

BRITISH GEOLOGICAL SURVEY

Fort

McMurray

Observatory

Monthly

Magnetic

Bulletin

November 2017

17/11/FM



British Geological Survey

NATURAL ENVIRONMENT RESEARCH COUNCIL

RESEARCH COUNCIL

FORT McMURRAY OBSERVATORY MAGNETIC DATA

1. Introduction

The British Geological Survey (BGS) now operate or assist in the operation of six overseas geomagnetic observatories. The most recently established of these, Fort McMurray Observatory, is a joint venture between BGS and Sperry Drilling, Halliburton Group Canada in support of directional drilling programmes. The installation was carried out in December 2014 and the earliest data and data products are available from January 2015.

This bulletin is published to provide rapid access to the provisional geomagnetic observatory results. The information is freely available for personal, academic, educational and non-commercial research or use. Magnetic observatory data are presented as a series of plots of one-minute, hourly and daily values, followed by tabulations of monthly values. The operation of the observatory and presentation of data are described in the rest of this section.

Enquiries about the data should be addressed to:

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Internet: www.geomag.bgs.ac.uk

2. Position

Fort McMurray Observatory is situated on Halliburton land, to the south of the town of Fort McMurray in Alberta, Canada. The observatory co-ordinates are:-

Geographic: 56° 35'52.8"N 248° 41'06.0" E
Geomagnetic: 63° 28'12"N 310° 04'12" E
Height above mean sea level: 386m

The geographical co-ordinates and altitude were determined by a surveying company using a differential GPS and reference station. Data were provided in GPS co-ordinates to UTM 12 NAD83: Ellipsoid GRS1980, and converted to WGS84 by BGS. The geomagnetic co-ordinates are approximations, calculated using the 12th

generation International Geomagnetic Reference Field (IGRF) at epoch 2017.5. On-line access to models (including IGRF), charts and navigational data are available at

http://www.geomag.bgs.ac.uk/data_service/models_compass/home

3. The Observatory Operation

3.1 GDAS

The observatory operates under the control of the Geomagnetic Data Acquisition System (GDAS), which was developed by BGS staff, installed and became fully operational from December 2014. The data acquisition software, running on QNX operated computers, controls the data logging and the communications.

There are two sets of sensors used for making magnetic measurements. A tri-axial linear-core fluxgate magnetometer, manufactured by DTU Space at the Technical University of Denmark, is used to measure the variations in the horizontal (H) and vertical (Z) components of the field. The third sensor is oriented perpendicular to these, and measures variations, which are proportional to the changes in declination (D). Measurements are made at a rate of 1 Hz.

In addition to the fluxgate sensors, a GEM Systems GSM-90 Overhauser magnetometer makes measurements of the absolute total field intensity (F) every 5 seconds.

The raw unfiltered data are retrieved automatically via Internet connections to the BGS office in Edinburgh in near real-time. The fluxgate data are filtered to produce one-minute values using a 61-point cosine filter and the total field intensity samples are filtered using a 13-point cosine filter.

3.2 Absolute Observations

The GDAS fluxgate magnetometers accurately measure variations in the components of the geomagnetic field, but not the absolute magnitudes. Two sets of absolute measurements of the field are made manually twice per month. A fluxgate sensor mounted on a theodolite is used to determine D and inclination (I); the GDAS PPM measurements, with a site difference correction applied, are used for F . The absolute observations are used in conjunction with the GDAS variometer measurements to produce a continuous record of the absolute values of the geomagnetic field

elements as if they had been measured at the observatory reference pillar.

4. Observatory Results

The data presented in the bulletin are in the form of plots and tabulations described in the following sections.

4.1 Absolute Observations

The absolute observation measurements made during the month are tabulated. Also included are the corresponding baseline values, which are the differences between the absolute measurements and the variometer measurements of D , H and Z (in the sense absolute–variometer). These are also plotted (markers) along with the derived preliminary daily baseline values (line) throughout the year. Daily mean differences between the measured absolute F and the F computed from the baseline corrected H and Z values are plotted in the fourth panel (in the sense measured–derived). The bottom panel shows the daily mean temperature in the fluxgate chamber.

4.2 Summary magnetograms

Small-scale magnetograms are plotted which allow the month's data to be viewed at a glance. They are plotted 16 days to a page and show the one-minute variations in D , H and Z . The scales are shown on the right-hand side of the page. On disturbed days the scales are multiplied by a factor, which is indicated above the panel for that day. The variations are centred on the monthly mean value, shown on the left side of the page.

4.3 Magnetograms

The daily magnetograms are plotted using one-minute values of D , H and Z from the fluxgate sensors. The magnetograms are plotted to a variable scale; scale bars are shown to the right of each plot. The absolute level (the monthly mean value) is indicated on the left side of the plots.

4.4 Hourly Mean Value Plots

Hourly mean values of D , H and Z for the past 12 months are plotted in 27-day segments corresponding to the Bartels solar rotation number. Magnetic disturbances associated with active regions and/or coronal holes on the Sun may recur after 27 days: the same is true for geomagnetically

quiet intervals. Plotting the data in this way highlights this recurrence. Diurnal variations are also clear in these plots and the amplitude changes throughout the year highlight the seasonal changes. Longer term secular variation is also illustrated.

4.5 Daily and Monthly Mean Values

Daily mean values of D , H , Z and F are plotted throughout the year. In addition, a table of monthly mean values of all the geomagnetic elements is provided. These values depend on accurate specification of the fluxgate sensor baselines. It is anticipated that these provisional values will not be altered by more than a few nT or tenths of arcminutes before being made definitive at the end of the year.

5. Conditions of Use

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Reproduction of any part of this bulletin should be accompanied by the statement: 'Reproduced with the permission of the British Geological Survey ©NERC. All rights Reserved'. Publications making use of the data should include an acknowledgment statement of the form: 'The results presented in this paper rely on the data collected at Fort McMurray observatory, operated by Sperry Drilling, Halliburton Group Canada and the British Geological Survey.'

Commercial users can contact the geomagnetism team for information on the range of applications and services offered. Full contact details are available at www.geomag.bgs.ac.uk/contactus/staff

Fort McMurray 2017

Declination : Absolute - Variometer (markers) and Baseline Applied (line)

14.62 10min

Horizontal Intensity : Absolute - Variometer (markers) and Baseline Applied (line)

12328 20nT

Vertical Intensity : Absolute - Variometer (markers) and Baseline Applied (line)

56488 6nT

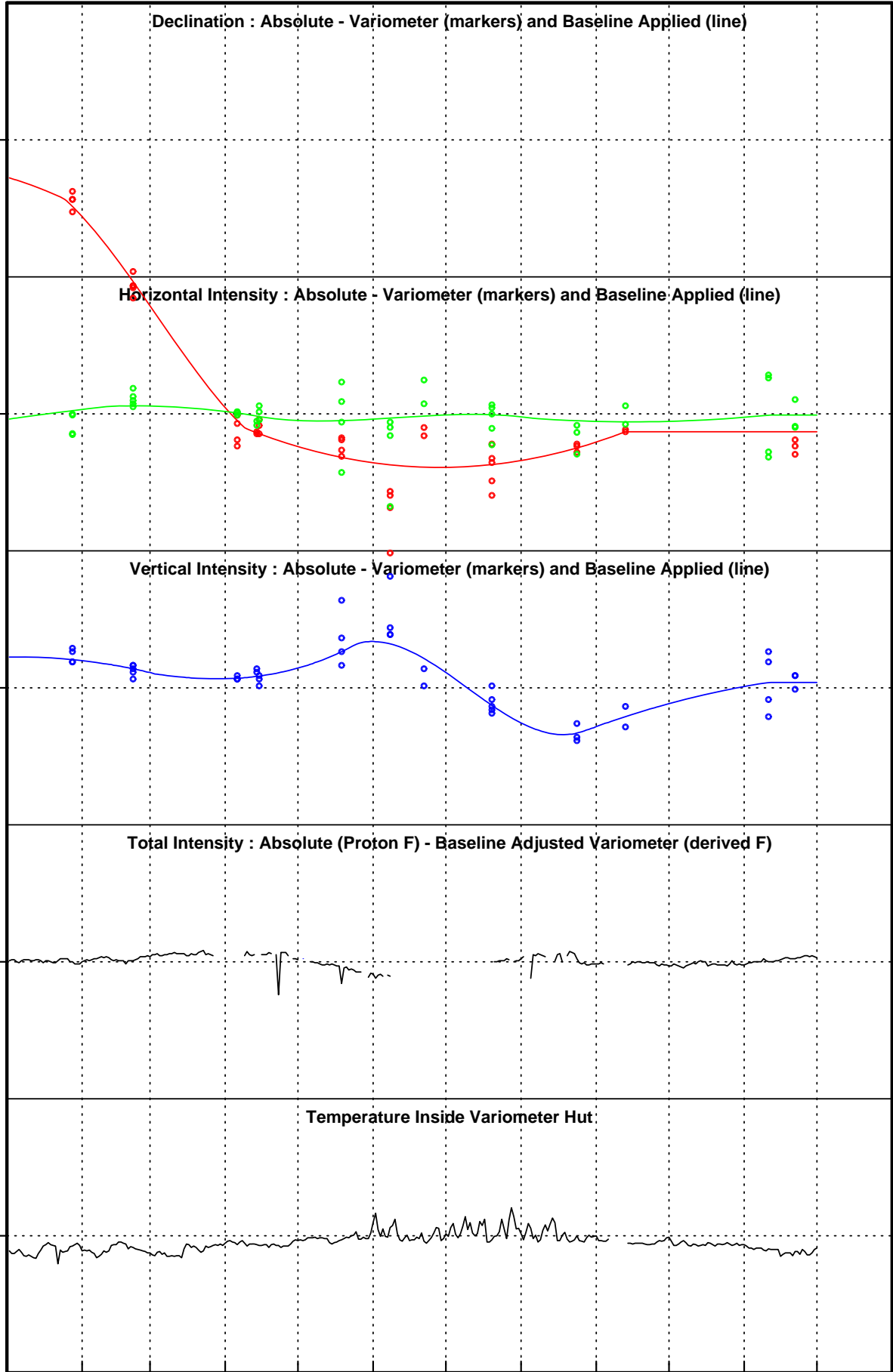
Total Intensity : Absolute (Proton F) - Baseline Adjusted Variometer (derived F)

