% 90	mb. 7.4	mgm/cc. 1.122	Degrees from N. 260	m/s. 20	Overcast Cu-St. to clear overhead with Ni. North horizon. Clouds reached.	
100 m. above ground	500	967.3	285.6	4.1	61	8.8	1.176	?	?		500	951.3	280.2	90	9.1	1.179	260	20			
Ground level	215	1000.6	286.8	...	72	11.2	1.210	95	?		215	984.5	284	13	80	10.4	1.203	260	17		
Computed for M.S.L.	115	1012.5	287.2	...	76	12.1	1.223	110	6.7		115	996.3	284.9	9	80	11.1	1.213	250	12		
Computed for M.S.L.	0	1026.4	...	...	...	...	...	110	6.3	...	0	1010.1	...	...	...	...	...	245	27	...	

  

BRIGHTON. K. 53. October 27. 11 h. 30 m. G.M.T.											BRIGHTON. K. 54. October 31. 10 h. 40 m. to 12 h. 40 m. G.M.T.										
Greatest height	255	979.0	284.8	...	86	11.9	1.192	220	25	Overcast St. Kite drawn in on account of wind rate.	1000	888.8	277	6.4	90	7.4	1.115	310	16	Cu-ni. 3 overcast. Kite in and out of cloud at 700 m. above sea.	
100 m. above ground	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		500	944.7	280.2	80	8.1	1.171	300	14			
Ground level	215	983.7	285.4	16	86	12.3	1.195	?	?		215	977.8	283.0	10.0	80	9.7	1.199	?	?		
Computed for M.S.L.	115	995.5	287	...	86	13.6	1.202	220	6		115	989.6	284	...	80	10.4	1.209	300	6		
Computed for M.S.L.	0	1009.1	...	...	...	...	...	240	14	...	0	1003.3	...	...	...	...	...	335	16	...	

9. The Upper Air: Soundings by Registering Balloons (R.) and Pilot Balloons (P.).

TABLE OF HEIGHTS, PRESSURES, AND TEMPERATURES.

1912. October 2. 7 h. 0 m. G.M.T.				SOUNDING No., R. 18.		Height above M.S.L.	Pressure.	Temperature.		REMARKS.
Height above M.S.L.	Pressure.	Temp.	PLACE, MANCHESTER.	Latitude, 53° 28' N.	Longitude, 2° 14' W.			Reading.	Fall per km.	
GREATEST HEIGHT, } 19.6 km.	56 mb.	219.5° A.	Height above M.S.L., } 40 m.	PLACE OF FALL, Eastwood, Notts.		19.0	61	219	-0.5	Balloon seen falling at 9.25 a.m. on October 2nd.
LOWEST TEMPERATURE, } 15.5-18 km.	108-72 mb.	218° A.	Distance, and Orientation, 86 km. 129°.			18.0	72	218.5	-0.5	
BASE OF STRATOSPHERE, } 9.6 km.	268 mb.	223.5° A.			17.0	84	218	0.0		
Type No. 1.					16.0	100	99	218	0.5	
						15.0	116	218.5	1.0	
						14.0	136	219.5	2.5	
						13.0	159	222	3.0	
						12.0	186	225	2.0	
						11.5	200	226	-1.5	
						11.0	217	227	0.5	
						10.0	253	225.5	6	
						9.0	292	226	8	
						8.8	300	227.5	6	
						8.0	342	232	7	
						7.0	397	240	5.5	
						6.9	400	241	5.5	
						6.0	457	246	4	
						5.3	500	251	2	
						5.0	523	253	9.5	
						4.0	600	599	...	
						3.0	684	264	...	
						2.8	700	265	...	
						2.0	781	268	...	
						1.8	800	268.5	...	
						1.0	887	270	...	
						0.9	900	270.5	...	
						...	1000	279.5	...	
						Ground M.S.L.	1000	279.5	...	
							1004	...	...	

  

From observations at Station.			
	at 7 h.	at 18 h. G.M.T.	
PRESSURE (M.S.L.),	1004 mb.	1014 mb.	
TEMPERATURE,	278° A.	279° A.	
VAPOUR PRESSURE,	...	...	
GRADIENT WIND:—Direction,	55°	55°	
Velocity,	10.0 m/s.	7.1 m/s.	
Correction for Curvature,	+3.9 m/s.	+1.0 m/s.	
Final Components, { W. to E.	-11.4 m/s.	-6.6 m/s.	
{ S. to N.	-8.0 m/s.	-4.6 m/s.	

9. The Upper Air: Soundings by Registering Balloons (R.) and Pilot Balloons (P.)—continued.

TABLE OF HEIGHTS, PRESSURES, AND TEMPERATURES.

1912. October 3.		6 h. 55 m. G.M.T.		SOUNDING No., R. 19.		Height above M.S.L.	Pressure.	Temperature.		REMARKS.
Height above M.S.L.	Pressure.	Temp.	PLACE, MANCHESTER.	Reading.	Fall per km.					
GREATEST HEIGHT, } 21.6 km.	44 mb.	230° A.	Latitude, 53° 28' N.	21.0	48	229				
LOWEST TEMPERATURE, } 14.5 km.	152 mb.	222° A.	Longitude, 2° 14' W.	20.8	50	228.5		-0.5	-2.5	
BASE OF STRATOSPHERE, } 10.0 km.	260 mb.	226° A.	Height above M.S.L., } 40 m.	20.0	56	228.5	226.5	-1	-1.5	
Type No. 1.			PLACE OF FALL, Knowle, Warwickshire.	19.0	65	227.5	225	-0.5	-1.5	
			Distance, 129 km.	18.0	76	227	223.5	-0.5	-1	
			Orientation 165°.	17.0	88	226.5	222.5	-0.5	0	
				16.2	100	226	222.5	-0.5	-0.5	
				16.0	103	226	222.5	-0.5	1	
				15.0	120	225.5	222	0	2	
				14.0	141	225	223			
				13.0	164	225				
				12.0	191	228				
				11.7	200	229.5			1.5	
				11.0	223	229.5				
				10.0	257	226			-3.5	
				9.0	297	228			2	
From Observations at Station.			at 7 h.	8.9	300	228.5			5	
PRESSURE (M.S.L.)			1022 mb.	8.0	344	233			6.5	
TEMPERATURE,			276° A.	7.0	400	239.5			5.5	
VAPOUR PRESSURE,			...	6.0	460	245			7	
GRADIENT WIND:—Direction,			25°	5.4	500	248.5			7	
Velocity,			7.2 m/s.	5.0	530	252			4.5	
Correction for Curvature,			+0.7 m/s	4.1	600	256			2.5	
Final Components, { W. to E.			-3.3 m/s.	4.0	609	256.5			4	
{ S. to N.			-7.2 m/s.	3.0	694	259			7	
			Station in the centre of an anticyclone.	2.9	700	259.5				
				2.0	791	263				
				1.9	800	263.5				
				1.0	900	270				
				0.2	1000	275				
				Ground M.S.L.	1017	277				
					1022	...				

  

1912. October 4.		6 h. 55 m. G.M.T.		SOUNDING No., R. 20.		Height above M.S.L.	Pressure.	Temp.	Temperature.	REMARKS.
Height above M.S.L.	Pressure.	Temp.	PLACE, MANCHESTER.	Reading.	Fall per km.					
GREATEST HEIGHT, } 21.5 km.	45 mb.	227.5° A.	Latitude, 53° 28' N.	21.0	48	223.5				
LOWEST TEMPERATURE, } 15.4 km.	116 mb.	220.5° A.	Longitude, 2° 14' W.	20.9	50	223.5			-0.5	
BASE OF STRATOSPHERE, } 10.9 km.	232 mb.	221° A.	Height above M.S.L., } 40 m.	20.0	57	223			0	
Type No. 1.			PLACE OF FALL, Ellistown, near Leicester.	19.0	67	223			0	
			Distance, 109 km.	18.0	77	222.5			-0.5	
			Orientation, 136°.	17.0	89	221			-1.5	
				16.3	100	221.5			0	
				16.0	104	221			0	
				15.0	123	221			2	
				14.0	144	223			1	
				13.0	169	224			-0.5	
				12.0	197	223.5			-1.5	
				11.9	200	223.5			1	
				11.0	230	222			8.5	
				10.0	267	223			7.5	
				9.2	300	230			6	
				9.0	311	231.5			4.5	
				8.0	361	239			7	
				7.3	400	243			8	
				7.0	417	245			4.5	
				6.0	476	249.5			7	
				5.6	500	252			8	
				5.0	543	256.5			4.5	
				4.3	600	262.5			7	
				4.0	623	264.5			8	
				3.1	700	269			4.5	
				3.0	712	269			3	
				2.0	800	272			2	
				1.1	900	273.5				
				1.0	915	274				
				0.3	1000	275.5				
				Ground M.S.L.	1032	276				
					1036	...				

  

1912. October 4.		7 h. 0 m. G.M.T.		SOUNDING No., R. K. C. 45.		Height above M.S.L.	Pressure.	Temp.	Temperature.	REMARKS.
Height above M.S.L.	Pressure.	Temp.	PLACE, MUNGRET COLLEGE, LIMERICK.	Reading.	Fall per km.					
GREATEST HEIGHT, } 15.7 km.	109 mb.	213° A.	Latitude, 52° 38' N.	15.0	123	213			0	Inversion of 2° from 1.2 to 2.1 km.  The temperature gradient above 9 km. is so irregular that no definite value can be assigned to H <sub>c</sub> .  Temperature 218° at 10.2 km.  Calm. E. Cirrus moving slowly from W.S.W.
LOWEST TEMPERATURE, } 15.7 km.	109 mb.	213° A.	Longitude, 8° 41' W.	14.0	143	213			1	
BASE OF STRATOSPHERE, } See "Remarks."			Height above M.S.L., } 15 m.	13.0	167	214			2	
Type No. ?			PLACE OF FALL, Midleton, Co. Cork.	12.0	196	216			0	
			Distance, 88 km.	11.9	200	216			0	
			Orientation, 160°.	11.0	228	216			1	
				10.0	268	217			5	
				9.3	300	222			7	
				9.0	311	222			7	
				8.0	361	229			9	
				7.3	400	238			8	
				7.0	416	238			8	
				6.0	477	246			7	
				5.7	500	253			8	
				5.0	547	253			6	
				4.2	600	261			4	
				4.0	616	261			0	
				3.1	700	267			0	
				3.0	710	267			0	
				2.1	800	271			0	
				2.0	806	271			0	
				1.1	900	271			0	
				1.0	911	271			0	
				0.3	1000	271			0	
				Ground M.S.L.	1034	270			0	
					1036	...			0	



9. The Upper Air: Soundings by Registering Balloons (R.) and Pilot Balloons (P.).—continued.

TABLE OF HEIGHTS, PRESSURES, AND TEMPERATURES.

1912. October 2.	7 h. 0 m. G.M.T.	SOUNDING No., R. 206.	Height above M.S.L.	Pressure.	Temp.	PLACE, PYRTON HILL. Latitude, 51° 38' N. Longitude, 1° 0' W. Height above M.S.L., 150 m.	Height above M.S.L.	Pressure.	Temperature.		REMARKS.
									Reading.	Fall per km.	
GREATEST HEIGHT, } 13 km.	165 mb.	224° A.					km.	mb.	°A.	°C.	Noticeable fall of temperature above 11 km., as on the 3rd and 4th.  Light N.N.E. wind. Overcast. Clouds at 7 km.
LOWEST TEMPERATURE, } 9.2 and 13 km.	...	224° A.				13.0	165	224		1	
BASE OF STRATOSPHERE, } 9.2 km.	291 mb.	224° A.				12.0	192	225			
Type No. 1.						11.7	200	...		2.5	
						11.0	223	227.5		-2.5	
						10.0	257	225		0	
						9.0	300	225		7	
						8.0	347	232		7	
						7.0	400	239		7	
						6.0	463	246		7	
						5.4	500	...		8	
						5.0	531	254		7	
From Observations at Station	at 7 h.	at 18 h. G.M.T.				4.1	600	...		7	
PRESSURE (M.S.L.),	1017 mb.	1013 mb.				4.0	605	261		6	
TEMPERATURE,	280° A.	279° A.				3.0	688	267		6	
VAPOUR PRESSURE,	...	...				2.9	700	...		4	
GRADIENT WIND:—Direction,	40°.	85°.				2.0	785	271		4	
Velocity,	9.7 m/s.	10.0 m/s.				1.8	800	...		4	
Correction for curvature,	+ 3.5 m/s.	+ 3.9 m/s.				1.0	886	275		...	
Final Components, { W. to E. . . . .	- 8.5 m/s.	- 13.8 m/s.				0.9	900	...		...	
{ S. to N. . . . .	- 10.1 m/s.	- 1.1 m/s.				Ground M.S.L.	1000	280		...	

TABLE OF HEIGHTS, PRESSURES, AND WINDS.

1912. October 3.	7 h. 5 m. G.M.T.	SOUNDING No., R. 207.	Height above M.S.L.	Pressure.	Temp.	PLACE, PYRTON HILL. Latitude, 51° 38' N. Longitude, 1° 0' W. Height above M.S.L., 150 m.	Height above M.S.L.	Pressure.	Temperature.		Wind.			REMARKS.	
									Reading	Fall per km.	Direction.	Velocity.	Components.		
GREATEST HEIGHT, } 15 km.	127 mb.	221° A.					km.	mb.	°A.	°C.	Degrees from N.	m/s.	W. to E.	S. to N.	The lower part of the trace too faint to be decipherable. A temperature midway between those of the 2nd and 4th up to 8 km. is assumed in calculating the heights.  Remarkable fall of temperature from 11 to 15 km.
LOWEST TEMPERATURE, } 15 km.	...	221° A.				15.0	127	221		2	...	...	...	...	
BASE OF STRATOSPHERE, } 8.8 km.	316 mb.	229° A.				14.0	147	223		2	...	...	...	...	
Type No. 2.						13.0	171	225		2	...	...	...	...	
						12.0	197	227		2	...	...	...	...	
						11.9	200	...		3	...	...	...	...	
						11.0	229	230		-1	...	...	...	...	
						10.0	267	229		0	...	...	...	...	
						9.2	300	...		6	...	...	...	...	
						9.0	307	229		6	...	...	...	...	
						8.0	356	235		6	...	...	...	...	
						...	400	...		...	...	...	...	...	
						1.5	...	...		32	12	-6	-10	...	
						1.0	...	...		32	12	-6	-10	...	
						0.5	...	...		30	15	-7.5	-13	...	
From observations at Station	at 7 h.	at 18 h. G.M.T.				Ground M.S.L.	1016	273.5		...	...	...	...	...	
PRESSURE (M.S.L.),	1033 mb.	1032 mb.				M.S.L.	1033	...		...	...	...	...	...	
TEMPERATURE,	276° A.	277° A.						...		...	...	...	...	...	
VAPOUR PRESSURE,	...	...						...		...	...	...	...	...	
GRADIENT WIND:—Direction,	40°	50°						...		...	...	...	...	...	
Velocity,	9.8 m/s.	8.7 m/s.						...		...	...	...	...	...	
Correction for Curvature,	+ 2.4 m/s.	+ 1.1 m/s.						...		...	...	...	...	...	
Final Components, { W. to E. . . . .	- 7.8 m/s.	- 7.5 m/s.						...		...	...	...	...	...	
{ S. to N. . . . .	- 9.3 m/s.	- 6.3 m/s.						...		...	...	...	...	...	