-0.5 20nT

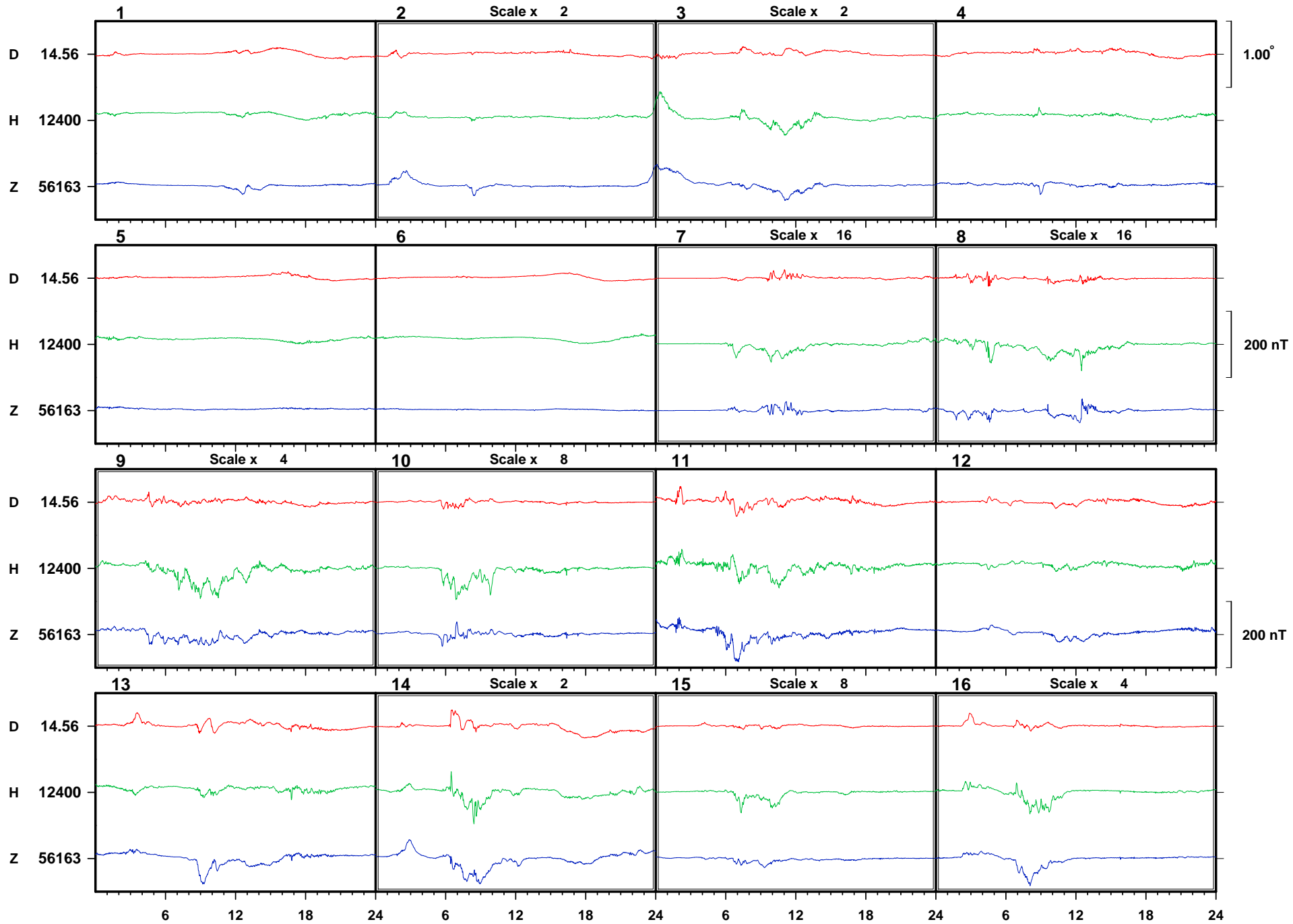
Temperature Inside Variometer Hut

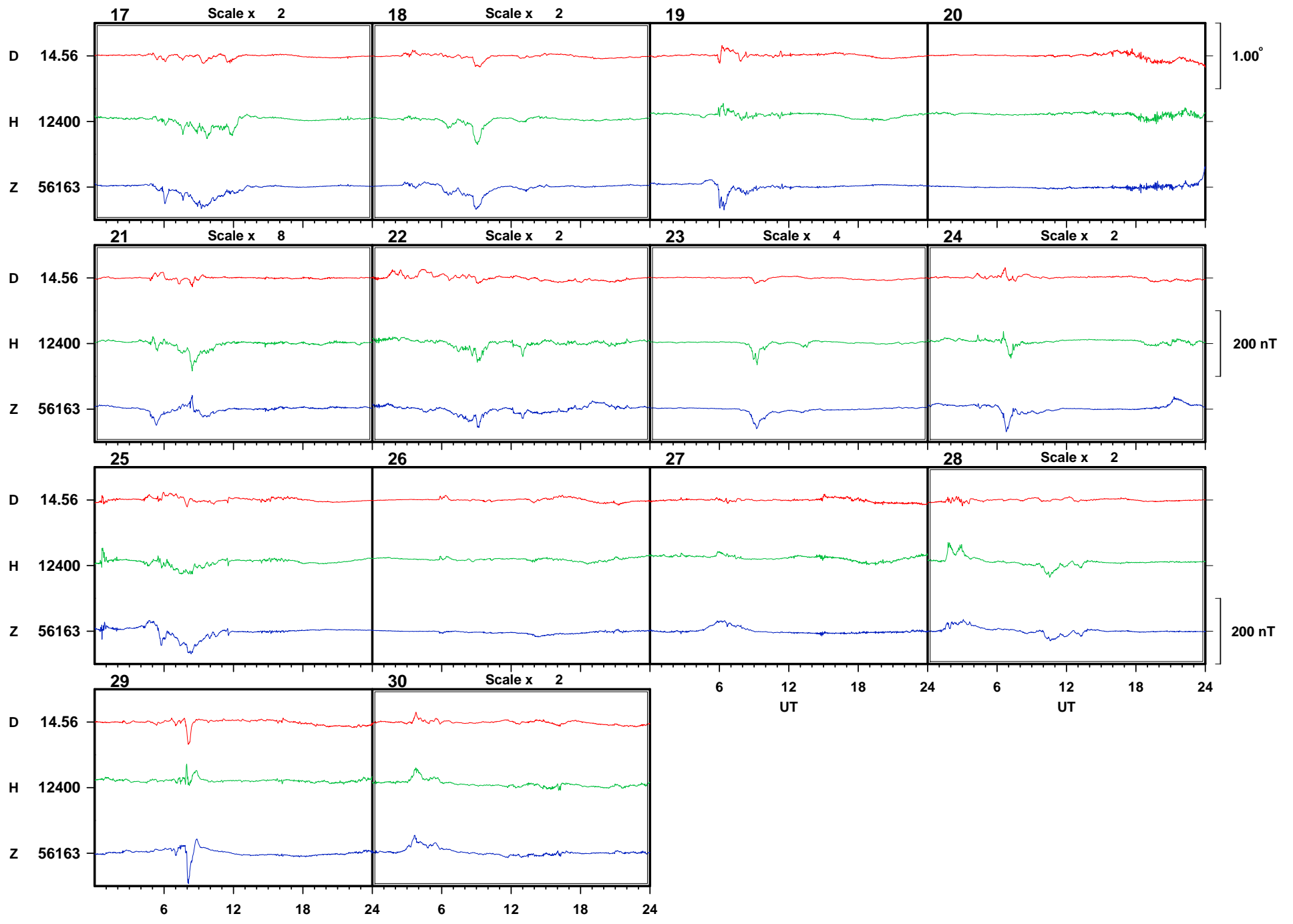
36.6 30°C

Jan Feb Mar Apr May Jun Jul Aug Sep Oct Nov Dec



Fort McMurray November 2017





Fort McMurray

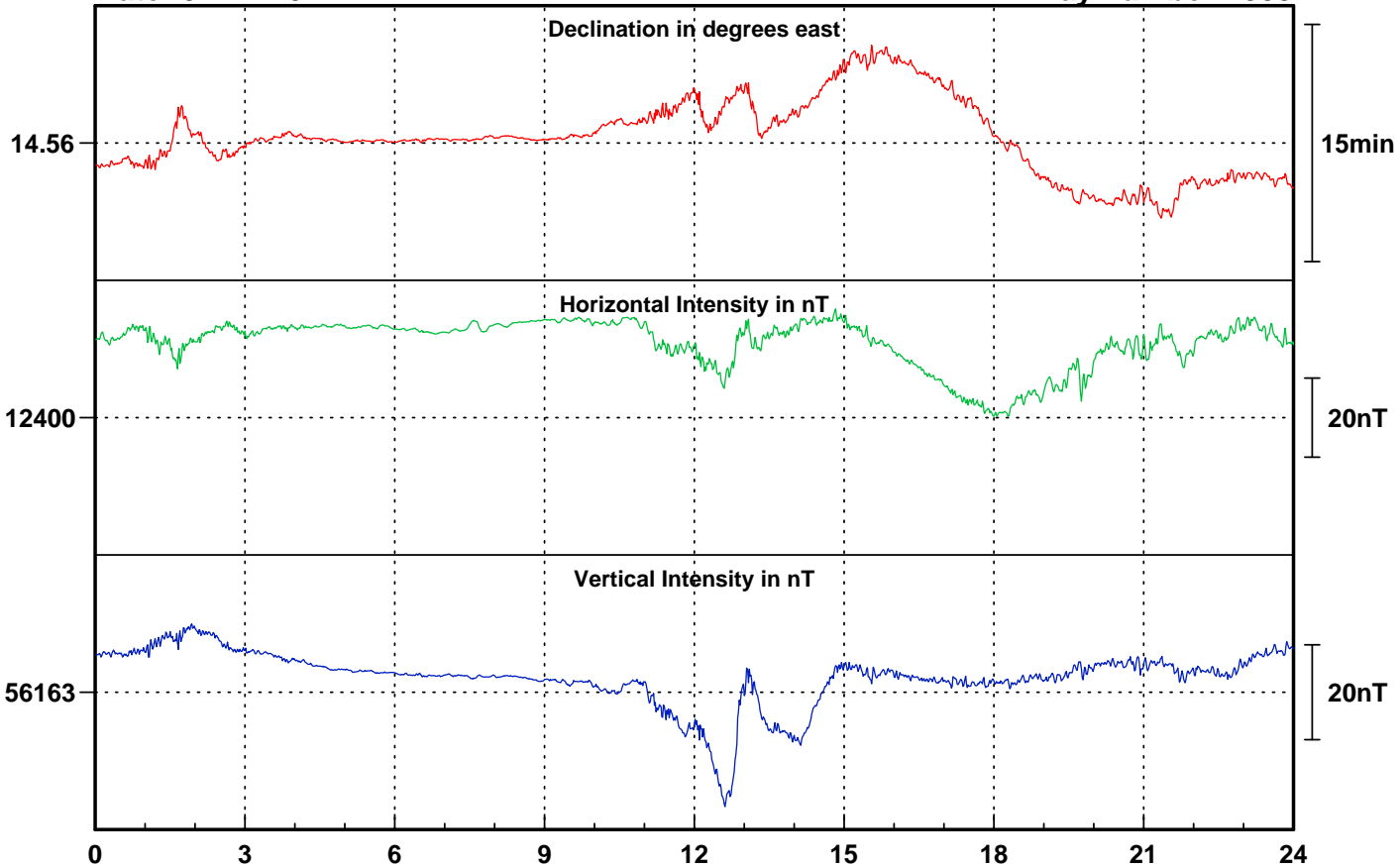
November

2017

Date: 01-11-2017

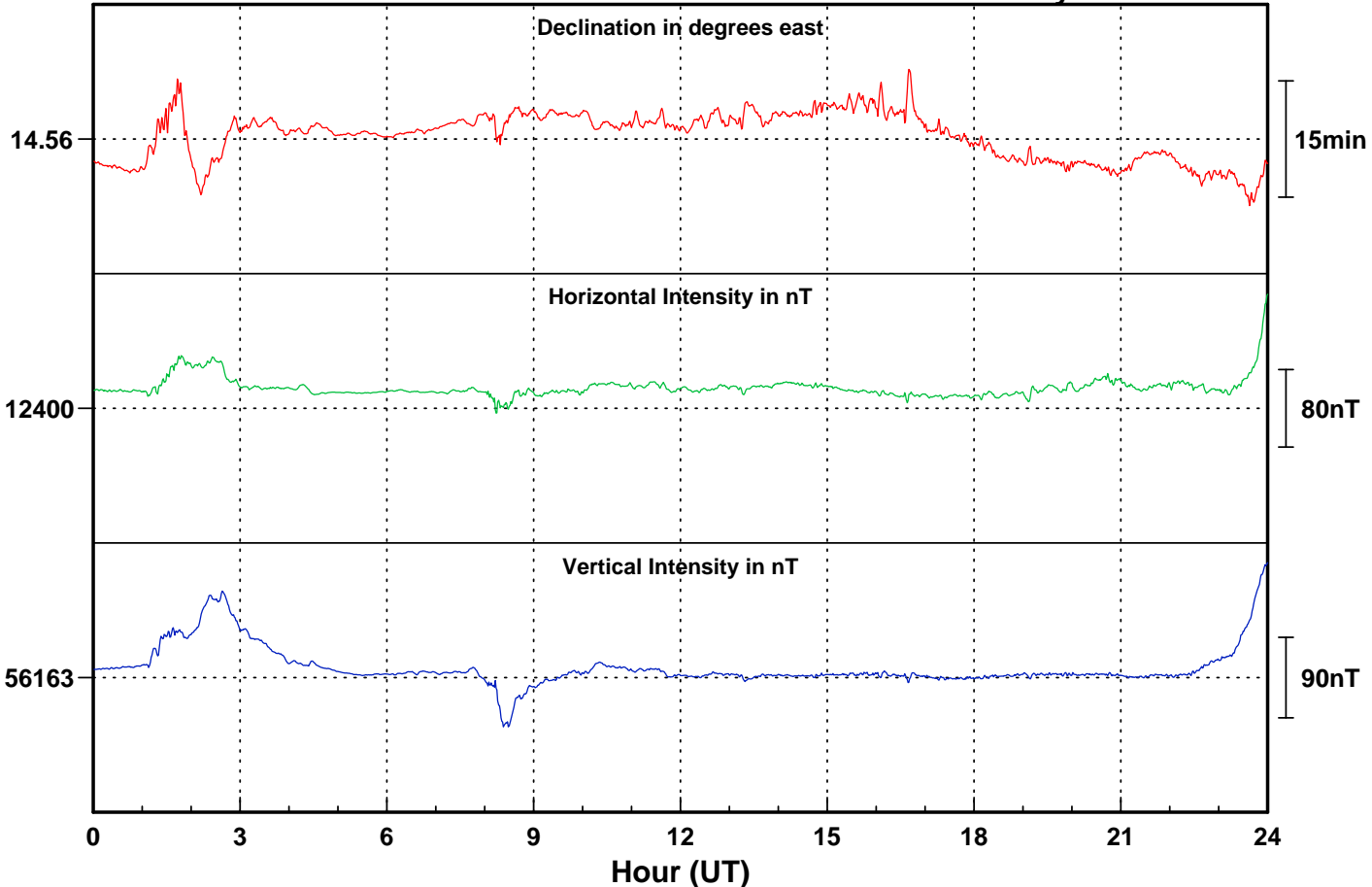
Fort McMurray

Day number: 305



Date: 02-11-2017

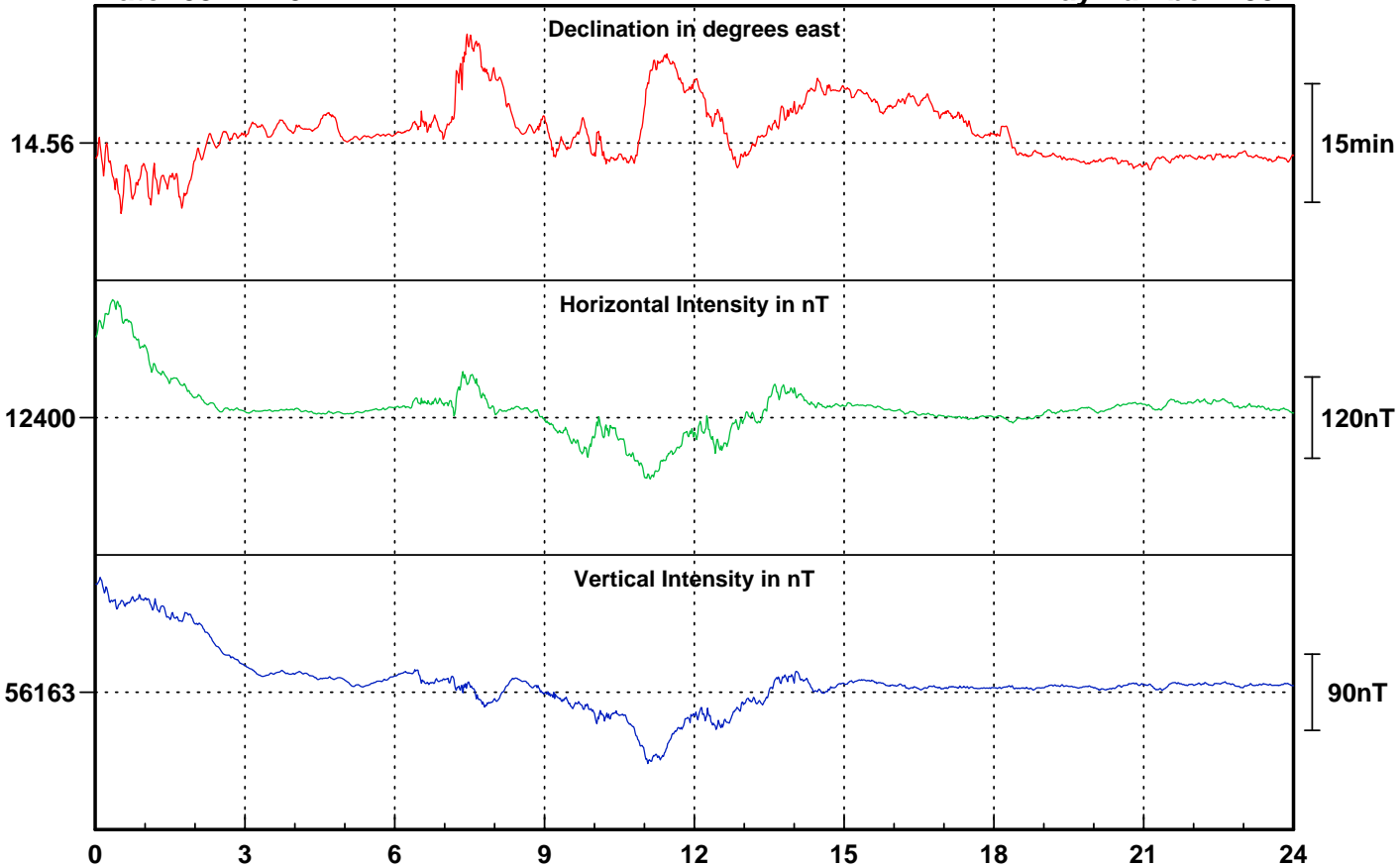
Day number: 306



Date: 03-11-2017

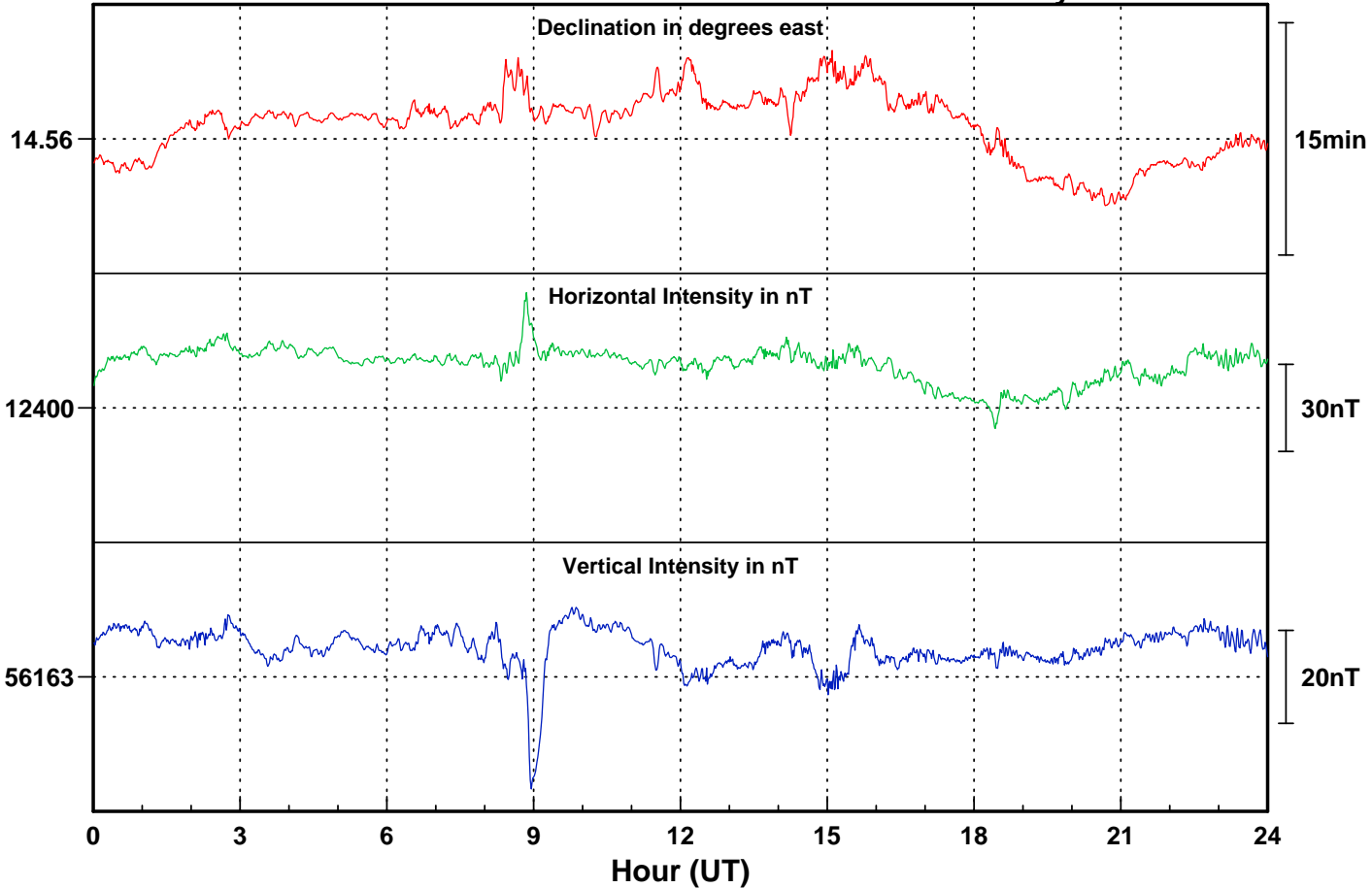
Fort McMurray

Day number: 307



Date: 04-11-2017

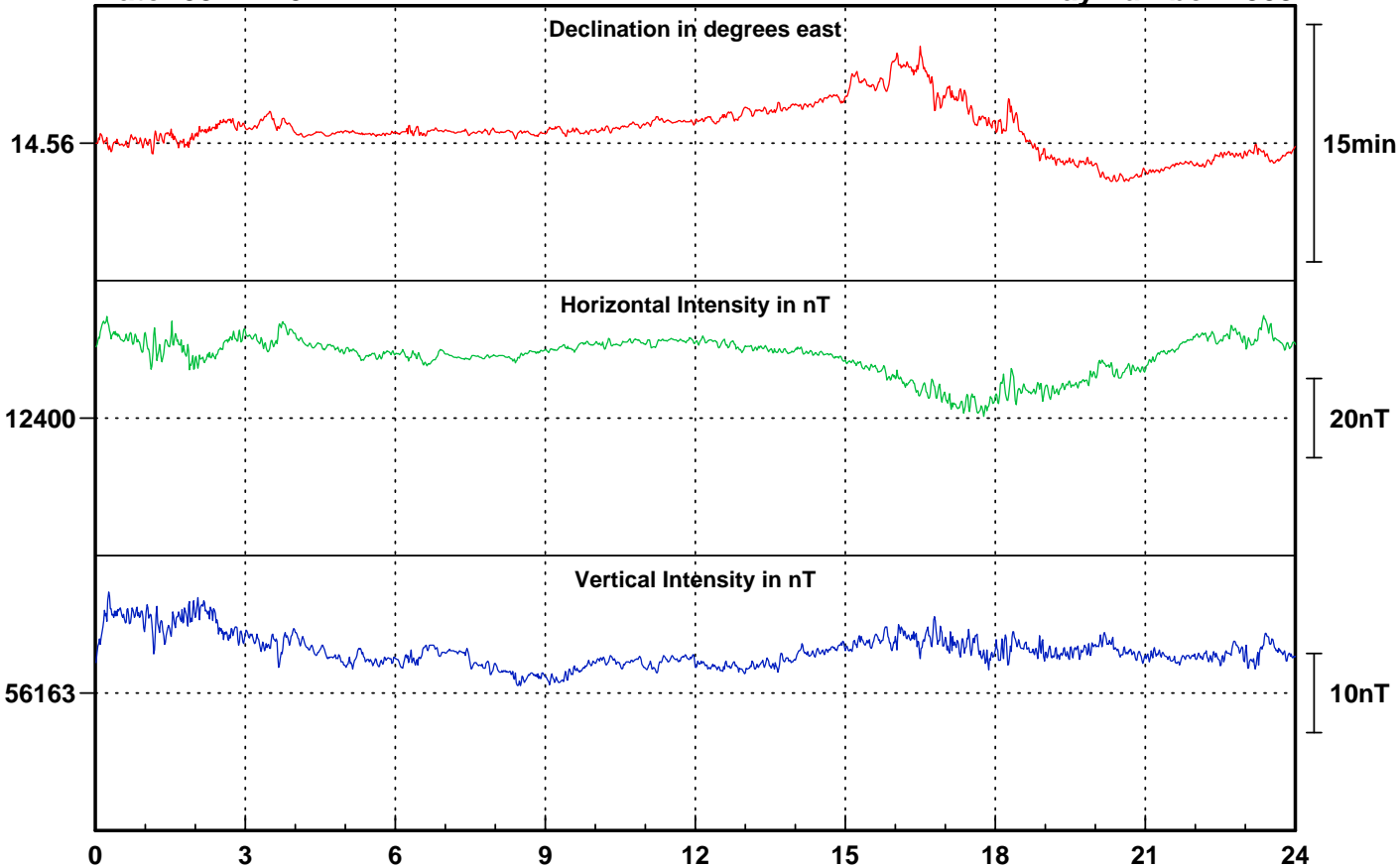
Day number: 308



Date: 05-11-2017

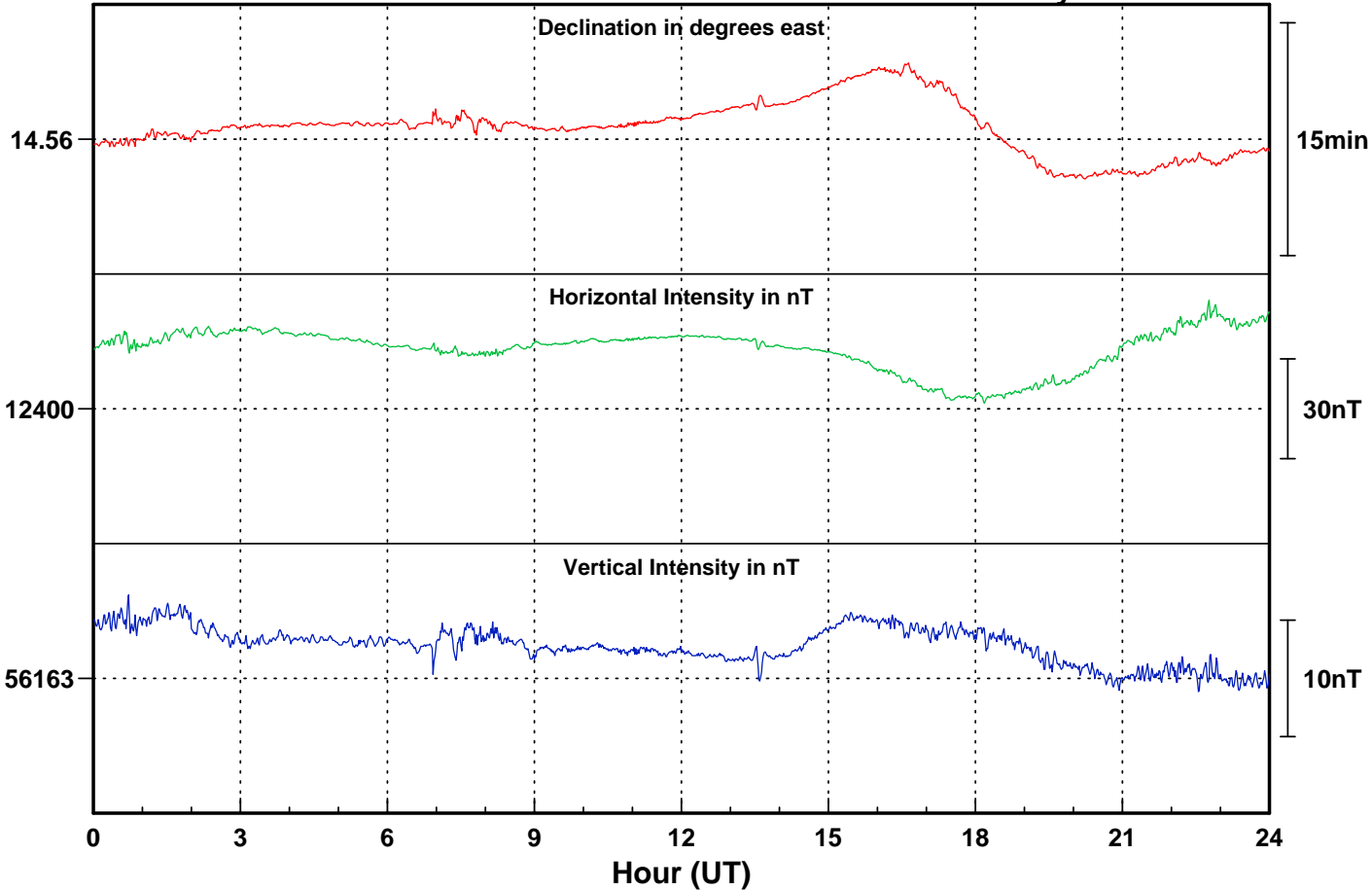
Fort McMurray

Day number: 309



Date: 06-11-2017

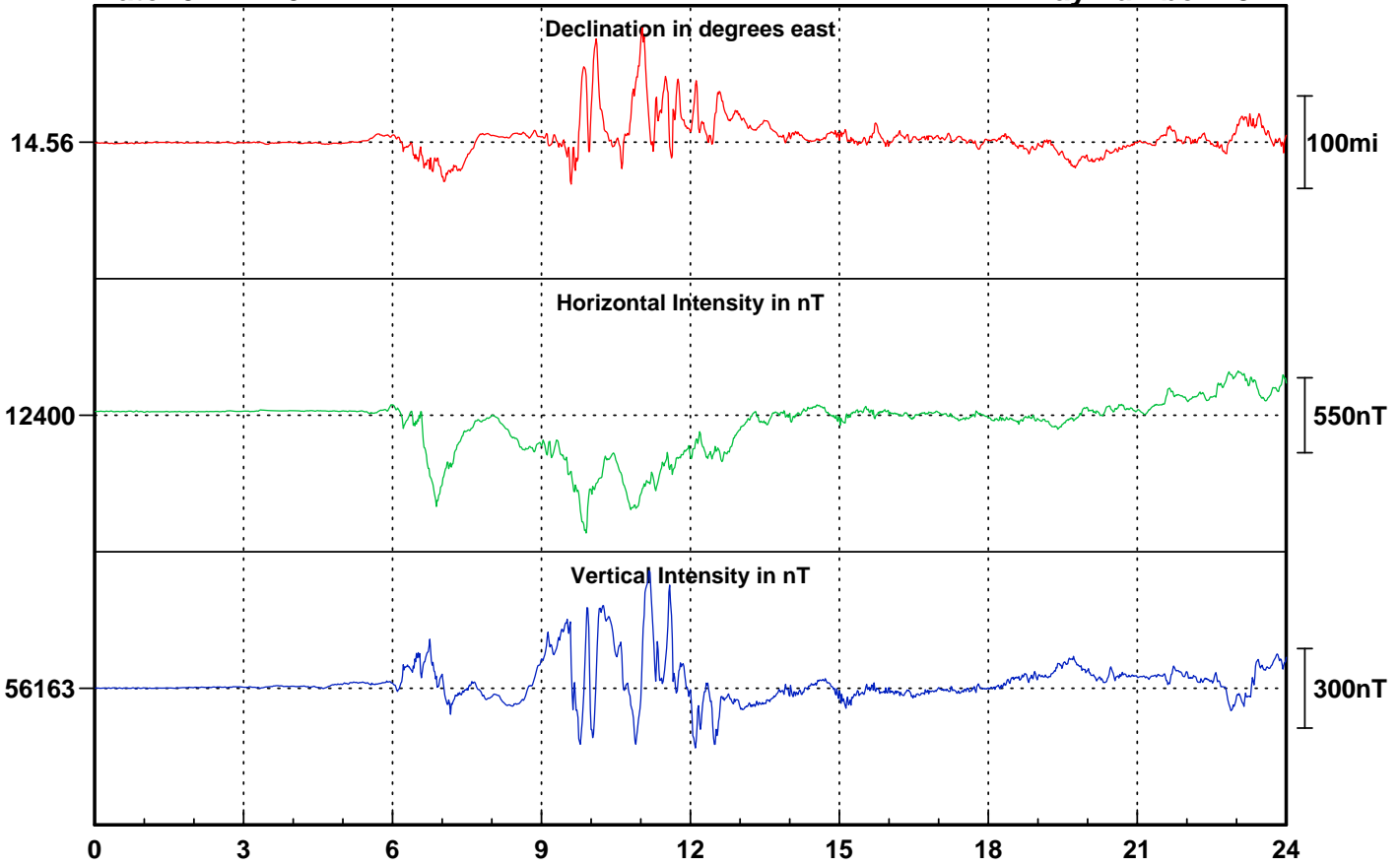