TABLE OF HEIGHTS, PRESSURES, AND TEMPERATURES.

1912. October 4.	7 h. 6 m. G.M.T.	SOUNDING No., R. 208.	Height above M.S.L.	Pressure.	Temp.	PLACE, PYRTON HILL. Latitude, 51° 38' N. Longitude, 1° 0' W. Height above M.S.L., 150 m.	Height above M.S.L.	Pressure.	Temperature.		REMARKS.
									Reading.	Fall per km.	
GREATEST HEIGHT, } 17 km.	91 mb.	221° A.					km.	mb.	°A.	°C.	Inversion at the surface 271° to 277°.  Isothermal 2.1 to 3.1 km.  Unusual fall of temperature above the isothermal, as on the 3rd.  Calm. Light fog.
LOWEST TEMPERATURE, } 10.7 and 16.0 km.	...	217° A.				17.0	91	221			
BASE OF STRATOSPHERE, } 10.7 km.	243 mb.	217° A.				16.4	100	...		-4	
Type No. 1.						16.0	107	217		1	
						15.0	127	218		2	
						14.0	148	220		1	
						13.0	172	221		1	
						12.0	198	222		-4	
						11.0	232	218		3	
						10.0	297	221		5	
						9.3	300	...		8	
						9.0	312	226		7	
						8.0	363	234		8	
						7.3	400	...		7	
						7.0	418	241		8	
						6.0	480	249		7	
						5.7	500	...		6	
						5.0	550	256		6	
						4.3	600	...		5	
						4.0	628	262		5	
						3.2	700	...		1	
						3.0	718	267		5	
						2.0	800	...		5	
						2.0	813	268		5	
						1.2	900	...		5	
						1.0	917	273		...	
From observations at Station	at 7 h.	at 18 h. G.M.T.				Ground M.S.L.	1017	271		...	
PRESSURE (M.S.L.),	1034 mb.	1036 mb.				M.S.L.	1034	...		...	
TEMPERATURE,	274° A.	277° A.						...		...	
VAPOUR PRESSURE,	...	...						...		...	
GRADIENT WIND:—Direction,	...	...						...		...	
Velocity,	...	...						...		...	
Correction for Curvature,	...	...						...		...	
Final Components, { W. to E. . . . .	...	...						...		...	
{ S. to N. . . . .	...	...						...		...	

## 9. The Upper Air: Soundings by Registering Balloons (R.) and Pilot Balloons (P.)—continued.

TABLE OF HEIGHTS, PRESSURES, AND TEMPERATURES.

1912. October 10.	16 h. 30 m. G.M.T.			SOUNDING No., R. 209.	Height above M.S.L.	Pressure.	Temperature.		REMARKS.
	Height above M.S.L.	Pressure.	Temp.				Reading.	Fall per Km.	
				PLACE, PYRTON HILL.					
				Latitude, 51° 38' N.					
				Longitude, 1° 0' W.					
				Height above M.S.L., } 150 m.					
GREATEST HEIGHT, } 14 km.	157 mb.	218° A.		PLACE OF FALL, Abingdon.	km.	mb.	°A.	°C.	Inversion 281° to 283° from 1'5 to 1'9 km.
LOWEST TEMPERATURE, } ...	...	...		Distance, 20 km.	14'0	157	216	-1	
BASE OF STRATOSPHERE, } 11'0 km.	233 mb.	14° A.		Orientation, 280°.	13'0	170	215	-1	Clear. E.S.E.
Type No. 2.					12'0	200	198	214	
					11'0	233	214	0	
					10'0	273	220	6	
					9'4	300	...	7	
					9'0	317	227	8	
					8'0	366	235	...	
					7'4	400	...	9	
					7'0	419	244	9	
					6'0	482	253	...	
					5'7	500	...	8	
					5'0	550	261	...	
					4'3	600	...	9	
					4'0	625	270	...	
					3'1	700	...	6	
					3'0	710	276	7	
					2'0	800	803	283	
					1'0	900	...	-0'5	
					1'0	906	282'5	...	
					Ground M.S.L.	1007	285	...	
						1024	...	...	

TABLE OF HEIGHTS, PRESSURES, AND TEMPERATURES.

1912. October 23.	15 h. 54 m. G.M.T.			SOUNDING No., R. 210.	Height above M.S.L.	Pressure.	Temperature.		REMARKS.
	Height above M.S.L.	Pressure.	Temp.				Reading.	Fall per Km.	
				PLACE, PYRTON HILL.					
				Latitude, 51° 38' N.					
				Longitude, 1° 0' W.					
				Height above M.S.L., } 150 m.					
GREATEST HEIGHT, } 13'2 km.	157 mb.	229° A.		PLACE OF FALL, Quainton.	km.	mb.	°A.	°C.	Overcast, E.S.E. wind, force 2.
LOWEST TEMPERATURE, } above 10'0 km.	...	224° A.		Distance, 24 km.	13'0	162	224	0	
BASE OF STRATOSPHERE, } 9'4 km.	277 mb.	224° A.		Orientation, 11°.	12'0	197	224	...	Lost in clouds in 7 minutes. Clouds from S.W. by S.
Type No. 2.					11'6	200	...	0	
					11'0	218	224	0	
					10'0	254	224	2	
					9'0	295	226	...	
					8'9	300	...	5	
					8'0	343	231	6	
					7'0	396	237	...	
					6'9	400	...	5	
					6'0	456	242	...	
					5'3	500	...	7	
					5'0	523	249	...	
					4'0	600	598	255	
					3'0	683	263	...	
					2'8	700	...	7	
					2'0	776	270	...	
					1'8	800	...	4	
					1'0	878	274	...	
					0'8	900	...	6	
					Ground M.S.L.	975	280	...	
						992	...	...	

Time is expressed in the hours 1 to 24 of civil reckoning.

Pressure is given in millibars (1000 mb. = 1 C.G.S. atmosphere = 750 mm. approximately).

Gradient Wind is taken to be tangential to the isobar and is computed by the formula  $\gamma = 2\omega\rho V \sin \phi$ .

\*Base of Stratosphere.—TYPE 1.—When the stratosphere commences with an inversion, the height and temperature of the first point of zero temperature gradient are given. TYPE 2.—When the stratosphere begins with an abrupt transition to a temperature gradient below 2° per km. without inversion, the height and temperature of the abrupt transition are given. TYPE 3.—When there is no such abrupt change of temperature gradient, the base is taken to be where the mean fall of temperature for the kilometer next above is 2° or less, provided that it does not exceed 2° for any subsequent kilometer. If some other position for the base seems to the tabulator to be more suitable, it is noted in the column for "Remarks."

Temperatures are expressed in degrees absolute (273° A = 0° C.).  
Heights are given in kilometers (km.).

# METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE OBSERVATORIES—GEOPHYSICAL JOURNAL.

NOVEMBER 1912.—DAILY VALUES REFERRED TO GREENWICH MEAN TIME AND UNITS,  
BASED ON THE C.G.S. SYSTEM. [Price 1s.]

Second Year.—No. 11. *Meteorology, Solar Radiation, Seismology, Atmospheric Electricity, and Terrestrial Magnetism.*

## 1. SEISMOLOGICAL JOURNAL:—ESKDALEMUIR.—Lat. 55° 19' N. Long. 3° 12' W.

Date.	Microseisms.		Earthquakes.	Remarks.
	Period.	Amp.		
1	6	1.2	I, I.	1st I, Long waves 6 h. 22 m.—6 h. 33 m. I, Long waves 19 h. 37 m.—19 h. 47 m.
2	6-7	2.5	Iu, Iu, I, I.	2nd Iu, P=3 h. 10 m. 50 s., S=3 h. 18 m. 8 s., L=3 h. 24 m., Δ=5660 km. Iu, P=4 h. 16 m. 17 s., S=4 h. 24 m., L=4 h. 29 m.
3	6	2.5	I.	I, Trace of long waves 14 h. 45 m. I, S=21 h. 48 m., L=21 h. 54 m.
4	5-6	1.6		
5	5	1.0		
6	5-6	0.4	I.	3rd I, L=6 h. 48 m.
7	6	1.5	IIIu, Iu, II.	6th I, Long waves 15 h. 17 m.—15 h. 35 m.
8	5-6	0.5	I.	
9	5	1.0		
10	7	2.7	I.	7th IIIu, P=7 h. 50 m. 56 s., S=7 h. 59 m. 48 s., Δ=7445 km., α=26° 34' W of N. Epicentre 52° 12' N. 141° 1' W. Iu, P=16 h. 56 m. 32 s., S=17 h. 7 m. 18 s., Δ=9730 km. II, P confused by end of preceding earthquake, S=17 h. 49 m., L=18 h. 7 m.
11	7	3.1		
12	7	2.5		
13	5	1.0		8th I, S=8 h. 18 m., L=8 h. 42 m.
14	5	0.8	I.	10th I, Long waves 3 h. 20 m.
15	4	0.6		
16	6	0.5		14th I, L=17 h. 45 m. 20 s.
17	7-8	1.4	I.	17th I, S=11 h. 55 m. 37 s., L=12 h. 10 m.
18	7-8	1.4		
19	7	3.1	II.	19th II, P confused by wind disturbance. S=14 h. 16 m. 54 s.
20	7	2.7		
21	6	1.2		22nd I, Trace of long waves 1 h. 32 m.
22	7-8	2.4	I.	25th I, L=9 h. 44 m.
23	7	1.5		
24	6	1.0		28th I, Phases lost during change of sheet. Long wave max 21 h. 16 m.
25	6	1.5	I.	
26	6	4.2		
27	6	7.2		Records much confused by microseismic movements.
28	6	2.3	I.	
29	4	1.9		
30	6	1.7	I.	An explanation of the notation used is given in the preface.

## 2. VALENCIA OBSERVATORY, CAHIRCIVEEN (KERRY).—Lat. 51° 56' N. Long. 10° 15' W.

Heights above Mean Sea Level :—Station, H=9.2 m. Barometer Cistern, H<sub>b</sub>=13.7 m.

Heights above Ground :—Thermometers, h<sub>t</sub>=1.2 m. Rain-gauge, h<sub>r</sub>=0.6 m. Sunshine Recorder, h<sub>s</sub>=12.8 m. Cups of Anemometer, h<sub>a</sub>=13.7 m.

Day.	Pressure at Station Level.		Air Temperature in Degrees Absolute.				Humidity.				Wind Direction in points (8=E, 16=S) and Velocity (metres per second).		Cloud Amount and Weather.		Rain 24 hours beginning 10 h.	Sunshine.	Remarks.	Magnetism.						
	9 h.	21 h.	9 h.	21 h.	Max.	Min.	Vapour Pressure.		Percentage.		9 h.	21 h.	10 h.	22 h.				Horizontal Force.	Declination West.	Inclination.				
							9 h.	21 h.	9 h.	21 h.														
	mb.	mb.	200+	200+	200+	200+	millibar.	%	%	m/sec.	m/sec.	Tenths of Sky covered.	mm.	hrs.										
1	1028.9	1027.7	74.9	80.3	81	74	6.5	7.8	93	76	—	1	8	4	100	4	0.5	5.1	Fine to fair; hazy early.	7.	0.	0.		
2	1023.4	1022.1	82.5	83.1	84	80	10.2	10.5	85	84	10	5	9	4	100	9	1.0	—	Dull, with ≡°. ●° a.	...	...	...		
3	1020.9	1019.6	84.2	84.9	86	83	11.2	12.2	83	90	10	4	12	9	10	7	5.1	—	Gloomy.	...	...	...		
4	1017.6	1013.0	85.4	85.7	86	84	14.2	14.6	99	99	15	7	19	5	100	10	8.4	—	Overcast, with ≡°. Frequent ●.	...	...	...		
5	1015.9	1019.2	83.9	83.2	85	83	12.9	12.6	98	100	25	6	—	1	100	10	0.8	—	Dull and misty.	...	...	...		
6	1021.8	1024.1	83.5	84.3	86	83	12.6	13.2	100	99	11	3	16	3	100	10	0.3	—	≡° and overcast all day.	...	...	...		
7	1024.0	1025.8	84.4	84.5	86	84	13.2	13.6	98	100	14	6	15	4	100	10	0.5	1.6	Heavy mist; clearing midday.	17908	20	25.5	68	11.4
8	1026.5	1024.0	84.4	84.6	85	84	13.2	12.9	99	95	16	3	15	5	100	10	0.3	—	Dull throughout, with ≡°.	...	...	...		
9	1018.2	1017.4	84.3	82.8	85	82	12.2	9.2	91	75	15	5	24	9	100	10	0.5	0.5	Gloomy and misty.	...	...	...		
10	1014.0	1011.7	83.3	83.0	85	82	10.5	9.5	84	78	21	12	28	11	100	7	1.0	—	Gloomy. [p.]	...	...	...		
11	1012.8	1015.3	79.7	78.3	82	77	8.2	7.5	84	83	28	10	30	13	6	5	5.1	4.6	Fair at first. Frequent ▲ squalls	...	...	...		
12	1017.3	1017.3	80.1	78.9	81	77	7.8	6.5	77	70	32	9	1	11	7	5	5.3	3.0	▲ or ● squalls throughout.	...	...	...		
13	1018.1	1020.7	81.1	81.5	82	77	7.5	7.8	71	72	32	14	32	9	4	10	1.0	5.0	Fair during day; squally later.	...	...	...		
14	1021.2	1023.9	83.0	82.6	84	81	11.2	9.5	91	78	32	8	32	4	10	8	0.3	1.3	Gloomy to fair.	...	...	...		
15	1024.4	1025.2	82.3	82.1	83	82	10.9	10.5	92	92	32	4	—	1	9	10	—	0.4	Dull.	...	...	...		
16	1023.7	1021.7	81.2	82.8	83	81	10.5	10.5	96	88	—	1	24	7	10	6	0.5	0.1	Dull day; improving in evening.	...	...	...		
17	1021.7	1018.4	81.3	82.3	84	81	9.5	11.5	88	100	18	3	—	1	6	10	2.3	0.1	Fair, then dull with ●°.	...	...	...		
18	1021.5	1025.4	82.5	84.3	85	81	10.9	12.6	91	93	30	7	26	5	9	10	0.5	1.8	Fair to misty.	...	...	...		
19	1025.5	1025.9	83.3	83.2	84	83	8.8	9.2	72	76	28	8	24	7	8	10	—	0.1	≡° and overcast most of day.	...	...	...		
20	1025.7	1025.1	83.3	84.3	84	83	11.9	13.2	96	99	21	6	22	7	100	10	0.3	—	Heavy mist throughout.	...	...	...		
21	1026.9	1026.4	84.6	84.2	86	84	13.2	12.2	96	93	21	5	16	4	100	9	0.3	0.8	Dull generally.	...	...	...		
22	1024.8	1022.1	84.4	84.6	85	84	11.2	12.9	83	95	15	5	14	7	10	10	3.6	—	Overcast all day. ●° n.	...	...	...		
23	1019.3	1021.4	84.2	82.3	85	82	12.9	8.8	96	74	16	4	25	8	10	5	0.8	0.2	Dull to fair in evening; squally.	...	...	...		
24	1024.9	1021.8	82.9	84.1	85	82	9.8	11.2	81	85	20	8	19	6	10	10	3.3	0.1	Dull.	...	...	...		
25	1010.3	1007.8	83.1	82.9	85	82	11.5	10.9	93	89	21	13	17	6	100	10	5.8	0.2	Showery and dull.	17906	20	26.6	68	10.6
26	985.1	991.2	83.1	77.2	85	77	10.2	6.8	83	83	20	17	24	9	5	6	6.9	1.0	8 h. ▲ squalls. < n.	...	...	...		
27	990.4	1006.5	75.7	79.0	81	75	6.8	7.8	91	84	1	11	30	2	5	8	4.1	3.9	5 h. 45 m., with ▲* showers.	...	...	...		
28	1004.1	997.5	77.3	78.7	80	75	8.2	7.5	97	83	—	1	31	8	100	10	9.1	—	Frequent ● throughout.	...	...	...		
29	995.3	994.7	75.1	75.1	79	75	6.8	6.1	93	84	7	2	5	5	4	2	0.5	0.2	Very cloudy; good visibility.	...	...	...		
30	1008.5	1010.4	73.7	73.1	79	72	5.8	5.4	87	87	4	2	2	2	3	1	10.2	3.5	* showers 10 h.—12 h., then fine.	...	...	...		
Means	1017.1	1017.4	81.8	81.9	83.6	80.2	10.3	10.2	90	87	6.3	5.9	8.1	8.2	78.3	1.12	—	—	Monthly Totals or Means.	17907	20	26.0	68	11.0
Normal 40 years	1011.4	1011.5	81.3	81.4	84.3	79.0	9.6	9.6	87	86	5.7	5.8	—	—	137.9	2.21	—	—	Normals, 40 years.					