Day number: 310



Date: 07-11-2017

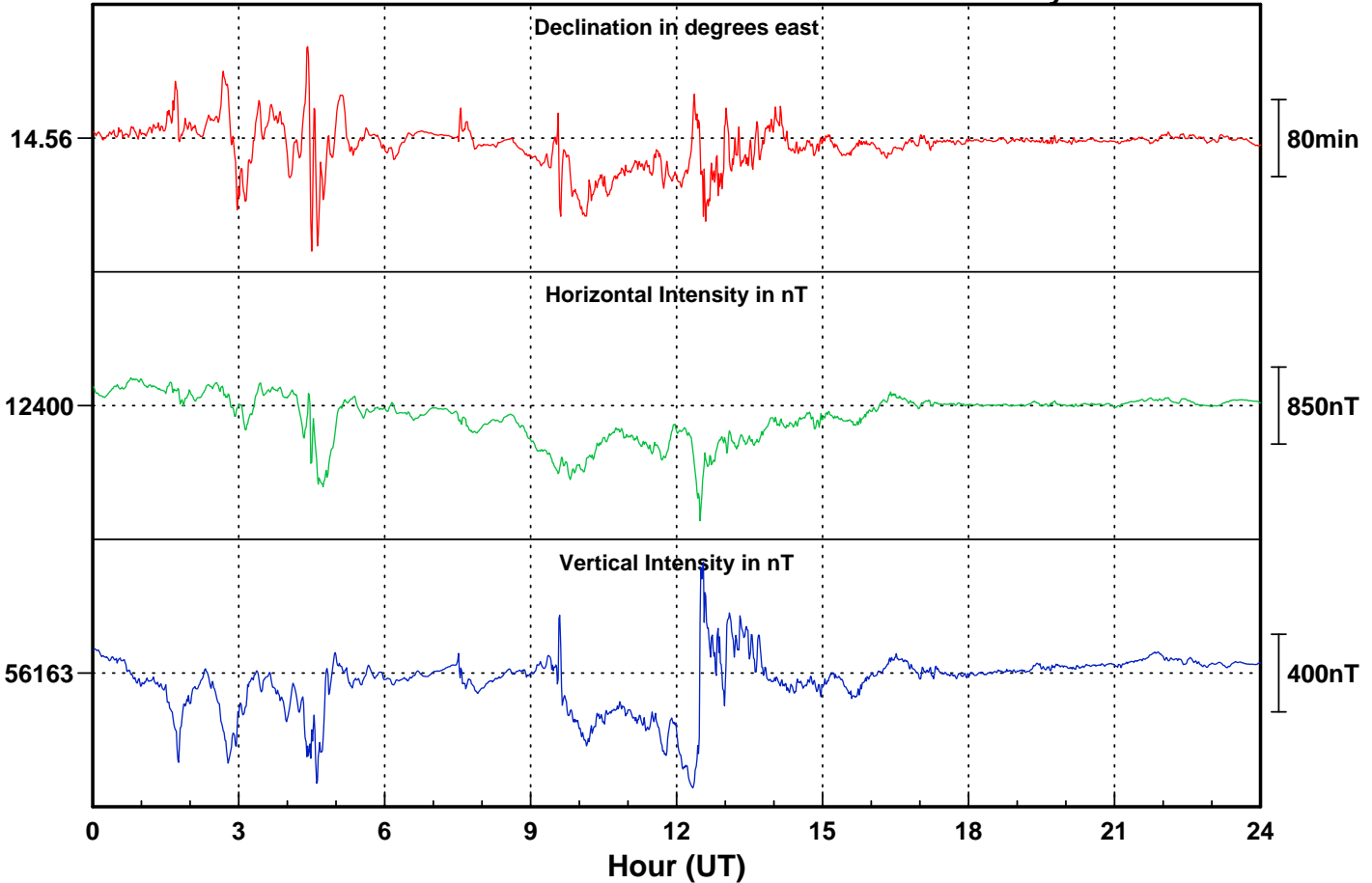
Fort McMurray

Day number: 311



Date: 08-11-2017

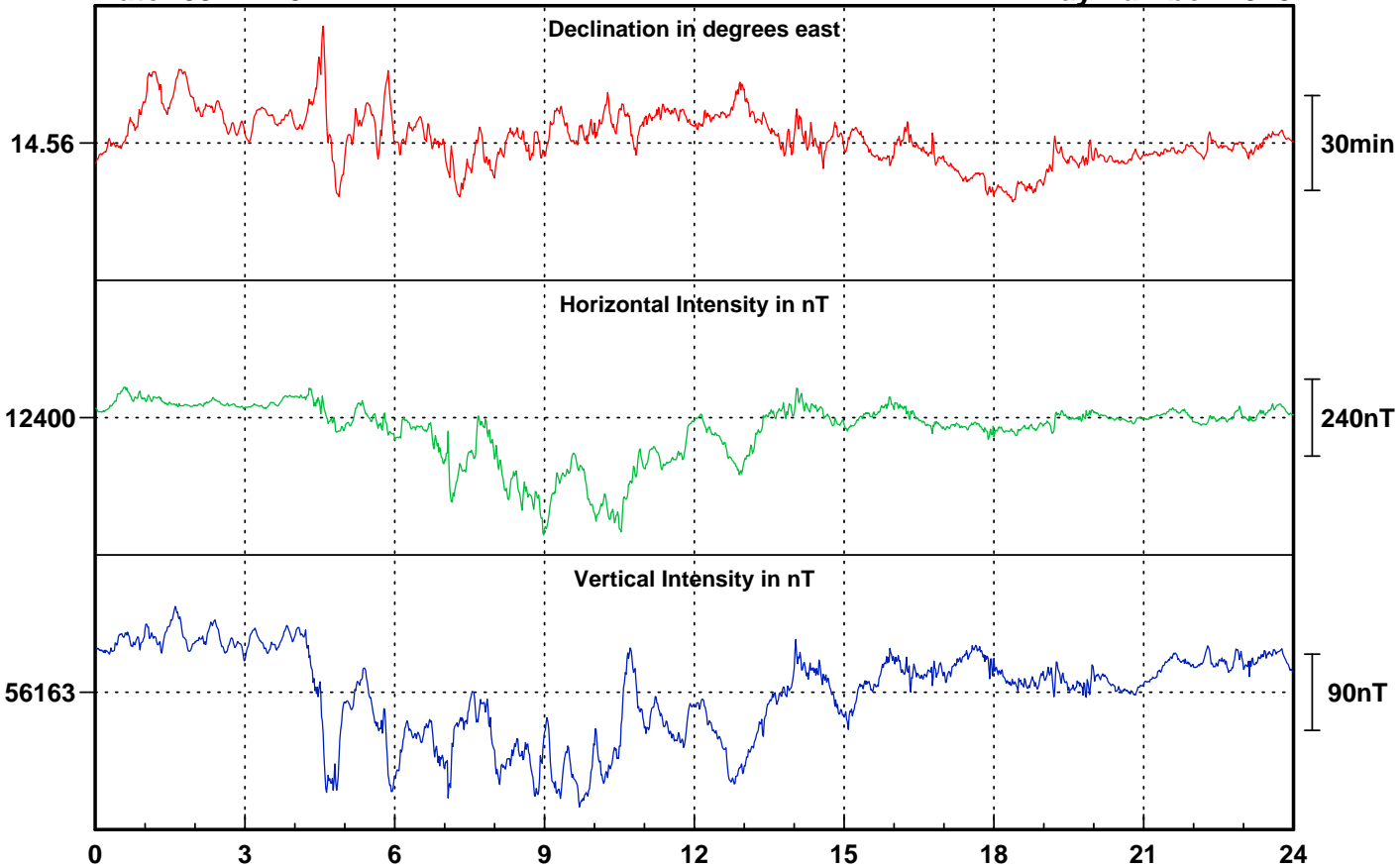
Day number: 312



Date: 09-11-2017

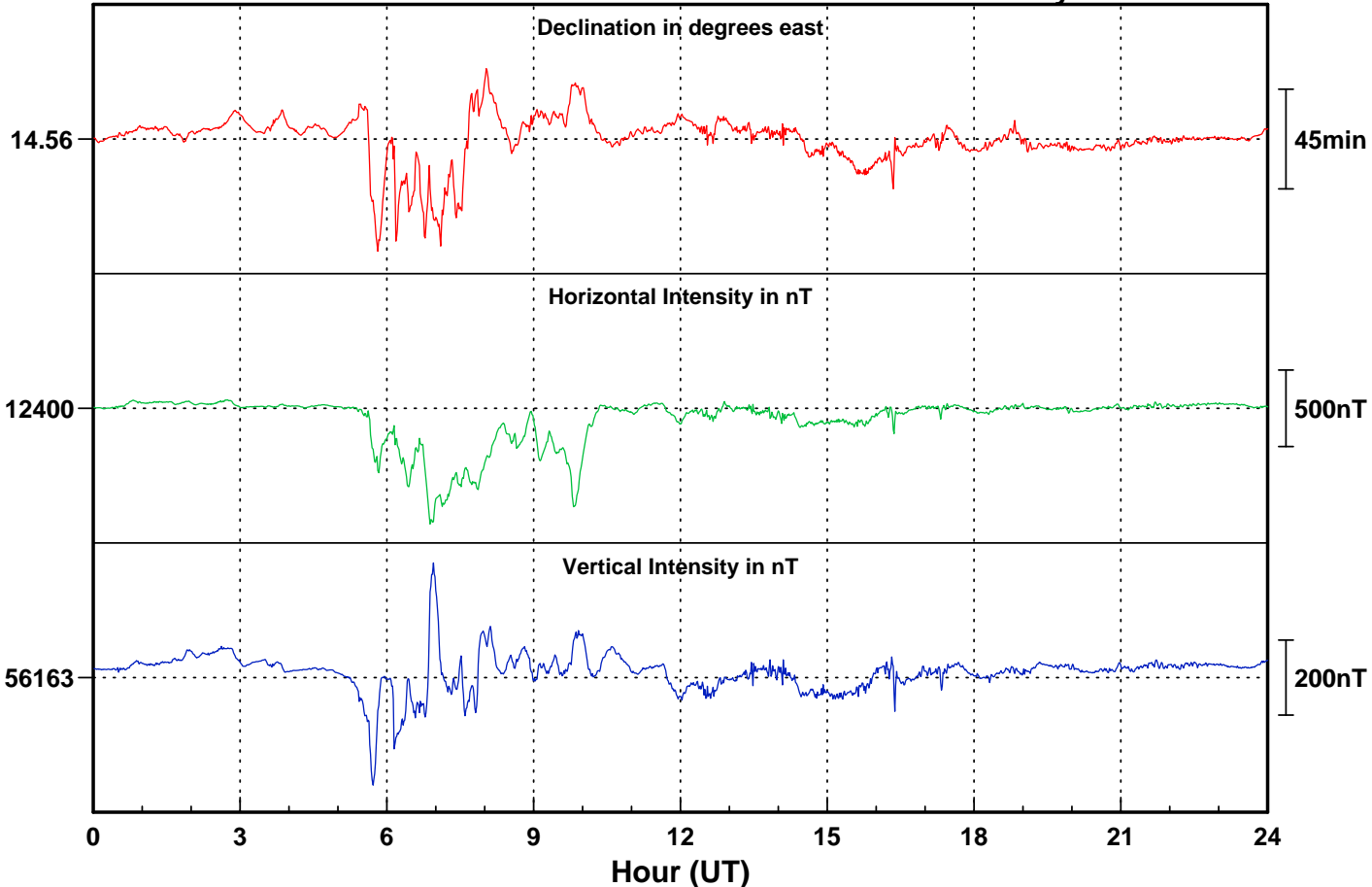
Fort McMurray

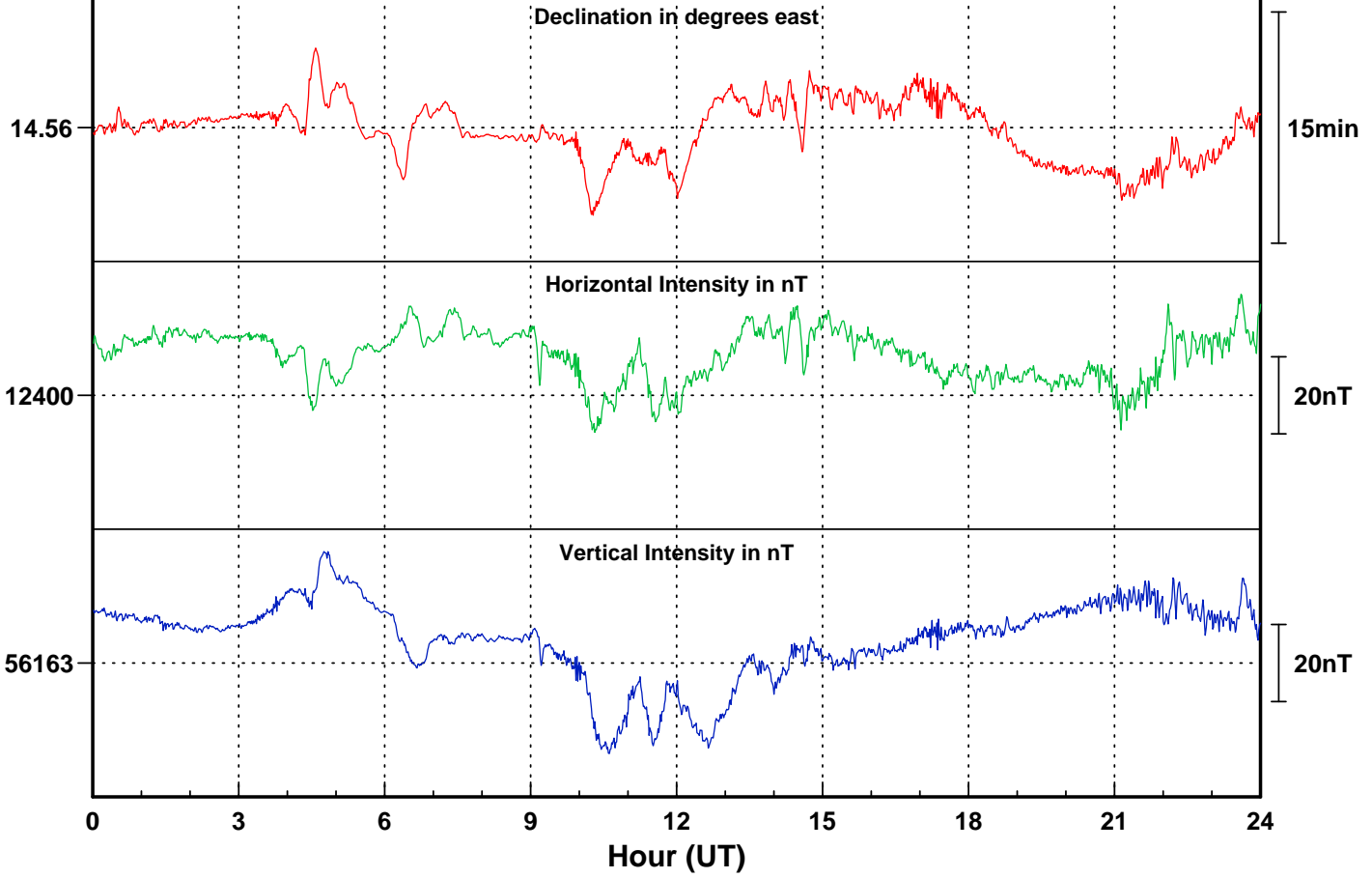
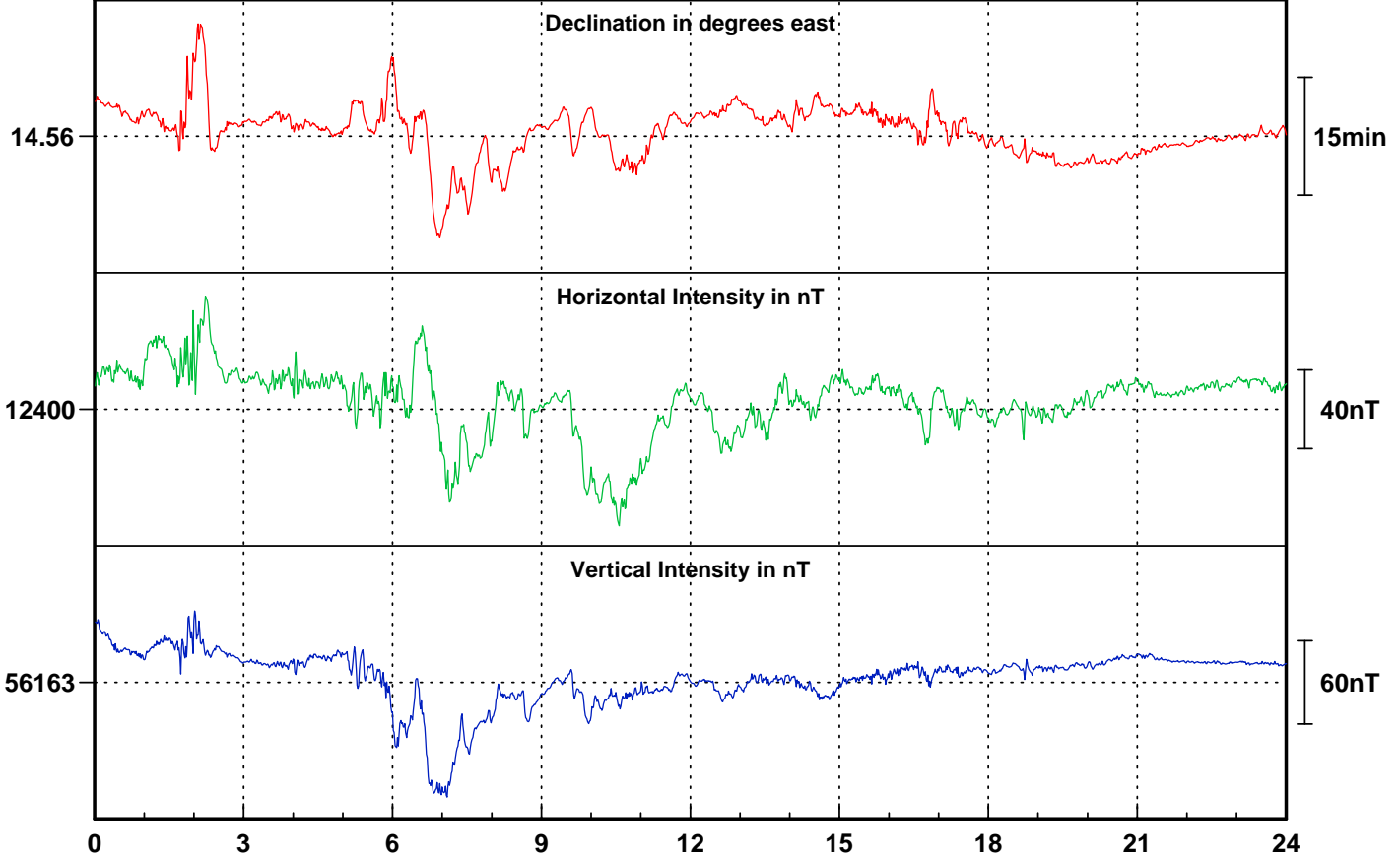
Day number: 313