3. KEW OBSERVATORY, SURREY.—Lat. 51° 28' N. Long. 0° 19' W.

Heights above Mean Sea Level:—Station, H = 5.5 m. Barometer, H<sub>b</sub> = 10.4 m.

Heights above Ground:—Thermometers, h<sub>t</sub> = 3.0 m. Rain-gauge, h<sub>r</sub> = 0.5 m. Sunshine Recorder, h<sub>s</sub> = 14.3 m. Cups of Anemometer, h<sub>a</sub> = 21.3 m.

Table with columns: Day, Pressure at Station Level, Air Temperature in Degrees Absolute, Humidity (Vapour Pressure, Percentage), Wind Direction in Points and Velocity, Cloud Amount and Weather, Rain 24 hours beginning 10 h., Sunshine, Solar Radiation, Min. Temp. on Grass, Earth Temperature at 10 h., Remarks.

Note.—The cloud amounts in italic type at Kew were taken at 18 h.

4. ESKDALEMUIR OBSERVATORY, DUMFRIESSHIRE.—Lat. 55° 19' N. Long. 3° 12' W.

Heights above Mean Sea Level:—Station, H = 243.2 m. Barometer, H<sub>b</sub> = 237.1 m.

Heights above Ground:—Thermometers, h<sub>t</sub> = 0.8 m. Rain-gauge, h<sub>r</sub> = 0.3 m. Sunshine Recorder, h<sub>s</sub> = 1.5 m. Vane of Anemometer, h<sub>a</sub> = 15.2 m.

Table with columns: Day, Pressure at Station Level, Air Temperature in Degrees Absolute, Humidity (Vapour Pressure, Percentage), Wind Direction in Points and Velocity, Cloud Amount and Weather, Rain 24 hours beginning 10 h., Sunshine, Solar Radiation, Min. Temp. on Grass, Earth Temperature at 10 h., Remarks.

The solar radiation is the mean of the readings within the nominal hour of observation (11 h. 30 m.—12 h. 30 m.) unless some other hour is specified.

5. KEW OBSERVATORY.

Day.	Potential Gradient, Volts per metre. Factor 1·90.				Charge per cc. $\times 10^{20}$ .		Velocities of Ions for 1 volt per centimetre.		Conductivity $\times 10^{25}$ .	Air-Earth Current $\times 10^{16}$ .		Electric Character of Day.	Magnetic Character of Day.	Horizontal Force.			West Declination.						
	3 h.	9 h.	15 h.	21 h.	+	-	+	-		$e_1$ .	$e_2$ .			Maximum. 18000 $\gamma$ +.	Minimum. 18000 $\gamma$ +.	Range.	Maximum. 15° +.	Minimum. 15° +.	Range.				
	v/m.	v/m.	v/m.	v/m.	E.-m. U.	E.-m. U.	cm/sec.	cm/sec.	E.-m. U.	Amp/cm <sup>2</sup> .				$\gamma$	h m	$\gamma$	h m	$\gamma$	h m	h m	h m	h m	
1	330	450	—	420	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	o	o	506	5 35	471	10 33	35	48° 4'	11 39	41° 1'	2 20	7° 3'
2	385	525	410	520	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	o	i	505	6 41	465	9 48	40	48° 6'	13 53	42° 1'	6 3	6° 5'
3	340	500	410	240	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	o	o	497	18 21	473	10 55	24	47° 8'	12 50	41° 3'	8 53	6° 5'
4	345	550	300	430	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	i	o	506	21 54	467	10 29	39	47° 9'	12 33	41° 3'	8 52	6° 6'
5	160	45	175	225	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	i	i	508	23 33	461	18 9	47	48° 0'	18 3	41° 4'	8 23	6° 6'
6	130	240	110	235	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	o	i	502	21 45	479	14 36	23	48° 5'	12 3	39° 6'	21 38	8° 9'
7	175	280	345	335	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	o	o	497	6 52	483	13 22	14	49° 3'	13 8	41° 7'	7 8	7° 6'
8	140	185	250	280	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	o	i	507	6 7	488	12 53	19	49° 5'	23 59	41° 4'	7 7	8° 1'
9	175	335	410	390	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	o	i	531	22 59	496	11 19	35	49° 7'	0 1	40° 8'	23 29	8° 9'
10	95	400	175	195	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	i	i	513	6 23	448	13 30	65	54° 6'	13 50	34° 6'	19 43	20° 0'
11	110	290	260	435	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	i	i	513	5 45	459	12 9	54	50° 4'	11 47	33° 2'	17 21	17° 2'
12	335	140	185	280	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	o	498	20 31	482	1 10	16	45° 6'	11 51	41° 7'	22 30	3° 9'
13	260	295	175	560	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	o	509	21 53	479	10 40	30	45° 5'	12 7	39° 6'	19 54	5° 9'
14	10	240	445	595	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	2	513	7 37	408	15 13	105	59° 4'	15 6	36° 5'	23 3	22° 9'
15	445	475	560	290	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	i	i	511	18 52	470	1 57	41	48° 0'	2 40	39° 8'	0 49	8° 2'
16	215	280	260	235	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	o	i	523	21 43	480	22 35	43	46° 7'	12 45	35° 7'	21 35	11° 0'
17	150	235	495	520	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	i	i	502	12 56	481	0 13	21	46° 4'	12 17	37° 0'	21 0	9° 4'
18	355	495	390	390	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	o	o	521	21 1	476	18 21	45	45° 9'	12 30	40° 2'	20 33	5° 7'
19	280	505	335	400	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	i	o	511	11 8	485	1 32	26	45° 7'	11 7	42° 3'	23 45	3° 4'
20	185	325	260	205	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	o	o	506	7 16	486	1 20	20	46° 7'	10 46	41° 9'	3 40	4° 8'
21	280	465	280	250	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	o	o	503	23 17	490	10 39	13	44° 9'	12 4	41° 4'	20 50	3° 5'
22	345	445	315	280	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	o	i	511	7 39	464	15 10	47	50° 0'	15 13	40° 7'	3 40	9° 3'
23	130	370	270	305	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	o	o	506	6 17	477	9 6	29	44° 9'	11 58	40° 9'	18 7	4° 0'
24	195	400	325	445	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	i	o	501	11 55	489	1 13	12	44° 5'	12 0	40° 4'	23 47	4° 1'
25	185	215	35	640	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	o	505	23 51	488	1 11	17	44° 8'	11 58	40° 5'	20 34	4° 3'
26	370	160	75	75	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	i	510	3 53	468	20 34	42	44° 3'	13 32	31° 3'	19 28	13° 0'
27	175	530	345	540	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	o	o	501	18 57	479	20 56	22	44° 7'	16 19	38° 7'	21 2	6° 0'
28	465	500	625	240	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	i	o	499	18 36	480	10 39	19	44° 7'	12 0	40° 9'	8 48	3° 8'
29	2	20	55	380	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	o	501	18 28	487	10 19	14	44° 9'	12 33	40° 6'	20 13	4° 3'
30	240	485	455	540	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	o	o	504	16 51	487	2 2	17	44° 6'	11 55	40° 7'	7 47	3° 9'
M.	224	357	294	360	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	507	—	475	—	32	47° 5'	—	39° 6'	—	7° 9'

Note.—The mean values of the Potential gradient in Table 5 are computed from the data for those days on which values at each of the four hours, 3<sup>h</sup>, 9<sup>h</sup>, 15<sup>h</sup>, 21<sup>h</sup>, are given in the table. A similar note applies to the values in Table 6.

6. ESKDALEMUIR OBSERVATORY.

Day.	Potential Gradient, Volts per metre. Factor 5·5.				Charge per cc. $\times 10^{20}$ .		Velocities of Ions for 1 volt per centimetre.		Conductivity $\times 10^{25}$ .	Air-Earth Current $\times 10^{16}$ .		Electric Character of Day.	Magnetic Character of Day.	North Component.			West Component.			Vertical Component.				
	3 h.	9 h.	15 h.	21 h.	+	-	+	-		$e_1$ .	$e_2$ .			Maximum. 15000 $\gamma$ +.	Minimum. 15000 $\gamma$ +.	Maximum. 5000 $\gamma$ +.	Minimum. 5000 $\gamma$ +.	Maximum. 45000 $\gamma$ +.	Minimum. 45000 $\gamma$ +.					
	v/m.	v/m.	v/m.	v/m.	E.-m. U.	E.-m. U.	cm/sec.	cm/sec.	E.-m. U.	Amp/cm <sup>2</sup> .				h m	$\gamma$	h m	h m	$\gamma$	h m	h m	$\gamma$	h m	h m	
1	165	349	236	591	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	o	o	5 33	1032	988	10 40	11 22	231	196	2 22	—	—	—
2	183	89	136	160	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	i	i	6 2	1031	983	10 15	13 45	234	202	6 0	—	—	—
3	106	361	142	242	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	o	o	23 51	1023	994	10 53	12 48	229	198	9 10	—	—	—
4	254	59	355	875	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	o	21 51	1036	990	10 26	13 6	224	197	8 56	—	—	—
5	—	—	165	461	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	i	o	23 28	1050	977	18 7	13 45	233	197	23 42	—	—	—
6	—	—	171	414	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	o	i	21 39	1035	996	11 9	12 2	234	188	21 41	—	—	—
7	89	249	230	83	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	i	o	5 40	1023	995	13 20	13 7	236	202	24 0	—	—	—
8	165	142	225	249	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	i	o	5 20	1025	994	12 35	24 0	242	186	22 45	—	—	—
9	207	83	47	130	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	i	22 46	1052	1004	11 14	0 0	242	180	23 27	—	—	—
10	x	83	x	290	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	o	19 7	1040	951	13 6	13 47	251	137	19 42	—	—	—
11	124	443	266	396	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	o	i	17 26	1067	965	12 11	13 16	234	135	17 20	—	—	—
12	136	112	165	296	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	i	o	23 27	1021	1004	10 35	11 5	212	196	0 4	—	—	—
13	148	325	183	349	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	i	o	21 47	1037	1000	10 58	12 17	212	186	19 52	—	—	—
14	254	248	331	697	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	o	4 26	1038	924	15 10	15 6	297	157	9 14	—	—	—
15	236	343	248	756	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	o	i	16 47	1029	979	2 44	2 41	229	177	0 54	—	—	Instrument out of order.
16	514	136	177	219	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	o	i	21 39	1068	996	12 3	11 57	219	173	21 32	—	—	—
17	71	118	183	337	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	i	o	21 3	1029	992	0 33	12 16	221	165	21 0	—	—	—
18	467	242	207	567	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	i	o	20 57	1058	995	18 20	11 44	218	185	20 29	—	—	—
19	520	165	18	171	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	i	o	22 58	1032	1004	16 0	11 5	218	197	23 40	—	—	—
20	83	71	171	189	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	i	o	7 10	1032	1011	9 44	12 12	217	191	1 18	—	—	—
21	183	118	165	290	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	i	o	17 43	1027	1012	10 38	23 19	215	198	24 0	—	—	—
22	136	171	130	65	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	i	i	7 39	1041	973	15 6	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
23	100	177	225	142	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	i	i	6 23	1032	994	9 3	11 54	217	197	18 7	—	—	—
24	47	83	47	12	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	o	3 50	1029	1009	10 47	11 58	211	187	23 46	—	—	—
25	71	x	130	x	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	o	23 51	1030	1010	12 52	12 6	213	189	0 0	—	—	—
26	183	x	83	x	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	i	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
27	x	686	325	479	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	i	o	6 33	1025	1003	20 53	16 36	213	179	21 2	—	—	—
28	189	236	307																					

7. Tables of Wind Components in metres per second at fixed hours, together with the mean velocity (horizontal movement) in metres per second for the hour with the maximum hourly run for each day, or the greatest velocity attained in a gust and the time of its occurrence.

HOLYHEAD. †‡

Height of Head above—Roof 8.8 m., Ground 13.7 m., M.S.L. 19.2 m. Height of Cups above—Roof 4.6 m., Ground 7.6 m., M.S.L. 15.2 m.

Table for Holyhead with columns for Date, 3 h., 9 h., 15 h., 21 h., Max. in a Gust, and Time of Gust. Includes data for hours 1-30 and summary statistics.

DEERNES. †

Height of Cups above—Roof 1.5 m., Ground 4.9 m., M.S.L. 57.3 m.

Table for Deerness with columns for Date, 3 h., 9 h., 15 h., 21 h., Vel. in Max. Hourly Run, and Time of Max. Includes data for hours 1-30 and summary statistics.

SCILLY. †‡

Height of Head above—Ground 9.8 m., M.S.L. 49.7 m. Height of Cups above—Ground 5.8 m., M.S.L. 45.7 m.

Table for Scilly with columns for Date, 3 h., 9 h., 15 h., 21 h., Max. in a Gust, and Time of Gust. Includes data for hours 1-30 and summary statistics.

GREAT YARMOUTH. †‡

Height of Head above—Roof 10.7 m., Ground 12.8 m., M.S.L. 15.9 m. Height of Cups above—Roof 3.7 m., Ground 18.3 m., M.S.L. 22.3 m.

Table for Great Yarmouth with columns for Date, 3 h., 9 h., 15 h., 21 h., Max. in a Gust (Gorleston), and Time of Gust. Includes data for hours 1-30 and summary statistics.

The velocities at fixed hours are means for the interval from 30 minutes before to 30 minutes after the hour. The hours are numbered 1 h. to 24 h. Time is referred to Greenwich Mean Time. † Robinson Cup Anemometer; Arms 0.305 m.; Diameter of Cups 0.127 m.; Factor 2.8. ‡ Robinson Cup Anemometer; Arms 0.61 m.; Diameter of Cups, 0.229 m.; Factor 2.2. § Dines Pressure Tube Anemometer. At Great Yarmouth, Holyhead, and Scilly the readings at fixed hours are taken from the Robinson Anemometer, the maxima quoted are the greatest winds in a gust as recorded by the Dines Pressure Tube.

8. The Lower Layers of the Atmosphere from the Surface to 3000 metres (10,000 ft.) above Mean Sea Level.

Soundings by Registering Balloons (R.) and Pilot Balloons (P.).

ABERDEEN. P. 28. Nov. 1. 11 h. 35 m. G.M.T.								ABERDEEN. P. 29. Nov. 6. 11 h. 48 m. G.M.T.								ABERDEEN. P. 30. Nov. 8. 11 h. 40 m. G.M.T.									
Soundings with Pilot Balloons.	Height above M.S.L.	Wind.			Vertical Velocity.	Cloud Observations and Remarks.	Height above M.S.L.	Wind.			Vertical Velocity.	Cloud Observations and Remarks.	Height above M.S.L.	Wind.			Vertical Velocity.	Cloud Observations and Remarks.							
		Direction.	Velocity.	Components.				Direction.	Velocity.	Components.				Direction.	Velocity.	Components.									
				W.-E.						S.-N.						W.-E.			S.-N.	W.-E.	S.-N.				
metres.	Degrees from N.	m/s.	m/s.	m/s.	m/s.	metres.	Degrees from N.	m/s.	m/s.	m/s.	m/s.	metres.	Degrees from N.	m/s.	m/s.	m/s.	m/s.								
Greatest height	2429	...	...	...	...	Balloon lost to one station at 1000 m. in town haze brightly illuminated by Sun. Finally entered sheet of thin high St. C.u. Two theodolites to 1000 m. One theodolite to 2429 m.	...	...	...	...	...	Balloon lost to out-station by passing overhead and out of field of view when direction changed from + to - in S.-N. component, could not be picked up again. Two theodolites to 1000 m.; one theodolite to 3460 m.	...	...	...	...	...								
2250	337	19.8	7.7	-18.2	2.6	3250	281	10.7	10.5	-2.0	2.8	3500	282	16.3	16.0	-3.3	2.9								
2000	334	24.0	11.7	-20.9	2.6	3000	294	13.4	12.2	-5.5	2.8	3000	275	21.2	21.1	-1.8	2.9								
1500	328	19.5	10.2	-16.6	2.4	2500	294	12.5	11.4	-5.1	2.8	2500	283	12.5	12.2	-2.8	2.9								
1000	323	14.9	8.9	-12.0	2.4	2000	285	7.9	7.6	-2.1	2.8	2000	256	3.7	3.6	0.9*	2.9								
500	311	12.9	9.8	-8.4	2.9	1500	313	2.6	1.9	-1.8	2.8	1500	295	11.5	10.4	-4.9	2.9								
100	288	9.2	8.7	-2.9	3.9	1000	307	9.1	7.3	-5.5	3.2	1000	292	10.8	10.0	-4.1	2.9								
Ground level	30	280	6.6	6.5	-1.1	...	500	228	5.0	3.7	3.3	3.2	500	302	4.9	4.1	-2.6	2.9							
Computed for M.S.L.	0	310	12.1	9.3	-7.8	Lift 42 gr.	30	246	1.0	0.9	0.4	...	100	264	6.5	6.5	0.7	2.9							
																		30	241	2.5	2.2	1.2	...	...	Lift 46 gr. Base 830 m.
ABERDEEN P. 31. Nov. 15. 11 h. 35 m. G.M.T.								ABERDEEN P. 32. Nov. 20. 11 h. 35 m. G.M.T.								ABERDEEN. P. 33. Nov. 22. 11 h. 25 m. G.M.T.									
Greatest height	795	...	...	...	...	Two theodolites to 795 m. Balloon entered a layer of Fr.-Cu. This belt of cloud had a direction of N. N. W. at 10 h. and N. W. at 12 h. while a high stratum of St.-Cu. was W. N. W. throughout, thus agreeing with the surface wind.	2047	...	...	...	...	Two theodolites. Very squally, practically cloudless. Balloon disappeared in high whitish haze.	2434	...	...	...	...	Two theodolites. Balloon appeared to burst.							
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2300	255	14.1	13.6	3.7	2.0							
750	325	15.8	9.1	-12.9	3.7	2000	313	25.1	18.4	-17.1	3.2	2000	251	11.9	11.2	3.9	2.5								
500	327	14.3	7.8	-12.0	2.9	1500	310	21.3	16.3	-13.7	2.3	1500	252	11.2	10.6	3.5	2.5								
100	302	9.9	8.4	-5.3	3.2	1000	303	28.7	24.2	-15.5	2.2	1000	251	18.0	17.0	5.8	3.0								
Ground level	30	295	8.0	7.2	-3.4	...	500	293	23.3	21.4	-9.1	4.5	500	231	8.5	6.6	5.4	3.0							
Computed for M.S.L.	0	325	10.7	6.1	-8.7	Lift 48 gr. Base 820 m.	100	286	15.2	14.6	-4.2	3.8	100	225	12.0	8.5	8.4	2.6							
							30	290	15.0	14.1	-5.1	...	30	210	8.8	4.4	7.6	...	0	250	16.0	15.0	5.5	...	Lift 53 gr. Base 940 m.
ABERDEEN. P. 34. Nov. 29. 11 h. 35 m. G.M.T.								PYRTON HILL. R. 212. Nov. 19. 16 h. 5 m. G.M.T.																	
Greatest height	6100	...	...	...	...	Vertical velocity of 3.0 assumed from average between 2000 and 4000 m.  Ground level }  Computed for M.S.L.	2000	310	13.3	10.1	-8.6	2.7	Balloon vanished as if burst. Two theodolites to 4500 m. then lost to home station in smoke from an intervening chimney. No cloud overhead all day but Cu.-nb. bank low in N.E. and E. Temp. very low—about 27° F.	...	...	...	...	Balloon lost in clouds. Recording instrument has not yet been recovered.							
6000	259	14.6	14.3	2.8	...		1500	334	8.9	3.9	-8.0	2.3	2000	305	18	15	-10	...							
5500	275	12.5	12.5	-1.0	...		1000	359	6.2	0.1	-6.2	2.3	1500	300	13	12	-7	...							
5000	283	11.9	11.6	-2.6	...		500	344	6.5	1.8	-6.2	2.7	1000	300	19	16	-10	...							
4500	286	12.7	12.2	-3.5	...		100	299	6.2	5.4	-3.0	2.4	500	295	7	6	-3	...							
4000	298	11.9	10.5	-5.6	3.3		30	279	4.4	4.3	-0.7	...	0	300	15	13	-7.5	...							
3500	298	7.6	6.7	-3.5	2.2																				
3000	295	15.2	13.8	-6.3	3.5																				
2500	306	13.5	10.9	-7.9	2.9																				

Time is expressed in the hours 1 to 24 of civil reckoning.  
 Pressure is given in millibars (1000 mb. = 1 C.G.S. atmosphere = 750 mm. approximately).  
 Gradient Wind is taken to be tangential to the isobar and is computed by the formula  $\gamma = 2 \omega \rho V \sin \phi$ .  
 \*Base of Stratosphere.—TYPE 1.—When the stratosphere commences with an inversion, the height and temperature of the first point of zero temperature gradient are given.  
 TYPE 2.—When the stratosphere begins with an abrupt transition to a temperature gradient below 2° per km. without inversion, the height and temperature of the abrupt transition are given.  
 TYPE 3.—When there is no such abrupt change of temperature gradient, the base is taken to be where the mean fall of temperature for the kilometer next above is 2° or less, provided that it does not exceed 2° for any subsequent kilometer. If some other position for the base seems to the tabulator to be more suitable, it is noted in the column for "Remarks."  
 Temperatures are expressed in degrees absolute (273° A = 0° C.).  
 Heights are given in kilometers (km.).

8. The Lower Layers of the Atmosphere from the Surface to 3000 metres (10,000 ft.) above Mean Sea Level—continued.  
Soundings by Kites (K.) and Pilot Balloons (P.).

PYRTON HILL. K. 3. November 8. 12 h. 10 m. G.M.T.											BRIGHTON. K. 55. November 9. 10 h. 0 m. to 12 h. 20 m. G.M.T.										
Soundings with Kites.	Height above M.S.L.	Pressure.	Temperature.		Humidity.	Density.	Wind.		Cloud Observations and Remarks.	Height above M.S.L.	Pressure.	Temperature.		Humidity.	Density.	Wind.		Cloud Observations and Remarks.			
			Reading.	Fall per km.			Direction.	Velocity.				Reading.	Fall per km.			Direction.	Velocity.				
Greatest height	metres.	mb.	°A.	°C.	%	mb.	mgm/cc.	Degrees from N.	m/s.	Clouds at 400 m. and sharp inversion at their upper surface about 500 m.	metres.	mb.	°A.	°C.	%	mb.	mgm/cc.	Degrees from N.	m/s.	Overcast St. Kite went out of sight 375 m. above sea.	
	1500	860.0	285	4	70	9.7	1.047	295	14		1200	888.2	284	...	30	3.9	1.088	270	17		
	1000	912.6	287	4	50	7.9	1.104	295	14		1000	909.8	282.5	-7	44	5.2	1.120	?	?		
	500	968.9	281	-12	100	10.7	1.196	260	14		500	966.6	279	...	93	8.7	1.203	215	11		
100 m. above ground	250	998.5	284	12	90	11.8	1.220	250	12		215	1000.6	282	10.5	93	10.5	1.231	200.5	14		
Ground level	150	1010.5	285	10	80	11.1	1.230	240	6		115	1012.7	284	20	93	12.1	1.237	225	4.5		
Computed for M.S.L.	0	1028.7	...	...	...	...	...	275	13	...	0	1026.7	...	...	...	...	...	245	11	...	

  

BRIGHTON. K. 56. November 10. 11 h. 10 m. to 13 h. G.M.T.											BRIGHTON. K. 57. November 14. 10 h. 15 m. to 12 h. 20 m. G.M.T.										
Soundings with Kites.	Height above M.S.L.	Pressure.	Temperature.		Humidity.	Density.	Wind.		Cloud Observations and Remarks.	Height above M.S.L.	Pressure.	Temperature.		Humidity.	Density.	Wind.		Cloud Observations and Remarks.			
			Reading.	Fall per km.			Direction.	Velocity.				Reading.	Fall per km.			Direction.	Velocity.				
Greatest height	895	909.1	277	6.6	75	6.0	1.141	290	17	Overcast, then nearly clear with Ci. and A. St. and overcast again.	850	912.2	275.2	3.7	...	...	1.152	30	16	Overcast St. and A. Cu. No clouds reached. Humidity between 80% and 90%.	
	500	954.1	279.6	7	82	8.0	1.185	280	16		500	953.0	276.5	5.3	...	...	1.198	360	17		
100 m. above ground	215	987.6	281.6	9	87	9.6	1.217	265	13		215	986.9	278	5	...	...	1.234	335	14		
Ground level	115	999.6	282.5	9	82	9.6	1.228	270	5 to 9 gusty.		115	999.1	278.5	5	...	...	1.246	340	9 to 13 gusty.		
Computed for M.S.L.	0	1013.5	...	...	...	...	...	250	18	...	0	1013.2	...	...	...	...	...	350	13	...	

9. The Upper Air: Soundings by Registering Balloons (R.) and Pilot Balloons (P.).

TABLE OF HEIGHTS, PRESSURES, AND TEMPERATURES.

1912. November 7. 7 h. 0 m. G.M.T.				SOUNDING No., R. 21.				Height above M.S.L.		Temperature.		REMARKS.
Height above M.S.L.		Pressure.	Temp.	PLACE, MANCHESTER.		km.	mb.	°A.	°C.			
GREATEST HEIGHT,	15.3 km.	116 mb.	212° A.	Latitude, 53° 28' N.	Longitude, 2° 14' W.	15	121	212	1.5	The type is not well-defined. The temperature decreases again after a slight inversion.		
LOWEST TEMPERATURE,	15.3 km.	116 mb.	212° A.	Height above M.S.L., } 40 m.		14	143	213.5	4.5			
BASE OF STRATOSPHERE,	12.0 km.	195 mb.	217.5° A.	PLACE OF FALL, Spalding.		13	168	218	-0.5			
Type No. 1.				Distance, 353 km.		12	197	217.5	...			
				Orientation, 117°.		11.9	200	217.5	3			
From observations at Station.				at 7 h.	at 18 h. G.M.T.	11	231	220.5	6			
PRESSURE (M.S.L.),				1026 mb.	1025 mb.	10	270	226.5	8			
TEMPERATURE,				283° A.	285° A.	9.3	300	232.5	...			
VAPOUR PRESSURE,				...	...	9	313	234.5	7			
GRADIENT WIND:—Direction,				250°	265°	8	363	241.5	...			
Velocity,				10.5 m/s.	16.6 m/s.	7.3	400	246.5	7			
Correction for Curvature,				0.0 m/s.	0.0 m/s.	7	417	248.5	6.5			
Final Components, { W. to E.				9.9 m/s.	16.5 m/s.	6	476	255	6			
{ S. to N.				3.6 m/s.	1.4 m/s.	5.6	500	257.5	5			
						5	545	261	5			
						4.3	600	264	...			
						4	621	266	...			
						3.1	700	272.5	7.5			
						3	704	273.5	4.5			
						2.0	800	278	1.5			
						1.0	900	279.5	...			
						0.2	1000	281.5	...			
						Ground M.S.L.	1021	28.3	...			
							1026	...	...			

  

1912. November 7. 7 h. 3 m. G.M.T.				SOUNDING No., R. 211.				Height above M.S.L.		Temperature.		REMARKS.
Height above M.S.L.		Pressure.	Temp.	PLACE, PYRTON HILL.		km.	mb.	°A.	°C.			
GREATEST HEIGHT,	16.5 km.	98 mb.	207° A.	Latitude, 51° 38' N.	Longitude, 1° 0' W.	16.4	100	207	...	Inversion of 4° 1.5 to 2.0 km. Trace somewhat indistinct.  Calm, overcast. Entered clouds going N.E. after 2 minutes.		
LOWEST TEMPERATURE,	14 km.	146 mb.	206° A.	Height above M.S.L., } 150 m.		16	107	207	-1			
BASE OF STRATOSPHERE,	14.0 km.	146 mb.	206° A.	PLACE OF FALL, Polegate.		15	126	206	0			
Type No. 1.				Distance, 123 km.		14	146	206	4			
				Orientation, 136°.		13	172	210	5			
From observations at Station.				at 7 h.	at 18 h. G.M.T.	12.0	200	201	4			
PRESSURE (M.S.L.),				1026 mb.	1030 mb.	11	236	215	6			
TEMPERATURE,				282° A.	285° A.	10	274	225	...			
VAPOUR PRESSURE,				...	...	9.3	300	...	8			
GRADIENT WIND:—Direction,				Pressure Distribution irregular.	265°	9	317	233	7			
Velocity,				16.1 m/s.	16.0 m/s.	8	366	240	9			
Correction for Curvature,				0.0 m/s.	0.0 m/s.	7.3	400	...	5			
Final Components, { W. to E.				...	16.0 m/s.	7	420	245	...			
{ S. to N.				...	1.4 m/s.	6	483	254	9			
						5.7	500	...	8			
						5	549	262	6			
						4.3	600	...	...			
						4	626	268	...			
						3.1	700	...	5			
						3	711	273	6			
						2.0	800	279	-1			
						1.05	900	...	...			
						1.0	906	278	...			
						Ground M.S.L.	1009	282	...			
							1026	...	...			