Date: 10-11-2017

Day number: 314

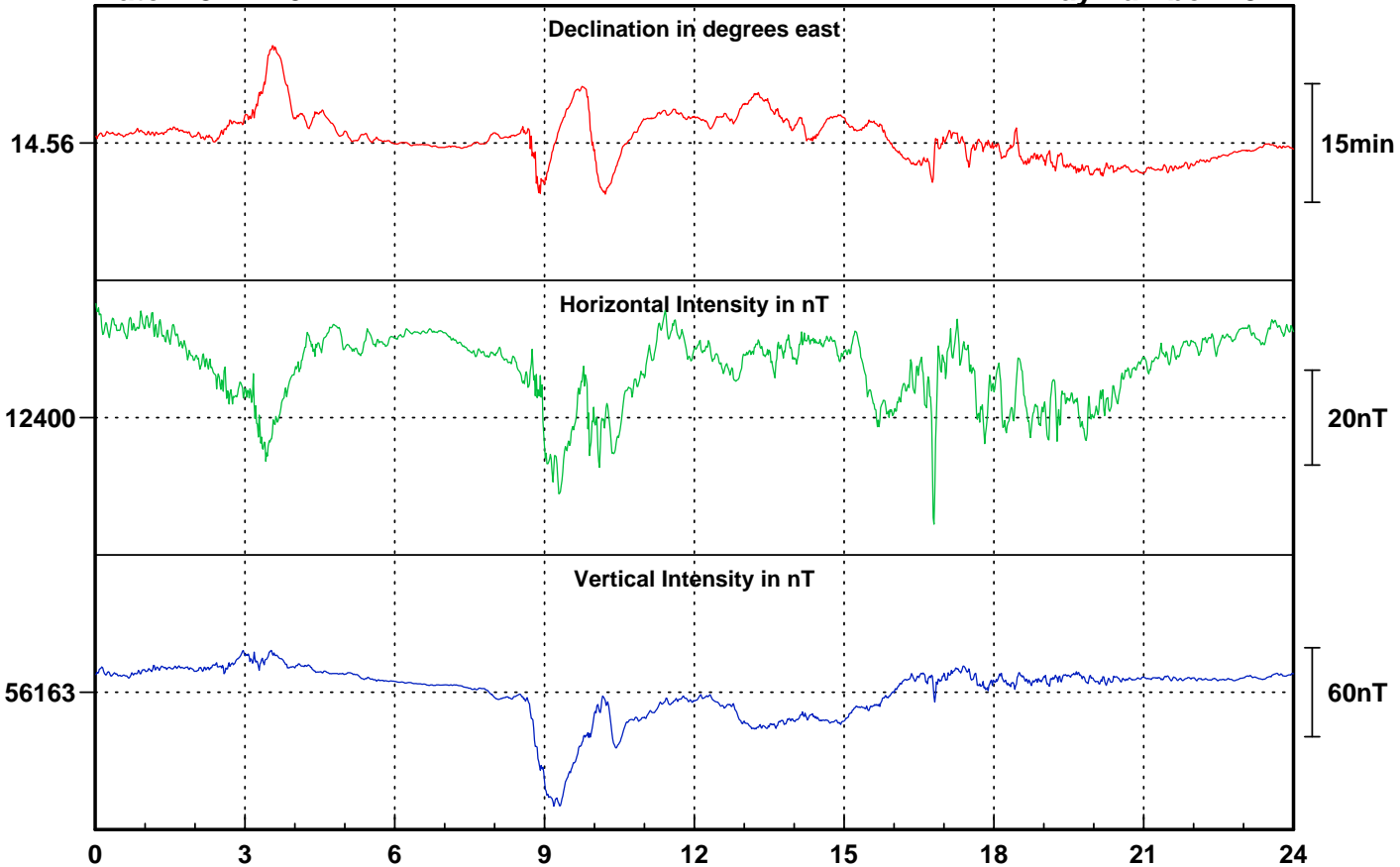




Date: 13-11-2017

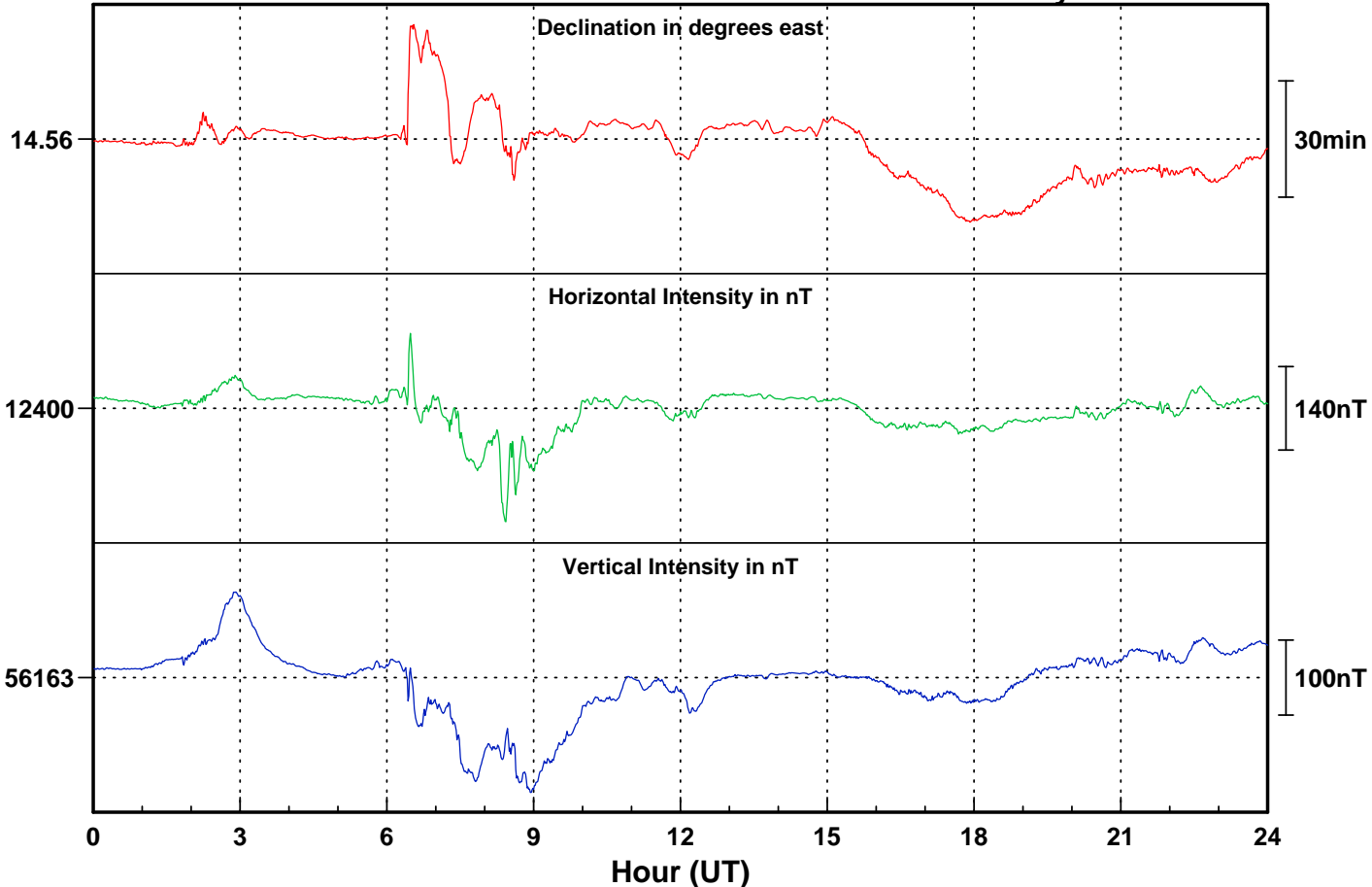
Fort McMurray

Day number: 317



Date: 14-11-2017

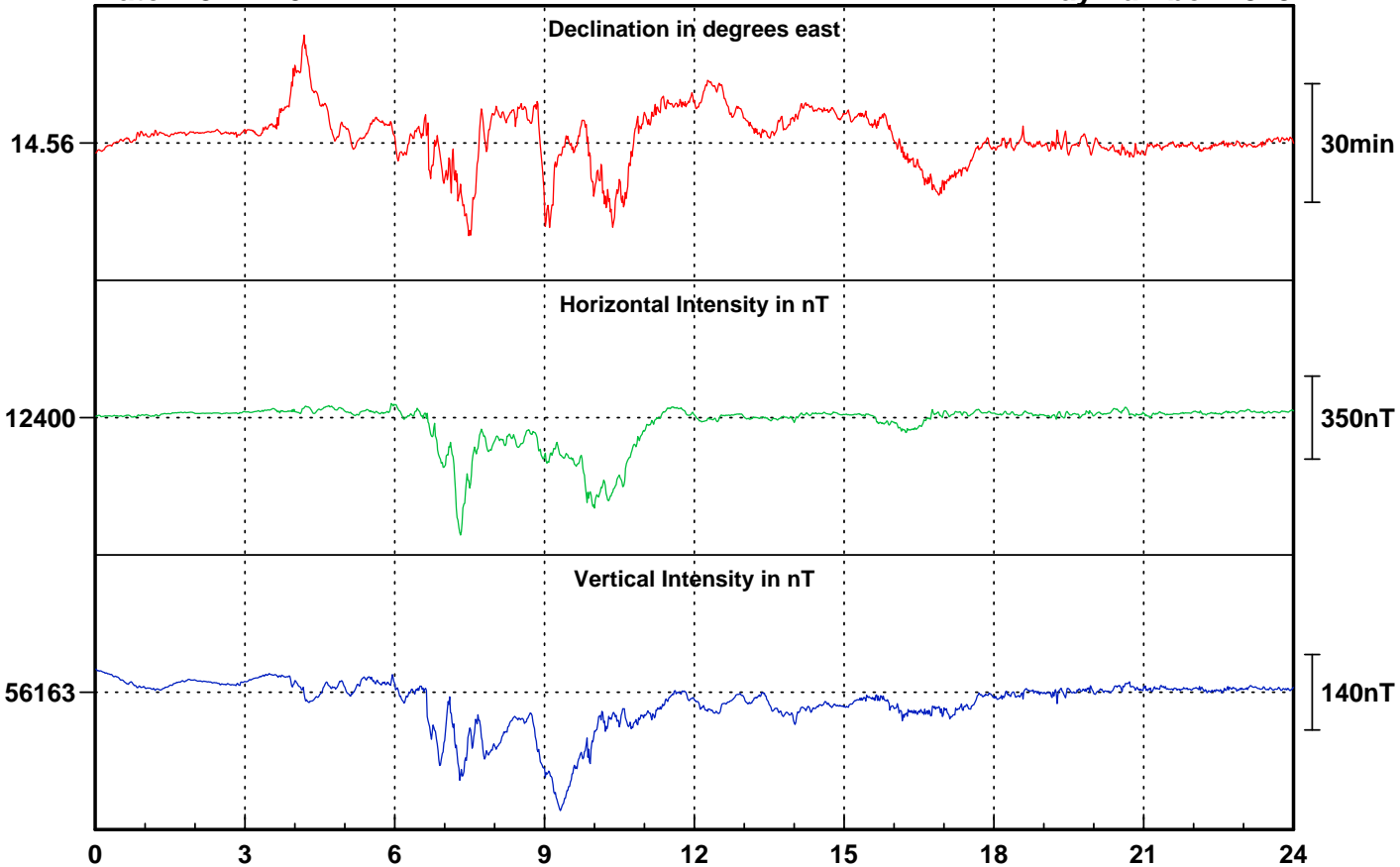
Day number: 318



Date: 15-11-2017

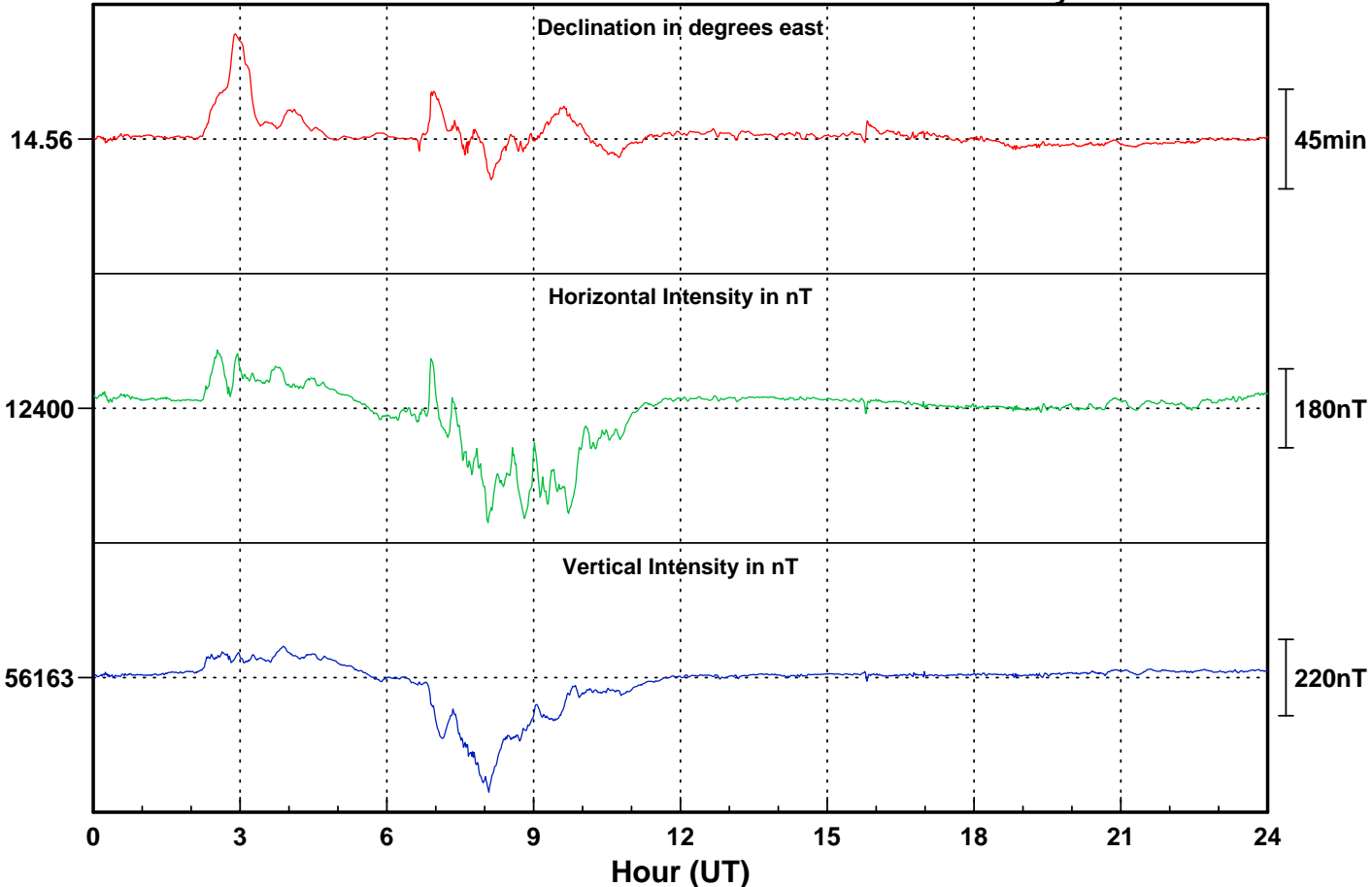
Fort McMurray

Day number: 319



Date: 16-11-2017

Day number: 320

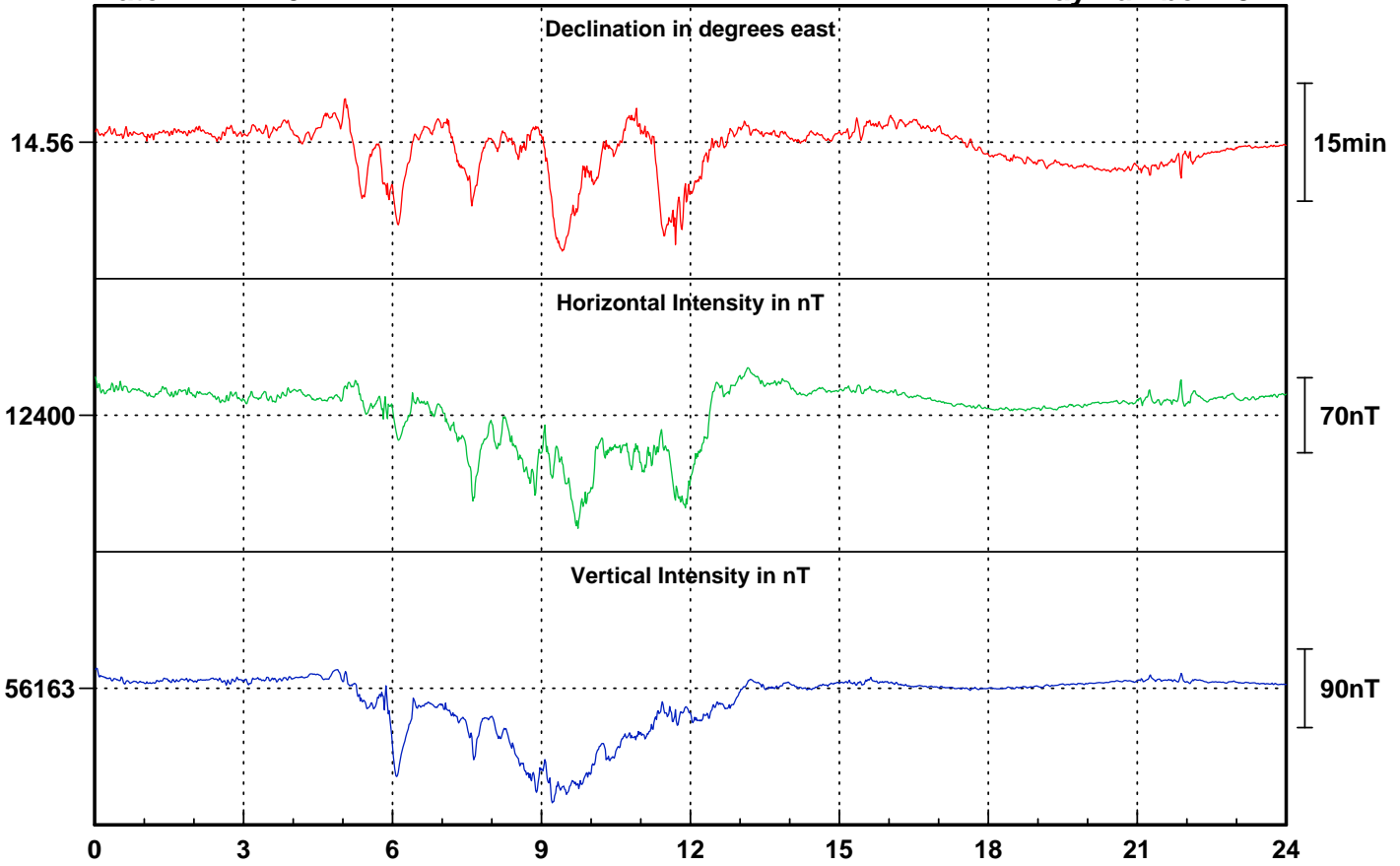


Hour (UT)