For particulars of an additional ascent on Nov. 7th, see the Journal for December.



# METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE OBSERVATORIES—GEOPHYSICAL JOURNAL.

DECEMBER 1912.—DAILY VALUES REFERRED TO GREENWICH MEAN TIME AND UNITS,  
BASED ON THE C.G.S. SYSTEM.

[Price 1s.]

Second Year.—No. 12. *Meteorology, Solar Radiation, Seismology, Atmospheric Electricity, and Terrestrial Magnetism.*

## I. SEISMOLOGICAL JOURNAL:—ESKDALEMUIR.—Lat. 55° 19' N. Long. 3° 12' W.

Date.	Microseisms.		Earthquakes.	Remarks.
	Period.	Amp.		
1	8	2.0	II.	1st II, P? S=8 h. 49 m., L=9 h. 7 m., Max. at 9 h. 22 m.
2	6	3.5		
3	4	1.6		5th Iu, P=12 h. 37 m. 45 s., S=12 h. 46 m. 45 s., Δ=7600 km. I, Long waves 18 h. 27 m.
4	6-7	0.8		
5	5	0.9	Iu, I.	
6	9*	0.8	I.	6th I, Long waves 15 h. 40 m.
7	6	1.0	Iu.	
8	6-7	1.4	Iu, II.	7th, P=22 h. 59 m. 27 s., S? 23 h. 13 m. 43 s. Sharp impulses at 23 h. 3 m. 30 s., 23 h. 9 m. 12 s., and 23 h. 13 m. 2 s., Δ about 15000 km. α=40° W. of South. Long waves very weak.
9	6	1.7		
10	6-7	1.7		
11	8	3.8		9th Iu, P=0 h. 1 m. 31 s., S=0 h. 11 m. 35 s., L=0 h. 26 m. 30 s., Δ=8870 km. IIu, P=8 h. 44 m. 24 s., S=8 h. 54 m. 13 s., L=9 h. 5 m., Δ=8570 km.
12	8	3.4		
13	7	2.8		23rd Iu, Long waves 0 h. 3 m.
14	7	2.8		
15	8	3.4		
16	8	2.6		24th II, S? =0 h. 25 m. 2 s., L=? Long waves about 18 h. 56 m.
17	6	3.1		
18	5	1.0		26th I, Long waves about 0 h. 39 m. and 8 h. 18 m.
19	5	1.5		
20	6	3.0		28th I, Long waves about 8 h. 48 m.
21	5	1.1		
22	5-6	1.0		
23	5	2.0	Iu.	
24	5	2.1	II.	* 9 and harmonic 4½.
25	5	2.0		
26	6	2.0	I, I.	
27	5	1.3		
28	6	1.7	I.	
29	6	2.2		
30	7	2.6		
31	7	2.4		

An explanation of the notation used is given in the preface.

## 2. VALENCIA OBSERVATORY, CAHIRCIVEEN (KERRY).—Lat. 51° 56' N. Long. 10° 15' W.

Heights above Mean Sea Level:—Station, H=9.2 m. Barometer Cistern, H<sub>b</sub>=13.7 m.

Heights above Ground:—Thermometers, h<sub>t</sub>=1.2 m. Rain-gauge, h<sub>r</sub>=0.6 m. Sunshine Recorder, h<sub>s</sub>=12.8 m. Cups of Anemometer, h<sub>a</sub>=13.7 m.

Day.	Pressure at Station Level.		Air Temperature in Degrees Absolute.				Humidity.				Wind Direction in points (8=E, 16=S) and Velocity (metres per second).		Cloud Amount and Weather.		Rain 24 hours beginning 10 h.	Sunshine.	Remarks.	Magnetism.					
	9 h.	21 h.	9 h.	21 h.	Max.	Min.	Vapour Pressure.		Percentage.		9 h.	21 h.	10 h.	22 h.				Horizontal Force.	Declination West.	Inclination.			
	mb.	mb.	200+	200+	200+	200+	millibar.	%	%	m/sec.	m/sec.	Tenths of Sky covered.	mm.	hrs.	γ.	°	°						
1	996.6	1004.3	81.4	80.1	82	74	10.5	8.8	97	87	16	8	21	10	3	2.8	2.0	Gloomy and wet.	...	...	...		
2	1015.6	1019.7	80.9	81.8	83	80	9.5	10.2	90	91	24	8	14	5	7	5.3	2.4	≡ <sup>0</sup> ; clearing 10 h.-12 h.	...	...	...		
3	1018.2	1017.5	84.8	84.6	86	83	13.6	12.9	98	94	16	7	15	6	10	0.8	—	Heavy mist a. Dull.	...	...	...		
4	1011.1	1006.6	84.8	84.0	85	84	13.2	12.6	97	96	15	9	14	9	10	0.2	—	Gloomy and showery.	...	...	...		
5	1000.9	996.1	82.4	80.6	84	80	11.5	9.5	98	90	—	1	14	6	10	5.1	—	Overcast most of day; ≡ <sup>0</sup> .	...	...	...		
6	1001.0	999.4	80.3	82.5	83	80	8.8	10.9	86	93	20	6	14	11	4	10.2	3.5	Fair to dull.	...	...	...		
7	996.3	1004.0	84.1	81.0	85	80	11.5	10.2	89	96	15	8	—	1	7	2.3	1.6	● early, then misty to dull.	17917	20	29.0	68	11.3
8	1011.6	1012.3	79.9	82.1	83	80	9.5	9.5	96	83	15	2	15	7	9	3.8	3.8	Unsettled-looking.	...	...	...		
9	1002.5	1013.8	84.6	81.3	85	80	12.9	7.8	95	73	16	9	24	5	10	0.5	—	● <sup>2</sup> during day; fine n.	...	...	...		
10	1016.5	1007.8	75.1	82.8	83	75	6.8	11.2	94	92	3	2	15	8	10	4.6	—	—; dull and gloomy.	...	...	...		
11	993.7	994.1	85.3	80.3	86	79	13.9	7.8	97	76	16	11	19	7	10	6.9	—	≡ <sup>0</sup> or ● showers throughout.	...	...	...		
12	1008.5	1011.0	79.7	83.0	83	79	8.2	11.5	81	94	22	11	20	10	3	7.1	1.9	Showery to fair a; gloomy p.	...	...	...		
13	1007.0	1007.0	83.8	84.9	85	83	12.2	13.6	96	97	19	12	20	11	10	1.8	—	Gloomy, with ≡ <sup>0</sup> .	...	...	...		
14	1011.3	1014.7	84.8	83.1	85	83	13.2	11.5	97	93	19	8	22	9	10	4.3	—	Overcast and misty; ● p.	...	...	...		
15	1017.3	1014.1	83.2	81.0	84	81	11.5	8.2	91	78	16	6	24	10	10	2.3	—	Unsettled-looking to dull.	...	...	...		
16	1015.7	1014.0	79.9	81	81	78	6.8	7.5	69	85	24	11	21	9	3	3.8	2.6	▲ or ● showers.	...	...	...		
17	1010.1	1002.0	79.5	79.8	82	78	7.5	9.5	76	96	20	7	21	9	10	9.1	—	Gloomy; ● <sup>2</sup> 19 h.	...	...	...		
18	1002.5	1002.0	79.5	81.7	82	78	7.1	10.5	74	94	24	8	16	6	10	3.1	0.1	Cloudy, with ● showers.	...	...	...		
19	994.4	993.0	83.5	83.8	84	83	10.9	12.6	86	96	15	10	15	10	10	9.9	—	Overcast and ≡ <sup>0</sup> .	...	...	...		
20	995.2	1003.1	84.3	82.9	84	83	12.9	11.9	97	99	15	9	—	1	10	4.1	—	● a. Gloomy and misty.	...	...	...		
21	1007.5	1008.7	81.3	80.3	83	80	10.2	9.5	93	94	15	4	15	3	10	1.0	—	Dull, but clear atmosphere.	17910	20	26.8	68	9.0
22	1007.6	1003.4	80.3	82.1	82	80	10.2	10.5	98	92	—	1	15	6	10	5.3	2.1	Dull; clearing midday.	...	...	...		
23	1002.6	1005.5	81.2	80.7	83	80	9.5	9.8	88	93	17	5	19	4	7	11.2	0.3	Gloomy and showery.	...	...	...		
24	988.1	1007.4	82.9	81.5	84	80	9.2	8.8	76	81	17	14	20	9	10	3.3	—	☉ a; squally.	...	...	...		
25	1002.4	1002.7	80.9	80.1	83	79	8.8	8.8	84	88	18	7	21	4	9	10.0	—	Unsettled-looking.	...	...	...		
26	977.2	1000.8	80.7	81.1	82	80	9.5	9.8	93	90	24	4	—	1	10	8.9	0.8	Dull and squally; ● <sup>2</sup> 2 h.	...	...	...		
27	991.6	986.6	85.0	84.7	85	81	13.2	12.2	95	90	16	8	16	10	10	4.3	—	Overcast most of day; ≡ <sup>0</sup> .	...	...	...		
28	998.1	1001.5	80.6	79.3	83	78	8.2	7.5	80	79	23	7	22	4	8	4.1	2.5	Fair generally.	...	...	...		
29	1005.2	1018.0	81.1	79.7	82	79	9.2	7.8	84	78	23	11	21	10	7	3	1.8	1.9	Showery to fair.	...	...	...	
30	1020.0	1013.5	82.1	83.3	84	79	9.8	11.2	88	89	16	6	15	9	8	7.1	—	Gloomy; ≡ <sup>0</sup> . [ing.]	...	...	...		
31	1010.5	1010.2	82.2	80.4	84	79	10.2	9.2	87	90	20	7	18	2	4	10.0	2.0	3.3	● early, then fair to unsettled-look-	...	...	...	
Means	1004.4	1006.3	81.9	81.7	83.6	79.7	10.3	10.1	89	89	7.3	6.8	8.2	8.4	175.7	0.99	—	Monthly Totals or Means.	17914	20	27.9	68	10.2
Normal 40 years	1010.3	1010.4	80.2	80.4	83.0	77.8	9.1	9.3	88	88	6.3	6.5	—	—	160.5	1.32	30 yrs	Normals, 40 years.	...	...	...		

3. KEW OBSERVATORY, SURREY.—Lat. 51° 28' N. Long. 0° 19' W.

Heights above Mean Sea Level :—Station, H = 5.5 m. Barometer, H<sub>b</sub> = 10.4 m.

Heights above Ground :—Thermometers, h<sub>t</sub> = 3.0 m. Rain-gauge, h<sub>r</sub> = 0.5 m. Sunshine Recorder, h<sub>s</sub> = 14.3 m. Cups of Anemometer, h<sub>a</sub> = 21.3 m.

Table with columns for Day, Pressure at Station Level, Air Temperature in Degrees Absolute, Humidity (Vapour Pressure, Percentage), Wind Direction in Points (8=E, 16=S) and Velocity (metres per second), Cloud Amount and Weather, Rain 24 hours beginning 10 h, Sunshine, Solar Radiation, Watts per cm², Min. Temp. on Grass, Earth Temperature at 10 h, and Remarks. Includes means and normals for 40 years.

Note.—The cloud amounts in italic type at Kew were taken at 18 h.

4. ESKDALEMUIR OBSERVATORY, DUMFRIESSHIRE.—Lat. 55° 19' N. Long. 3° 12' W.

Heights above Mean Sea Level :—Station, H = 243.2 m. Barometer, H<sub>b</sub> = 237.1 m.

Heights above Ground :—Thermometers, h<sub>t</sub> = 0.8 m. Rain-gauge, h<sub>r</sub> = 0.3 m. Sunshine Recorder, h<sub>s</sub> = 1.5 m. Vane of Anemometer, h<sub>a</sub> = 15.2 m.

Table with columns for Day, Pressure at Station Level, Air Temperature in Degrees Absolute, Humidity, Wind Direction and Velocity, Cloud Amount and Weather, Rain 24 hours beginning 10 h, Sunshine, Solar Radiation, Watts per cm², Min. Temp. on Grass, Earth Temperature at 10 h, and Remarks. Includes means and normals for 40 years.

The solar radiation is the mean of the readings within the nominal hour of observation (11 h. 30 m.—12 h. 30 m.) unless some other hour is specified.

\* No record.

5. KEW OBSERVATORY.

Day.	Potential Gradient, Volts per metre. Factor 1.71.				Charge per cc. × 10 <sup>20</sup> .		Velocities of Ions for 1 volt per centimetre.		Conductivity × 10 <sup>25</sup> .	Air-Earth Current × 10 <sup>16</sup> .		Electric Character of Day.	Magnetic Character of Day.	Horizontal Force.			West Declination.							
	3 h.	9 h.	15 h.	21 h.	+	-	+	-		c <sub>1</sub>	c <sub>2</sub>			Maximum. 18000 γ +.	Minimum. 18000 γ +.	Range.	Maximum. 15° +.	Minimum. 15° +.	Range.					
	v/m.	v/m.	v/m.	v/m.	E.-m.U.	E.-m.U.	cm/sec.	cm/sec.		E.-m.U.	Amp/cm <sup>2</sup> .			γ	h m	γ	h m	γ	h m	γ	h m			
1	215	—	425	175	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	0	517	18 28	497	23 31	20	45° 1	11 25	40° 0	23 27	5° 1	
2	65	250	250	190	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.25	0	2	537	19 53	460	20 31	77	48° 3	12 10	31° 2	23 2	17° 1	
3	185	435	360	215	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.20	0	2	511	15 21	481	1 33	30	44° 1	11 22	36° 4	0 39	7° 7	
4	140	175	360	510	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.35	0	0	508	13 23	493	10 59	15	45° 1	12 30	40° 9	8 12	4° 2	
5	300	710	420	240	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.50	0	0	508	12 52	495	1 22	13	44° 2	11 32	40° 1	19 50	4° 1	
6	160	250	420	500	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.40	1	1	516	7 5	468	23 32	48	46° 7	13 0	28° 1	22 45	18° 6	
7	485	390	200	150	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0	2	519	6 16	431	15 13	88	46° 4	5 15	29° 9	0 31	16° 5	
8	50	285	210	460	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0	1	509	17 20	483	8 43	26	45° 1	11 53	40° 3	22 54	4° 8	
9	315	340	285	335	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0	0	512	7 28	489	19 29	23	45° 5	13 10	35° 1	19 38	10° 4	
10	125	285	215	520	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	0	513	6 18	493	10 35	20	44° 5	12 38	38° 1	19 15	6° 4	
11	225	520	300	200	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	0	513	8 26	484	18 2	29	44° 8	12 33	38° 8	23 25	6° 0	
12	160	760	360	545	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	0	512	8 39	490	1 7	22	43° 4	15 12	38° 9	0 18	4° 5	
13	165	350	265	165	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0	1	518	14 0	495	23 5	23	45° 9	12 46	35° 6	21 33	10° 3	
14	40	115	225	125	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0	0	512	6 59	497	20 46	15	44° 2	12 45	37° 6	21 18	6° 6	
15	90	265	340	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	0	513	16 55	500	3 13	13	43° 0	12 40	40° 1	21 30	2° 9	
16	—	—	—	570	No observations.				—	—	—	—	1	0	517	13 23	501	1 9	16	43° 9	11 45	39° 2	20 12	4° 7
17	190	620	300	225	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0	0	518	17 42	499	1 13	19	44° 5	12 5	40° 4	7 50	4° 1	
18	65	210	260	385	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	0	516	14 35	493	19 20	23	44° 3	11 16	39° 7	20 36	4° 6	
19	125	210	275	290	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0	0	514	6 13	498	15 37	16	43° 2	13 3	39° 9	20 47	3° 3	
20	140	225	485	525	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0	0	509	19 4	494	11 24	15	43° 4	12 56	40° 2	8 58	3° 2	
21	235	—	325	265	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0	0	513	14 27	496	1 12	17	43° 7	12 20	40° 7	7 33	3° 0	
22	135	390	310	325	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0	2	529	23 37	459	23 5	70	47° 3	17 0	29° 1	23 28	18° 2	
23	10	390	335	±	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	2	537	21 52	461	14 45	76	48° 1	11 52	32° 1	21 36	16° 0	
24	300	535	±	290	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	1	535	23 55	483	19 11	52	46° 1	1 4	37° 2	23 30	8° 9	
25	135	235	±	260	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	1	532	0 0	487	17 52	45	43° 2	12 28	36° 6	0 15	6° 6	
26	335	±	-40	190	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	0	503	19 10	482	23 57	21	44° 0	13 22	36° 3	21 18	7° 7	
27	165	725	365	165	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	0	506	18 46	482	0 0	24	43° 6	12 40	38° 2	0 2	5° 4	
28	65	265	350	265	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	0	508	6 13	500	22 50	8	41° 8	13 9	39° 6	21 48	2° 2	
29	±	—	400	310	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	0	509	17 11	495	1 6	14	43° 0	14 5	38° 7	21 31	4° 3	
30	140	485	460	645	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0	0	516	7 49	494	13 16	22	44° 5	12 9	35° 9	2 30	8° 6	
31	290	400	460	445	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0	0	517	7 22	496	1 16	21	44° 0	13 20	39° 9	8 46	4° 1	
M.	160	382	324	338	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	516	—	486	—	30	44° 7	—	37° 3	—	7° 4	

Note.—The mean values of the Potential gradient in Table 5 are computed from the data for those days on which values at each of the four hours, 3<sup>h</sup>, 9<sup>h</sup>, 15<sup>h</sup>, 21<sup>h</sup>, are given in the table. A similar note applies to the values in Table 6.

6. ESKDALEMUIR OBSERVATORY.

Day.	Potential Gradient, Volts per metre. Factor 5.5.				Charge per cc. × 10 <sup>20</sup> .		Velocities of Ions for 1 volt per centimetre.		Conductivity × 10 <sup>25</sup> .	Air-Earth Current × 10 <sup>16</sup> .		Electric Character of Day.	Magnetic Character of Day.	North Component.			West Component.			Vertical Component.				
	3 h.	9 h.	15 h.	21 h.	+	-	+	-		c <sub>1</sub>	c <sub>2</sub>			Maximum. 15000 γ +.	Minimum. 15000 γ +.	Maximum. 5000 γ +.	Minimum. 5000 γ +.	Maximum. 45000 γ +.	Minimum. 45000 γ +.					
	v/m.	v/m.	v/m.	v/m.	E.-m.U.	E.-m.U.	cm/sec.	cm/sec.		E.-m.U.	Amp/cm <sup>2</sup> .			h m	γ	h m	h m	γ	h m	γ	h m	h m	γ	h m
1	445	345	291	184	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1 a	0	18 25	1029	1007	10 23	11 21	217	188	23 31	—	—	—
2	42	148	487	481	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1 a	1	19 50	1003	962	20 28	12 18	240	141	23 3	—	—	—
3	220	279	-89	778	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1 a	0	16 17	1021	998	1 30	11 10	212	166	0 37	—	—	—
4	-131	196	143	83	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1 a	0	6 25	1017	1000	11 1	13 20	213	194	8 39	—	—	—
5	89	220	463	362	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0 a	0	20 40	1021	1006	10 42	12 52	210	193	19 47	—	—	—
6	315	261	137	190	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1 a	1	22 41	1040	983	23 32	13 0	225	110	23 0	—	—	—
7	214	267	226	380	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1 a	2	21 8	1038	942	15 9	10 2	229	118	0 29	—	—	—
8	166	±	±	226	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2 c	1	22 38	1023	989	8 40	12 45	211	192	23 47	—	—	—
9	131	95	-1260	172	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2 b	1	7 35	1025	994	11 50	13 9	219	158	19 37	—	—	—
10	184	380	867	796	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0 a	0	19 30	1026	1003	11 11	12 37	209	176	19 16	—	—	—
11	119	119	—	273	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2 b	1	7 12	1022	989	17 58	16 43	214	181	23 24	—	—	—
12	184	-77	214	-125	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2 c	0	7 53	1023	1007	0 30	6 24	207	176	0 46	—	—	—
13	160	—	137	-208	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2 b	1	21 44	1045	1006	14 30	13 56	226	162	21 13	—	—	—
14	—	89	59	24	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2 b	1	6 55	1027	1009	20 37	12 48	214	180	21 17	—	—	—
15	95	-18	—	107	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2 c	0	4 55	1027	1012	3 10	12 40	208	193	21 27	—	—	—
16	178	—	36	101	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2 c	0	20 16	1030	1016	19 22	12 44	215	190	20 12	—	—	Instrument out of order.
17	—	440	—	166	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2 c	0	17 41	1035	1016	18 52	13 22	214	198	22 10	—	—	—
18	124	189	444	266	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1 b	1	20 34	1039	1006	19 19	13 17	215	196	20 23	—	—	—
19	71	-41	12	124	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2 b	0	5 53	1029	1014	15 37	13 4	206	189	20 45	—	—	—
20	106	130	225	41	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1 b	0	4 11	1030	1009	11 40	3 41	215	197	23 10	—	—	—
21	18	53	41	237	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2 a	0	20 53	1034	1020	11 0	16 53	213	197	19 55	—	—	—
22	118	195	331	106	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1 b	1	23 35	1084	978	17 1	16 56	231	127	23 25	—	—	—
23	172	479	183	178	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0 a	2	21 46	1084	985	11 34	11 50	233	140	21 33	—	—	—
24	183	71	-59	-6	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2 b	1	23 37	1065	1002	19 10	1 0	227	175	23 29	—	—	—
25	65	166	124	-53	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1 b	1	0 0	1058	1007	17 50	12 25	208	177	0 15	—	—	—
26	201	183	41	290	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0 a	1	1 0	1033	1006	23 58	13 25	214	172	21 20	—	—	—
27	154																							

7. Tables of Wind Components in metres per second at fixed hours, together with the mean velocity (horizontal movement) in metres per second for the hour with the maximum hourly run for each day, or the greatest velocity attained in a gust and the time of its occurrence.

HOLYHEAD. †‡

Height of Head above—Roof 8.8 m., Ground 13.7 m., M.S.L. 19.2 m. Height of Cups above—Roof 4.6 m., Ground 7.6 m., M.S.L. 15.2 m.

DEERNESS. †

Height of Cups above—Roof 1.5 m., Ground 4.9 m., M.S.L. 57.3 m.

Table with columns for Date, 3 h., 9 h., 15 h., 21 h., Max. in a Gust, Time of Gust, and corresponding data for Holyhead and Deerness. Includes sub-tables for S+N&W, W+E, S-N&E, W-E.

SCILLY. †‡

Height of Head above—Ground 9.8 m., M.S.L. 49.7 m. Height of Cups above—Ground 5.8 m., M.S.L. 45.7 m.

GREAT YARMOUTH. †‡

Height of Head above—Roof 10.7 m., Ground 12.8 m., M.S.L. 15.9 m. Height of Cups above—Roof 3.7 m., Ground 18.3 m., M.S.L. 22.3 m.

Table with columns for Date, 3 h., 9 h., 15 h., 21 h., Max. in a Gust, Time of Gust, and corresponding data for Scilly and Great Yarmouth. Includes sub-tables for S+N&W, W+E, S-N&E, W-E.

The velocities at fixed hours are means for the interval from 30 minutes before to 30 minutes after the hour. The hours are numbered 1 h. to 24 h. Time is referred to Greenwich Mean Time. † No Record. ‡ Robinson Cup Anemometer; Arms 0.305 m.; Diameter of Cups 0.127 m.; Factor 2.8. § Dines Pressure Tube Anemometer. At Great Yarmouth, Holyhead, and Scilly the readings at fixed hours are taken from the Robinson Anemometer, the maxima quoted are the greatest winds in a gust as recorded by the Dines Pressure Tube.

8. The Lower Layers of the Atmosphere from the Surface to 3000 metres (10,000 ft.) above Mean Sea Level. Soundings by Kites (K.) and Pilot Balloons (P.).

PYRTON HILL. K. 4. December 17. 10 h. 30 m. G.M.T.											PYRTON HILL. R. 215. December 5. 15 h. 7 m. G.M.T.					
Soundings with Kites.	Height above M.S.L.	Pressure.	Temperature.		Humidity.	Density.	Wind.		Cloud Observations and Remarks.	Height above M.S.L.	Wind.				Notes.	
			Reading.	Fall per km.			Direction.	Velocity.			Direction.	Velocity.	Components.			
	metres.	mb.	°A.	°C.	%	mb.	mgm/cc.	Degrees from N.	m/s.		Degrees from N.	m/s.	m/s.	m/s.		
Greatest height	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3000	225	17	12	12	Balloon not recovered.
	850	910.3	271.5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2500	227	16	12	11	
	500	951.0	273.5	5.7	70	3.9	1.166	281	22	...	2000	218	16	10	13	
100 m. above ground	250	980.9	276	10	90	6.8	1.235	248	18	...	1500	227	18	13	12	
Ground level	150	993.0	277	10	90	7.4	1.246	225	8	...	1000	230	16	12	10	
Computed for M.S.L.	0	1011.5	...	...	...	...	...	255	16	...	500	230	16	12	10	
	0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0	185	10.9	+1.0	+10.9	...

ABERDEEN. P. 35. Dec. 4. 11 h. 35 m. G.M.T.										ABERDEEN. P. 36. Dec. 6. 11 h. 43 m. G.M.T.										ABERDEEN. P. 37. Dec. 13. 11 h. 30 m. G.M.T.									
Soundings with Pilot Balloons.	Height above M.S.L.	Wind.				Vertical Velocity.	Cloud Observations and Remarks.	Height above M.S.L.	Wind.				Vertical Velocity.	Cloud Observations and Remarks.	Height above M.S.L.	Wind.				Vertical Velocity.	Cloud Observations and Remarks.								
		Direction.	Velocity.	Components.					Direction.	Velocity.	Components.					Direction.	Velocity.	Components.											
	metres.	Degrees from N.	m/s.	m/s.	m/s.		metres.	Degrees from N.	m/s.	m/s.	m/s.		metres.	Degrees from N.	m/s.	m/s.	m/s.	m/s.											
Greatest height	900	...	...	...	...	Balloon lost in mist. Note great variation in vertical velocity with height. In afternoon at 15h. when lower St. cleared off, the upper St.-Cu. was seen to have a lenticular form.	1560	...	...	...	...	Balloon lost in high haze and town smoke.	2240	...	...	...	...	...	See note below. Two theodolites. Balloon lost in small cloud fragments and great distance.										
	750	227	23.3	16.9	16.0		1000	197	14.4	4.3	13.7	2.3	2000	261	43.0	42.5	+6.8	4.0											
	500	222	20.0	13.3	15.0		750	215	14.5	8.2	11.9	2.1	1500	255	34.2	33.0	9.0	3.9											
	250	213	15.5	8.4	13.0		500	203	13.8	5.4	12.7	3.1	1000	239	39.3	33.5	20.6	4.5											
Ground level	100	214	7.6	4.3	6.3		250	193	11.2	2.6	10.9	3.8	500	232	31.8	25.0	19.7	3.4											
Computed for M.S.L.	0	225	20.4	14.4	14.4	Lift 49 gr. Base 940 m.	0	215	11.3	6.5	9.3	...	0	250	21.8	20.5	7.5	...	Lift 52 gr. Base 940 m.										

ABERDEEN P. 38. Dec. 20. 11 h. 40 m. G.M.T.									
Greatest height	Height above M.S.L.	Wind.				Vertical Velocity.	Cloud Observations and Remarks.		
		Direction.	Velocity.	Components.					
	metres.	Degrees from N.	m/s.	m/s.	m/s.				
620	...	...	...	...	...	Two theodolites to 100 m.; then lost to out-station. Lost to home station at 620 m. in bank of St. and mist.			
500	223	15.4	10.5	11.3	2.6	Assumed			
250	220	11.2	7.2	8.6	2.6				
100	210	12.1	6.1	10.4	2.1				
Ground level	30	190	6.6	1.1	6.5				
Computed for M.S.L.	0	220	22.7	14.6	17.4	Lift 39 gr. Base 940 m.			

\* Note attached to Ascent No. P. 37.—The above velocities after 500 m. are high for the W.-E. component, but are the results from two theodolites' observations. (It is specially noteworthy that the altitude of the balloon remained throughout between 60° and 70° at both stations; the lowest altitude readings on record.) Just at 12 h., soon after the balloon flight, a band of Ci. made its appearance, and its apparent velocity was so great that a nephoscope observation of it was made. The direction of motion was found to be 288°, and the value of  $\frac{1000V}{H}$  was 7.6 m.p.s. The Ci. itself was of a very coarse type, the fibres showing in several places an inclination towards the Ci.-Cu. form, and the band gave no optical phenomena round the sun. If we assume that the height of the cloud was 7000 m., which is intermediate between the mean heights of Ci. and of Ci.-Cu., its velocity would be 53 m.p.s. Resolving this into components, we obtain for the W.-E. component +50 m.p.s., and for the S.-N. component -16 m.p.s. The Ci. band showed a radiant point in 295°. At 12 h. 15 m. the surface wind components had fallen to W.-E., +6.9; S.-N., +6.9.

9. The Upper Air: Soundings by Registering Balloons (R.) and Pilot Balloons (P.).

TABLE OF HEIGHTS, PRESSURES, AND TEMPERATURES.