Date: 17-11-2017

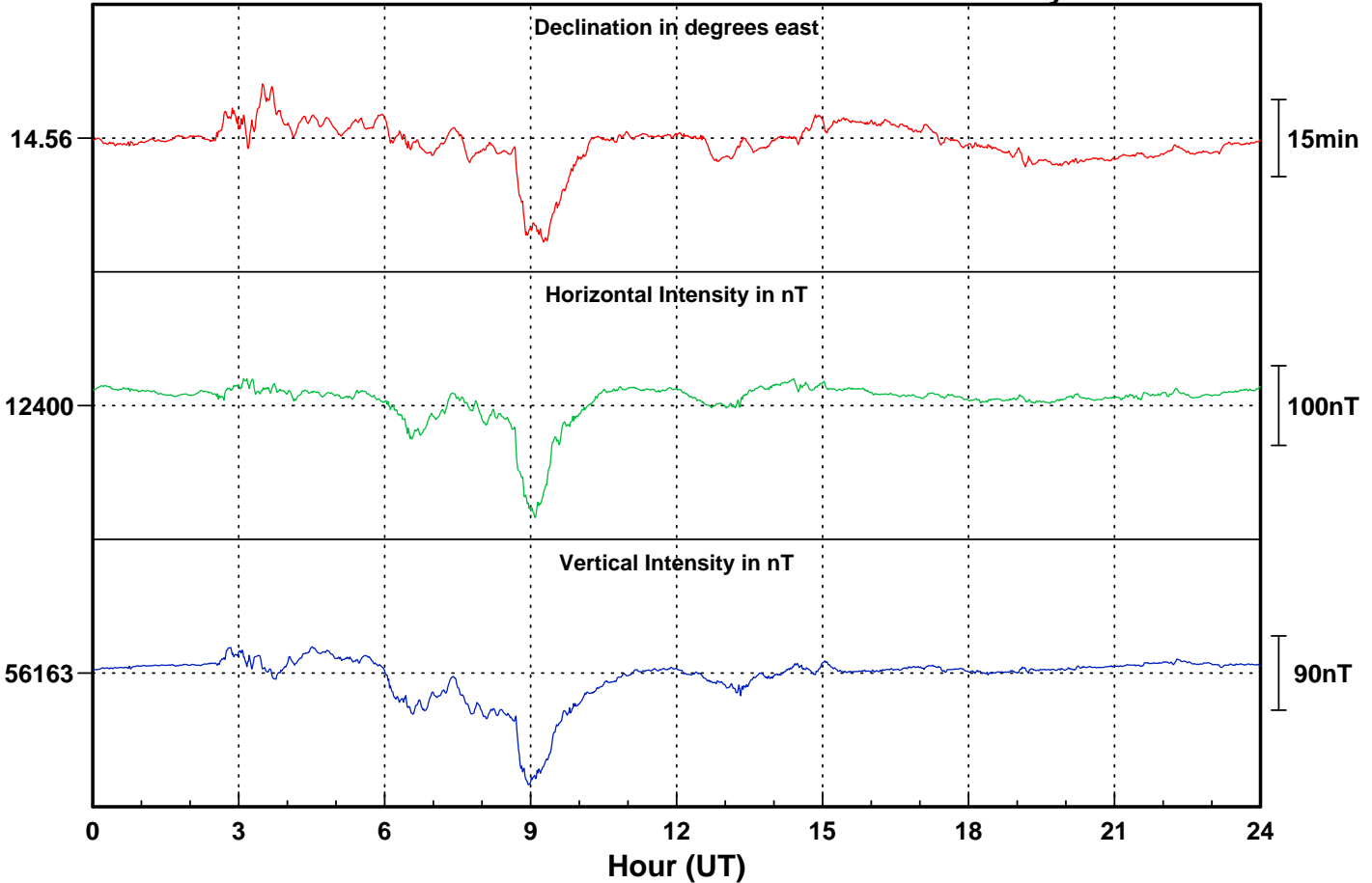
Fort McMurray

Day number: 321



Date: 18-11-2017

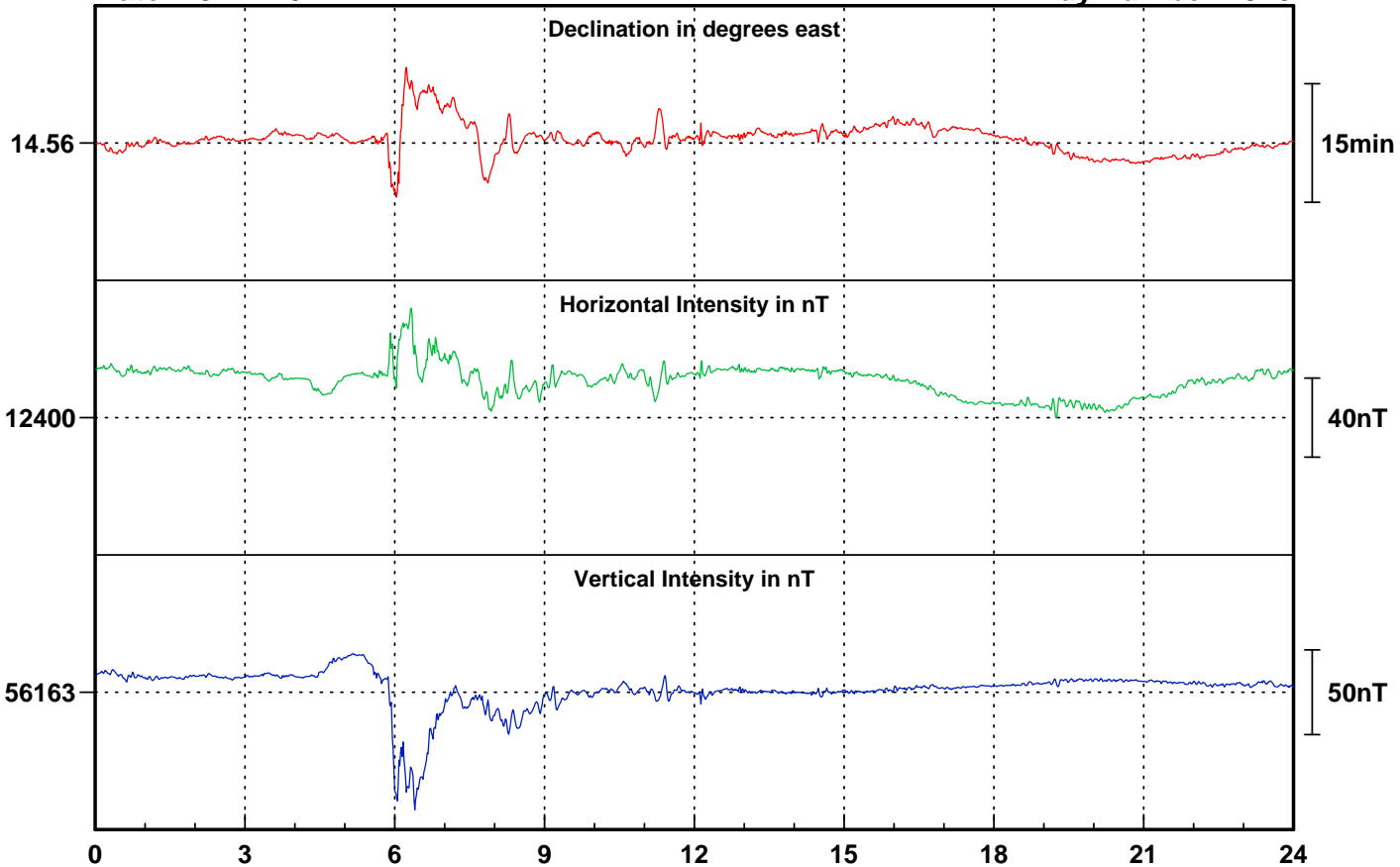
Day number: 322



Date: 19-11-2017

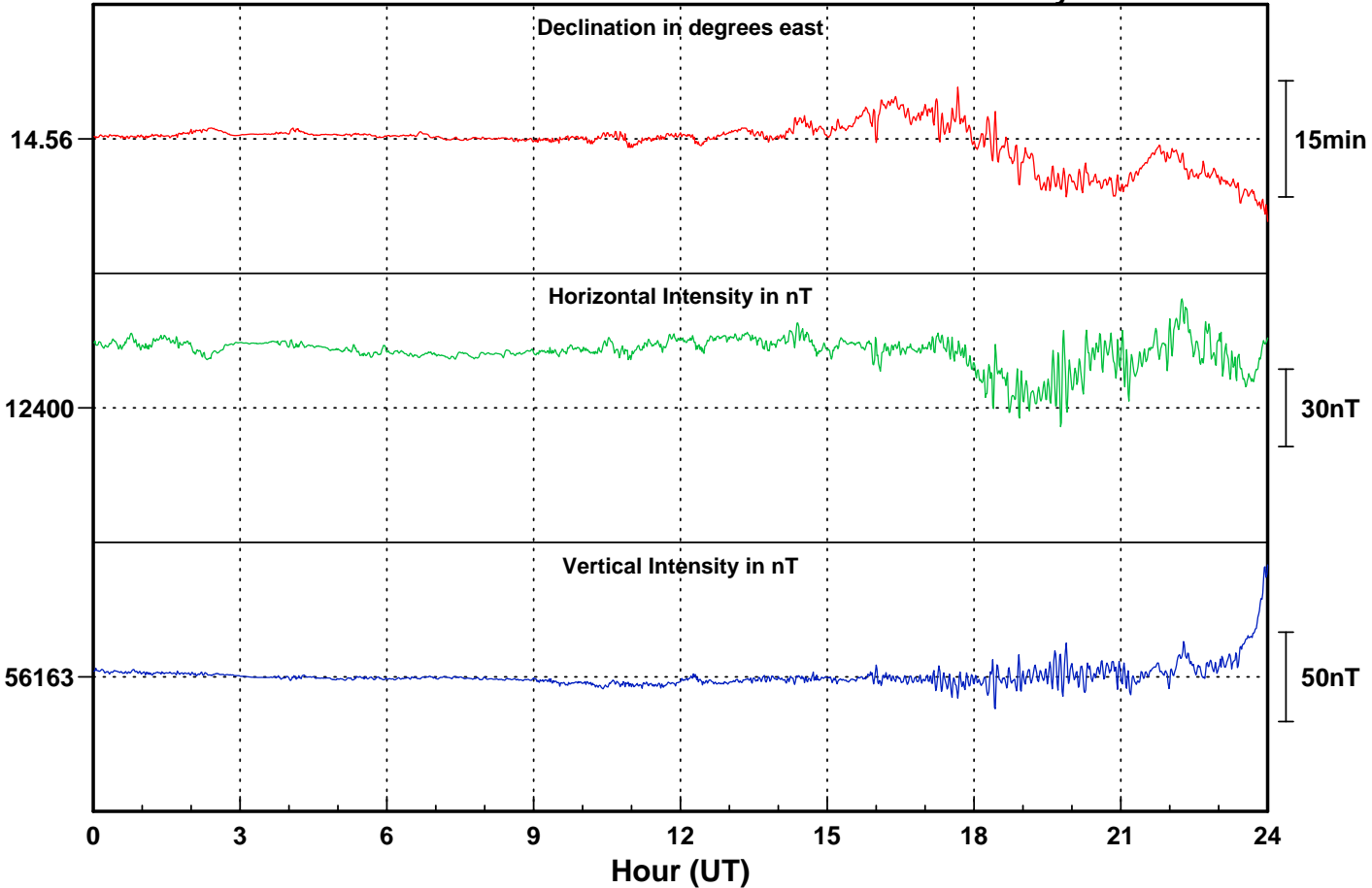
Fort McMurray

Day number: 323



Date: 20-11-2017

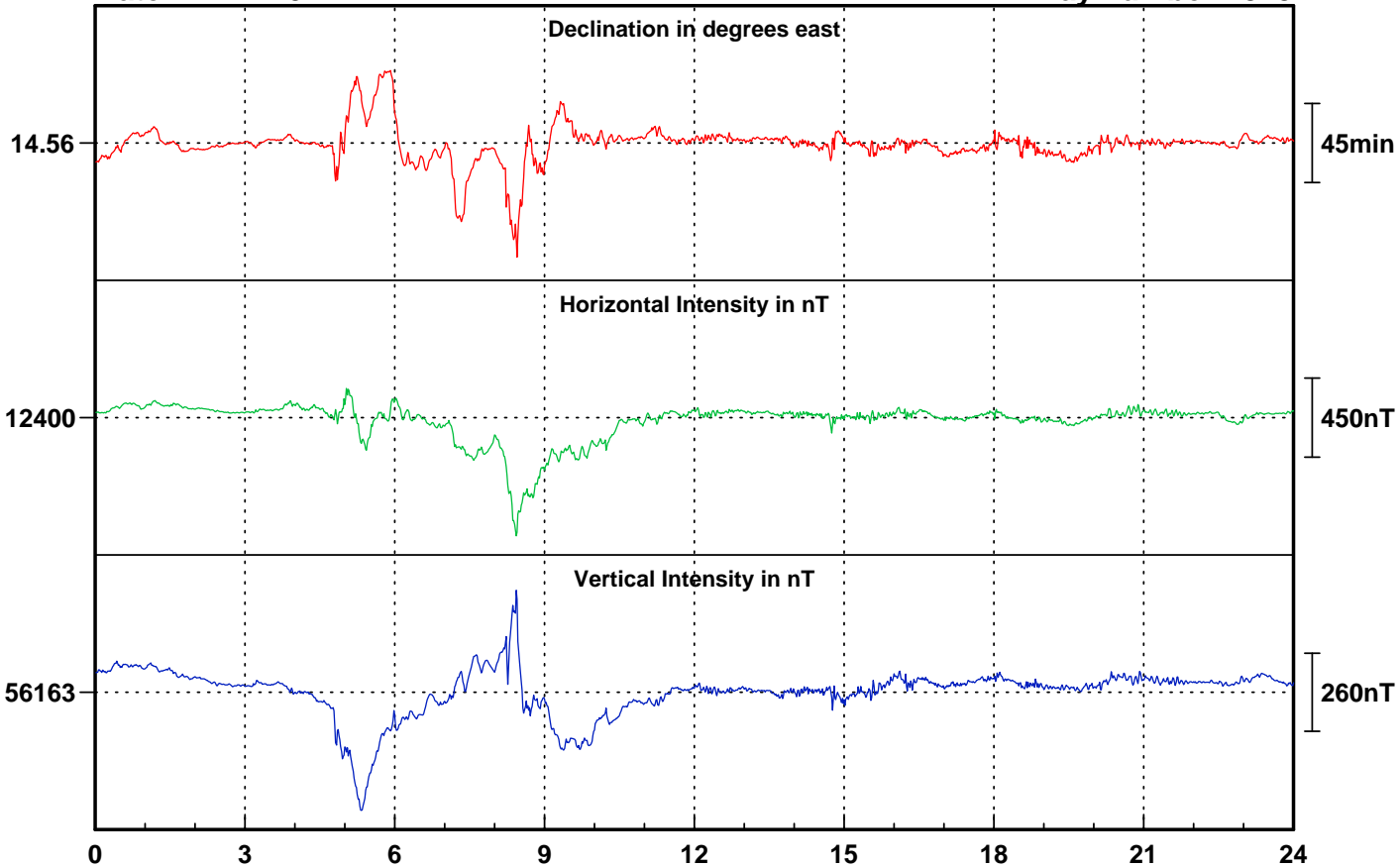
Day number: 324



Date: 21-11-2017

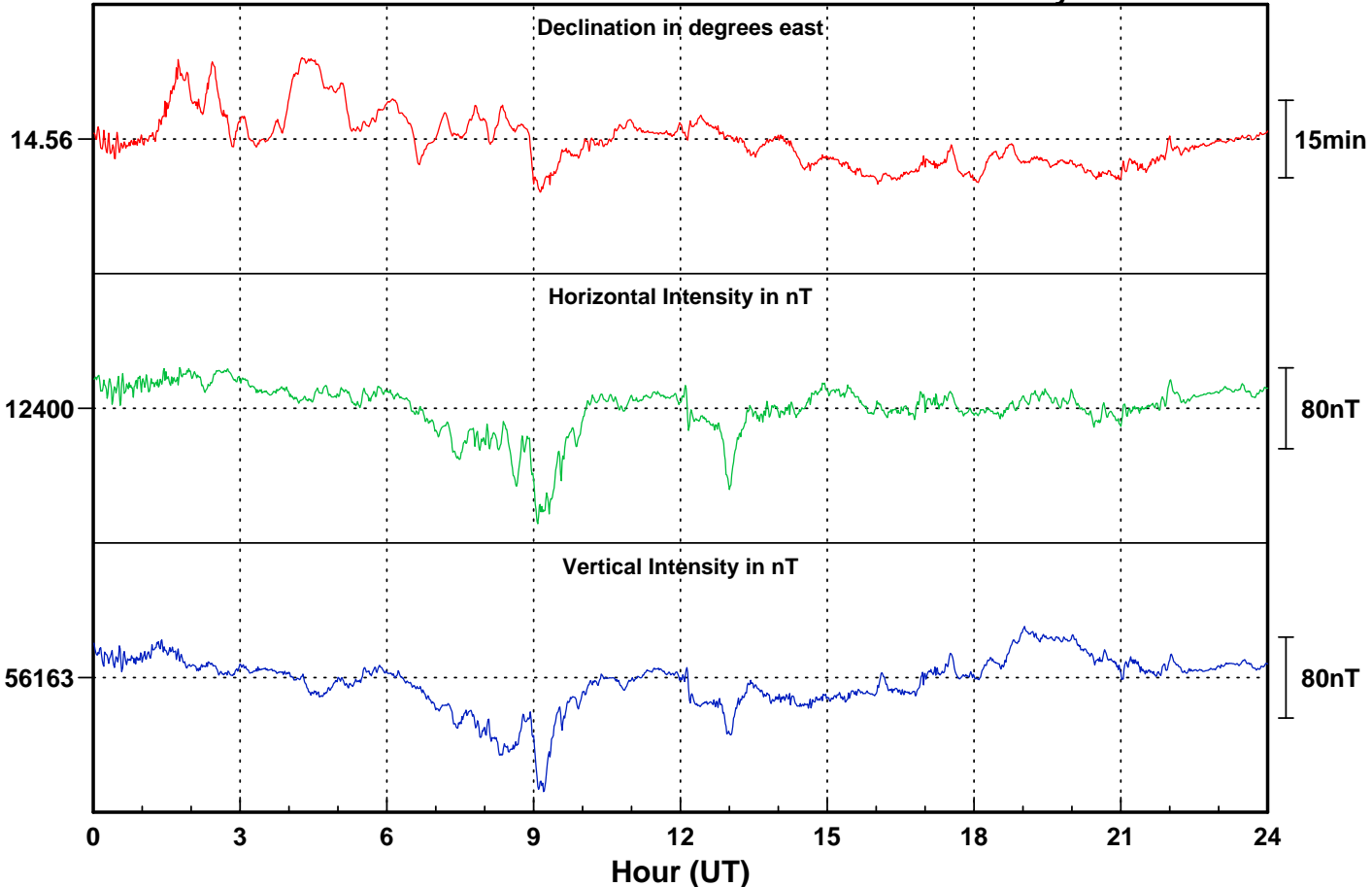
Fort McMurray

Day number: 325



Date: 22-11-2017

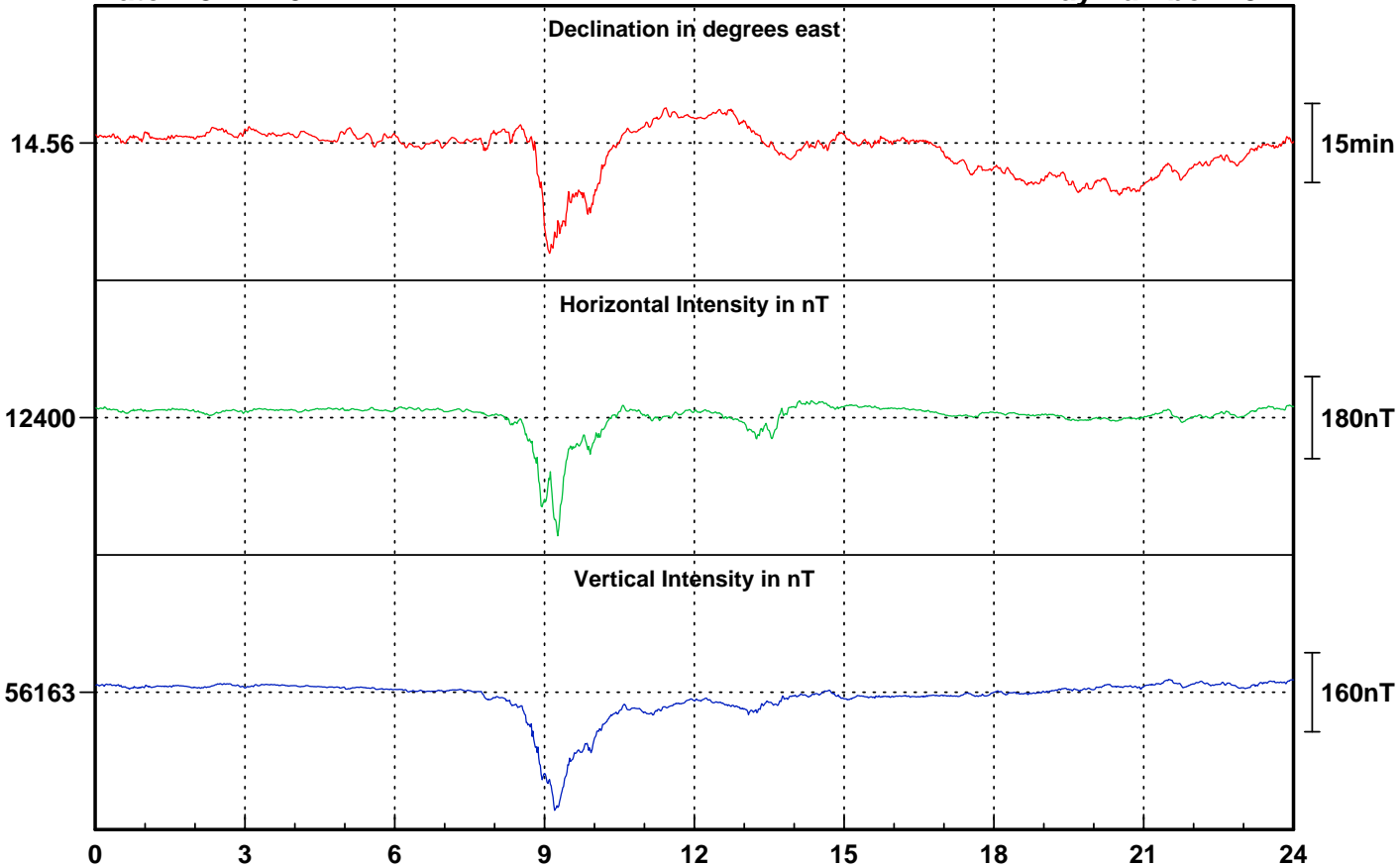
Day number: 326



Date: 23-11-2017

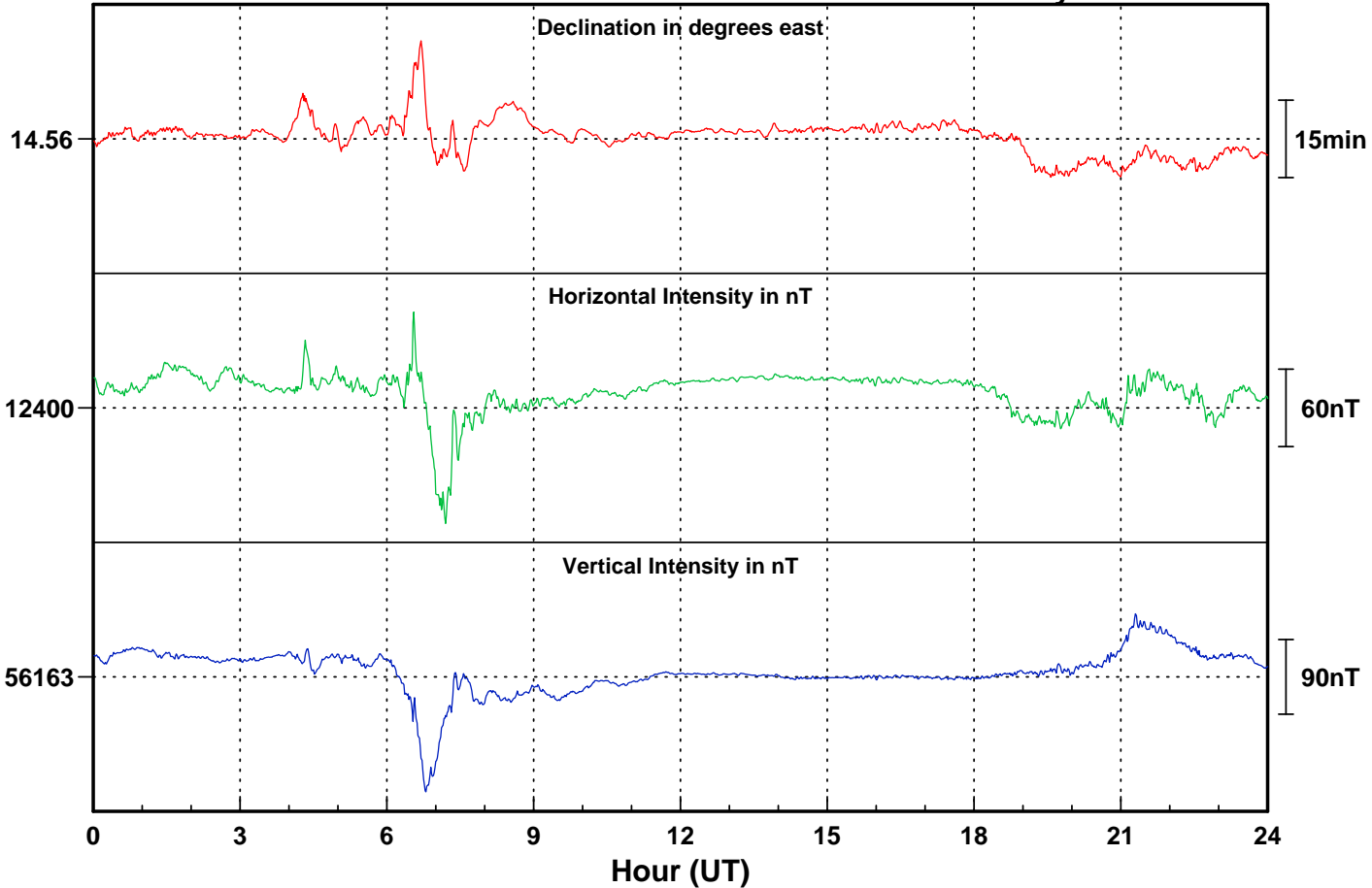
Fort McMurray

Day number: 327



Date: 24-11-2017

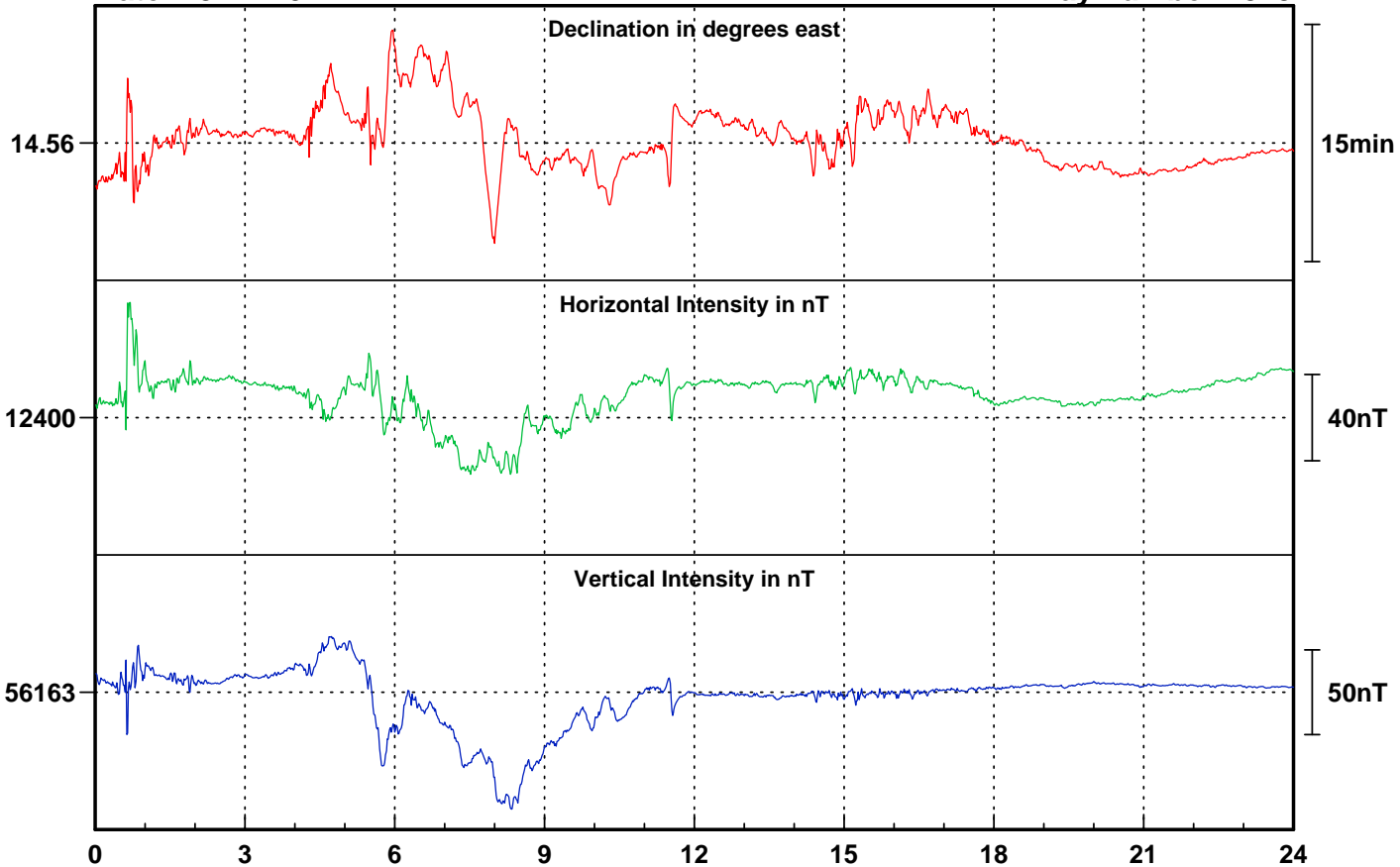
Day number: 328



Date: 25-11-2017

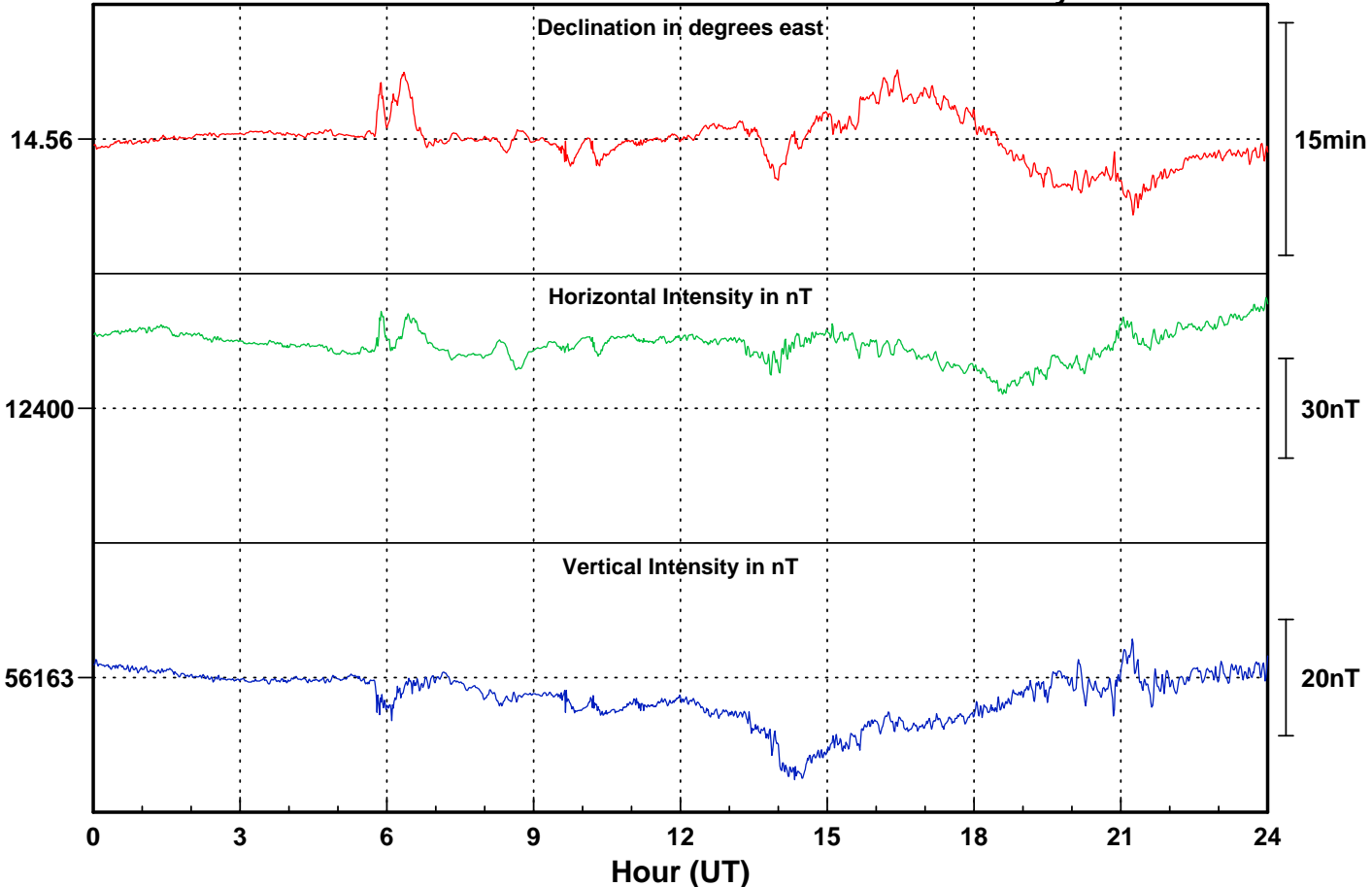
Fort McMurray

Day number: 329



Date: 26-11-2017

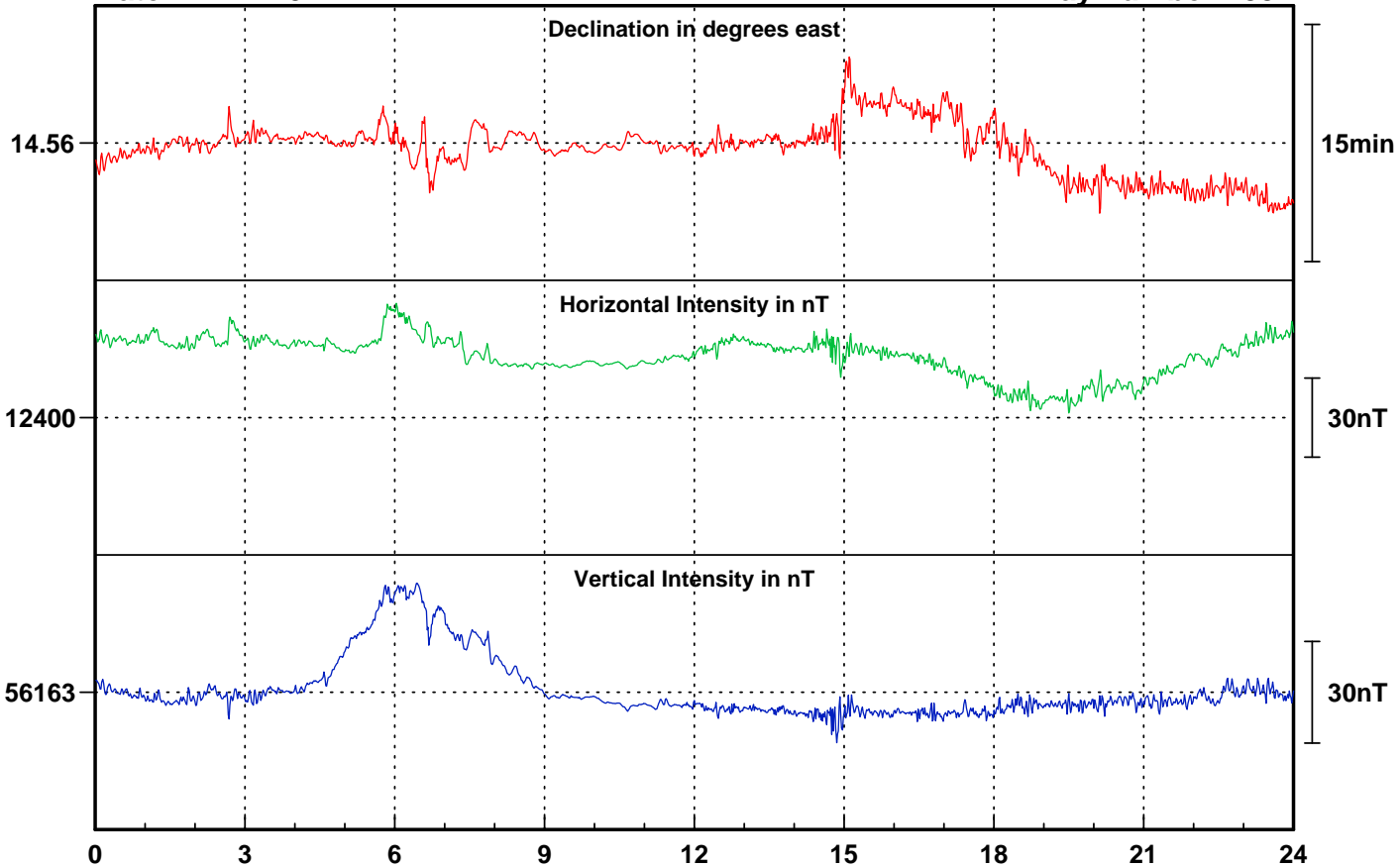
Day number: 330



Date: 27-11-2017

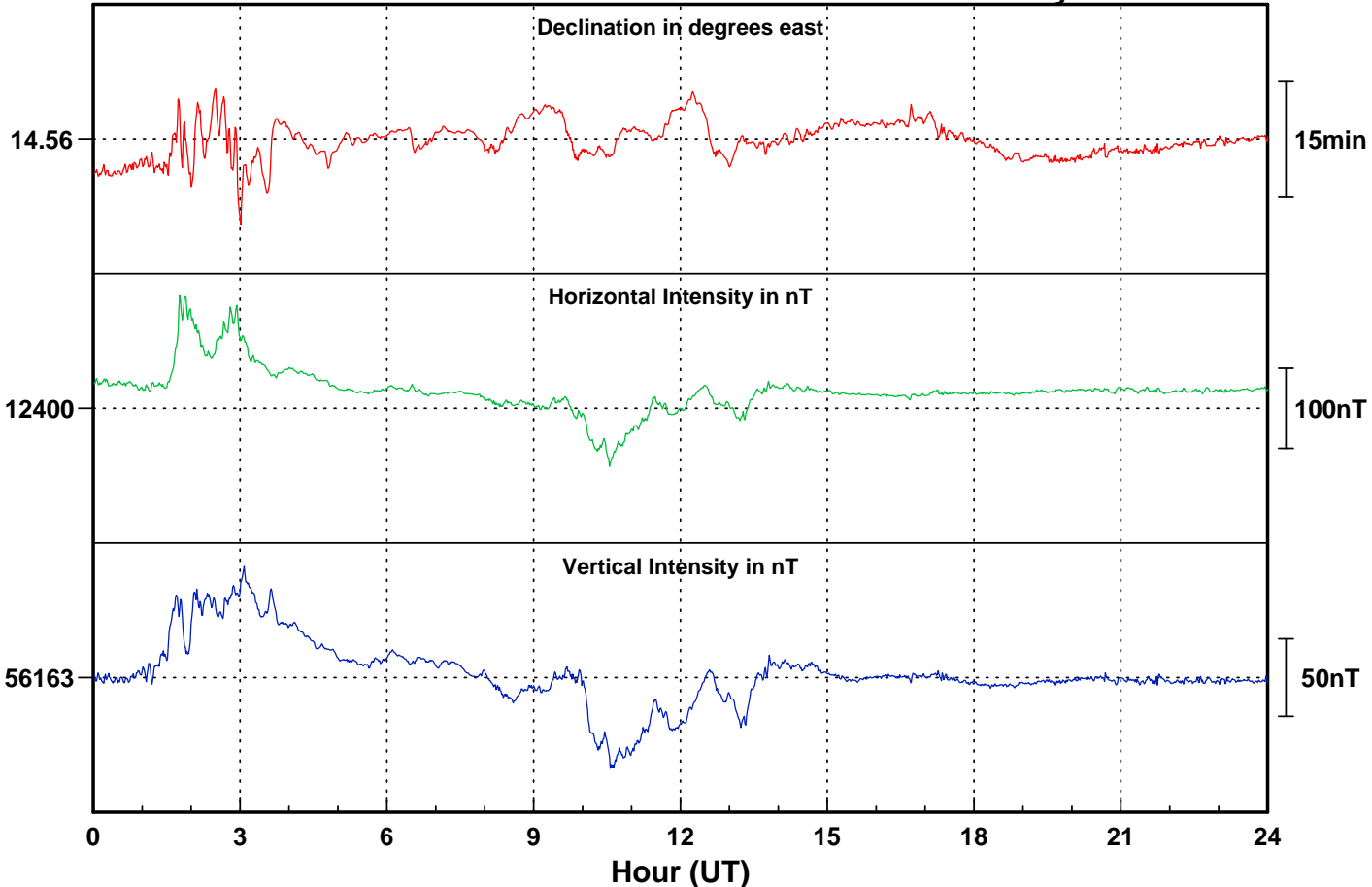
Fort McMurray

Day number: 331



Date: 28-11-2017

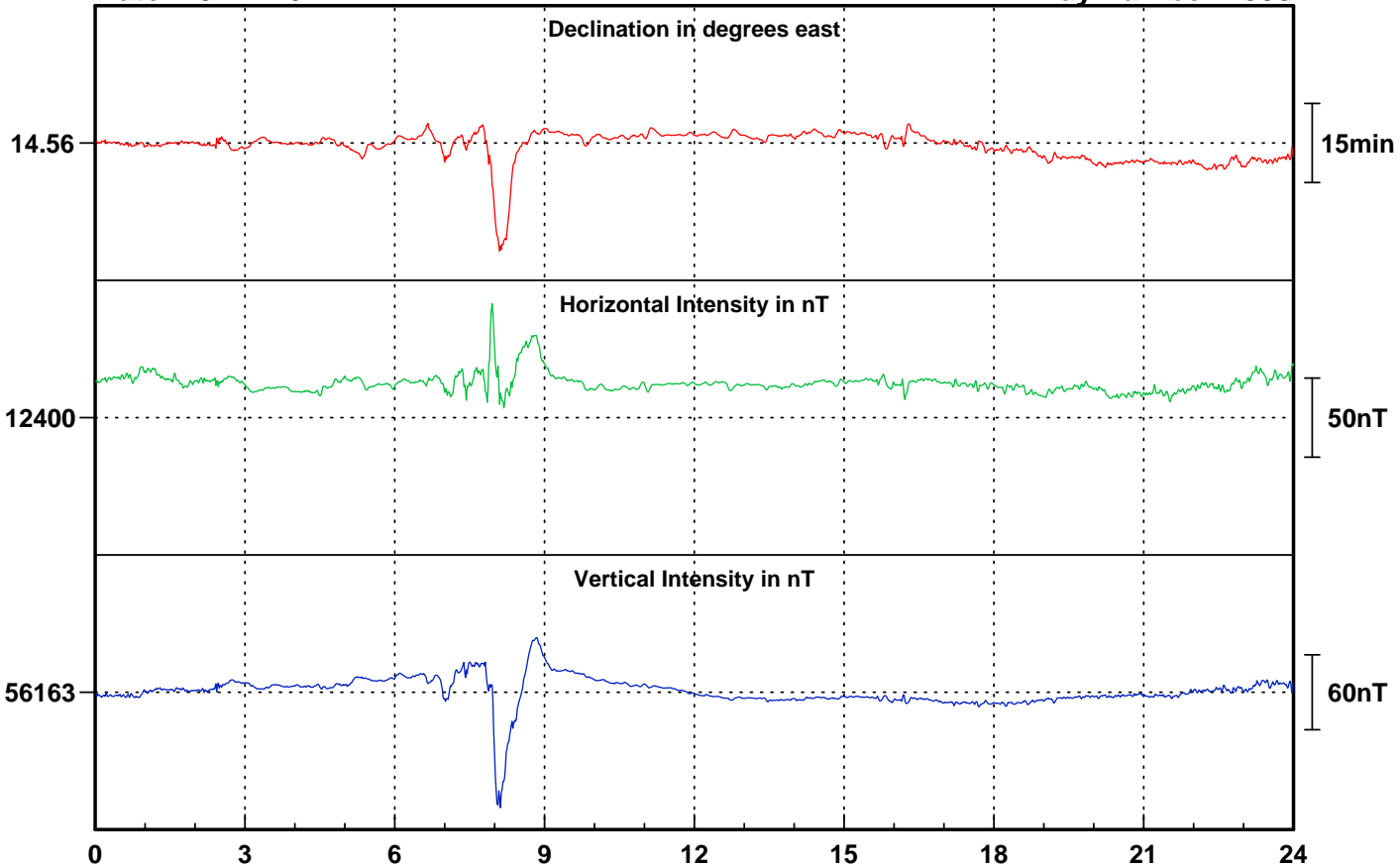
Day number: 332



Date: 29-11-2017

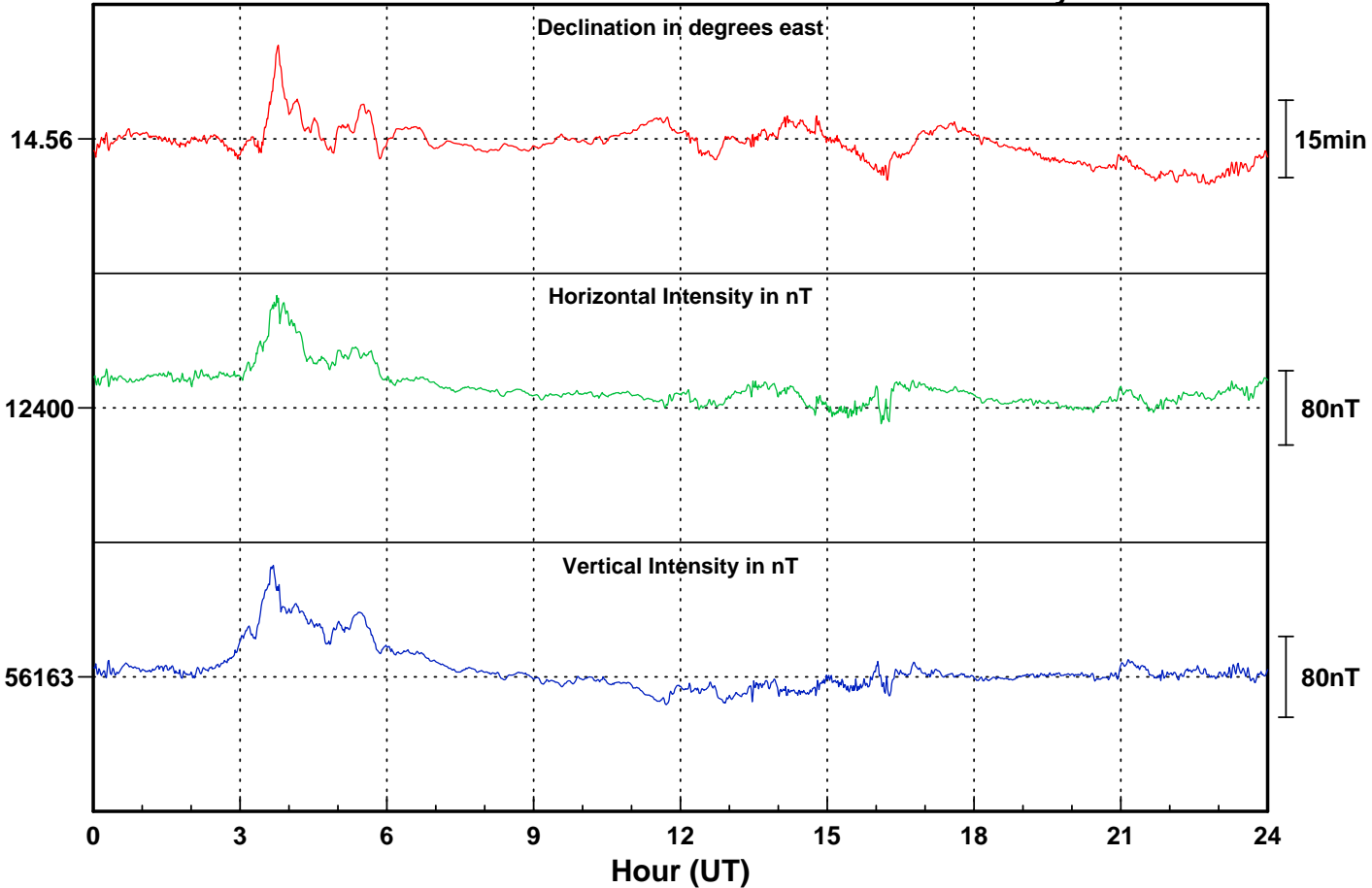
Fort McMurray

Day number: 333

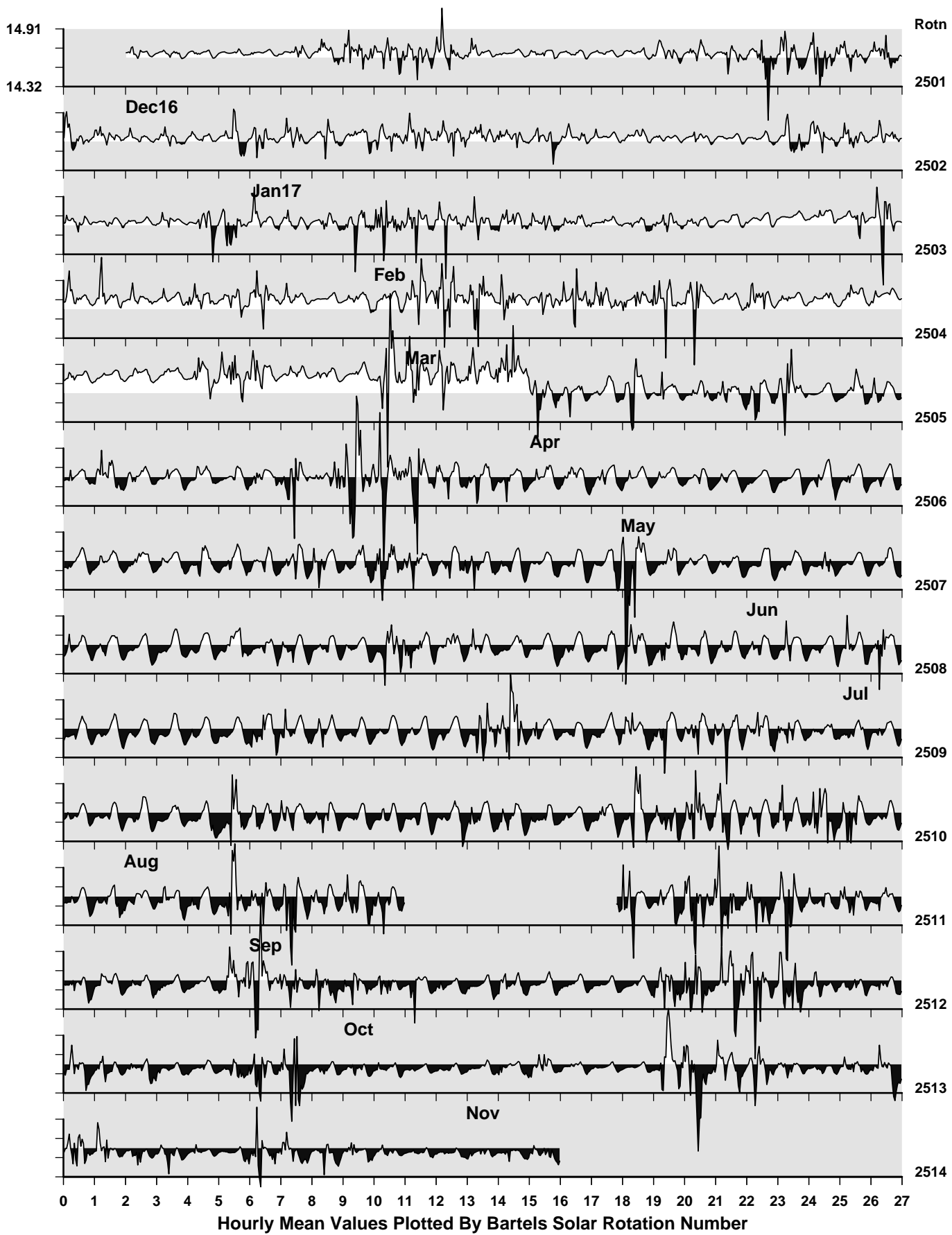


Date: 30-11-2017

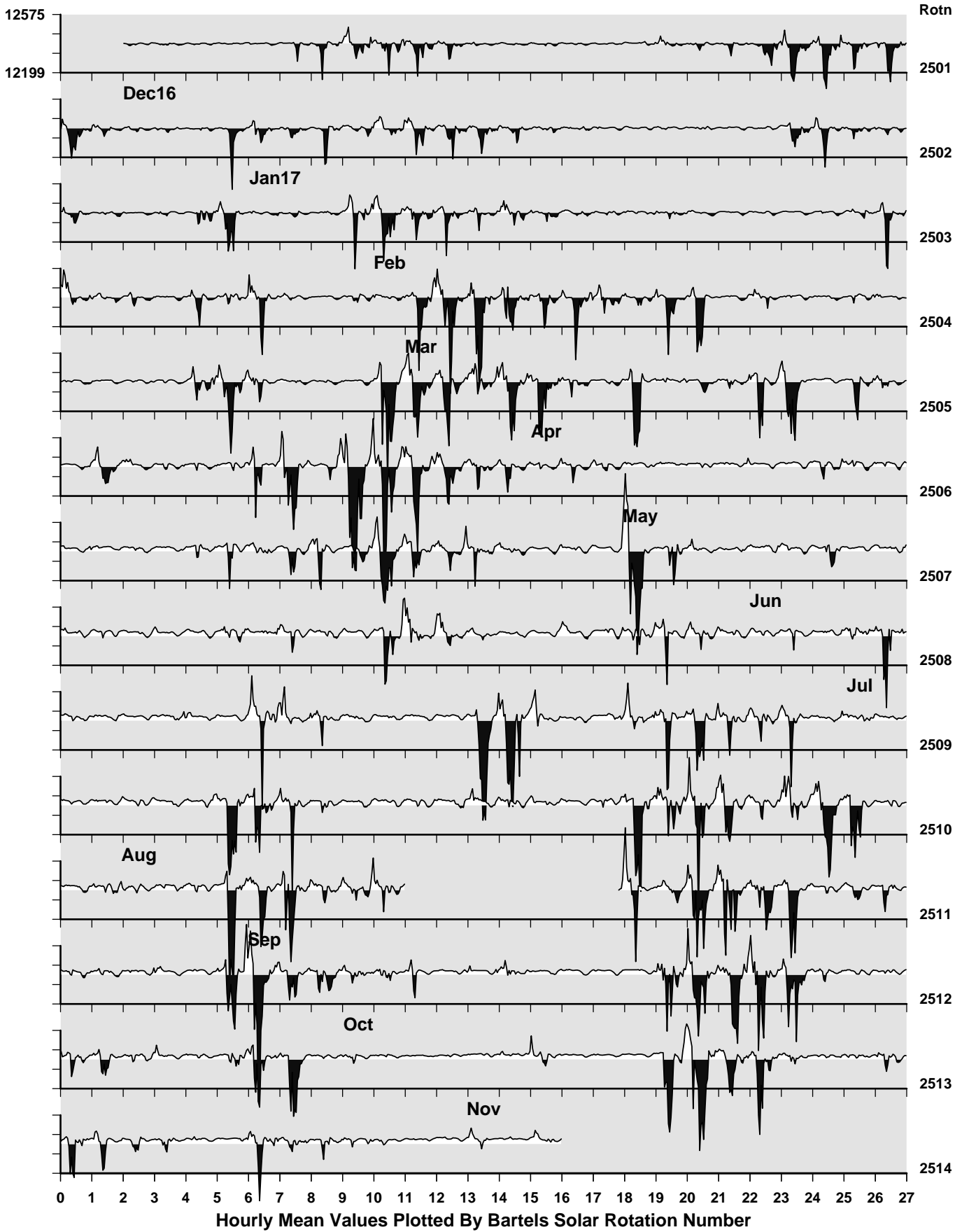
Day number: 334



Fort McMurray Observatory: Declination (degrees)

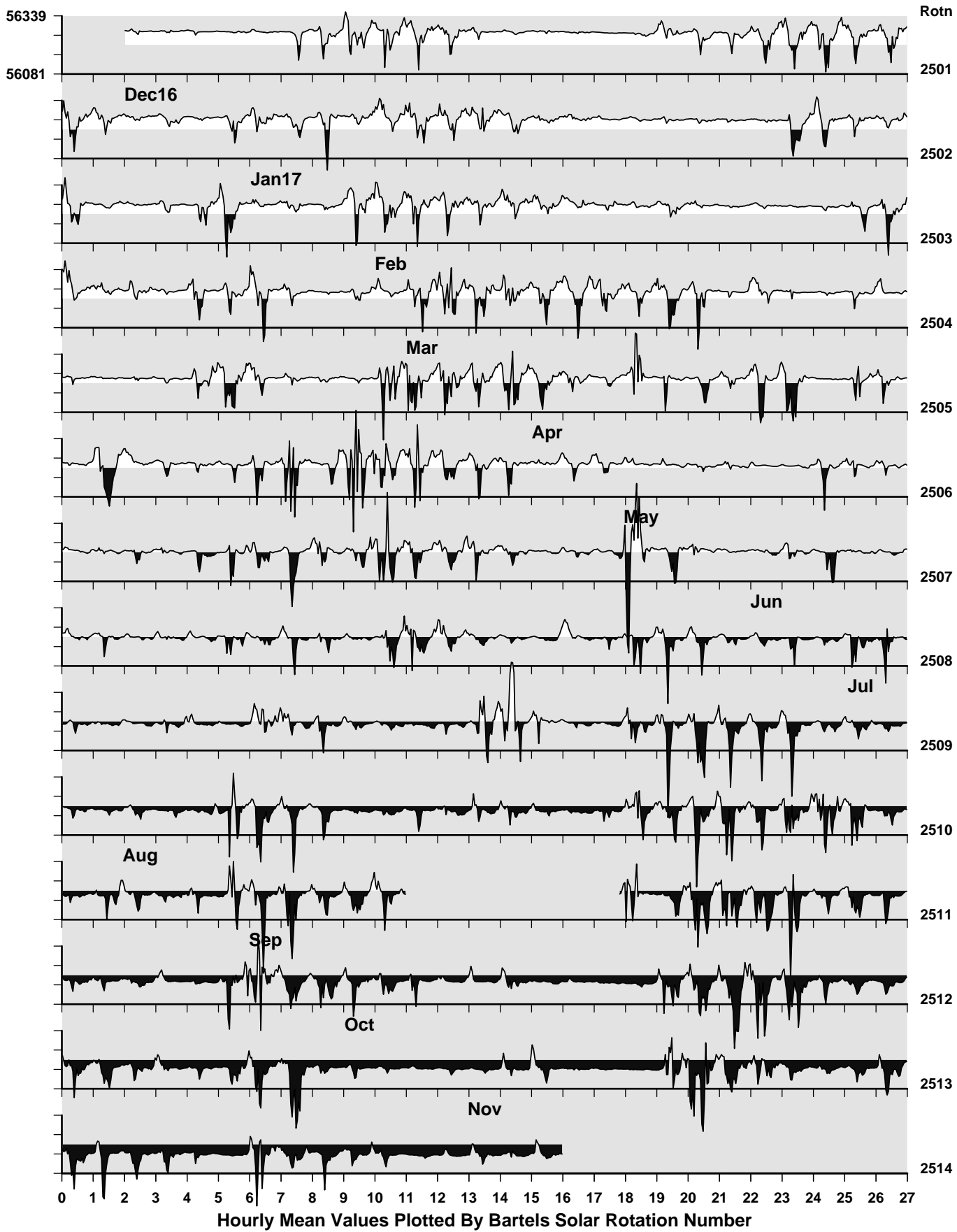


Fort McMurray Observatory: Horizontal Intensity (nT)



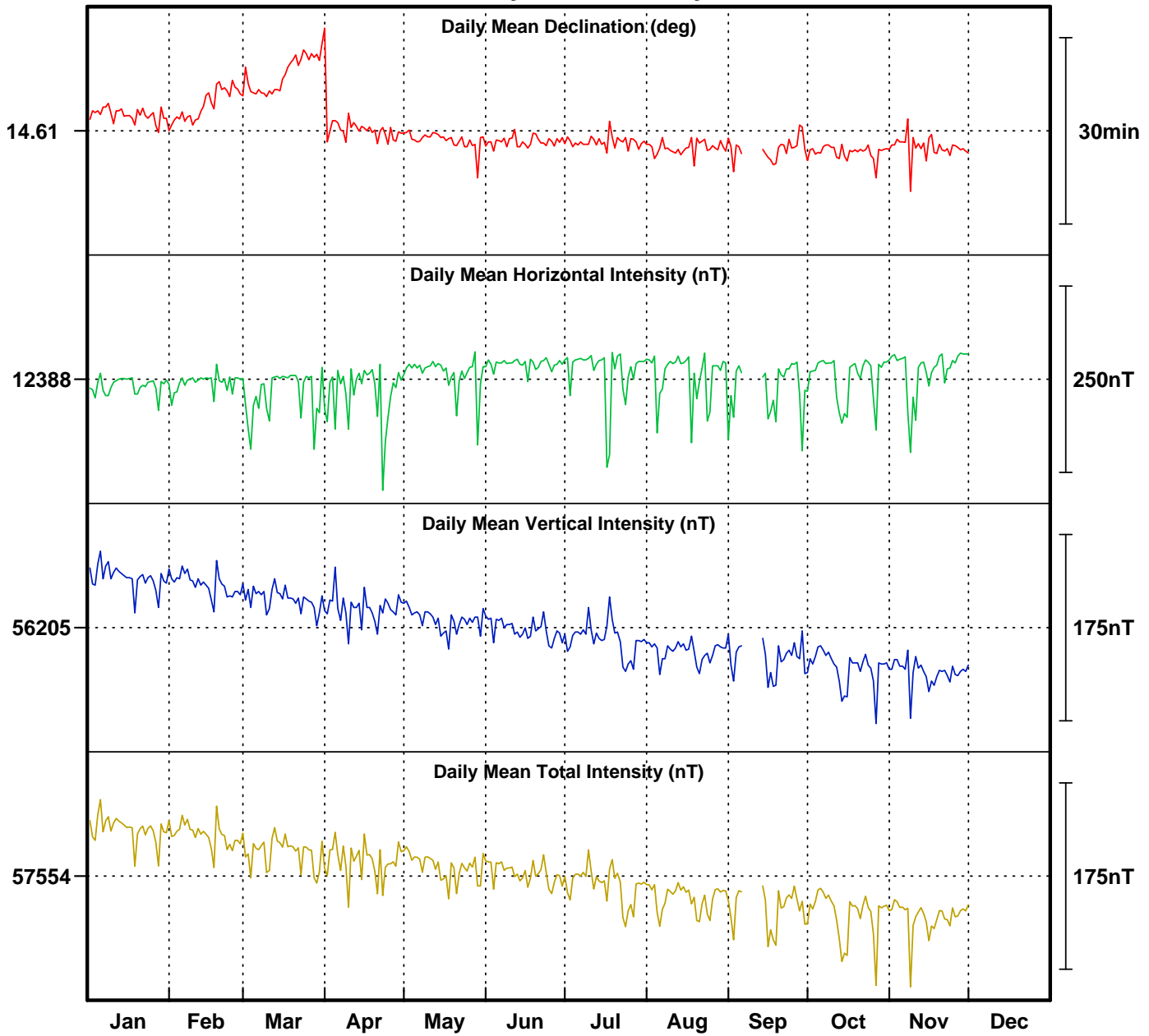
Hourly Mean Values Plotted By Bartels Solar Rotation Number

Fort McMurray Observatory: Vertical Intensity (nT)



Hourly Mean Values Plotted By Bartels Solar Rotation Number

Fort McMurray Observatory 2017



Monthly Mean Values for Fort McMurray Observatory 2017

Month	<i>D</i>	<i>H</i>	<i>I</i>	<i>X</i>	<i>Y</i>	<i>Z</i>	<i>F</i>