1912. December 5. 7 h. 5 m. G.M.T.				SOUNDING No., R.M.O. 214.		Height above M.S.L.	Pressure.	Temperature.		REMARKS.
Height above M.S.L.	Pressure.	Temp.	PLACE, PYRTON HILL.	Latitude, 51° 38' N.	Longitude, 1° 1' W.			Reading.	Fall per km.	
GREATEST HEIGHT,	12.6 km.	197 mb.	206° A.	Height above M.S.L., } 150 m.	PLACE OF FALL, Wellingbro'. Distance, 72 km. and Orientation, 22°.	km.	mb.	°A.	°C.	Trace somewhat indistinct. Isothermal from 5.0 to 5.3 at 256°. Temperature 282° at .5 km.
LOWEST TEMPERATURE,	11.6 km.	207 mb.	205° A.			12	199	205	6	
BASE OF STRATOSPHERE,	11.6 km.	207 mb.	205° A.			11.8	200	...	8	
Type No. II.						11.0	228	211	...	
						10.0	267	219	...	
						9.2	300	...	7	
						9.0	308	226	8	
						8.0	357	234	...	
						7.2	400	...	8	
						7.0	413	242	8	
From observations at Station.				at 7 h.	at 18 h. G.M.T.	6.0	473	250	...	
PRESSURE (M.S.L.),				1015 mb.	1009 mb.	5.6	500	...	6	
TEMPERATURE,				275° A.	278° A.	5.0	542	256	...	
VAPOUR PRESSURE,				...	...	4.2	600	...	7	
GRADIENT WIND:—Direction,				165°	185°	4.0	618	263	8	
Velocity,				13.2 m/s.	10.9 m/s.	3.0	700	271	...	
Correction for Curvature,				+ 7.7 m/s.	0.0 m/s.	2.0	800	276	4	
Final Components, { W. to E.				- 5.4 m/s.	+ 1.0 m/s.	1.0	900	280	...	
{ S. to N.				+ 20.2 m/s.	+ 10.9 m/s.	.013	1000	...	...	
						Ground M.S.L.	996	275	...	
							1015	...	...	

Time is expressed in the hours 1 to 24 of civil reckoning. Pressure is given in millibars (1000 mb. = 1 C.G.S. atmosphere = 750 mm. approximately). Gradient Wind is taken to be tangential to the isobar and is computed by the formula  $\gamma = 2\omega \rho V \sin \phi$ . \*Base of Stratosphere.—TYPE 1.—When the stratosphere commences with an inversion, the height and temperature of the first point of zero temperature gradient are given. TYPE 2.—When the stratosphere begins with an abrupt transition to a temperature gradient below 2° per km. without inversion, the height and temperature of the abrupt transition are given. TYPE 3.—When there is no such abrupt change of temperature gradient, the base is taken to be where the mean fall of temperature for the kilometer next above is 2° or less, provided that it does not exceed 2° for any subsequent kilometer. If some other position for the base seems to the tabulator to be more suitable, it is noted in the column for "Remarks." Temperatures are expressed in degrees absolute (273° A = 0° C.). Heights are given in kilometers (km.).



METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE OBSERVATORIES.

## GEOPHYSICAL JOURNAL, 1912.

## ANNUAL SUPPLEMENT.

**Summary of the Records of Registering Balloon Ascents and Data for  
Additional Ascents not included in the Monthly Issues.**

THE positions and heights of the different stations from which results have been published are shown in the following table:—

Place.	Latitude.	Longitude.	Height above M.S.L.
			metres.
Pyrton Hill . . . .	51° 38' N.	1° 0' W.	150
Manchester . . . .	53 27 "	2 14 "	40
Mungret College . . . .	52 38 "	8 41 "	15
Crinan . . . .	56 5 "	5 31 "	5
Ditcham Park . . . .	50 57 "	0 56 "	160
Southport . . . .	53 39 "	2 59 "	10

In all, during the year the results of fifty-two successful ascents of registering balloons have been published. The total is fairly satisfactory, inasmuch as there was hardly a single failure in obtaining a reliable record up to at least 10 km., but the year was an unfortunate one in the matter of finding the balloons. Forty were sent up at Pyrton Hill, and only twenty-three found; whereas, if the average conditions had held, at least thirty should have been found. At Crinan also and at Limerick during the international week in July the unfound balloons reached two-thirds of the total, an unusually high percentage.

The more salient features of each ascent are brought together in Table I., p. 90.

It will be seen that a large preponderance of the ascents occurred in the summer, and since some of the quantities show a distinct seasonal variation, this fact vitiates the values of the crude annual mean. We have not yet a record sufficiently long to give us

TABLE I.

	Date.		Type.	H <sub>c</sub> .	T <sub>c</sub> .	H <sub>t</sub> .	T <sub>t</sub> .	P <sub>s</sub> .	P <sub>9</sub> .	T <sub>m</sub> .	D.	B.
		h. m.		km.	°A.	km.	°A.	mb.	mb.	°A.	km.	
Manchester . . . . .	Jan. 4	7 0	1	10·7	216	11·8	219	1009	307	252	216	124
Pyrton Hill . . . . .	Jan. 30	15 5	1	9·6	15	13·6	15	1005	293	47	98	168
Manchester . . . . .	Feb. 1	7 0	1	11·5	13	16·6	20	1008	?	?	232	140
Manchester . . . . .	Mar. 7	7 0	1	8·5	16	19·6	20	1010	285	39	89	98
Ditcham Park . . . . .	" "	15 36	?	9·5	12	10·6	14	1009	291	44	300	135
Manchester . . . . .	Apr. 11	6 55	1	10·5	17	22·6	22	1014	285	49	248	131
Manchester . . . . .	" 12	6 50	1	10·6	12	11·4	15	1031	297	48	101	152
Pyrton Hill . . . . .	" 13	7 0	1	10·1	14	13·0	21	1034	301	49	40	153
Manchester . . . . .	" "	6 50	1	10·4	15	14·3	21	1033	304	50	68	180
Pyrton Hill . . . . .	" 17	12 10	1	9·5	20	14·7	25	1020	301	51	48	322
Manchester . . . . .	May 2	6 55	1	11·4	18	23·2	26	1016	309	57	63	90
Pyrton Hill . . . . .	" "	7 5	1	11·2	15	16·0	22	1016	308	51	45	215
Southport . . . . .	" 13	15 30	1	11·0	20	15·5	22	1020	307	55	2	45
Pyrton Hill . . . . .	" "	16 0	1	11·2	17	14·3	?	1017	308	55	114	73
Pyrton Hill . . . . .	" 25	9 50	1	10·5	19	13·4	29	1027	314	56	40	219
Pyrton Hill . . . . .	June 4	18 38	1	7·4	30	16·0	27	995	296	52	13	335
Manchester . . . . .	" 6	6 40	1	9·5	23	12·3	33	1004	305	57	42	110
Limerick . . . . .	" "	7 0	1	9·2	21	13·6	?	1008	301	50	23	190
Pyrton Hill . . . . .	" 11	19 0	1	10·2	15	15·0	23	1008	304	55	41	4
Pyrton Hill . . . . .	July 1	6 55	1	9·8	24	15·7	31	1009	308	55	32	106
Ditcham Park . . . . .	" "	7 5	1	9·2	24	15·2	27	1009	306	52	35	120
Crinan . . . . .	" "	7 0	?	?	?	10·6	?	1012	305	50	145	160
Manchester . . . . .	" "	20 5	1	9·6	22	11·2	29	1010	303	54	39	232
Pyrton Hill . . . . .	" 2	7 0	1	9·8	23	13·9	35?	1011	308	54	56	214
Manchester . . . . .	" "	20 0	1	10·2	25	19·1	26	1013	315	60	158	210
Crinan . . . . .	" 3	7 0	2	10·6	26	16·0	25	1019	310	57	110	198
Pyrton Hill . . . . .	" "	19 55	1	9·2	21	14·6	22	1013	306	53	205	240
Ditcham Park . . . . .	" 4	7 5	1	9·3	28	15·2	?	1020	314	56	67	247
Pyrton Hill . . . . .	" "	20 0	1	10·2	20	15·7	18	1025	313	56	96	254
Pyrton Hill . . . . .	" 5	7 0	1	11·3	23	15·8	25	1021	316	58	90	273
Ditcham Park . . . . .	" "	7 0	?	9·5	29	15·5	25	1024	315	59	92	278
Ditcham Park . . . . .	" "	19 40	1	10·1	21	15·0	22	1019	318	59	72	304
Limerick . . . . .	" 6	7 15	1	10·1	21	15·0	32?	1017	316	60	55	320
Crinan . . . . .	" "	20 35	2	10·8	24	11·6	29	1016	312	60	150	350
Pyrton Hill . . . . .	" 9	7 0	1	9·6	27	11·0	?	1020	310	55	55	246
Limerick . . . . .	" 31	7 15	1	9·0	27	14·8	33	1001	300	53	107	56
Pyrton Hill . . . . .	Aug. 29	18 15	2	9·7	23	13·1	21	1000	303	56	184	56
Manchester . . . . .	Sept. 5	7 0	1	10·2	21	17·3	29	1012	307	57	253	110
Pyrton Hill . . . . .	" 20	17 0	1	12·2	05	14·5	12	1026	316	60	37	248
Manchester . . . . .	Oct. 2	7 0	1	9·6	24	19·6	20	1004	292	48	86	129
Pyrton Hill . . . . .	" "	7 0	1	9·2	24	13·0	24	1017	300	53	56	91
Manchester . . . . .	" 3	6 55	1	10·0	26	21·6	30	1022	297	49	129	165
Pyrton Hill . . . . .	" "	7 5	2	8·8	29	15·0	21	1033	307	54	80	155
Limerick . . . . .	" 4	7 0	3?	10·6	17	15·7	13	1036	311	53	88	160
Manchester . . . . .	" "	6 55	1	10·9	21	21·5	28	1036	311	56	109	136
Pyrton Hill . . . . .	" "	7 6	1	10·7	17	17·0	21	1034	312	53	95	169
Pyrton Hill . . . . .	" 10	16 30	2	11·0	14	14·0	18	1024	317	60	20	280
Pyrton Hill . . . . .	" 23	15 54	2	9·4	24	13·2	29	992	295	50	24	11
Manchester . . . . .	Nov. 7	7 0	1	12·0	18	15·3	12	1026	313	61	353	117
Pyrton Hill . . . . .	" "	7 3	1	14·0	06	16·5	07	1026	317	60	123	136
Limerick . . . . .	" "	7 15	1	11·9	08	14·1	08	1022	312	56	131	82
Pyrton Hill . . . . .	Dec. 5	7 5	2	11·6	05	12·6	06	1015	308	56	72	22
Means . . . . .	...	...	...	10·2	19·6	14·7	22·1	1015	307	54·0	92	...
Corrected Means . . . . .	...	...	...	10·0	18·5	...	21·0	...	304	51·8	...	...

H<sub>c</sub> denotes the height in kilometers of the base of the stratosphere.  
 T<sub>c</sub> " the corresponding temperature in degrees absolute (273° A. = 0° C.).  
 H<sub>t</sub> " the maximum height (height of the top).  
 T<sub>t</sub> " the corresponding temperature.  
 P<sub>s</sub> " the pressure at mean sea-level in millibars.

P<sub>9</sub> denotes the pressure at 9 km.  
 T<sub>m</sub> " the mean temperature of the air column between 1 and 9 km.  
 D " the distance the balloon travelled in km.  
 B " the bearing in degrees from north of the falling place.



accurate details about these variations, but we may accept the following as estimates approximately correct :—

The variation of  $H_c$ —amplitude of '6 km. with minimum at the beginning of March.  
 „  $T_m$ —amplitude 6° C. and minimum in February.  
 „  $T_c$  „ 3° C. „ „

The seasonal variation of  $P_s$  is unimportant, and that of  $P_9$  follows the temperature variation of the underlying air.

Assuming these variations to be correct, the preponderance of observations in the summer can be allowed for, and the second row gives the corrected mean values for 1912. Excepting in the case of  $H_c$ , these values are in good agreement with the means of previous years. Although, in the majority of cases, there is no doubt about the point at which the stratosphere begins owing to the very definite inversion of temperature gradient, there are cases in which it is not possible to fix on any definite point unless some convention is adopted.

In order to secure uniformity of method at the different stations contributing results for publication in the Reports of the Office, an arrangement was made at the beginning of 1912 for the division of curves into three types according to the character of the temperature height curve in its upper portion. The three types are specified as follows :—

Type 1.—When the stratosphere commences with an inversion, the height and temperature of the first point of zero temperature gradient are given.

Type 2.—When the stratosphere begins with an abrupt transition to a temperature gradient below 2° per km. without inversion, the height and temperature of the abrupt transition are given.

Type 3.—When there is no such abrupt change of temperature gradient, the base is taken to be where the mean fall of temperature for the kilometer next above is 2° or less, provided that it does not exceed 2° for any subsequent kilometer. If some other position for the base seems to the tabulator to be more suitable, it is noted in the column for “Remarks.”

In the monthly issues of the *Geophysical Journal* for 1912, there were published thirty-seven ascents of Type 1, seven ascents of Type 2, and one doubtful ascent probably of Type 3. This one possible case of Type 3 is the ascent at Limerick on October 4th. The station was then near the centre of an anticyclone, and the balloon fell about 90 km. distant towards S.S.E. The seven cases of Type 2 occurred two in July, one in August, three in October, and one in December. In the two cases in July, and again in two of those in October, the pressure distribution was irregular; in August and in December there was a cyclonic depression to the West with a steep gradient for S.W. and S. winds; the balloons both fell in the N.E. quadrant. In the remaining case in October the value of  $H_c$  was exceptionally low, 8·8 km., and there was a moderate gradient for N.E. winds. Temperature again diminished above 11 km. in this case. It will be seen that we are not yet able to associate each type of passage from troposphere to stratosphere with a particular type of pressure distribution. There may be no such association, but the results suggest that Type 2 is most likely to occur with an irregular pressure distribution.

For Type 1 we can form Monthly Means (except for December) of  $H_c$ ,  $T_c$ , and pressure at Mean Sea-Level. These are as follows:—

	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May.	June.	July.	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Year.
P (millibar) .	1013	1016	1010	1026	1019	1009	1018	1001	1026	1023	1025	1015	1017
$H_c$ (km.) .	10·7	10·6	8·5	10·2	11·2	9·4	9·9	9·0	11·2	10·1	12·6	10·0	10·41
$T_c$ (°A.) .	216	214	216	216	217	222	223	227	213	222	211	215	217·7
Number .	1	2	1	5	4	5	9	1	2	5	3	...	...
Mean date .	Jan. 4	Jan. 31	Mar. 7	Apr. 13	May 8	June 4	July 4	July 31	Sept. 13	Oct. 3	Nov. 7	...	...

In order to form an annual mean, we have inserted for December the average value for that month for normal pressure and taken the annual mean as the mean of the twelve Monthly Means.