January	14° 39.0′	12379 nT	77° 35.3′	11977 nT	3131 nT	56252 nT	57598 nT
February	14° 40.8′	12384 nT	77° 35.0′	11979 nT	3138 nT	56246 nT	57593 nT
March	14° 45.9′	12368 nT	77° 35.7′	11960 nT	3152 nT	56232 nT	57576 nT
April	14° 36.5′	12371 nT	77° 35.5′	11971 nT	3120 nT	56223 nT	57568 nT
May	14° 34.9′	12396 nT	77° 33.8′	11997 nT	3121 nT	56212 nT	57563 nT
June	14° 34.7′	12409 nT	77° 33.0′	12009 nT	3123 nT	56203 nT	57556 nT
July	14° 34.7′	12398 nT	77° 33.5′	11999 nT	3121 nT	56194 nT	57546 nT
August	14° 33.8′	12391 nT	77° 33.8′	11993 nT	3115 nT	56183 nT	57533 nT
September	999 999.9	99999	999 999.9	99999	99999	99999	99999
October	14° 33.1′	12392 nT	77° 33.5′	11995 nT	3114 nT	56168 nT	57519 nT
November	14° 33.8′	12400 nT	77° 33.0′	12002 nT	3118 nT	56163 nT	57516 nT

Note

- i. The values shown here are provisional.
- ii. 999 999.9 and 99999 indicate values that have been flagged due to >10% of data missing during that month.