As the mean pressure is about 2 mm. above the normal value, the value of  $H_c$  reduced to normal pressure would be—

$$10·23 \text{ km.}$$

and of  $T_c$ .

$$218°·3 \text{ A.}$$

The value of  $H_c$  for England is given as 11·0 km. in *Geophysical Memoirs*, No. 2, in which the convention for the determination of the base in cases of Type 3 differed from that given above, and was as follows:—The point was taken where a gradient of 1° instead of 2° per kilometer commenced.

The corresponding value of  $H_c$  for England is given as 10·60 km. in *Geophysical Memoirs*, No. 5, in which the same conventions for the determination of the base of the stratosphere as those given above were used so far as they could be applied to the published tables; and the mean value for Europe between Latitudes 48 and 52 and West of Longitude 15° E. is 10·55 km. The value for England for 1912 appears therefore to be decidedly low, whichever "normal" is used.

The standard deviation of  $H_c$  is about 1·5 km., so that the probable error of a mean from fifty-two observations is  $\frac{2}{3} \cdot \frac{1·5}{\sqrt{52}} = \cdot 14$ . A casual variation of six times the probable error gives ·84 km., and is about the utmost that could be expected; but it must be remembered that the formula for the probable error is based on the supposition that the values are independent in the statistical sense, whereas results from stations close together made on the same day cannot be counted as independent. It is probable, too, that the mean of about 11·0 km. for the earlier period is too high.

However this may be, the low value of  $H_c$  commenced in September 1911, and it is noteworthy that almost every ascent made in the British Isles since then till now (October 1913) has a lower value than might have been expected from the date and prevailing barometric conditions.

The falling points of the balloons are arranged thus: In the N.E. quadrant there were 8, in the S.E. 22, in the S.W. 14, and in the N.W. 8. Owing to the proximity of the sea too much reliance must not be placed on the figures, but the preponderance of falls in the S.E. quadrant agrees fully with the Continental observations. There cannot be any doubt that for Europe, or at least that part of Europe covered by the observations, the general drift of the atmosphere as a whole is on the average from the N.W. or W.N.W., while for the individual case the balloon may travel in any direction whatever.

The mean temperatures at each kilometer have also been obtained and are given below, and the values of the mean for 1908–1910 inclusive are given for comparison.

	Ground.	1 km.	2 km.	3 km.	4 km.	5 km.	6 km.	7 km.	8 km.	9 km.	10 km.	11 km.	12 km.	13 km.	14 km.
	°A.	°A.	°A.	°A.	°A.	°A.	°A.	°A.	°A.	°A.	°A.	°A.	°A.	°A.	°A.
1912	280·1	275·6	270·9	265·8	260·0	253·9	246·2	239·8	232·1	226·1	221·2	221·4	221·6	221·8	222·0
1908–1911	282·6	277·0	272·6	267·7	261·7	255·5	248·9	241·8	235·0	228·9	223·1	219·6	219·5	219·8	220·0

In both sets the values are corrected to allow for the excess of summer observations. Up to 10 km. it will be seen that the temperatures for 1912 were below the previous three years' average, but that beyond 10 km. they were above. The departures from the mean of all the quantities are thus associated in the usual way. The thickness of the troposphere, the pressure at 9 km., and the temperature of the lower air column, 0 to 9 km., were all low, while the temperature of the upper air column was above the average.

The number of observations begins to fall off rapidly after 14 km., and the means at greater heights have not been formed, but there is ample evidence to show that there is no systematic change of temperature between 14 and 20 km., so that the mean given for 14 km. is equally applicable to any other height between 14 and 20 km. The general tendency is towards uniformity of temperature at great heights, cases of a fall of temperature with height occur with high temperatures and conversely.

In a previous publication (*Geophysical Memoirs*, No. 2) the correlation coefficients between sundry variables of the upper were given, and the standard deviations and the primary correlation coefficients for the 1912 observations are given below:—

	$P_s$	$T_m$	$P_9$	$H_c$	$T_c$
Standard deviation	10·4 mb.	4·6 C.	8·5 mb.	1·10 km.	6·0 C.

The correlation coefficients for the observations in 1912 are:—

	$P_s$	$T_m$	$P_9$	$H_c$	$T_c$
$P_s$	...	·29	·55	·55	−·33
$T_m$	·29	...	·86	·47	·03
$P_9$	·55	·86	...	·56	−·11
$H_c$	·55	·47	·56	...	−·71
$T_c$	−·33	·03	−·11	−·71	...

The whole series of values, both deviations, and correlation coefficients are unusually low, and this set of observations affords the first instance in which the correlation between the temperatures of the under and upper air column, viz.  $T_m$  and  $T_c$ , has been found to have a positive value. The formula for the probable error of a correlation coefficient is  $\frac{2}{3} \frac{\sqrt{1-n^2}}{\sqrt{n}}$ ; and even if we take  $n = 52$ , the probable error for the correlation coefficients that have values under ·60 is more than ·07. In view of the crowding of sixteen observations into one week in July and the frequent occurrence of simultaneous ascents at Ditcham Park, Pyrton Hill, and Manchester, the set of observations can hardly be considered as equivalent to much more than twenty independent observations, a number insufficient to form reliable correlation coefficients or standard deviations. Also the low values of the standard deviations intensify the effect of the observational errors upon the correlation.

A number of results obtained from ascents at Ditcham Park, Petersfield, which were not included in the current issues of the Journal are given here.

The Upper Air: Soundings by Registering Balloons (R.) and Pilot Balloons (P.).

TABLE OF HEIGHTS, PRESSURES, AND TEMPERATURES.

1912. July 1. 7 h. 5 m. G.M.T.				SOUNDING No., R. D.P. 45. PLACE, DITCHAM PARK PETERSFIELD. Latitude, 50° 57' N. Longitude, 0° 56' W. Height above M.S.L., } 160 m. PLACE OF FALL, Coombe Lee Farm, Angmering near Worthing. Distance, 35 km. and Orientation, 120° from N.	Height above M.S.L.	Pressure.	Temperature.		REMARKS.
Height above M.S.L.	Pressure.	Temp.	Reading.				Fall per Km.		
GREATEST HEIGHT, } 15.2 km.	...	...	km.	mb.	°A.	°C.	Overcast, cumulus and some low clouds. Balloon went S.E. Isothermal 2.4 to 2.6 km. at 268°; 5.2 to 5.6 km. at 250°.		
LOWEST TEMPERATURE, } 9.2 km.	...	224° A.	15.0	126	227	1			
BASE OF STRATOSPHERE, } ...	...	...	14.0	146	228	1			
Type No. 1	...	...	13.0	168	229	- 1			
			12.0	197	228	0			
			11.0	228	228	- 4			
			10.0	263	224	1			
			9.0	306	225	7			
			8.0	353	232	8			
			7.0	406	240	8			
			6.0	468	248	4			
			5.0	536	252	7			
			4.0	613	259	6			
			3.0	696	265	6			
			2.5	742	268	6			
			2.0	790	271	7			
			1.5	841	274	7			
			1.0	895	278	8			
			0.5	950	282	8			
			0.15	991	287	8			
			Ground M.S.L.	...	...	...			
From observations at Station.	at 7 h.	at 18 h. G.M.T.							
PRESSURE (M.S.L.),	1012 mb.	1013 mb.							
TEMPERATURE,	285° A.	287° A.							
VAPOUR PRESSURE,	...	...							
GRADIENT WIND:—Direction,	320°	335°							
Velocity,	9.5 m/s.	5.6 m/s.							
Correction for Curvature,	- 0.8 m/s.	- 0.2 m/s.							
Final Components, { W. to E.	5.6 m/s.	2.3 m/s.							
S. to N.	- 6.7 m/s.	- 4.9 m/s.							

  

1912. July 4 7 h. 5 m. G.M.T.				SOUNDING No., R. D.P. 46. PLACE, DITCHAM PARK, PETERSFIELD. Latitude, 50° 57' N. Longitude, 0° 56' W. Height above M.S.L., } 160 m. PLACE OF FALL, Crescent Road, Bournemouth. Distance, 67 km. and Orientation, 247° from N.	Height above M.S.L.	Pressure.	Temperature.		REMARKS.
Height above M.S.L.	Pressure.	Temp.	Reading.				Fall per Km.		
GREATEST HEIGHT, } 15.2 km.	...	...	km.	mb.	°A.	°C.	Overcast. Balloon went S.W. Lost in clouds in three minutes. Isothermal at 0.7 to 1.1 km. at 282°.		
LOWEST TEMPERATURE, } 9.5 km.	...	226° A.	15.0	?	?				
BASE OF STRATOSPHERE, } ...	...	...	14.0	152	229 231	- 2 - 1			
Type No. 1	...	...	13.0	176	227 230	2 1			
			12.0	203	229 231	- 1 1			
			11.0	235	228 232	- 1 0			
			10.0	272	227 232	1 - 2			
			9.0	314	228 230	6 6			
			8.0	362	234 236	8 6			
			7.0	417	242	8			
			6.0	478	250	7			
			5.0	548	257	6			
			4.0	625	263	6			
			3.0	709	269	7			
			2.5	755	272	6			
			2.0	803	276	6			
			1.5	853	280	4			
			1.0	906	282	4			
			0.5	962	284	4			
			0.15	1001	286	4			
			Ground M.S.L.	...	...	...			
From observations at Station.	at 7 h.	at 18 h. G.M.T.							
PRESSURE (M.S.L.),	1024 mb.	1026 mb.							
TEMPERATURE,	286° A.	287° A.							
VAPOUR PRESSURE,	...	...							
GRADIENT WIND:—Direction,	45°	70°							
Velocity,	8.2 m/s.	7.6 m/s.							
Correction for Curvature,	+ 1.4 m/s.	0 m/s.							
Final Components, { W. to E.	- 6.8 m/s.	- 7.1 m/s.							
S. to N.	- 6.8 m/s.	- 2.6 m/s.							

## The Upper Air : Soundings by Registering Balloons (R.) and Pilot Balloons (P.)

TABLE OF HEIGHTS, PRESSURES, AND TEMPERATURES.

1912. July 5. 7 h. 0 m. G.M.T.				SOUNDING No., R. D.P. 47. PLACE, DITCHAM PARK, PETERSFIELD.		Height above M.S.L.	Pressure.	Temperature.		REMARKS.
								Reading.	Fall per Km.	
Height above M.S.L.	Pressure.	Temp.		Latitude, 50° 57' N.	Longitude, 0° 56' W.	km.	mb.	°A.	°C.	Balloon went W.S.W. ; entered thin scud one minute after start. Inversion 284° to 285° at 0.7-1.2 km. Beginning of stratosphere badly defined.
GREATEST HEIGHT, } 15.5 km.	...	...		Height above M.S.L., } 160 m.		15.0	132	225	1	
LOWEST TEMPERATURE, } ...	...	...		PLACE OF FALL, West Knoyle, Mere, Wiltshire.		14.0	152	226	1	
BASE OF STRATOSPHERE, } ...	...	...		Distance, 92 km. and Orientation, 278° from N.		13.0	175	227	1	
Type ?						12.0	203	228	1	
						11.0	236	229	0	
						10.0	272	229	3	
						9.0	315	232	5	
						8.0	363	237	7	
						7.0	417	244	8	
						6.0	478	252	7	
						5.0	548	259	8	
						4.0	623	267	7	
						3.0	707	274	6	
						2.5	754	277		
						2.0	803	280	5	
						1.5	853	283		
						1.0	906	285	0	
						0.5	962	285		
						0.15	1004	286		
						Ground M.S.L.	...	...	...	
From observations at Station			at 7 h.	at 18 h. G.M.T.						
PRESSURE (M.S.L.),			1026 mb.	1026 mb.						
TEMPERATURE,			287° A.	287° A.						
VAPOUR PRESSURE,			...	...						
GRADIENT WIND :—Direction,			85°	95°						
Velocity,			9.4 m/s.	12.3 m/s.						
Correction for Curvature,			0.0 m/s.	0.0 m/s.						
Final Components, { W. to E.			- 9.4 m/s.	- 12.3 m/s.						
{ S. to N.			- 0.8 m/s.	- 1.1 m/s.						
1912. July 5. 19 h. 40 m. G.M.T.				SOUNDING No., R. D.P. 48. PLACE, DITCHAM PARK, PETERSFIELD.		Height above M.S.L.	Pressure.	Temperature.		REMARKS.
Height above M.S.L.	Pressure.	Temp.		Latitude, 50° 57' N.	Longitude, 0° 56' W.			Reading.	Fall per Km.	
GREATEST HEIGHT, } 15.0 km.	...	...		Height above M.S.L., } 160 m.		km.	mb.	°A.	°C.	Sky nearly clear, a little cirrus. Balloon went S.W. at first, then W.
LOWEST TEMPERATURE, } 10.1 km.	...	221° A.		PLACE OF FALL, Collingbourne Kingston, Marlborough, Wilts.		15.0	128	222	1	
BASE OF STRATOSPHERE, } ...	...	...		Distance, 72 km. and Orientation, 304° from N.		14.0	150	223	1	
Type No. 1						13.0	175	224	- 1	
						12.0	203	223	- 1	
						11.0	236	222	0	
						10.0	276	222	7	
						9.0	318	229	9	
						8.0	367	238	9	
						7.0	422	247	6	
						6.0	482	253	6	
						5.0	551	259	8	
						4.0	626	267	6	
						3.0	710	273		
						2.5	756	276	6	
						2.0	803	279		
						1.5	852	283	6	
						1.0	905	285	4	
						0.5	961	287		
						0.15	1000	289		
						Ground M.S.L.	...	...	...	
From observations at Station			at 7 h.	at 18 h. G.M.T.						
PRESSURE (M.S.L.),			1026 mb.	1026 mb.						
TEMPERATURE,			287° A.	287° A.						
VAPOUR PRESSURE,			...	...						
GRADIENT WIND :—Direction,			85°	95°						
Velocity,			9.4 m/s.	12.3 m/s.						
Correction for Curvature,			0.0 m/s.	0.0 m/s.						
Final Components, { W. to E.			- 9.4 m/s.	- 12.3 m/s.						
{ S. to N.			- 0.8 m/s.	- 1.1 m/s.						

### Notes on the Tables of Upper Air Results, pp. 94 and 95.

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**Time** is expressed in the hours 1 to 24 of civil reckoning.

**Temperatures** are expressed in degrees absolute ( $273^{\circ}$  A. =  $0^{\circ}$  C.).

**Pressure** is given in millibars (1000 mb. = 1 C.G.S. atmosphere = 750 mm. approximately).

**Heights** are given in kilometers (km.).

**Gradient Wind** is taken to be tangential to the isobar and is computed by the formula  
$$\gamma = 2\omega\rho V \sin \phi.$$

**Base of Stratosphere.**—**TYPE 1.**—When the stratosphere commences with an inversion, the height and temperature of the first point of zero temperature gradient are given.

**TYPE 2.**—When the stratosphere begins with an abrupt transition to a temperature gradient below  $2^{\circ}$  per km. without inversion, the height and temperature of the abrupt transition are given.

**TYPE 3.**—When there is no such abrupt change of temperature gradient, the base is taken to be where the mean fall of temperature for the kilometer next above is  $2^{\circ}$  or less, provided that it does not exceed  $2^{\circ}$  for any subsequent kilometer. If some other position for the base seems to the tabulator to be more suitable, it is noted in the column for "Remarks."